## Enclosure I



June 8, 2009 WRPS-0900932

Mr. Glen Triner, Manager M&EC Waste Support Services P. O. Box 1600 MO-281/110/200W/T4-09 Richland, WA 99354

Dear Mr. Triner:

REGARDING WASTE PROFILE WRPS-270-0001, RH MIXED TRU WASTE

This letter is to request an exception to the HNF-EP-0063, Hanford Site Solid Waste Acceptance Criteria, Appendix I.

WRPS removed the C104 Heel Jet Pump that has initially characterized as RH TRU waste. This pump is approximately 34 feet in length and has a contact dose reading on the outside of the basic packaging ranging from < 50mr/hr to 780 mr/hr. The lower portion of the pump is in a metal pipe sleeve with lead blankets and the upper portion has no lead shielding, but is packaged in a PVC "Coffin". The pump meets the WIR determination ESQ-EM-IP-M435.1-1-01 and can be disposed as radioactive waste.

This waste was not forecasted as RH TRU. In the SWIFT forecast it was anticipated to be LLW and would be able to be disposed at ERDF. The life cycle planning for this waste did not anticipate the waste would characterize as TRU waste. Since the dose to curie calculations have such a wide variance, WRPS has contracted PNNL to perform NDA on this equipment to develop more precise characterization. Should this process characterize this equipment as low level waste rather than TRU, the waste will be shipped directly to ERDF for disposal.

Because of the nature of the pump and the dose, WRPS does not have a facility that can size-reduce this pump and package it to meet the WIPP criteria. We have contacted the PermaFix Northwest (PHNW) facility to determine if they would accept a modification to our existing contract to perform size reduction and packaging in WIPP compliant packaging. We are requesting acceptance of the 34 foot pump in an IP-1 container for storage until such time that a contractor who can accept this waste for repackaging can be located or, if that is not possible, until the Hanford Site has a repackaging facility to accommodate this waste. The waste will be packaged for transport and storage so that the exterior dose of the package does not exceed 200 mr/hr.

The waste profile has been submitted to M&EC for approval. The 90-day clock for this waste expires on July 8, 2008.

Please consider this request for an exception to the Hanford Site Solid Waste Acceptance Criteria. Additional information is attached.

Sincerely, Sudvel a. Melse

Judith A. Nielsen, Manager Site Services and Tank Sampling

Washington River Protection Solutions LLC

Attachment

JAN:GKS

cc: Amanda Ramirez, M&EC Waste Support Services, Technical Services Manager

Ron Koll, ORP Mike Royack, ORP Chris Kemp, ORP

WRPS Correspondence Control

### **ATTACHMENT**

C104 Heel Jet Pump - 34 feet long, 12-30 inches diameter

TRU Waste - Based on TWINS BBI calculates as RH TRU

Characterization – Dose as packaged (not shipping container) <50 - 780 mr/hr. Characterization is included in the waste profile.

## **Packaging**

Inner Packaging - Double plastic wrap, lead lined pipe and PVC hinged cover (top 10')

Outer Packaging - DOT IP-1 container (40' conex)

## **Cost Analysis**

Based on posted rates and charge by container volume, not waste volume. This does not include future treatment cost if packaged in the future at Hanford.

60 Foot Box (plus replace box at \$600K)		Conex 8x8x40			
CWC	PFNW	CWC Temp	CWC	PFNW	CWC Temp
\$214K	\$643	?+ \$643	\$364K	\$1090	? + 1090



WRPS-1001077 REISSUE

Mr. Glen Triner, Manager M&EC Waste Support Services P. O. Box 1600 MO-281/110/200W/T4-09 Richland, WA 99354

Dear Mr. Triner:

REGARDING WASTE PROFILE WRPS-270-0001, RH MIXED TRU WASTE

This letter is to request an exception to the HNF-EP-0063, *Hanford Site Solid Waste Acceptance Criteria*, Appendix I.

WRPS removed the C111 Saltwell Screen on April 1, 2010 and final characterization indicates the waste as remote-handled (RH) TRU. This screen is approximately 11" diameter and 35 feet in length and has a contact dose reading on the outside of the basic packaging ranging from 9 mr/hr to 18000 mr/hr. The lower portion of the screen is in a metal box sleeve used as shielding and the upper portion has no shielding, but is packaged in a PVC "Coffin". The screen meets the WIR determination ESQ-EM-IP-M435.1-1-01 and can be disposed as radioactive waste.

This waste was not forecasted as RH TRU. In the SWIFT forecast it was anticipated to be LLW and would be able to be disposed at ERDF. The life cycle planning for the waste did not anticipate the waste would characterize as TRU waste; consequently, the waste was not forecasted as RH TRU. In the Solid Waste Forecasting Tool (SWIFT) forecast it was anticipated the Saltwell screen would be low-level waste and would be disposed of at the Environmental Restoration Disposal Facility (ERDF). Because of the nature of the C111 Saltwell Screen and the dose, WRPS does not have a facility that can size-reduce the C111 Saltwell Screen and package it to meet the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant (WIPP) criteria. PermaFix Northwest (PFNW) will perform size reduction and packaging in WIPP-compliant packaging (55-gallon drums for RH-TRU Waste, and 55-gallon drums or SWBs for CH-TRU waste). PFNW is in the process of modifying their permit and does not anticipate being able to accept the C111 Saltwell Screen until July 2010.

Because of the nature of the screen and the dose, WRPS does not have a facility that can size-reduce this screen and package it to meet the WIPP criteria. We have contacted the PermaFix Northwest (PFNW) facility to determine if they would accept a modification to our existing contract to perform size reduction and packaging in WIPP compliant packaging. We are requesting acceptance of the 35 foot long C111 Saltwell Screen to be shipped directly from RMA-269 (outside of C-farm) to storage at the Central Waste Complex (CWC) until such time

that PFNW can accept this waste for processing. The waste will be packaged for transport and storage in a DOT 7A Type A container such that the dose rate on the exterior of the container will not exceed 200mr/hr prior to acceptance at the CWC.

The existing waste profile WRPS-270-0001 RH TRU Waste will be used for acceptance at the CHPRC facility. The 90-day clock for this waste expires on June 29, 2010.

Please consider this request for an exception to the Hanford Site Solid Waste Acceptance Criteria. Additional information is attached.

Sincerely,

Judith A. Nielsen, Manager

Waste Services

Washington River Protection Solutions LLC

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Attachment: C111 Saltwell Screen (1 page)

JAN:GKS

cc: Amanda Ramirez, M&EC Waste Support Services, Technical Services Manager

Ron Koll, ORP Mike Royack, ORP Chris Kemp, ORP

WRPS Correspondence Control

#### **ATTACHMENT**

C111 Saltwell Screen - 35 feet long, 11 inches diameter

TRU Waste - Based on TWINS BBI calculates as RH TRU

Characterization – Dose as packaged (not shipping container) 9 - 18,000 mr/hr. Characterization is included in the waste profile.

## **Packaging**

Inner Packaging – Double plastic wrap, metal box sleeve and PVC hinged cover (top 10')

Outer Packaging – DOT 7A Type A 60'x5'x5' Metal Box

## **Cost Analysis**

Based on posted rates and charge by container volume, not waste volume. This does not include future treatment cost if packaged in the future at Hanford.

(plu	60 Foot Box (plus replace box at \$600K)			Conex 8x8x40		
CWC	PFNW	CWC Temp	CWC	CWC Temp		
\$214K \$643 ?+\$643			\$364K	\$1090	? + 1090	

## Enclosure II

#### Strategy for Classification of Hanford Tank Wastes DRAFT

- 1. Establish the Classification of appropriate tank waste as non-HLW (either TRU or LLW) with a view to enabling supplemental treatment. Document origin of wastes in candidate tanks
  - a. The Engineering Group (Mike Johnson) is writing a series of technical reports that will form the basis for ORP decisions on classification some of the tank wastes as either TRU waste or LLW.
  - b. These technical reports will undergo peer review by a select group to check the functions, historical origin, data accuracy, statistical analysis, and any legal precedence.
  - c. The first report will define the case for the B-200 and T-200 series tanks
- 2. Use DOE Order M 435.1-1 as pathway for Classification. Apply the criteria listed in DOE M 435.1-1, Radioactive Waste Management Manual, Chapter II, High-Level Waste Requirements to determine classification of wastes in the candidate tanks
- 3. Group tanks by their perceived ease of Classification to facilitate disposition. (e.g. B and T 200 series tanks are considered easier to classify, so start with these). Group tank wastes by those that can be designated by source / origin as non-HLW and those tanks tank require the citation or evaluation process (Waste Incidental to Reprocessing) to classify the waste. Priority will be given to preparing documentation for those wastes that can be classified as either TRU waste or LLW by the waste source / origin, followed by those wastes that can be classified by the citation process, "because of the ease of determining up front that they do not pose the long-term hazards associated with high-level waste".
  - a. DOE G 435.1-1, *Implementation Guide for use with DOE M 435.1-1*, Chapter II, *High-Level Waste Requirements* provides the following guidance in determining the classification of wastes. [DOE G 435.1-1, page II-17]
    - "The distinction between the two processes is important because it is clear from background events that citation process waste streams were so identified because of the ease of determining up front that they do not pose the long-term hazards associated with high-level waste. Evaluation process wastes, on the other hand, generally require a case-by-case evaluation and determination. Consistent with this understanding, the responsibility for citation interpretations rests solely with the DOE Field Element Manager, although consultation with the Office of Environmental Management is encouraged. However, the Office of Environmental Management consultation is required for waste that has been determined to be incidental through the evaluation process. In addition, it is recommended that consultation with the NRC staff be considered for evaluation process determinations, although this is not required."
- 4. Obtain ORP approval for classification of wastes by source / origin. For those tank wastes that can be designated by the waste source / origin, submit documentation to DOE-ORP manager for review and approval.
  - a. Preliminary review of tank waste origins and characterization data indicate that the following tank wastes may be designated as TRU waste by the waste source / origin:

```
T-201, T-202, T-203, T-204
B-201, B-202, B-203, B-204
T-111
C-201, C-202, C-203
AW-105
```

b. Preliminary review of tank waste origins and characterization data indicate that the following tank wastes may be designated as low-level waste (LLW) by the waste source / origin:

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T-111
U-201, U-202, U-203, U-204
C-204
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c. The reports will consist of a rationale for the classification.

## Strategy for Classification of Hanford Tank Wastes DRAFT

- d. The reports will follow the guidelines in DOE Order 435.1.
- e. The reports will be submitted to the Engineering Quality Review Board to ensure compliance with technical rigor requirements.
- 5. Obtain ORP and NRC approval for classification of wastes by citation / evaluation process. The approval process may be lengthy due to the existing lawsuit against the Department of Energy relating to DOE O 435.1. For those tank wastes that can be designate through the citation and evaluation process, prepare documentation for submittal to ORP and NRC for review and approval of tank wastes as incidental wastes to reprocessing of spent nuclear fuels.
  - a. Preliminary review of tank waste origins and characterization data indicate that the following tank wastes may be designated as TRU waste by the evaluation process:

AW-103 sludge SY-102 sludge

- b. The sludges in these tanks need separation from HLW supernate / precipitated salts to be and as TRU waste by the evaluation process.
- After gaining NRC approval, the ORP manager can designate these wastes as incidental to the reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel.

#### Strategy for Classification of Hanford Tank Wastes DRAFT

DOE M 435.1-1 page II-1 provides the following definition of high-level waste and guidance for waste classification.

- A. Definition of High-Level Waste: High-level waste is the highly radioactive waste material resulting from the reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel, including liquid waste produced directly in reprocessing and any solid material derived from such liquid waste that contains fission products in sufficient concentrations; and other highly radioactive material that is determined, consistent with existing law, to require permanent isolation.
- **B.** Waste Incidental to Reprocessing: Waste resulting from reprocessing spent nuclear fuel that is determined to be incidental to reprocessing is not high level waste, and shall be managed under DOE's regulatory authority in accordance with the requirements for transuranic waste or low-level waste, as appropriate. When determining whether spent nuclear fuel reprocessing plant wastes shall be managed as another waste type or as high-level waste, either the citation or evaluation process described below shall be used:
- (1) Citation. Waste incidental to reprocessing by citation includes spent nuclear fuel reprocessing plant wastes that meet the description included in the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (34 FR 8712) for proposed Appendix D, 10 CFR Part 50, Paragraphs 6 and 7. These radioactive wastes are the result of reprocessing plant operations, such as, but not limited to: contaminated job wastes including laboratory items such as clothing, tools, and equipment.
- (2) Evaluation. Determinations that any waste is incidental to reprocessing by the evaluation process shall be developed under good record-keeping practices, with an adequate quality assurance process, and shall be documented to support the determinations. Such wastes may include, but are not limited to, spent nuclear fuel reprocessing plant wastes that:
  - (a) Will be managed as low-level waste and meet the following criteria:
    - 1. Have been processed, or will be processed, to remove key radionuclides to the maximum extent that is technically and economically practical; and
    - 2. Will be managed to meet safety requirements comparable to the performance objectives set out in 10 CFR Part 61, Subpart C, Performance Objectives; and
    - 3. Are to be managed, pursuant to DOE's authority under the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and in accordance with the provisions of Chapter IV of this Manual, provided the waste will be incorporated in a solid physical form at a concentration that does not exceed the applicable concentration limits for Class C low-level waste as set out in 10 CFR 61.55, Waste Classification; or will meet alternative requirements for waste classification and characterization as DOE may authorize.
  - (b) Will be managed as transuranic waste and meet the following criteria:
    - 1. Have been processed, or will be processed, to remove key radionuclides to the maximum extent that is technically and economically practical; and
    - 2. Will be incorporated in a solid physical form and meet alternative requirements for waste classification and characteristics, as DOE may authorize; and
    - 3. Are managed pursuant to DOE's authority under the *Atomic Energy Act of 1954*, as amended, in accordance with the provisions of Chapter III of this Manual, as appropriate.

Note: In the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982, as amended, the term high-level radioactive waste is defined as:

"(a) the highly radioactive material resulting from the reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel, including liquid waste produced directly in reprocessing and any solid material derived from such liquid waste that contains fission products in sufficient concentrations; and (b) other highly radioactive material that the Commission, consistent with existing law, determines by rule requires permanent isolation."

Michael E. Johnson Page 3 5/7/2013

#### Strategy for Classification of Hanford Tank Wastes DRAFT

DOE G 435.1-1, Implementation Guide for use with DOE M 435.1-1, Chapter II, High-Level Waste Requirements provides the following guidance in determining the classification of wastes.

The NRC has posited that, "radioactive wastes that have historically been referred to as high-level waste, i.e., reprocessing wastes, are initially both intensely radioactive and long-lived" (52 FR 5994). However, these wastes contain a wide variety of radionuclides with some (e.g., Sr-90, Cs-137) having a relatively short half-life yet representing a large fraction of the radioactivity for the first few centuries after the wastes are produced. These nuclides produce significant amounts of heat and radiation, both of which are of concern when managing such wastes. [DOE G 435.1-1, page II-2]

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission "considers that these two characteristics, intense radioactivity for a few centuries followed by a long-term hazard requiring permanent isolation, are key features which can be used to distinguish high-level wastes from other waste categories" (52 FR 5994). [DOE G 435.1-1, page II-3]

DOE M 435.1-1 supports the implementation of part (2) of the 10 CFR Part 60 definition to mean that high-level wastes are wastes that are generated as a product of reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel downstream of, and including, the first step in a separations process, and the consistent waste streams from subsequent extraction cycles or steps. Separation processes include aqueous separation processes, e.g., the Redox and the Purex processes, and nonaqueous processes, e.g., pyrometallurgical and pyrochemical processes. Wastes that are produced upstream of these separations processes, from such processes as chemical or mechanical decladding, fuel dissolution, cladding separations, conditioning, or accountability measuring, are not high-level waste. Such wastes are considered processing wastes and should be managed in accordance with the appropriate Chapters of DOE M 435.1-1, as either transuranic, mixed low-level, or low-level waste. In addition, these wastes may be commingled with materials-in-process that require further processing to separate desired materials from wastes. [DOE G 435.1-1, page II-6]

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☐ Visual Aid ☐ Software	SINGLE-SHELL TANK (SST) WASTES RESULTING FROM THE BISMUTH-PHOSPHATE PROCESS (BPP) AS TRANSMANIC WASTE (TRU)
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# Basis for Designating Certain Hanford Single-Shell Tank Waste Resulting from the Bismuth-Phosphate Process as Transuranic Waste

Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy Assistant Secretary for Environmental Management



P.O. Box 450 Richland, Washington 99352

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W. M. Hewitt, YAHSGS LLC

February 2004

Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy Assistant Secretary for Environmental Management



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## **DOE/ORP-2004-01**

Basis for Designating Certain Hanford Single-Shell Tank (SST) Wastes Resulting from the Bismuth-Phosphate Process (BPP) as Transuranic Waste (TRU)

January 2004

Prepared by YAHSGS LLC, Richland, WA under Contract ORP-YAH001 to the Project Assistance Corporation in Support of the Department of Energy, Office of River Protection

### **Preface**

Although historically the Department of Energy (DOE) has managed wastes within the Hanford tank farms as High-Level Wastes (HLW) as a matter of operations management policy, DOE has long maintained that, based on origin, process history, and radiological characteristics, the wastes in any specific tank may actually be HLW, Transuranic Waste (TRU), or Mixed Low-Level Waste (MLLW). DOE, therefore, has planned to appropriately designate wastes into one of those categories once the wastes are ready for retrieval for treatment and disposal.

Accordingly, the DOE Office of River Protection (ORP) identified 11 Single-Shell Tanks (SSTs) that contain wastes from the Bismuth-Phosphate Process (BPP). The BPP, the first production-scale Spent Nuclear Fuel (SNF) reprocessing process ever used, was deployed during the Manhattan Project (World War II) to separate plutonium from SNF. The BPP was only used at Hanford and was replaced 50 years ago by more efficient solvent extraction reprocessing processes, i.e., Reduction and Oxidation (REDOX) and Plutonium-Uranium Extraction (PUREX). An important feature of the BPP relative to waste designation is that it was a batch process, a feature that allows ORP to clearly distinguish where SNF existed (or did not exist) within the process. The BPP used chemical additions to selectively dissolve and precipitate plutonium compounds so that the plutonium could be separated from other SNF constituents by liquid/solids separations via centrifugation. Multiple water washes, each followed by centrifugation, ensured very high degrees of solids separation from process liquids, e.g., separation of plutonium precipitates from liquids produced directly in SNF reprocessing.

The BPP created HLW that will be treated in the Waste Treatment Plant currently under construction at Hanford and subsequently disposed of in the national repository. The BPP also produced waste streams that are not HLW by origin as those wastes were not produced during the reprocessing of SNF. The fact that the wastes are not HLW is confirmed by waste fission product concentrations that are orders of magnitude less than those the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission requires to be disposed of in a geologic repository (10 CFR Part 61, Low-Level Radioactive Waste Disposal).

This document explains the BPP and identifies which BPP steps produced HLW and which did not on the basis of where SNF reprocessing actually took place within the series of BPP batch treatment steps. As a result, this document provides a technical and regulatory basis for DOE-ORP to determine that wastes from the BPP that are now contained in 11 Hanford SSTs (B-201, B-202, B-203, B-204, T-201, T-202, T-203, T-204, T-104, T-110, and T-111) are TRU due to waste origin and confirmed by radionuclide content. This document was developed in full consideration of extensive technical evaluations of historical BPP and tank farm source documents and records that were performed by the current Hanford tank farm contractor, CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc. (CH2M HILL). CH2M HILL's evaluations included historical records and process information produced by Hanford site contractors that operated the BPP over its 1945–1954 operating history. Information derived from those historical documents is consistent with the radioactive and chemical characteristics of the wastes in the 11 SSTs. Accordingly, this document is believed to provide a reasonable and sound basis to support a DOE-ORP determination that the wastes in the 11 SSTs identified above are TRU. Once those wastes are put into a suitable form for disposal, appropriately packaged, and characterized in a

manner that conforms to the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant (WIPP) waste acceptance criteria and permit requirements, those wastes should be suitable for disposal at WIPP.

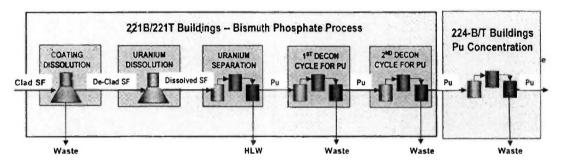
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## **Executive Summary**

The diverse nature of Hanford's tank waste generation operations over the past 60 years has led to large tank-to-tank differences in radioactive material concentrations. Understanding how and why these differences occurred is important to reaching sound waste management decisions. Of particular interest are wastes generated from the Bismuth Phosphate Process (BPP), the first ever Spent Nuclear Fuel (SNF) reprocessing and Plutonium (Pu) recovery process. That is, in part, because wastes generated by several BPP process steps are candidates for a Transuranic Waste (TRU) determination as illustrated and discussed below.

The BPP, unlike later Hanford solvent extraction-based reprocessing approaches (i.e., REDOX and PUREX), consisted of a series of individual batch processes which selectively dissolved and precipitated specific materials to recover Pu. It achieved thorough liquid/solids separation via centrifugation and multiple water rinses of the centrifuge solids cake, thereby removing liquids and soluble materials from the cake. Each batch process step resulted in an extensive and selective separation of the process wastes from the process product streams. As a result, out of the five distinct BPP process steps (coating dissolution, U dissolution, U separation, 1<sup>st</sup> decontamination cycle for Pu, 2<sup>nd</sup> decontamination cycle for Pu,), only two involved SNF reprocessing: U dissolution and U separations.



The coating removal process did not create High-Level Waste (HLW) because it only dissolved the aluminum coating leaving the SNF intact. That process did not dissolve SNF and its wastes were mildly contaminated.

HLW including all liquids produced directly in the reprocessing of SNF existed only within the U dissolution and U separation processes. Acids introduced during U dissolution dissolved the SNF, placing the Pu, the U, and all of the fission products in solution. The U separation processes then selectively precipitated the Pu, leaving the U and fission products in solution.

The liquid waste from U separations contained over 99.5% of the SNF constituent elements including >99.5% of the U, ~99% of the Cs-137, and ~90% of the Sr-90 (DuPont 1944). The liquid and solid wastes produced during U dissolution and U separation therefore fall squarely within the definition of HLW as set forth in the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (NWPA). The extensive liquid/solids separations and multiple rinses conducted during U separations assured that any liquid wastes produced directly in reprocessing were discharged as liquid wastes and did not follow the Pu precipitate into the 1<sup>st</sup> or 2<sup>nd</sup> decontamination cycles or beyond.

The Pu precipitate, once triple rinsed, contained >99.5% of the Pu, <0.5% of the U, and ~10% of the fission products. At least half of the fission products were short-lived isotopes that decayed to deminimis levels within 1-2 years. Because the SNF constituent elements were separated during U separations, no SNF was present in the subsequent decontamination cycles. Accordingly, wastes from the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> decontamination cycles and Pu concentration process are not HLW based on the NWPA HLW definition.

The low fission product concentrations in those wastes is consistent with a non-HLW designation. Therefore, on the basis of origin and content, the wastes in the 11 SSTs that received the wastes from coating removal, the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> decontamination cycles, and Pu concentration (T-104, T-110, T-111, B-201 through B-204, T-201 through T-204) are not HLW.

Moreover, the wastes in those 11 SSTs meet the definition of transuranic waste set forth in the NWPA and the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant (WIPP) Land Withdrawal Act of 1996 and are, therefore, candidates for disposal at WIPP in New Mexico.

## Basis for Designating Certain Hanford Tank Wastes as TRU

## 1.0 BACKGROUND - Hanford Wastes Vary Significantly Tank-to-Tank

Hanford's 149 SSTs, 28 Double-Shell Tanks (DSTs), and 60 Miscellaneous Underground Storage Tanks (MUSTs) collectively store ~54 million gallons of radioactive mixed defense wastes containing ~190 million curies of radioactivity. The wastes in those tanks have varying origins. For example, although extensive SNF reprocessing operations were conducted at Hanford, not all tank wastes originated during the reprocessing of SNF. Tank wastes were produced by a number of Hanford defense-related operations associated with removing cladding from SNF, purifying the Pu product, decontaminating equipment/facilities, and performing laboratory analyses. Rather than being the actual reprocessing of SNF, these operations occurred prior to, following, or incidental to SNF reprocessing. This diversity in Hanford's tank waste generation operations resulted in large tank-to-tank radioactive material concentration differences. Understanding these differences is important to sound waste management decisionmaking. The magnitude of the large tank-to-tank radionuclide concentration differences are graphically and numerically illustrated in Figures 1 and 2, respectively. For example, the five tanks with the highest inventories of radioactive materials in Figure 1 collectively contain ~ 50 million curies whereas the 10 tanks<sup>2</sup> with the lowest radioactive material inventories collectively contain less than 5 thousand curies; this is a factor of 10,000 difference. Furthermore, specific radionuclide concentrations can vary by factors greater than 1 million from tank-to-tank as illustrated in Figure 2 for Cs-137 and Sr-90, the two most prominent radionuclides in the tanks.

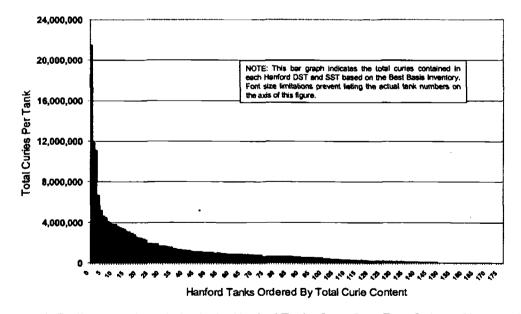


Figure 1. Radionuclide Inventories in the Hanford Tanks Span Over Four Orders of Magnitude

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In order of curie inventory, high to low, the tanks are AZ-101, AZ-102, AY-102, A-105, and AX-104.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Not ordered by curie inventory, the tanks are B-201, -202, -203, -204; T-201, -202, -203, - 204; and U-203 and U-204.

Source: Best Basis Inventory in the TWINS Database

There are several reasons why there is such a wide range of fission product inventories in the Hanford tanks. First, while some tanks received highly radioactive wastes produced during the reprocessing of SNF, other tanks did not. Second, the BPP, the world's first production-level reprocessing process which was carried out at Hanford during the Manhattan Project starting in 1944, created large quantities of relatively low-curie waste compared to the waste produced by later, substantially more efficient processes such as REDOX and PUREX. Third, a 1960s/1970s Hanford tank waste campaign extracted large amounts of Cs-137 from liquids in most Hanford tanks and Sr-90 from wastes in the A and AX Farm tanks. That campaign reduced the collective Hanford tank farms fission product content by approximately  $40\%^3$ . Fourth, tank capacities vary from 55,000 gallons to over 1 million gallons and tanks are filled to varying degrees.

Cs-137		Sr-90	
(Ci/liter)	Tank	(Ci/liter)	Tank
~1.9	AX-104	~79	AX-104
0.00001	T-204	<0.000003	T-202
200,000		30,000,000	
	(Ci/liter) ~1.9 0.00001	(Ci/liter) Tank ~1.9 AX-104 0.00001 T-204	(Ci/liter)         Tank         (Ci/liter)           ~1.9         AX-104         ~79           0.00001         T-204         <0.000003

Figure 2. Highest and Lowest Cs-137 and Sr-90 Concentrations in Hanford Tanks Source: Best Basis Inventory in Hanford TWINS Database

This variability in waste sources and concentrations has led DOE to consider the origin and the characteristics of wastes in each tank in planning its treatment and disposal strategies. Some examples of wastes discharged to tanks that did not originate directly during the reprocessing of SNF include:

- > Decladding wastes resulting from dissolving the metallic cladding (coating) from the SNF in order to expose the actual fuel to reprocessing acids.
- > Wastes from processes used to clean and/or concentrate recovered Pu product materials in order to achieve requisite Pu purity levels for weapons use.
- > Laboratory wastes resulting from the sampling and analysis of various process and waste streams resulting from Hanford operations.
- > Wastes from the cleanup of contaminated facilities and/or equipment.

Regardless of the characteristics or origin of the waste in any given tank, as a matter of policy, DOE manages the Hanford tank farm wastes as HLW while those wastes are stored in the tanks. This does not mean that DOE classified the wastes as HLW but rather, that DOE employs an appropriately conservative management practice to ensure that the highest levels of safety and best management practices are in place during the storage, retrieval, and handling of the Hanford tank farm wastes.

In the sections that follow, the BPP is described with a focus on determining (a) when SNF was present such that the "reprocessing of SNF" actually occurred in a process, (b) which BPP

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The cesium and strontium were converted to cesium chloride and strontium fluoride and encapsulated. The campaign was undertaken to reduce the decay heat load on the tanks, however, beneficial uses for the capsules were sought and many capsules were deployed on commercial and government initiatives.

processes created "liquid waste produced directly in reprocessing [of SNF]", and (c) which BPP processes appear to have resulted in solid materials with "fission products in sufficient concentrations" to warrant permanent isolation. The BPP is compared and contrasted as appropriate with the PUREX process for the simple reason that most people think of the PUREX process when they think of reprocessing. PUREX was used across the DOE weapons complex for Pu and Uranium (U) recovery. It was used in the United States on a limited basis for commercial reprocessing. Finally, PUREX is used internationally for commercial and defense reprocessing purposes (PNNL 1998). Conversely, the BPP was an earlier process used only at Hanford in the U.S. Government's first production-level campaigns to recover Pu for defense purposes. It processed less than 8% of the SNF reprocessed at Hanford.

## 2.0 BISMUTH PHOSPHATE PROCESS

As illustrated in Figure 3, the BPP<sup>4</sup> was carried out in 221-T plant from 1944 to 1956 and in 221-B plant from 1945 to 1952. As the first reprocessing process ever used at production levels to separate Pu from SNF, it was conceived with an emphasis on time and purpose rather than efficiency. The BPP was a batch process. It deployed a complex chemistry that selectively dissolved and precipitated targeted chemical compounds such that simple liquid/solids separations equipment (centrifuges) could isolate Pu from the other materials in the SNF as well as materials introduced in the BPP. To place the process in perspective, the Government's objective was to separate the one part Pu produced in the fission process from the roughly 10,000 parts of U and fission products that it was dispersed amongst in the SNF.

The BPP was quite different from successor reprocessing processes. For example, its sole purpose was to recover Pu. Uranium was discharged as a waste. Conversely, REDOX and PUREX recovered Pu and U, each as a separate product. Also, REDOX and PUREX were continuous solvent extraction processes which used a small fraction of the chemical additives that the BPP required for separations. As a result, the BPP created over 200 times more waste than PUREX per ton of U fuel processed. The BPP U Separations process created approximately ~3800 gallons of HLW per ton of U (GE 1951) while PUREX created ~40 gallons per ton (ARHCO 1968). This resulted in Hanford's PUREX wastes having substantially higher fission

product concentrations than BPP wastes. For example, wastes discharged from the BPP U Separations process, the BPP waste stream with the highest fission product concentrations, were reported to have Cs-137 concentrations of approximately 60 Ci/m³ (GE 1955), < 0.5% of the 13,000 Ci/m³ Cs-137 concentrations in PUREX 1st

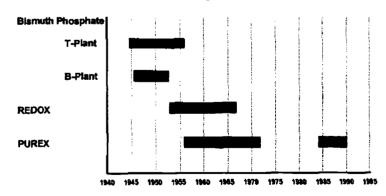
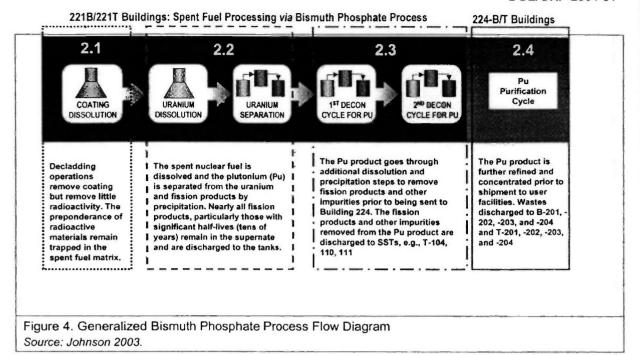


Figure 3. Operating Time Frames for Spent Nuclear Fuel Reprocessing Processes at Hanford

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The BPP flowsheets are provided in Attachment A and comparisons between the BPP and the PUREX process wastes are provided in Attachment B.



cycle raffinate wastes after neutralization (ARHCO 1968).

Figure 4 depicts the major BPP steps. The discussion that follows traces the SNF, the Pu product, and the process wastes through the BPP [Note that the numbering of the subsections that follow correspond to the numbers within each outlined block in Figure 4]. The following discussions include general information regarding the chemical processes used. More detail regarding the BPP chemistry and mass flow information can be found in Attachment A.

#### 2.1 Coating Dissolution (Decladding – Figure 4, Block 2.1)

Prior to the actual reprocessing of SNF, the aluminum cladding (or coating) had to be removed to expose the U to the acids that would be used to dissolve it. A boiling sodium nitrate/sodium hydroxide solution was used to dissolve cladding. While virtually all of the radioactive fission products remained within the intact spent fuel matrix, small amounts of radioactive materials at the surface of the fuel slugs entered decladding solutions. Decladding operations are considered a "head end" process and not part of SNF reprocessing since the SNF remained intact throughout the decladding process. The decladding wastes were subsequently combined with 1<sup>st</sup> cycle Pu decontamination waste (discussed in Section 2.3) to use the excess sodium hydroxide in the decladding wastes to neutralize acids in the 1<sup>st</sup> cycle decontamination wastes.

## 2.2 Uranium Dissolution and Uranium Separation (Figure 4, Block 2.2)

Following decladding, the U fuel slugs were dissolved in nitric acid. Once dissolved, water and sulfuric acid were added to convert the uranyl nitrate to uranyl sulfate. Next, bismuth nitrate and phosphoric acid were then added and a bismuth phosphate carrier was formed that extracted Pu from solution as a precipitate. The uranyl sulfate remained in solution along with nearly all of the cesium and approximately 90% of the strontium (CH2M HILL 2002). The bismuth phosphate carrier and Pu were then precipitated as a filter cake via centrifuging, the filter cake

was rinsed with water and re-centrifuged three times to remove any waste liquids and soluble fission products that may have been initially entrained in the filter cake, and then the Pu cake was transferred to the first Pu decontamination cycle (GE 1951).

Approximately 10% of the fission products that were dissolved with the U stayed with the Pu cake when it moved from U separations to the first Pu decontamination cycle. In addition to strontium, substantial quantities of short-lived<sup>5</sup> fission products, such as zirconium-95 (Zr-95) and niobium-95 (Nb-95), were co-precipitated.

## 2.3 Plutonium Decontamination (Figure 4, Block 2.3, 1st and 2nd Decon Cycles)

In the first Pu decontamination cycle, the Pu was oxidized to the +6 valence state via the addition of sodium bismuthate and sodium dichromate. Sodium bismuthate, phosphoric acid, zirconium nitrate, and cerium nitrate were added to precipitate bismuth phosphate and fission products (primarily strontium, cerium, and zirconium). The bismuth phosphate and fission product precipitate were centrifuged to separate them from the Pu which remained in the liquid phase. Following separation, the Pu in the liquid phase was reacted with bismuth subnitrate and phosphoric acid to produce a bismuth phosphate carrier and co-precipitate plutonium phosphate. The bismuth phosphate carrier and plutonium phosphate solids were separated from the liquids by centrifugation. The plutonium phosphate solids were water washed and centrifuged three times. The bismuth phosphate and plutonium phosphate solids were then dissolved in nitric acid, forming plutonium nitrate and bismuth nitrate in solution. This solution was then transferred to the second decontamination cycle where the first decontamination process steps (except for zirconium nitrate and cerium nitrate addition) were repeated to further purify the Pu product.

## 2.4 Plutonium Concentration Building (224-B/T) Wastes (Figure 4, Block 2.4)

The Pu from 221-B/T plants was transferred to the 224-B/T Pu Concentration Building to remove the bismuth phosphate and residual fission products which were essentially all short half-life contaminants. The Pu solution was received at 224-B/T in a +4 valence state. It was first oxidized with sodium bismuthate to a +6 valence state. Phosphoric acid was added to precipitate bismuth phosphate along with residual Zr-95 and Nb-95 fission products, which were then removed by centrifugation leaving the Pu in solution. Hydrogen fluoride and lanthanum fluoride were added to precipitate remaining fission products leaving the Pu in solution. Hydrogen fluoride and lanthanum salts were then added to create lanthanum fluoride and plutonium fluoride solids which were separated by centrifugation. The lanthanum fluoride and plutonium fluoride solids were reacted with potassium hydroxide to produce lanthanum hydroxide and plutonium hydroxide. The lanthanum hydroxide and plutonium hydroxide solids were reacted with nitric acid to produce the high purity Pu nitrate/lanthanum nitrate product.

Targeted radionuclides for removal were primarily short-lived fission product and daughter isotopes of zirconium, cerium, lanthanum, ruthenium, praseodymium, and yttrium (DuPont 1945), many of which were difficult to physically separate from the Pu via precipitation

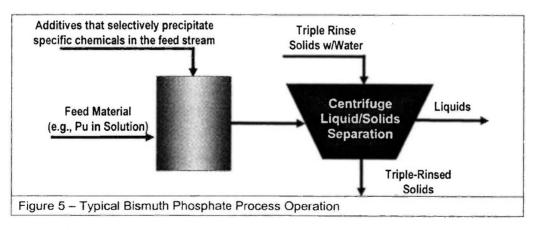
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Zr-95 has a 64-day half-life and Nb-95 a 35-day half-life. In addition to the Zr-95, other phosphate insoluble short-lived fission products such as Ce-144 (~284 days) were removed to achieve the desired plutonium purity and handling characteristics. The fission products of concern relative to long-term waste management and disposal are Cs-137 (~30 years) and Sr-90 (~29 years) which together with their daughters, Ba-137m and Y-90, account for ~99% of the curies in the Hanford tanks at the present time.

processes. Thus, multiple precipitation steps were used in the first and second Pu decontamination cycles and the Pu Concentration Building to separate these short-lived fission products from the Pu product.

# 3.0 CLASSIFICATION OF TANK WASTES FROM THE BISMUTH PHOSPHATE PROCESS

Although the BPP is referred to using the generic term 'reprocessing', the BPP actually consisted of batch chemical process operations. Unlike the later solvent extraction processes (REDOX, PUREX) which were continuous flow and continuously connected, each operation within the BPP took place on a batch basis. Figure 5 illustrates a typical BPP process step. Feed material enters a process tank. The feed could consist of a re-dissolved solids (such as SNF or a Pu cake) from a centrifuge or it could be the liquid phase from a centrifuge as illustrated in Figure 5. In either case, chemical additives (such as those listed in Section 2) are used to selectively keep certain chemical species in solution and to precipitate other species. The mixture is then transferred to a centrifuge where the solids are separated from the liquids by centrifugal force. The liquids are discharged from the centrifuge as it spins and the solids are retained. The tank where the feed and additives were mixed is then rinsed with water to ensure all precipitates are removed. Clean rinse water is sprayed onto the solids in the centrifuge (~3 parts water to 1 part solids) while it operates to replace any process liquids that may have been entrained in the solid cake. The centrifuge is operated two cycles to de-water the cake. Water is again sprayed onto the solids in the centrifuge in a second cake rinse (~3 parts water to 1 part solids) while it operates to wash trace quantities of dilute process liquids from the solid cake. The centrifuge is operated two cycles to de-water the cake. All liquids including rinses pass on to the next process step or are discharged as a waste based on the specific process operation. The solids are dissolved and then transferred to the next BPP process or discharged as a waste, again based on the specific BPP process operation.

In the manner discussed above, each BPP batch process achieved a highly effective liquid/solids separation without cross contamination between batch operations.



The clean separation liquid/solid separations and distinct break between BPP operations provides an ability to clearly demark where reprocessing of SNF did and did not occur, where "liquid waste produced directly in reprocessing" was present and where it was not, and consequently,

which BPP process operations created HLW and which did not. The process logic is described below.

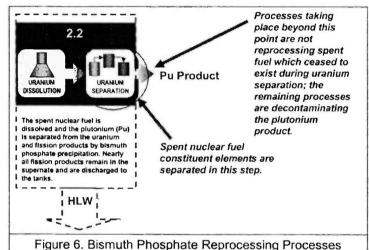
#### 3.1 Where Did SNF Reprocessing Occur?

SNF reprocessing could only occur during BPP process steps where the SNF constituent elements existed in solution. That is because the NWPA defines SNF as "fuel that has been withdrawn from a nuclear reactor following irradiation, the constituent elements of which have not been separated by reprocessing."

Based on that definition, the reprocessing of SNF in the BPP occurs during the U dissolution and U separation processes are the only points along the BPP flowsheet where all of the constituent elements of the SNF existed in one place. The U dissolution process places the SNF constituent elements (U, Pu, fission products) into solution. All of the constituent elements of SNF exist at that point. The U separations process then selectively precipitates the Pu. All of the SNF constituent elements are

present in the mixing tank and in the centrifuge.

Once liquid/solids separations occur in the U separations centrifuge, the SNF constituent elements are separated into waste and Pu product cake. At the completion of the Pu product cake water rinses in the centrifuge, the constituent elements of the SNF have been fully separated and reprocessing is complete. The resultant waste and product streams are as follows:



- ▶ Uranium Separations Liquid Waste Stream – This waste stream includes ~99.5% (by mass) of all materials present in the SNF prior to dissolution including ~99.5% of the U, ~90% of all fission products including ~99% of the Cs-137 and ~90% of the Sr-90, a small fraction of the Pu, and chemicals/acids used to keep those materials in the liquid phase (CH2M HILL 2002, Johnson 2003), and
- ➤ Plutonium Product Cake The Pu product cake includes the precipitated Pu, ~0.5% of the U, and ~10% of the fission products, at least half of which are short-lived fission products and daughters (Johnson 2003).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Before uranium dissolution, reprocessing cannot occur since the SF constituent elements could not be separated by reprocessing while still in solid form.

### 3.2 Which Liquid Wastes Were Produced Directly In Reprocessing?

As described above 'liquid waste produced directly in reprocessing' could only have been created during U dissolution and U separations as those two BPP process steps were the only steps where reprocessing took place. The liquid wastes produced directly in reprocessing were separated from the Pu product by centrifugal action.

The Pu product stream was thoroughly rinsed and centrifuged multiple times to remove all traces of the liquids produced directly in reprocessing (and the undesirable contaminants contained in such liquids) from the Pu cake. By the time the cake was transferred to the first Pu decontamination cycle, any residual liquids produced directly in reprocessing that remained in the cake would have been diluted by ~1000:1 and would have represented <0.1% of the volume of liquid created during U dissolution and U separations<sup>7</sup>, a negligible volume and concentration. This, the, leads one to the conclusion that the only 'liquid waste produced directly in reprocessing' from the BPP is the liquid waste stream discharged from the U separations process to the SSTs.

#### 3.3 Which BPP Wastes Are HLW?

For the BPP, it is evident from the preceding discussions that the liquid waste stream discharged from the U separations process contained "highly radioactive material resulting from the reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel". Those wastes therefore meet the definition of HLW set forth in the NWPA<sup>8</sup>:

"High-level radioactive waste means:

- (A) the highly radioactive material resulting from the reprocessing of SNF, including liquid waste produced directly in reprocessing and any solid material derived from such liquid waste that contains fission products in sufficient concentrations; and
- (B) other highly radioactive material that the NRC, consistent with existing laws, determines by rule requires permanent isolation."

The U separations liquid waste stream is therefore identified in Figure 6 as HLW. That waste stream contained approximately 95% of the fission products important to DOE in determining the waste disposal pathway, i.e., ~99% of the Cs-137 and ~90% of the Sr-90, the two fission products that, with their secular equilibrium daughters, account for 99% of the radioactivity in the Hanford tanks<sup>9</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Cake volume approximately 10 gallons, moisture content ~30%. Waste from U separations approximately 2400 gallons (GE 1951). On that basis, (10)(0.3)/2400 = 0.1% of liquids produced directly in reprocessing should remain in the cake after first liquid/solid separation. Each rinse used 30 gallons of water (GE 1951). Assuming 3 gallons of liquid in the cake (30%) and three separate 30 gallon rinses (including tank rinse), each rinse should reduce the concentration by a factor of 10. Moreover, any such liquid would be highly diluted (by a factor of 1000 due to the three rinses) before the cake was dissolved and transferred.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> This same definition is incorporated by reference into the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (AEA), as amended, and the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant Land Withdrawal Act.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Ba-137m and Y-90 are daughters of Cs-137 and Sr-90, respectively, that are in secular equilibrium, i.e., the halflife of the parent radioisotopes (Cs-137 and Sr-90) is so much longer than that of the daughters that the radioactivity of the daughters is essentially equal to that of the parent.

The liquid wastes produced directly in reprocessing are part of that waste stream and were not present in the BPP Pu-related processes that followed U separations.

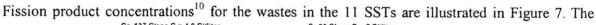
Accordingly, wastes from the BPP 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> decontamination cycles are not HLW. Similarly, wastes from Pu concentration activities that further processed the product stream from the BPP in 224-B/T buildings were also not HLW.

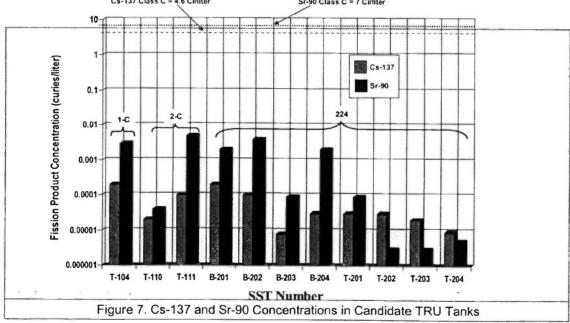
## 4.0 TRU DETERMINATION - Candidate Wastes for Classification as Contact-Handled TRU

The WIPP Land Withdrawal Act defines TRU as:

"waste containing more than 100 nanocuries of alpha-emitting transuranic isotopes per gram of waste, with half-lives greater than 20 years, except for (A) HLW; (B) waste that the Secretary has determined, with the concurrence of the Administrator, does not need the degree of isolation required by the disposal regulations; or (C) waste that the NRC has approved for disposal on a case-by-case basis in accordance with Part 61 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations".

The waste streams from the BPP first and second decontamination cycles and the Pu Concentration Cycle that were carried out in the 224-B/T buildings are currently contained in 11 SSTs along with the decladding waste. Based upon the discussions in Section 3, none of those tanks contain HLW as defined in the NWPA.





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> At the present time, Cs-137 and Sr-90 together with their daughters in secular equilibrium (Ba-137m and Y-90) represent ~99% of the fission product activity in the Hanford tanks (Best Basis Inventory in the Hanford TWINS database).

two dotted/dashed lines near the top of Figure 7 indicate the Class C concentration limits for Cs-137 (4.4 curies per liter) and Sr-90 (7 curies per liter)<sup>11</sup>.

All 11 SSTs would be Class A or Class B solely on the basis of the 10 CFR § 61.55 concentrations related to fission products<sup>12</sup>. Based on the fission product content, DOE estimates that all 11 tanks will result in contact-handled<sup>13</sup> TRU once dewatered and packaged. The transuranic material content for each SST is indicated in Figure 8.

The tanks are grouped in Figure 8 according to the primary origin of their contained wastes from within or resulting from the BPP. The first eight tanks are all 200-series, 55,000 gallon, SSTs that contain 224-B/T Pu Concentration Building wastes.

F	igure 8. Candidate Co	ontact-Handled Sir	ngle-Shell Tanks T	RU Waste Designa	ition
Tank	Waste Volume (kgal)	Waste Types (See Key Below)	TRU (nanocuries/gm)	Cs-137 (curies/liter)	Sr-90 (curies/liter)
	Group I - Sin	gle-Shell Tanks	Containing 224 Bu	ilding Waste	
B-201	30	224	824	0.0002	0.002
B-202	29	224	214	0.0001	0.004
B-203	51	224	297	0.000008	0.00009
B-204	50	224	263	0.00003	0.0017
T-201	29	224	754	0.00004	0.0001
T-202	21	224	221	0.00003	0.000003
T-203	37	224	295	0.00002	0.000003
T-204	37	224	243	0.000009	0.000005
T-110	370	224/2C	67 (170 after drying)	0.00002	0.00004
T-111	447	224/2C/DW	(170 after drying) 182	0.0001	0.005
	Group III - Single-Sh				
T-104	317	1C/CW	158	Been 2 m	
1-104				0.0002	0.003
		EY TO WASTE T	YPE DESIGNATION	N	
Waste Type	Description				
1C	First Pu Decontamination Cycle Waste from Bismuth Phosphate Plant				
	Second Pu Decontamination Cycle Waste from Bismuth Phosphate Plant				
2C		•	from Bismuth Phospl	nate Plant	
		nation Cycle Waste		nate Plant	
2C	Second Pu Decontami	nation Cycle Waste ncentration Building	Waste		

 <sup>11 10</sup> CFR 61.55, Table 2. That regulation indicates the concentrations in curies per cubic meter. The Class C concentrations for Cs-137 and Sr-90 are 4400 curies per cubic meter and 7000 curies per cubic meter, respectively.
 12 The wastes exceed the Table 1 limits in §61.55 for alpha-emitting radionuclides, however, for defense wastes containing alpha-emitting radionuclides, the TRU definition in the WIPP Land Withdrawal Act are governing.
 13 Contact dose at the package surface will be less than 200 mR/hour.

The second group of tanks contain Pu Concentration Building wastes along with wastes from the BPP second decontamination cycle. T-111 also contains decontamination wastes.

The last group has one tank, T-104. It received BPP wastes from coating dissolution and the first decontamination cycle.

DOE has used historical information, sampling, and analysis to determine that the 11 SSTs identified in Figures 7 and 8 are valid candidates to receive a contact-handled TRU designation. That designation will be achieved through a ROD pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969.

#### 5.0 REFERENCES

Anderson 1990. "A History of the 200 Area Tank Farms", WHC-MR-0132, J. D. Anderson, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, WA, 1990

ARHCO 1968. "PUREX Chemical Flowsheet Processing Aluminum Clad Uranium Fuels", ARH-214. Atlantic Richfield Hanford Company, Richland, WA, 1968

CH2M HILL 2002. Interoffice Memo from B. Higley, Inventory and Flowsheet Engineering, to J. G. Field, R2-12, "Bismuth Phosphate Process Radionuclide Partition Factors for the Hanford Defined Waste Model", 7G300-02-NWK-024, CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc., Richland, WA, July 24, 2002.

DuPont 1944. "Hanford Technical Manual", HW-10475-C, Section C, DuPont Company, Richland, WA, 1944

DuPont 1945. "Decontamination of Fission elements in the Separation Process", HW-3-1493, DuPont Company, Richland, WA, 1945

GE 1951. "Flow Sheets and Flow Diagrams of Precipitation Separations Process", HW-23043. General Electric Company, Richland, WA, 1951.

GE 1952. "Hanford Works Monthly Report for July 1952", HW-25227-DEL, pgs Ed-1 through Ed-6, General Electric Company, Richland, WA, 1952.

GE 1955. "Decontamination of Uranium Recovery Process Stored Wastes", Interim Report, HW-36717, General Electric Company, Richland, WA, 1955

GE 1957. "Ultimate Disposal of PUREX Wastes", HW-52824, General Electric Company, Richland, WA, 1957.

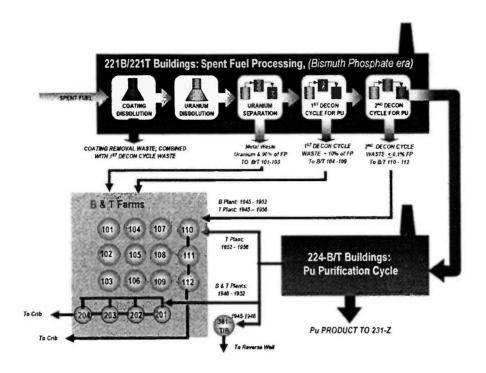
Johnson 2003. "Origin of Wastes in the B-200 and T-200 Series Single-Shell Tanks", M. E. Johnson, RPP-13300, Rev. 0, CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc., April 2003.

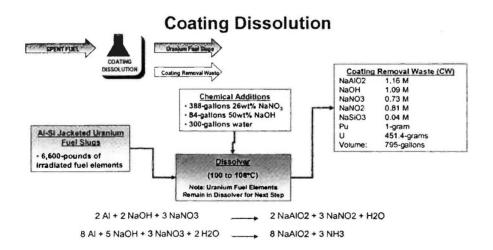
10 CFR Part 61, Licensing Requirements For Land Disposal Of Radioactive Waste, §61.55, Waste Classification.

PNNL 1998. "International Waste Management Fact Book", PNNL-11677, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, Richland, WA, 1998.

Best Basis Inventory (BBI), Tank Waste Information Network System (TWINS), http://twins.pnl.gov/twins.htm

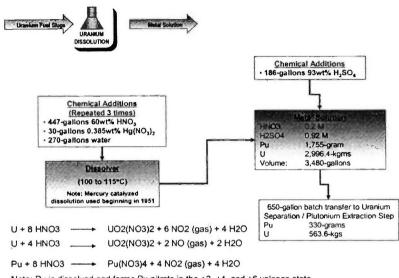
## APPENDIX A - Chemical Reactions for the Bismuth Phosphate Flow Sheet





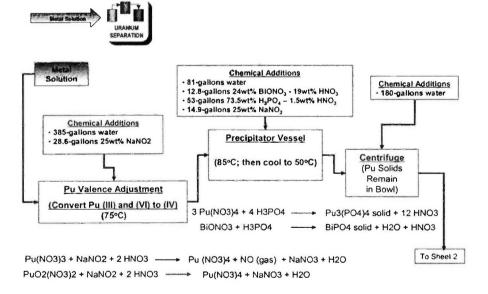
**NOTE:** The BPP flowsheets in Appendix A were developed by Michael Johnson of CH2MHILL Hanford Group, Inc in December 2003 based upon his review of historical Hanford documents and records as identified at the end of this appendix.

#### **Uranium Dissolution**

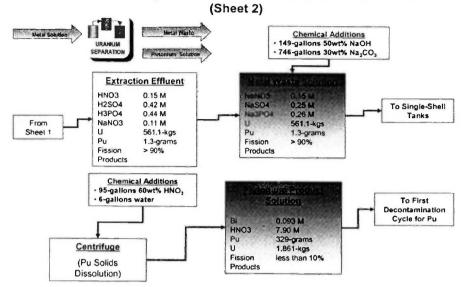


Note: Pu is dissolved and forms Pu nitrate in the +3, +4, and +6 valence state

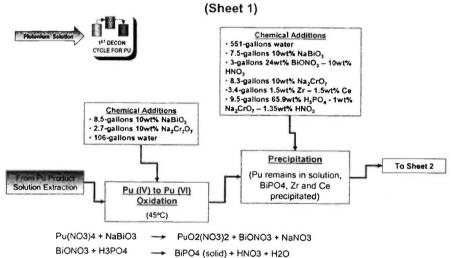
# Uranium Separation / Plutonium Extraction (Sheet 1)



## **Uranium Separation / Plutonium Extraction**

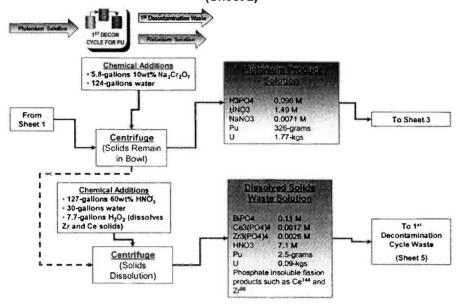


### First Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium

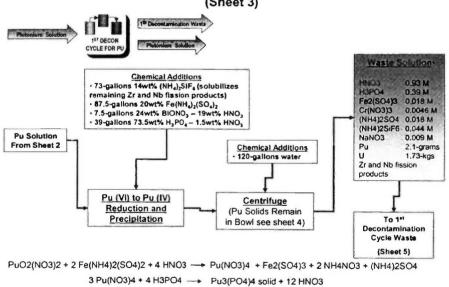


Chemical Reactions for the Bismuth Phosphate Flow Sheet

# First Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium (Sheet 2)

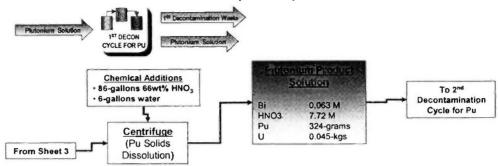


# First Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium (Sheet 3)



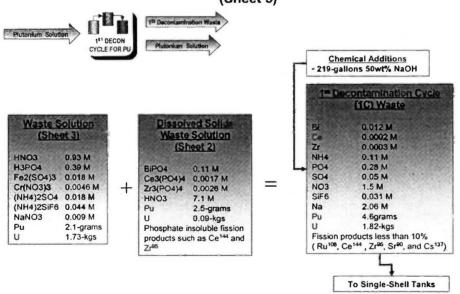
BiONO3 + H3PO4 -- BiPO4 solid + H2O + HNO3

# First Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium (Sheet 4)

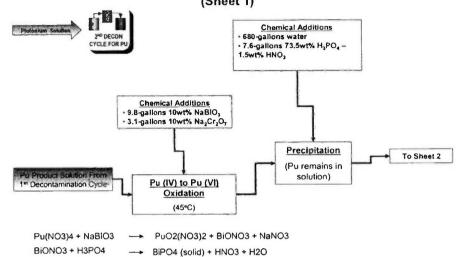


Pu3(PO4)4 + BiPO4 + 15 HNO3 (conc.) ------ 3Pu (NO3)4 + Bi(NO3)3 + 5 H3PO4

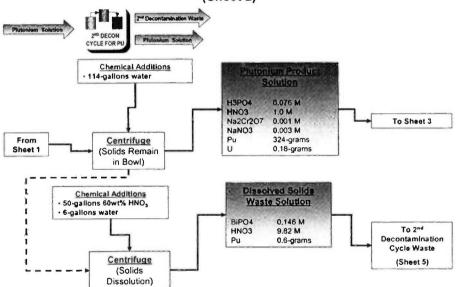
# First Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium (Sheet 5)



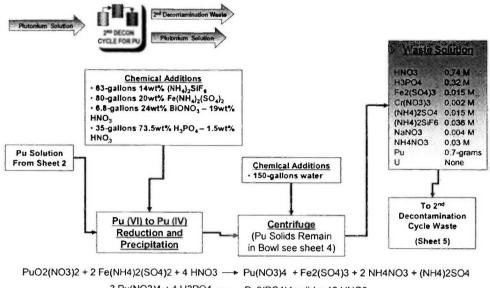
## Second Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium



# Second Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium (Sheet 2)

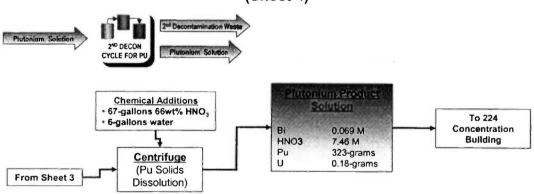


# Second Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium (Sheet 3)

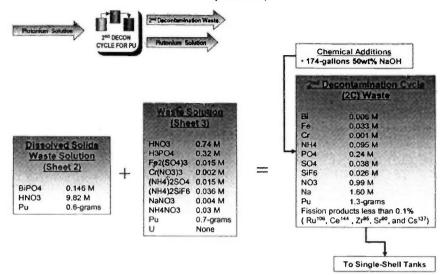


 $Pu(NO3)2 + 2 \text{ Fe}(NH4)2(SO4)2 + 4 \text{ HNO3} \longrightarrow Pu(NO3)4 + \text{Fe}2(SO4)3 + 2 \text{ NH4NO3} + (NH4)2SO4$  Pu3(PO4)4 solid + 12 HNO3 Pu3(PO4)4 solid + 12 HNO3Pu3(PO4)4 solid + 120 + HNO3

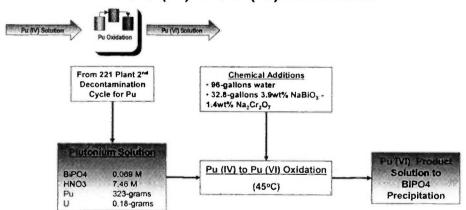
# Second Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium (Sheet 4)



# Second Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium (Sheet 5)

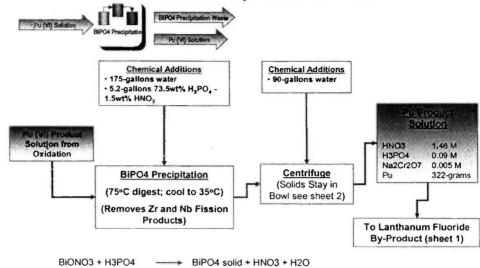


# Bismuth Phosphate Cross-Over: Pu (IV) to Pu (VI) Oxidation

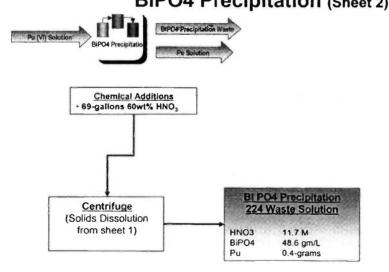


Pu(NO3)4 + NaBiO3 -- PuO2(NO3)2 + BiONO3 + NaNO3

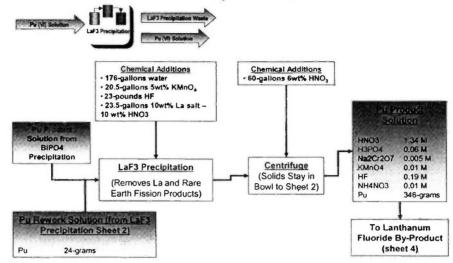
# Bismuth Phosphate Cross-Over: BiPO4 Precipitation (Sheet 1)



# Bismuth Phosphate Cross-Over: BiPO4 Precipitation (Sheet 2)

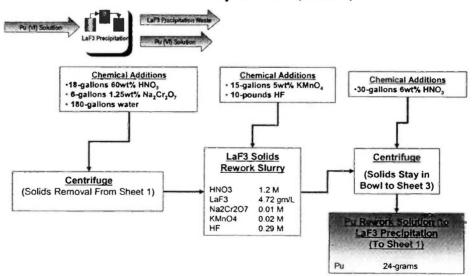


### Lanthanum Fluoride By-Product: LaF3 Precipitation (Sheet 1)

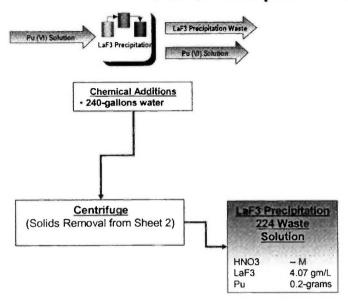


La(NH4)2(NO3)5 + 3 HF - LaF3 + 2NH4NO3 + 3 HNO3

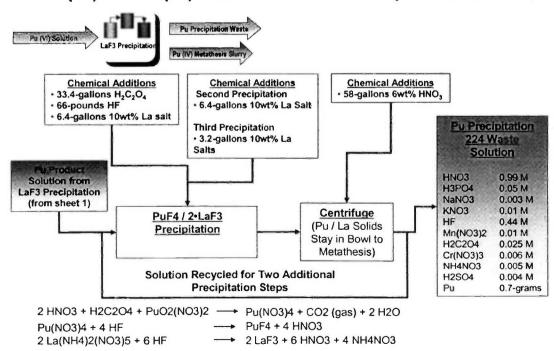
### Lanthanum Fluoride By-Product: LaF3 Precipitation (Sheet 2)



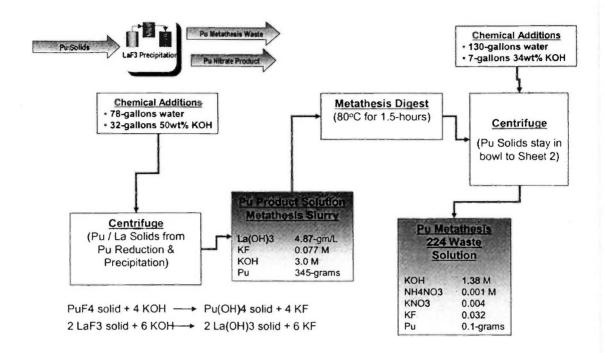
## Lanthanum Fluoride By-Product: LaF3 Precipitation (Sheet 3)



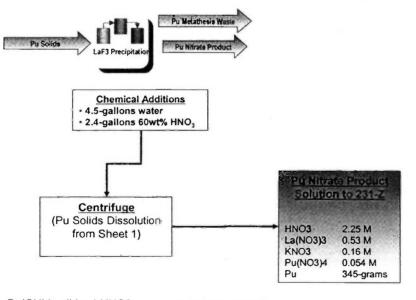
# Lanthanum Fluoride By-Product: Pu (VI) to Pu (IV) Reduction and Precipitation (sheet 4)



## Plutonium Metathesis (Sheet 1)

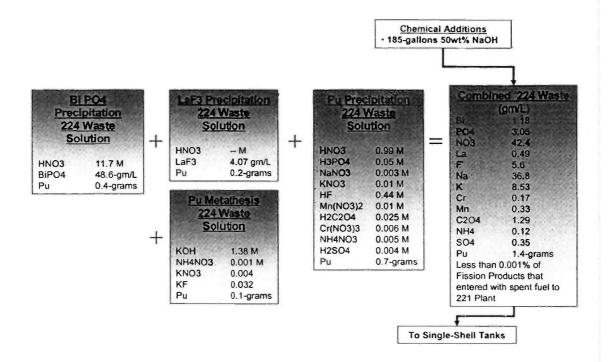


## Plutonium Metathesis (Sheet 2)



Pu(OH)4 solid + 4 HNO3 — Pu(NO3)4 + 4 H2O La(OH)3 solid + 3 HNO3 — La(NO3)3 + 3 H2O

## 224 Building Waste



#### References for Appendix A Flowsheets:

HW-10475-C, 1944, *Hanford Technical Manual Section C*, General Electric Hanford Atomic Products Operation, Richland, Washington

HW-23043, 1951, Flow Sheets and Flow Diagrams of Precipitation Separations Process, General Electric Company, Richland, Washington

HW-26365, 1952, *Brief Summary of Separations Processes*, General Electric Company, Richland, Washington

#### APPENDIX B - Bismuth Phosphate and PUREX Process Waste Stream Characteristics

Waste Stream	Gross Beta Radioactivity µCi/ml	Gross Gamma Radioactivity µCi/ml	Sr-90 μCi/ml	Cs-137 μCi/ml	Waste Batch Volume (gallons) <sup>14</sup>	Waste Batch (gallons / U Ton	Comment
gerigion — — — en or e el cape, el toble, foldista.		Bismuth Phospha	te Plant and 224-	T / 224-B Pu (	Concentration I	Processing Waste	
Uranium Separations Metal Waste	127	22	Not Reported	Not Reported	2380	3840	Average of three samples taken in 1947. Fission products in Metal waste had decayed for 1 (2 years; see Table B-2.
Uranium Separations Metal Waste	Not Reported	Not Reported	0.59	57.3	Not Reported		Average Cs and Sr concentrations in Metal waste after U removal in the TBP Plant; see Table B-3
First Pu Product Decontamination Cycle (1C) Waste mixed with Coating Removal Waste (CW)	0.39	0.22	0.0058	0.15	2822	4551	Average fission products concentrations in 1C/CW waste; see Table B-3.
Second Pu Product Decontamination Cycle (2C) Waste	0.0018	0.003	Not Reported	Not Reported	2090	3370	Average fission products concentrations in 2C waste; see Table B-2
224 Pu Product Concentration Building Waste	0.14	0.03	Not Reported	Not Reported	2200	3550	See HW-10728, page 9, 1948, Process Waste Data – 200 Areas, Letter from R. S. Bell to file dated August 12, 1948, General Electric Company, Richland Washington
			PUREX First C	ycle Raffinate			
Waste Stream	Gross Beta Radioactivity µCi/ml	Gross Gamma Radioactivity µCi/ml	Sr-90 μCi/ml	Cs-137 μCi/ml	Waste Batch Volume (gallons)	Waste Batch (gallons / U Ton	Comment
PUREX IWW (concentrated aqueous waste from 1st cycle solvent extraction before concentration and neutralization; after 1-year decay)	Not Reported	Not Reported	5,300	5,100	100	100	HW-52824, page 7, 1957, Ultimate Disposal of PUREX Wastes, General Electric Company, Richland Washington. (1957 PUREX Flowsheet for processing 600 MWD / ton natural U fuel)
PUREX 1WW (concentrated aqueous waste from 1st cycle solvent extraction after sugar denitration, concentration and neutralization)	Not Reported	Not Reported	~ 218,800 (includes Sr <sup>89</sup> and Sr <sup>90</sup> )	~12,700	657.4 (assuming 16-tons Uranium processed per batch)	41.1	ARH-214, 1968, PUREX Chemical Flowsheet Processing Aluminum Clad Uranium Fuels, Atlantic Richfield Hanford Company, Richland Washington. (1968 PUREX Flowsheet for processing 600 MWD/ton natural U fuel; includes internal recycle of wastes and sugar denitration of 1WW)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Bismuth Phosphate Process waste volumes are from HW-23043, 1951, Flow Sheets and Flow Diagrams of Precipitation Separations Process, General Electric Company, Richland, Washington

	Table	B-2. Analyses	of Bismutl	n Phosphate F	Table B-2. Analyses of Bismuth Phosphate Process Supernatant	nt	
Waste Type <sup>(1,2)</sup>	Tank	Date Filled	Hd	Pu µGm/liter	Gross Beta millicuries/liter	Gross Gamma millicuries/liter	Date Sampled
Metal Waste	T-101		10.1	70	200(5)	70(5)	12-12-1946
Metal Waste	T-101	08/1945	10	35	110	25	7-01-1947
Metal Waste	T-102	11/1945	6.6	09	120	20	7-01-1947
Metal Waste	T-103	02/1946	8.6	09	150	20	7-01-1947
	Average for three samples taken in 1947			51.7	126.7	21.7	
1C/CW	B-109	04/1946	6.6	40	99.0	0.28	3-18-1947
1C/CW	C-112	04/1947	6.6	12	12	4.4	3-18-1947
2C (4)	B-111	04/1946	6.9	7.2E-02	2.0E-03	3.0E-03	7-1-1947
2C	B-112	08/1946	8.9	4.32E?? <sup>(3)</sup>	1.5E-03	3.0E-03	7-1-1947

Notes: (1) See HW-10728, 1948, Process Waste Data – 200 Areas, Letter from R. S. Bell to file dated August 12, 1948, General Electric Company, Richland Washington and HW-3-3220, 1945, A Study of Decontamination Cycle Waste Solutions and Methods of Preparing Them for Disposal, E. I. Du Pont De Nemours Company, Richland Washington.

(2) Solids formed in each of wastes, settling to the bottom of each tanks. These sample analyses are for the supermatant only and are not representative of the sludges.

(3) The reported Pu sample analyses for tank B-112 seems to be in error and lacking an exponent in HW-10728.

(4) Prior to October 1945, the 2C waste was neutralized to a pH of approximately 10. The waste collected in tanks 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 were neutralized to about pH 7 after October 1945 to precipitate bismuth and plutonium (HW-3-3220, page 13).

(5) Reduction in the gross gamma and beta analyses for the metal waste in tank T-101 from sampling in 12-12-1946 to 07-01-1947 is due to decay of short-lived fission products.

Tank	Date	Pu	Gross	Gross	Sr	ప	Ru	Rare Earths	ည	NB	77	Te
	Filled	нвш/сс	Beta uCi/cc	Gamma	pCI/cc	μCί/cc	μζίνες	+ Y - Ce uCi/ce	mCI/ee	BCI/Ce	nCi/cc	oo/ICIT
			Analyses	of Metal Wa	ste Superna	tant Follow	ing Uraniu	Analyses of Metal Waste Supernatant Following Uranium Extraction				
C-106	Not specified				0.44	54.2						
BX-108	Not specified				0.26	132.4						
BX-109	Not specified				1.08	56.3						
C-112	Not specified				1.20	25.8						
C-109	Not specified				0.46	40.7						
C-111	Not specified				0.10	34.5						
Average Con	Average Concentrations for Metal Waste	r Metal Was	ite	Walter Commence of the Commenc	0.59	57.3						
	*	Analyses of First	15	tamination (	Cycle Waste	Mixed with	Coating R	Decontamination Cycle Waste Mixed with Coating Removal Waste Supernatant (3)	Supernata	nt (2)		
B-107	8-1945	1.7E-02		0.055	0.011	01.0						
T-107	9-1945	1.5E-03	0.170	0.093	0.0013	0.20						
B-108	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.183	0.044	0.022	0.12						
T-108 (Top)	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.25	0.073	0.012	0.17	9900.0	0.047	0.007	0.0018	0	1.2E-05
T-108 (Bottom)	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.25	0.070	0.012		0.0065	0.029	9900'0	0.0024	0	3E-05
T-109	3-1946	2.6E-03	0.14	0.082	0.00038	0.15						
B-109	4-1946	1.8E-02	0.16	0.051	10.0	0.11						
T-104 (Top)	7-1946	3E-03	0.51	0.130	0.00013	0.13	0.058	0.004	0.051	0.028	0.010	2.4E-05
T-104 (Bottom)	7-1946	3E-03	0.52	0.160	0.00037		0.059	0.003	0.050	0.028	0.015	3.6E-05
C-110	8-1946	2E-03	0.14	0.0067	0.00026	0.11						
C-111	11-1946	4.2E-03	0.16	690.0	10.0	0.13						
C-112	4-1947	3.1E-03	0.14	0.064	900.0	0.13						
U-110	4-1947	2.1E-04	0.13	0.069	0.00011	0.17						
U-111	10-1947	3.4E-04	0.12	090.0	0.00023	0.14						
TX-109 (3)	9-1949	2.7E-05	2.8	2.2	0.00087	0.27	0.34	0.0085	0.0035	0.34	1.2	8E-05
Average Concentrations	centrations	7.67E-03	0.39	0.22	0.0058	0.15						
for 1C/CW												

Notes:

(1) HW-36717, Decontamination of Uranium Recovery Process Stored Wastes Interim Report, May 16, 1955, W. W. Schulz, General Electric Company, Richland Washington.

(2) HW-20195, Radioactive Content of Stored Bismuth Phosphate First Cycle Waste Supernatants, February 5, 1951, General Electric Company, Richland Washington.

(3) Tank TX-109 exhibits higher gross beta and gross gamma radioactivity since this tank was sampled shortly after filling and the short-lived fission products (e.g., Ru, Nb, and Zr) had not decayed appreciably.

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## Basis for Designating Certain Hanford Single-Shell Tank Wastes Resulting From the Bismuth-Phosphate Process as TRU

Prepared by YAHSGS LLC, Richland, WA under Contract ORP-YAH001 to the Project Assistance Corporation in Support of the Department of Energy, Office of River Protection

January 2004

#### **Preface**

Although historically the Department of Energy (DOE) has managed wastes within the Hanford tank farms as high-level radioactive wastes (HLW) as a matter of operations management policy, DOE has long maintained that, based on origin, process history, and radiological characteristics, the wastes in any specific tank may actually be HLW, transuranic waste (TRU), or mixed low-level waste (MLLW). DOE, therefore, has planned to appropriately designate wastes into one of those categories once the wastes are ready for retrieval for treatment and disposal.

Accordingly, the DOE Office of River Protection (ORP) identified 11 single-shell tanks (SSTs) that contain wastes from the Bismuth-Phosphate Process (BPP). The BPP, the first production-scale spent nuclear fuel (SF) reprocessing process ever used, was deployed during the Manhattan Project (World War II) to separate plutonium from SF. The BPP was only used at Hanford and was replaced 50 years ago by more efficient solvent extraction reprocessing processes, i.e., REDOX and PUREX. An important feature of the BPP relative to waste designation is that it was a batch process, a feature that allows ORP to clearly distinguish where SF existed (or did not exist) within the process. The BPP used chemical additions to selectively dissolve and precipitate plutonium compounds so that the plutonium could be separated from other SF constituents by liquid/solids separations via centrifugation. Multiple water washes each followed by centrifugation ensured very high degrees of solids separation from process liquids, e.g., separation of plutonium precipitates from liquids produced directly in SF reprocessing.

The BPP created HLW that will be treated in the Waste Treatment Plant currently under construction at Hanford and subsequently disposed of in the national repository. The BPP also produced waste streams that are not HLW by origin as those wastes were not produced during the reprocessing of SF. The fact that the wastes are not HLW is confirmed by waste fission product concentrations that are orders of magnitude less than those the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission requires to be disposed of in a geologic repository (10 CFR Part 61, Low-Level Radioactive Waste Disposal).

This document explains the BPP and identifies which BPP steps produced HLW and which did not on the basis of where SF reprocessing actually took place within the series of BPP batch treatment steps. As a result, this document provides a technical and regulatory basis for DOE-ORP to determine that wastes from the BPP that are now contained in 11 Hanford SSTs (B-201, B-202, B-203, B-204, T-201, T-202, T-203, T-204, T-104, T-110, and T-111) are TRU due to waste origin and confirmed by radionuclide content. This document was developed in full consideration of extensive technical evaluations of historical BPP and tank farm source documents and records that were performed by the current Hanford tank farm contractor, CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc. CH2M HILL's evaluations included historical records and process information produced by Hanford site contractors that operated the BPP over its 1945-1954 operating history. Information derived from those historical documents is consistent with the radioactive and chemical characteristics of the wastes in the 11 SSTs. Accordingly, this document is believed to provide a reasonable and sound basis to support a DOE-ORP determination that the wastes in the 11 SSTs identified above are TRU. Once those wastes are put into a suitable form for disposal, appropriately packaged, and characterized in a manner that conforms to the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant (WIPP) waste acceptance criteria and permit requirements, those wastes should be suitable for disposal of at WIPP.

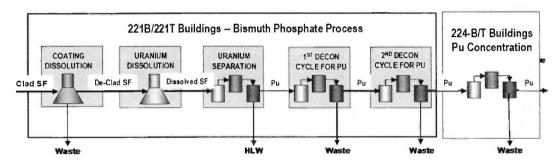
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#### **Executive Summary**

A diversity of Hanford's tank waste generation operations over the past 60 years has led to large tank-to-tank differences in radioactive material concentrations. Understanding how and why these differences occurred is important to reaching sound waste management decisions. Of particular interest are wastes generated from the Bismuth Phosphate Process (BPP), the first ever spent nuclear fuel (SF) reprocessing and plutonium (Pu) recovery process. That is, in part, because wastes generated by several BPP process steps are candidates for a transuranic waste (TRU) determination as illustrated and discussed below.

The BPP, unlike later Hanford solvent extraction-based reprocessing approaches (i.e., REDOX and PUREX), consisted of a series of individual batch processes which selectively dissolved and precipitated specific materials to recover Pu. It achieved thorough liquid/solids separation via centrifugation and multiple water rinses of the centrifuge solids cake, thereby removing liquids and soluble materials from the cake. Each batch process step resulted in an extensive and selective separation of the process wastes from the process product streams. As a result, out of the five distinct BPP process steps (coating dissolution, U dissolution, U separation, 1st decontamination cycle for Pu, 2nd decontamination cycle for Pu,), only two involved SF reprocessing: U dissolution and U separations.



The coating removal process did not create high-level waste (HLW) because it only dissolved the aluminum coating leaving the SF intact. That process did not dissolve SF and its wastes were mildly contaminated.

High-level waste (HLW) including all liquids produced directly in the reprocessing of SF existed only within the U dissolution and U separation processes. Acids introduced during U dissolution dissolved the SF, placing the Pu, the U, and all of the fission products in solution. The U separation processes then selectively precipitated the Pu, leaving the U and fission products in solution.

The liquid waste from U separations contained over 99.5% of the SF constituent elements including >99.5% of the U, ~99% of the Cs-137, and ~90% of the Sr-90 (DuPont 1944). The liquid and solid wastes produced during U dissolution and U separation therefore fall squarely within the definition of HLW as set forth in the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (NWPA). The extensive liquid/solids separations and multiple rinses conducted during U separations assured that any liquid wastes produced directly in reprocessing were discharged as liquid wastes and did not follow the Pu precipitate into the 1st or 2nd decontamination cycles or beyond.

The Pu precipitate, once triple rinsed, contained >99.5% of the Pu, <0.5% of the U, and ~10% of the fission products. At least half of the fission products were short-lived isotopes that decayed to deminimis levels within 1-2 years. Because the SF constituent elements were separated during U separations, no SF was present in the subsequent decontamination cycles. Accordingly, wastes from the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> decontamination cycles and Pu concentration process are not HLW based on the NWPA HLW definition. The low fission product concentrations in those wastes is consistent with a non-HLW designation. It is

therefore DOE's position that, on the basis of origin and content, the wastes in the 11 SSTs that received the wastes from coating removal, the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> decontamination cycles, and Pu concentration (T-104, T-110, T-111, B-201 through B-204, T-201 through T-204) are not HLW.

Moreover, the wastes in those 11 SSTs meet the definition of transuranic waste set forth in the NWPA and the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant (WIPP) Land Withdrawal Act of 1996 and are, therefore, candidates for disposal at WIPP in New Mexico. DOE's formal determination that the wastes are TRU would occur via Record of Decision (ROD) in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA). Based on that ROD, the wastes would be retrieved, dewatered, packaged, certified, and then disposed of as TRU at WIPP. Once dewatered and packaged, wastes from all 11 SSTs will be contact-handled, exhibiting package surface dose rate less than 200 mR/hour.

#### Basis for Designating Certain Hanford Tank Wastes as TRU

#### 1.0 BACKGROUND - Hanford Wastes Vary Significantly Tank-to-Tank

Hanford's 149 single-shell tanks (SSTs), 28 double-shell tanks (DSTs), and 60 miscellaneous underground storage tanks (MUSTs) collectively store ~54 million gallons of radioactive mixed defense wastes containing ~190 million curies of radioactivity. The wastes in those tanks have varying origins. For example, although extensive spent nuclear fuel (SF) reprocessing operations were conducted at Hanford, not all tank wastes originated during the reprocessing of SF. Tank wastes were produced by a number of Hanford defense-related operations associated with removing cladding from SF, purifying the plutonium (Pu) product, decontaminating equipment/facilities, and performing laboratory analyses. Rather than being the actual reprocessing of SF, these operations occurred prior to, following, or incidental to SF reprocessing. Such diversity in Hanford's tank waste generation operations resulted in large tank-to-tank radioactive material concentration differences. Understanding these differences is important to sound waste management decisionmaking. The magnitude of the large tank-to-tank radionuclide concentration differences are graphically and numerically illustrated in Figures 1 and 2, respectively. For example, the five tanks with the highest inventories of radioactive materials in Figure 1 collectively contain ~ 50 million curies whereas the 10 tanks<sup>2</sup> with the lowest radioactive material inventories collectively contain less than 5 thousand curies; this is a factor of 10,000 difference. Furthermore, specific radionuclide concentrations can vary by factors greater than 1 million from tank-to-tank as illustrated in Figure 2 for Cs-137 and Sr-90. the two most prominent radionuclides in the tanks.

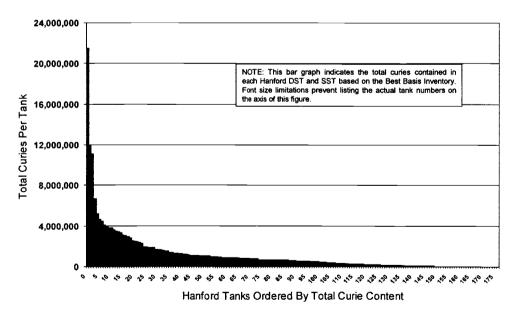


Figure 1. Radionuclide Inventories in the Hanford Tanks Span Over Four Orders of Magnitude

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In order of curie inventory, high to low, the tanks are AZ-101, AZ-102, AY-102, A-105, and AX-104.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Not ordered by curie inventory, the tanks are B-201, -202, -203. -204; T-201, -202, -203, - 204; and U-203 and U-204.

Source: Best Basis Inventory in the TWINS Database

There are several reasons why there is such a wide range of fission product inventories in the Hanford tanks. First, while some tanks received highly radioactive wastes produced during the reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel, other tanks did not. Second, the Bismuth Phosphate Process (BPP), the world's first production-level reprocessing process which was carried out at Hanford during the Manhattan Project starting in 1944, created large quantities of relatively low-curie waste compared to the waste produced by later, substantially more efficient processes such as REDOX and PUREX. Third, a 1960s/70s Hanford tank waste campaign extracted large amounts of Cs-137 from liquids in most Hanford tanks and Sr-90 from wastes in the A and AX farm tanks. That campaign reduced the collective Hanford tank farms' fission product content by approximately 40%<sup>3</sup>. Fourth, tank capacities vary from 55,000 gallons to over 1 million gallons and tanks are filled to varying degrees.

	Cs	-137	Sr-9	0
	(Ci/liter)	Tank	(Ci/liter)	Tank
Highest Concentration	~1.9	AX-104	~79	AX-104
Lowest Concentration	0.00001	T-204	<0.000003	T-202
Ratio (High/Low)	200,000		30,000,000	

Figure 2. Highest and Lowest Cs-137 and Sr-90 Concentrations in Hanford Tanks Source: Best Basis Inventory in Hanford TWINS Database

This variability in waste sources and concentrations has led the Department of Energy (DOE) to consider the origin and the characteristics of wastes in each tank in planning its treatment and disposal strategies. Some examples of wastes discharged to tanks that did not originate directly during the reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel include:

- > Decladding wastes resulting from dissolving the metallic cladding (coating) from the spent nuclear fuel in order to expose the actual fuel to reprocessing acids.
- > Wastes from processes used to clean and/or concentrate recovered Pu product materials in order to achieve requisite Pu purity levels for weapons use.
- > Laboratory wastes resulting from the sampling and analysis of various process and waste streams resulting from Hanford operations.
- Wastes from the cleanup of contaminated facilities and/or equipment.

Regardless of the characteristics or origin of the waste in any given tank, as a matter of policy, DOE manages the Hanford tank farm wastes as high-level radioactive wastes (HLW) while those wastes are stored in the tanks. This does not mean that DOE classified the wastes as HLW but rather, that DOE employs an appropriately conservative management practice to ensure that the highest levels of safety and best management practices are in place during the storage, retrieval, and handling of the Hanford tank farm wastes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The cesium and strontium were converted to cesium chloride and strontium fluoride and encapsulated. The campaign was undertaken to reduce the decay heat load on the tanks, however, beneficial uses for the capsules were sought and many capsules were deployed on commercial and government initiatives.

In the sections that follow, the BPP is described with a focus on determining (a) when SF was present such that the "reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel" actually occurred in a process, (b) which BPP processes created "liquid waste produced directly in reprocessing [of SF]", and (c) which BPP processes appear to have resulted in solid materials with "fission products in sufficient concentrations" to warrant permanent isolation. The BPP is compared and contrasted as appropriate with the PUREX process for the simple reason that most people think of the PUREX process when they think of reprocessing. PUREX was used across the DOE weapons complex for Pu and uranium (U) recovery. It was used in the U.S. on a limited basis for commercial reprocessing. Finally, PUREX is used internationally for commercial and defense reprocessing purposes (PNNL 1998). Conversely, the BPP was an earlier process used only at Hanford in the U.S. government's first production-level campaigns to recover Pu for defense purposes. It processed less than 8% of the SF reprocessed at Hanford.

#### 2.0 BISMUTH PHOSPHATE PROCESS

As illustrated in Figure 3, the BPP<sup>4</sup> was carried out in 221-T plant from 1944 to 1956 and in 221-B plant from 1945 to 1952. As the first reprocessing process ever used at production levels to separate Pu from SF, it was conceived with an emphasis on time and purpose rather than efficiency. The BPP was a batch process. It deployed a complex chemistry that selectively dissolved and precipitated targeted chemical compounds such that simple liquid/solids separations equipment (centrifuges) could isolate Pu from the other materials in the spent fuel as well as materials introduced in the BPP. To place the process in perspective, the government's objective was to separate the one part Pu produced in the fission process from the roughly 10,000 parts of U and fission products that it was dispersed amongst in the SF.

The BPP was quite different from successor reprocessing processes. For example, its sole purpose was to recover Pu. Uranium was discharged as a waste. Conversely, REDOX and PUREX recovered Pu and U, each as a separate product. Also, REDOX and PUREX were continuous solvent extraction processes which used a small fraction of the chemical additives that the BPP required for separations. As a result, the BPP created over 200 times more waste than PUREX per ton of U fuel processed. The BP U Separations process created approximately

~3800 gallons of high-level waste per ton of U (GE 1951) while PUREX created ~40 gallons per ton (ARHCO 1968). resulted Hanford's This in **PUREX** wastes having substantially higher fission product concentrations than BP wastes. For example, wastes discharged from the BP U Separations process, the BP waste stream with the highest fission product concentrations,

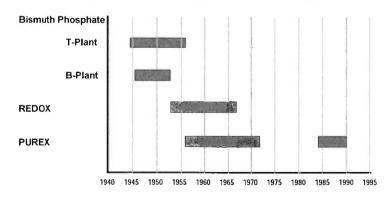
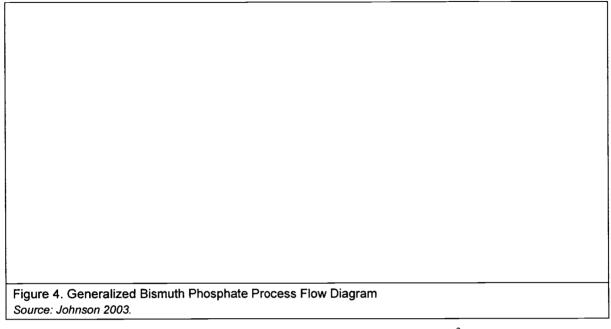


Figure 3. Operating Time Frames for Spent Nuclear Fuel Reprocessing Processes at Hanford

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The BPP flowsheets are provided in Attachment A and comparisons between the BPP and the PUREX process wastes are provided in Attachment B.



were reported to have Cs-137 concentrations of approximately 60 Ci/m³ (GE 1955), < 0.5% of the 13,000 Ci/m³ Cs-137 concentrations in PUREX 1<sup>st</sup> cycle raffinate wastes after neutralization (ARHCO 1968).

Figure 4 depicts the major BPP steps. The discussion that follows traces the SF, the Pu product, and the process wastes through the BPP [Note that the numbering of the subsections that follow correspond to the numbers within each outlined block in Figure 4]. The following discussions include general information regarding the chemical processes used. More detail regarding the BPP chemistry and mass flow information can be found in Attachment A.

#### 2.1 Coating Dissolution (Decladding - Figure 4, Block 2.1)

Prior to the actual reprocessing of SF, the aluminum cladding (or coating) had to be removed to expose the U to the acids that would be used to dissolve it. A boiling sodium nitrate/sodium hydroxide solution was used to dissolve cladding. While virtually all of the radioactive fission products remained within the intact spent fuel matrix, small amounts of radioactive materials at the surface of the fuel slugs entered decladding solutions. Decladding operations are considered a "head end" process and not part of spent fuel reprocessing since the spent fuel remained intact throughout the decladding process. The decladding wastes were subsequently combined with 1<sup>st</sup> cycle Pu decontamination waste (discussed in Section 2.3) to use the excess sodium hydroxide in the decladding wastes to neutralize acids in the 1<sup>st</sup> cycle decontamination wastes.

#### 2.2 Uranium Dissolution and Uranium Separation (Figure 4, Block 2.2)

Following decladding, the U fuel slugs were dissolved in nitric acid. Once dissolved, water and sulfuric acid were added to convert the uranyl nitrate to uranyl sulfate. Next, bismuth nitrate and phosphoric acid were then added and a bismuth phosphate carrier was formed that extracted Pu from solution as a precipitate. The uranyl sulfate remained in solution along with nearly all of the

cesium and approximately 90% of the strontium (CH2MHill 2002). The bismuth phosphate carrier and Pu were then precipitated as a filter cake via centrifuging, the filter cake was rinsed with water and re-centrifuged three times to remove any waste liquids and soluble fission products that may have been initially entrained in the filter cake, and then the Pu cake was transferred to the first Pu decontamination cycle (GE 1951).

Approximately 10% of the fission products that were dissolved with the U stayed with the Pu cake when it moved from U separations to the first Pu decontamination cycle. In addition to strontium, substantial quantities of short-lived<sup>5</sup> fission products, such as zirconium-95 (Zr-95) and niobium-95 (Nb-95), were co-precipitated.

#### 2.3 Plutonium Decontamination (Figure 4, Block 2.3, 1st and 2nd Decon Cycles)

In the first Pu decontamination cycle, the Pu was oxidized to the +6 valence state via the addition of sodium bismuthate and sodium dichromate. Sodium bismuthate, phosphoric acid, zirconium nitrate, and cerium nitrate were added to precipitate bismuth phosphate and fission products (primarily strontium, cerium, and zirconium). The bismuth phosphate and fission product precipitate were centrifuged to separate them from the Pu which remained in the liquid phase. Following separation, the Pu in the liquid phase was reacted with bismuth subnitrate and phosphoric acid to produce a bismuth phosphate carrier and co-precipitate plutonium phosphate. The bismuth phosphate carrier and plutonium phosphate solids were separated from the liquids by centrifugation. The plutonium phosphate solids were water washed and centrifuged three times. The bismuth phosphate and plutonium phosphate solids were then dissolved in nitric acid, forming plutonium nitrate and bismuth nitrate in solution. This solution was then transferred to the second decontamination cycle where the first decontamination process steps (except for zirconium nitrate and cerium nitrate addition) were repeated to further purify the Pu product.

#### 2.4 Plutonium Concentration Building (224-B/T) Wastes (Figure 4, Block 2.4)

The Pu from 221-B/T plants was transferred to the 224-B/T Plutonium Concentration Building to remove the bismuth phosphate and residual fission products which were essentially all short half-life contaminants. The Pu solution was received at 224-B/T in a +4 valence state. It was first oxidized with sodium bismuthate to a +6 valence state. Phosphoric acid was added to precipitate bismuth phosphate along with residual Zr-95 and Nb-95 fission products, which were then removed by centrifugation leaving the Pu in solution. Hydrogen fluoride and lanthanum fluoride were added to precipitate remaining fission products leaving the Pu in solution. Hydrogen fluoride and lanthanum salts were then added to create lanthanum fluoride and plutonium fluoride solids which were separated by centrifugation. The lanthanum fluoride and plutonium fluoride solids were reacted with potassium hydroxide to produce lanthanum hydroxide and plutonium hydroxide. The lanthanum hydroxide and plutonium hydroxide solids were reacted with nitric acid to produce the high purity Pu nitrate/lanthanum nitrate product.

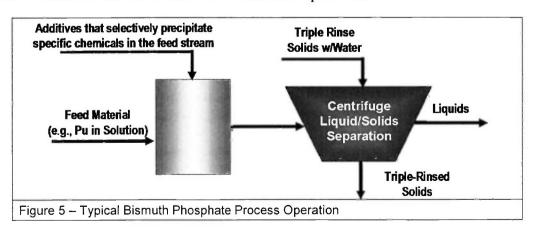
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Zr-95 has a 64-day half-life and Nb-95 a 35-day half-life. In addition to the Zr-95, other phosphate insoluble short-lived fission products such as Ce-144 (~284 days) were removed to achieve the desired plutonium purity and handling characteristics. The fission products of concern relative to long-term waste management and disposal are Cs-137 (~30 years) and Sr-90 (~29 years) which together with their daughters, Ba-137m and Y-90, account for ~99% of the curies in the Hanford tanks at the present time.

Targeted radionuclides for removal were primarily short-lived fission product and daughter isotopes of zirconium, cerium, lanthanum, ruthenium, praseodymium, and yttrium (DuPont 1945), many of which were difficult to physically separate from the Pu via precipitation processes. Thus, multiple precipitation steps were used in the first and second Pu decontamination cycles and the Pu Concentration Building to separate these short-lived fission products from the Pu product.

## 3.0 CLASSIFICATION OF TANK WASTES FROM THE BISMUTH PHOSPHATE PROCESS

Although the BPP is referred to using the generic term 'reprocessing', the BPP actually consisted of batch chemical process operations. Unlike the later solvent extraction processes (REDOX, PUREX) which were continuous flow and continuously connected, each operation within the BPP took place on a batch basis. Figure 5 illustrates a typical BPP process step. Feed material enters a process tank. The feed could consist of a re-dissolved solids (such as SF or a Pu cake) from a centrifuge or it could be the liquid phase from a centrifuge as illustrated in Figure 5. In either case, chemical additives (such as those listed in Section 2) are used to selectively keep certain chemical species in solution and to precipitate other species. The mixture is then transferred to a centrifuge where the solids are separated from the liquids by centrifugal force. The liquids are discharged from the centrifuge as it spins and the solids are retained. The tank where the feed and additives were mixed is then rinsed with water to ensure all precipitates are removed. Clean rinse water is sprayed onto the solids in the centrifuge (~3 parts water to 1 part solids) while it operates to replace any process liquids that may have been entrained in the solid cake. The centrifuge is operated two cycles to de-water the cake. Water is again sprayed onto the solids in the centrifuge in a second cake rinse (~3 parts water to 1 part solids) while it operates to wash trace quantities of dilute process liquids from the solid cake. The centrifuge is operated two cycles to de-water the cake. All liquids including rinses pass on to the next process step or are discharged as a waste based on the specific process operation. The solids are dissolved and then transferred to the next BPP process or discharged as a waste, again based on the specific BPP process operation.

In the manner discussed above, each BPP batch process achieved a highly effective liquid/solids separation without cross contamination between batch operations.



The clean separation liquid/solid separations and distinct break between BPP operations provides an ability to clearly demark where reprocessing of SF did and did not occur, where "liquid waste produced directly in reprocessing" was present and where it was not, and consequently, which BPP process operations created HLW and which did not. The process logic is described below.

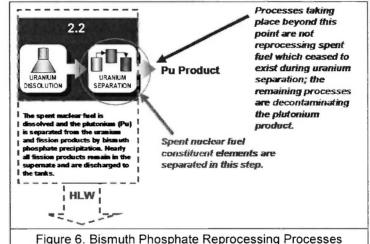
#### 3.1 Where Did Spent Nuclear Fuel Reprocessing Occur?

SF reprocessing could only occur during BPP process steps where the SF constituent elements existed in solution. That is because the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (NWPA) clearly defines spent nuclear fuel as "fuel that has been withdrawn from a nuclear reactor following irradiation, the constituent elements of which have not been separated by reprocessing."

Based on that definition, the reprocessing of SF in the BPP occurs during the U dissolution and U separation processes<sup>6</sup> as illustrated in Figure 6. The U dissolution and U separation processes are the only points along the BPP flowsheet where all of the constituent elements of the SF existed in one place. The U dissolution process places the SF constituent elements (U, Pu, fission

products) into solution. All of the constituent elements of SF exist at that point. The U separations process then selectively precipitates the Pu. All of the SF constituent elements are present in the mixing tank and in the centrifuge.

Once liquid/solids separations occur in the U separations centrifuge, the SF constituent elements are separated into waste and Pu product cake. At the completion of the Pu product cake water rinses in the centrifuge, the constituent elements of the SE have been fully separated



of the SF have been fully separated and reprocessing is complete. The resultant waste and product streams are as follows:

- ➤ Uranium Separations Liquid Waste Stream This waste stream includes ~99.5% (by mass) of all materials present in the SF prior to dissolution including ~99.5% of the U, ~90% of all fission products including ~99% of the Cs-137 and ~90% of the Sr-90, a small fraction of the Pu, and chemicals/acids used to keep those materials in the liquid phase (CH2M HILL 2002, Johnson 2003), and
- ➤ Plutonium Product Cake The Pu product cake includes the precipitated Pu, ~0.5% of the U, and ~10% of the fission products, at least half of which are short-lived fission products and daughters (Johnson 2003).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Before uranium dissolution, reprocessing cannot occur since the SF constituent elements could not be separated by reprocessing while still in solid form.

#### 3.2 Which Liquid Wastes Were Produced Directly In Reprocessing?

'[L]iquid waste produced directly in reprocessing' could only have been created during U dissolution and U separations as those two BPP process steps were the only steps where reprocessing took place as described above. The liquid wastes produced directly in reprocessing were separated from the Pu product by centrifugal action.

The Pu product stream was thoroughly rinsed and centrifuged multiple times to remove all traces of the liquids produced directly in reprocessing (and the undesirable contaminants contained in such liquids) from the Pu cake. By the time the cake was transferred to the first Pu decontamination cycle, any residual liquids produced directly in reprocessing that remained in the cake would have been diluted by ~1000:1 and would have represented <0.1% of the volume of liquid created during U dissolution and U separations<sup>7</sup>, a negligible volume and concentration. It is therefore DOE's position that the only 'liquid waste produced directly in reprocessing' from the BPP is the liquid waste stream discharged from the U separations process to the SSTs.

#### 3.3 Which BPP Wastes Are HLW?

For the BPP it is evident from then preceding discussions that the liquid waste stream discharged from the U separations process contained "highly radioactive material resulting from the reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel". Those wastes therefore meet the definition of HLW set forth in the NWPA<sup>8</sup>:

"High-level radioactive waste means:

- (A) the highly radioactive material resulting from the reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel, including liquid waste produced directly in reprocessing and any solid material derived from such liquid waste that contains fission products in sufficient concentrations; and
- (B) other highly radioactive material that the NRC, consistent with existing laws, determines by rule requires permanent isolation."

The U separations liquid waste stream is therefore identified in Figure 6 as HLW. That waste stream contained approximately 95% of the fission products important to DOE in determining the waste disposal pathway, i.e., ~99% of the Cs-137 and ~90% of the Sr-90, the two fission products that, with their secular equilibrium daughters, account for 99% of the radioactivity in the Hanford tanks<sup>9</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Cake volume approximately 10 gallons, moisture content ~30%. Waste from U separations approximately 2400 gallons (GE 1951). On that basis, (10)(0.3)/2400 = 0.1% of liquids produced directly in reprocessing should remain in the cake after first liquid/solid separation. Each rinse used 30 gallons of water (GE 1951). Assuming 3 gallons of liquid in the cake (30%) and three separate 30 gallon rinses (including tank rinse), each rinse should reduce the concentration by a factor of 10. Moreover, any such liquid would be highly diluted (by a factor of 1000 due to the three rinses) before the cake was dissolved and transferred.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> This same definition is incorporated by reference into the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (AEA), as amended, and the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant Land Withdrawal Act.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Ba-137m and Y-90 are daughters of Cs-137 and Sr-90, respectively, that are in secular equilibrium, i.e., the half-life of the parent radioisotopes (Cs-137 and Sr-90) is so much longer than that of the daughters that the radioactivity of the daughters is essentially equal to that of the parent.

The liquid wastes produced directly in reprocessing are part of that waste stream and were not present in the BPP Pu-related processes that followed U separations.

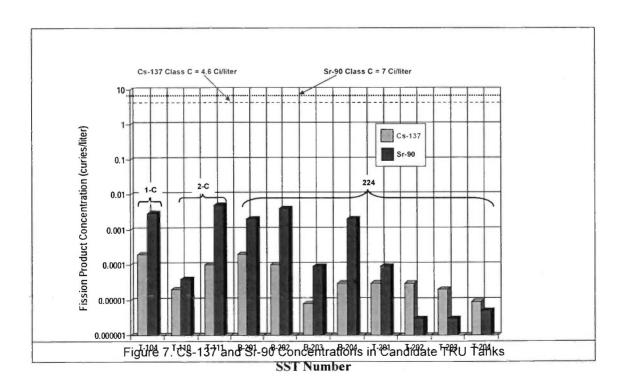
Accordingly, wastes from the BPP 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> decontamination cycles are not HLW. Similarly, wastes from Pu concentration activities that further processed the product stream from the BPP in 224-B/T buildings were also not HLW.

## 4.0 TRU DETERMINATION – Candidate Wastes for Classification as Contact-Handled TRU

The Waste Isolation Pilot Plant Land Withdrawal Act defines transuranic waste (TRU) as:

"waste containing more than 100 nanocuries of alpha-emitting transuranic isotopes per gram of waste, with half-lives greater than 20 years, except for (A) high-level radioactive waste; (B) waste that the Secretary has determined, with the concurrence of the Administrator, does not need the degree of isolation required by the disposal regulations; or (C) waste that the Nuclear Regulatory Commission has approved for disposal on a case-by-case basis in accordance with Part 61 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations".

The waste streams from the BPP first and second decontamination cycles and the Plutonium Concentration Cycle that were carried out in the 224-B/T buildings are currently contained in 11 SSTs along with the decladding waste. Based upon the discussions in Section 3, none of those tanks contain HLW as defined in the NWPA.



Fission product concentrations<sup>10</sup> for the wastes in the 11 SSTs are illustrated in Figure 7. The two dotted/dashed lines near the top of Figure 7 indicate the Class C concentration limits for Cs-137 (4.4 curies per liter) and Sr-90 (7 curies per liter)<sup>11</sup>.

All 11 SSTs would be Class A or Class B solely on the basis of the §61.55 concentrations related to fission products<sup>12</sup>. Based on the fission product content, DOE estimates that all 11 tanks will result in contact-handled<sup>13</sup> TRU once dewatered and packaged. The transuranic material content for each SST is indicated in Figure 8,

The tanks are grouped in Figure 8 according to the primary origin of their contained wastes from within or resulting from the BPP. The first eight tanks are all 200-series, 55,000 gallon, SSTs that contain 224-B/T Plutonium Concentration Building wastes.

	1014	1444	TOU	0- 407	C 00
Tank	Waste Volume (kgal)	Waste Types (See Key Below)	TRU (nanocuries/gm)	Cs-137 (curies/liter)	Sr-90 (curies/liter)
THE RESERVE	Group I - Sin	gle-Shell Tanks (	Containing 224 Bu	ilding Waste	A g or white.
B-201	30	224	824	0.0002	0.002
B-202	29	224	214	0.0001	0.004
B-203	51	224	297	0.000008	0.00009
B-204	50	224	263	0.00003	0.0017
T-201	29	224	754	0.00004	0.0001
T-202	21	224	221	0.00003	0.000003
T-203	37	224	295	0.00002	0.000003
T-204	37	224	243	0.000009	0.000005
	ar	nd 2 <sup>nd</sup> Decontami	Containing 224 Bunation Cycle Was	te	
T-110	370	224/2C	(170 after drying)	0.00002	0.00004
T-111	447	224/2C/DW	182	0.0001	0.005
	Group III - Single-Sh	nell Tanks Contain	ning 1 <sup>st</sup> Decontam	ination Cycle Wa	ste
T-104	317	1C/CW	158	0.0002	0.003
	K	EY TO WASTE T	YPE DESIGNATIO	N	
Waste Type			Description		
1C	First Pu Decontaminat	ion Cycle Waste fror	n Bismuth Phosphate	Plant	
2C	Second Pu Decontami	nation Cycle Waste	from Bismuth Phosph	nate Plant	
	224 D/T Distantism Car	ncentration Building	Waste		
224	224-B/T Plutonium Col	icentration building			
	Coating Removal Was	•		nt Nuclear Fuel	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> At the present time, Cs-137 and Sr-90 together with their daughters in secular equilibrium (Ba-137m and Y-90) represent ~99% of the fission product activity in the Hanford tanks (Best Basis Inventory in the Hanford TWINS database).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> 10 CFR 61.55, Table 2. That regulation indicates the concentrations in curies per cubic meter. The Class C concentrations for Cs-137 and Sr-90 are 4400 curies per cubic meter and 7000 curies per cubic meter, respectively. <sup>12</sup> The wastes exceed the Table 1 limits in §61.55 for alpha-emitting radionuclides, however, for defense wastes containing alpha-emitting radionuclides, the TRU definition in the WIPP Land Withdrawal Act are governing. <sup>13</sup> Contact dose at the package surface will be less than 200 mR/hour.

The second group of tanks contain Plutonium Concentration Building wastes along with wastes from the BPP second decontamination cycle. T-111 also contains decontamination wastes.

The last group has one tank, T-104. It received BPP wastes from coating dissolution and the first decontamination cycle.

DOE has used historical information, sampling, and analysis to determine that the 11 SSTs identified in Figures 7 and 8 are valid candidates to receive a contact-handled TRU designation. That designation will be achieved through a ROD pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969.

#### 5.0 REFERENCES

Anderson 1990. "A History of the 200 Area Tank Farms", WHC-MR-0132, J.D. Anderson, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, WA, 1990

ARHCO 1968. "PUREX Chemical Flowsheet Processing Aluminum Clad Uranium Fuels", ARH-214, Atlantic Richfield Hanford Company, Richland, WA, 1968

CH2M HILL 2002. Interoffice Memo from B. Higley, Inventory and Flowsheet Engineering, to J.G. Field, R2-12, "Bismuth Phosphate Process Radionuclide Partition Factors for the Hanford Defined Waste Model", 7G300-02-NWK-024, CH2M Hill Hanford Group, Inc., Richland, WA, July 24, 2002.

DuPont 1944. "Hanford Technical Manual", HW-10475-C, Section C, DuPont Company, Richland, WA, 1944

DuPont 1945. "Decontamination of Fission elements in the Separation Process", HW-3-1493, DuPont Company, Richland, WA, 1945

GE 1951. "Flow Sheets and Flow Diagrams of Precipitation Separations Process", HW-23043. General Electric Company, Richland, WA, 1951.

GE 1952. "Hanford Works Monthly Report for July 1952", HW-25227-DEL, pgs Ed-1 through Ed-6, General Electric Company, Richland, WA, 1952.

GE 1955. "Decontamination of Uranium Recovery Process Stored Wastes", Interim Report, HW-36717, General Electric Company, Richland, WA, 1955

GE 1957. "Ultimate Disposal of PUREX Wastes", HW-52824, General Electric Company, Richland, WA, 1957.

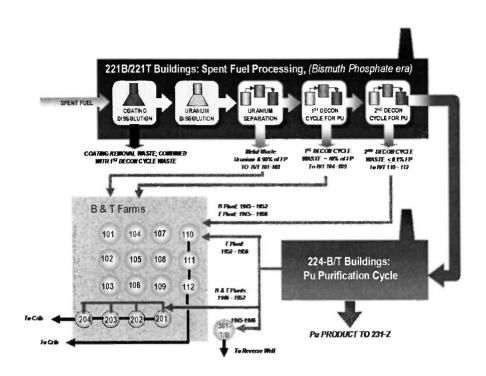
Johnson 2003. "Origin of Wastes in the B-200 and T-200 Series Single-Shell Tanks", M. E. Johnson, RPP-13300, Rev. 0, CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc., April 2003.

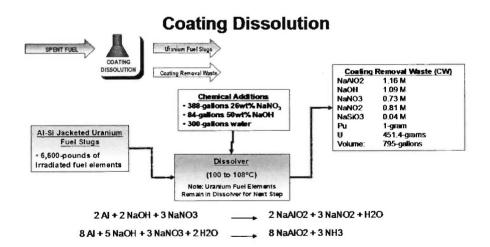
10 CFR Part 61, Licensing Requirements For Land Disposal Of Radioactive Waste, §61.55, Waste Classification.

PNNL 1998. "International Waste Management Fact Book", PNNL-11677, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, Richland, WA, 1998.

Best Basis Inventory (BBI), Tank Waste Information Network System (TWINS), http://twins.pnl.gov/twins.htm

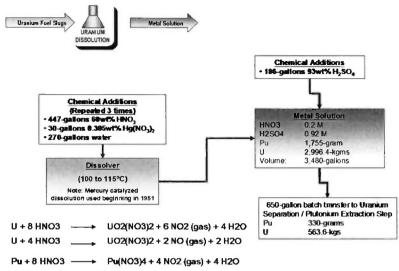
#### APPENDIX A - Chemical Reactions for the Bismuth Phosphate Flow Sheet





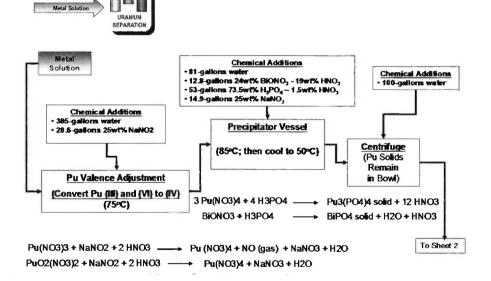
**NOTE:** The BPP flowsheets in Appendix A were developed by Michael Johnson of CH2MHILL Hanford Group, Inc in December 2003 based upon his review of historical Hanford documents and records as identified at the end of this appendix.

#### **Uranium Dissolution**

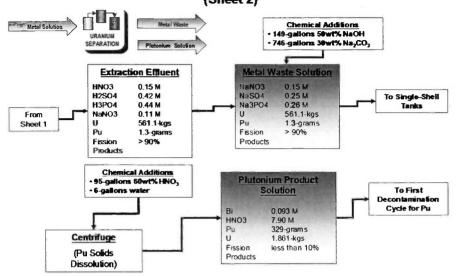


Note: Pu is dissolved and forms Pu nitrate in the +3, +4, and +6 valence state

# Uranium Separation / Plutonium Extraction (Sheet 1)

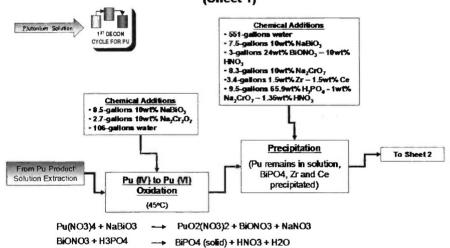


# **Uranium Separation / Plutonium Extraction**(Sheet 2)

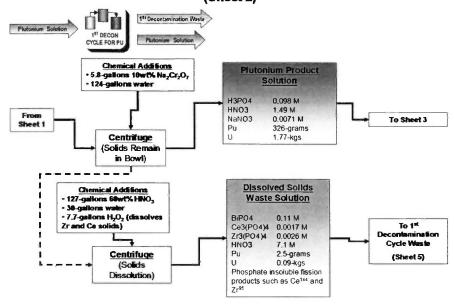


Pu3(PO4)4 + BiPO4 + 15 HNO3 (conc.) ------ 3Pu (NO3)4 + Bi(NO3)3 + 5 H3PO4

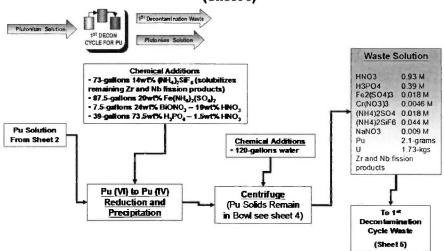
# First Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium (Sheet 1)



# First Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium (Sheet 2)



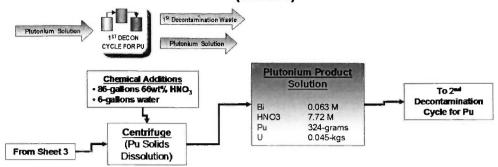
# First Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium (Sheet 3)



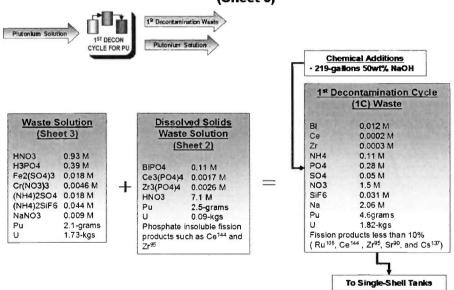
PuO2(NO3)2 + 2 Fe(NH4)2(SO4)2 + 4 HNO3 → Pu(NO3)4 + Fe2(SO4)3 + 2 NH4NO3 + (NH4)2SO4
3 Pu(NO3)4 + 4 H3PO4 → Pu3(PO4)4 solid + 12 HNO3

BiONO3 + H3PO4 → BiPO4 solid + H2O + HNO3

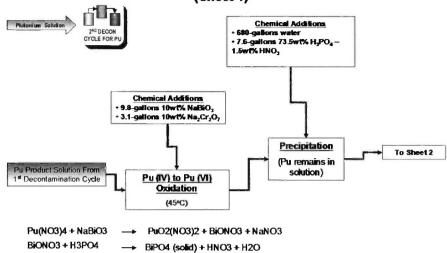
# First Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium (Sheet 4)



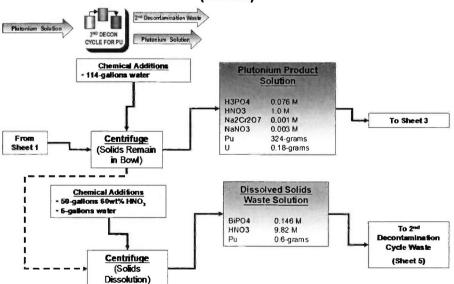
# First Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium (Sheet 5)



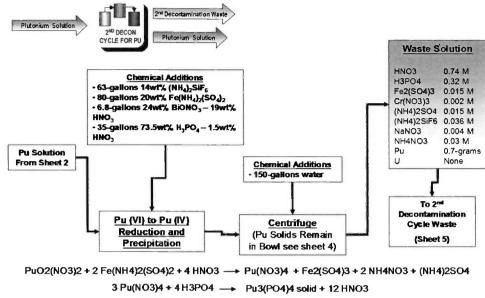
# Second Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium (Sheet 1)



# Second Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium (Sheet 2)

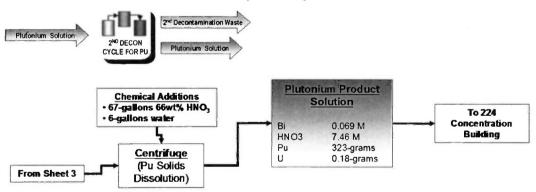


### **Second Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium** (Sheet 3)

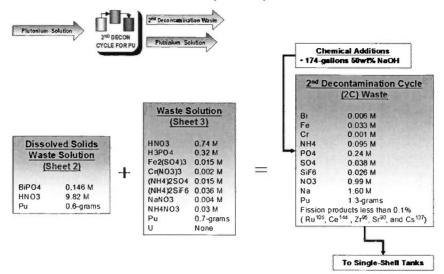


BiONO3 + H3PO4 -- BiPO4 solid + H2O + HNO3

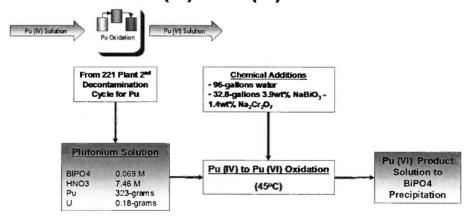
## **Second Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium** (Sheet 4)



# Second Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium (Sheet 5)

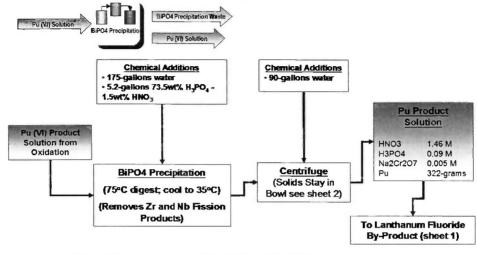


# Bismuth Phosphate Cross-Over: Pu (IV) to Pu (VI) Oxidation



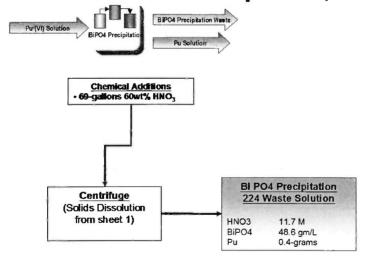
Pu(NO3)4 + NaBiO3 → PuO2(NO3)2 + BiONO3 + NaNO3

## Bismuth Phosphate Cross-Over: BiPO4 Precipitation (Sheet 1)

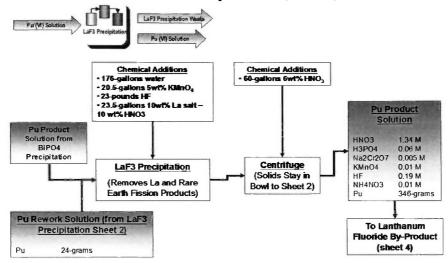


BiONO3 + H3PO4 — BiPO4 solid + HNO3 + H2O

# Bismuth Phosphate Cross-Over: BiPO4 Precipitation (Sheet 2)

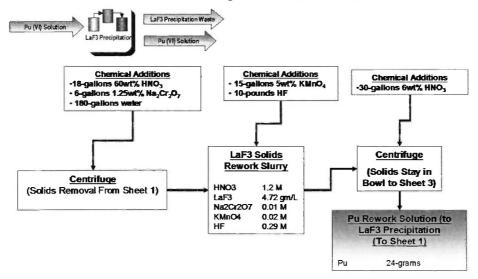


## Lanthanum Fluoride By-Product: LaF3 Precipitation (Sheet 1)

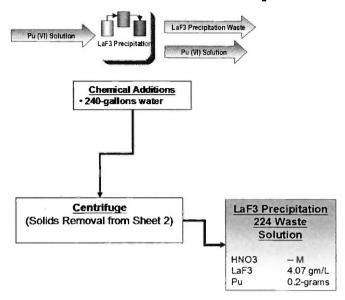


La(NH4)2(NO3)5 + 3 HF → LaF3 + 2NH4NO3 + 3 HNO3

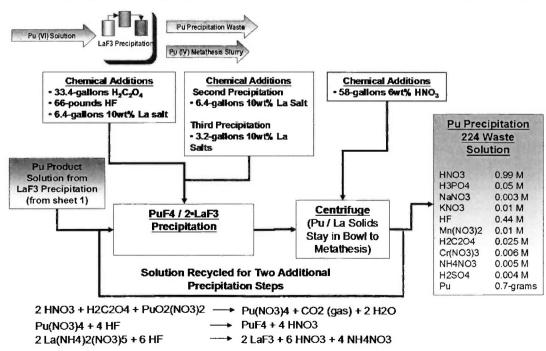
## Lanthanum Fluoride By-Product: LaF3 Precipitation (Sheet 2)



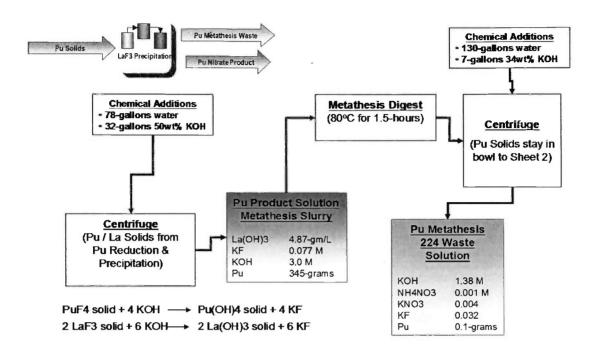
## Lanthanum Fluoride By-Product: LaF3 Precipitation (Sheet 3)



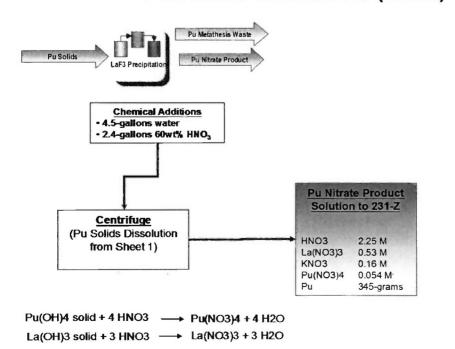
# Lanthanum Fluoride By-Product: Pu (VI) to Pu (IV) Reduction and Precipitation (sheet 4)



## Plutonium Metathesis (Sheet 1)



## Plutonium Metathesis (Sheet 2)



#### **Chemical Additions** 185-gallons 50wt% NaOH Combined 224 Waste LaF3 Precipitation Bi PO4 Pu Precipitation 224 Waste (gm/L) Precipitation 224 Waste 1.18 224 Waste Solution Solution P04 3.05 Solution NO<sub>3</sub> 42.4 HNO3 HNO3 -- M 0.99 M 0.49 La HNO3 11.7 M LaF3 4.07 gm/L H3PO4 0.05 M 5.6 BiPO4 Pu 0.2-grams NaNO3 0.003 M 48.6-gm/L Na 36.8 KNO3 0.01 M Pu 0.4-grams 8.53 0.44 M Cr 0.17 Pu Metathesis Mn(NO3)2 0.01 M Mn 0.33 224 Waste H2C2O4 0.025 M C2O4 1.29 Solution Cr(NO3)3 0.006 M NH4 0.12 + NH4NO3 0.005 M SQ4 0.35 кон 1.38 M H2SO4 0.004 M Pu 1.4-grams NH4NO3 0.001 M Pu 0.7-grams Less than 0.001% of KNO3 0.004 Fission Products that KF 0.032 entered with spent fuel to Pu 0.1-grams 221 Plant

## 224 Building Waste

#### References for Appendix A Flowsheets:

HW-10475-C, 1944, *Hanford Technical Manual Section C*, General Electric Hanford Atomic Products Operation, Richland, Washington

HW-23043, 1951, Flow Sheets and Flow Diagrams of Precipitation Separations Process, General Electric Company, Richland, Washington

HW-26365, 1952, *Brief Summary of Separations Processes*, General Electric Company, Richland, Washington

To Single-Shell Tanks

### APPENDIX B - Bismuth Phosphate and PUREX Process Waste Stream Characteristics

Waste Stream	Gross Beta Radioactivity µCi/ml	Gross Gamma Radioactivity μCi/ml	Sr-90 μCi/ml	Cs-137 μCi/ml	Waste Batch Volume (gallons) <sup>14</sup>	Waste Batch (gallons / U Ton	Comment
	221-T / 221-T	Bismuth Phospha	te Plant and 224-	T / 224-B Pu (	Concentration I	Processing Waste	s
Uranium Separations Metal Waste	127	22	Not Reported	Not Reported	2380	3840	Average of three samples taken in 1947. Fission products in Metal waste had decayed for 1 2 years; see Table B-2.
Uranium Separations Metal Waste	Not Reported	Not Reported	0.59	57.3	Not Reported		Average Cs and Sr concentrations in Metal waste after U removal in the TBP Plant; see Table B-3
First Pu Product Decontamination Cycle (1C) Waste mixed with Coating Removal Waste (CW)	0.39	0.22	0.0058	0.15	2822	4551	Average fission products concentrations in 1C/CW waste; see Table B-3.
Second Pu Product Decontamination Cycle (2C) Waste	0.0018	0.003	Not Reported	Not Reported	2090	3370	Average fission products concentrations in 2C waste; see Table B-2
224 Pu Product Concentration Building Waste	0.14	0.03	Not Reported	Not Reported	2200	3550	See HW-10728, page 9, 1948, Process Waste Data – 200 Areas, Letter from R. S. Bell to file dated August 12, 1948, General Electric Company, Richland Washington
			PUREX First C	ycle Raffinate			
Waste Stream	Gross Beta Radioactivity µCi/ml	Gross Gamma Radioactivity µCi/ml	Sr-90 μCi/ml	Cs-137 μCi/ml	Waste Batch Volume (gallons)	Waste Batch (gallons / U Ton	Comment
PUREX 1WW (concentrated aqueous waste from 1st cycle solvent extraction before concentration and neutralization; after 1-year decay)	Not Reported	Not Reported	5,300	5,100	100	100	HW-52824, page 7, 1957, Ultimate Disposal of PUREX Wastes, General Electric Company, Richland Washington. (1957 PUREX Flowsheet for processing 600 MWD / ton natural U fuel)
PUREX IWW (concentrated aqueous waste from 1st cycle solvent extraction after sugar denitration, concentration and neutralization)	Not Reported	Not Reported	~ 218,800 (includes Sr <sup>89</sup> and Sr <sup>90</sup> )	~12,700	657.4 (assuming 16-tons Uranium processed per batch)	41.1	ARH-214, 1968, PUREX Chemical Flowsheet Processing Aluminum Clad Uranium Fuels, Atlantic Richfield Hanford Company, Richland Washington. (1968 PUREX Flowsheet for processing 600 MWD/ton natural U fuel; includes internal recycle of wastes and sugar denitration of I WW)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Bismuth Phosphate Process waste volumes are from HW-23043, 1951, Flow Sheets and Flow Diagrams of Precipitation Separations Process, General Electric Company, Richland, Washington

Table B-2. Analyses of Bismuth Phosphate Process Supernatant
-
Phosphate
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of Bismut
100
Analyse
i
*
Table

Waste Type (1,2)	Tank	Date Filled	Hd	Pu μGm/liter	Gross Beta millicuries/liter	Gross Gamma millicuries/liter	Date Sampled
Metal Waste	T-101		10.1	70	200(5)	70(5)	12-12-1946
Metal Waste	T-101	08/1945	10	35	110	25	7-01-1947
Metal Waste	T-102	11/1945	6.6	09	120	20	7-01-1947
Metal Waste	T-103	02/1946	8.6	09	150	20	7-01-1947
	Average for three samples taken in 1947			51.7	126.7	21.7	
1C/CW	B-109	04/1946	6.6	40	0.65	0.28	3-18-1947
1C/CW	C-112	04/1947	6.6	12	12	4.4	3-18-1947
2C (4)	B-111	04/1946	6.9	7.2E-02	2.0E-03	3.0E-03	7-1-1947
2C	B-112	08/1946	8.9	4.32E?? (3)	1.5E-03	3.0E-03	7-1-1947

Notes:

(1) See HW-10728, 1948, Process Waste Data – 200 Areas, Letter from R. S. Bell to file dated August 12, 1948, General Electric Company, Richland Washington and HW-3-3220, 1945, A Study of Decontamination Cycle Waste Solutions and Methods of Preparing Them for Disposal, E. I. Du Pont De Nemours Company, Richland Washington.

(2) Solids formed in each of wastes, settling to the bottom of each tanks. These sample analyses are for the supernatant only and are not representative of the sludges.

<sup>(</sup>a) The reported Pu sample analyses for tank B-112 seems to be in error and lacking an exponent in HW-10728.

(b) Prior to October 1945, the 2C waste was neutralized to a pH of approximately 10. The waste collected in tanks 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 were neutralized to about pH 7 after October 1945 to precipitate bismuth and plutonium (HW-3-3220, page 13).

(c) Reduction in the gross gamma and beta analyses for the metal waste in tank T-101 from sampling in 12-12-1946 to 07-01-1947 is due to decay of short-lived fission products.

	Tab]	le B-3. Ra	dionuclid	le Analyse	s of Metal	Waste an	d First D	Table B-3. Radionuclide Analyses of Metal Waste and First Decontamination Cycle Waste	ion Cycle	Waste		
Tank	Date Filled	Pu hgm/cc	Gross Beta	Gross Gamma	Sr µCi/cc	Cs µCi/cc	Ru µCi/cc	Rare Earths + Y - Ce	Ce	Nb µCi/cc	Zr µCi/cc	Te µCi/cc
10 mm	(A)		Analyses	of Metal Wa	ste Superna	stant Follow	ing Uraniu	nalyses of Metal Waste Supernatant Following Uranium Extraction (1)	ž.			
C-106	Not specified				0.44	54.2						
BX-108	Not specified				0.26	132.4						
BX-109	Not specified				1.08	56.3						
C-112	Not specified				1.20	25.8						
C-109	Not specified				0.46	40.7						
C-111	Not specified				0.10	34.5						
Average Con	Average Concentrations for Metal Waste	r Metal Wa	ste		0.59	57.3						
	4	Analyses of	First Decon	tamination (	Sycle Waste	Mixed with	Coating R	Analyses of First Decontamination Cycle Waste Mixed with Coating Removal Waste Supernatant (3)	Supernata	nt <sup>(2)</sup>		
B-107	8-1945	1.7E-02	0.135	0.055	0.011	01.0	d					
T-107	9-1945	1.5E-03	0.170	0.093	0.0013	0.20						
B-108	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.183	0.044	0.022	0.12						
T-108 (Top)	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.25	0.073	0.012	0.17	9900.0	0.047	0.007	0.0018	0	1.2E-05
T-108 (Bottom)	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.25	0.070	0.012		0.0065	0.029	9900'0	0.0024	0	3E-05
T-109	3-1946	2.6E-03	0.14	0.082	0.00038	0.15						
B-109	4-1946	1.8E-02	0.16	0.051	0.01	0.11						
T-104 (Top)	7-1946	3E-03	0.51	0.130	0.00013	0.13	0.058	0.004	0.051	0.028	0.010	2.4E-05
T-104 (Bottom)	7-1946	3E-03	0.52	091'0	0.00037		0.059	0.003	0.050	0.028	0.015	3.6E-05
C-110	8-1946	2E-03	0.14	0.0067	0.00026	0.11						
C-111	11-1946	4.2E-03	0.16	690.0	0.01	0.13						
C-112	4-1947	3.1E-03	0.14	0.064	900'0	0.13						
U-110	4-1947	2.1E-04	0.13	690'0	0.00011	0.17						
U-111	10-1947	3.4E-04	0.12	090'0	0.00023	0.14						
TX-109 (3)	9-1949	2.7E-05	2.8	2.2	0.00087	0.27	0.34	5800.0	0.0035	0.34	1.2	8E-05
Average Concentrations	centrations	7.67E-03	0.39	0.22	0.0058	0.15						
for 1C/CW												

Notes:

(b) HW-36717, Decontamination of Uranium Recovery Process Stored Wastes Interim Report, May 16, 1955, W. W. Schulz, General Electric Company, Richland Washington.

(c) HW-20195, Radioactive Content of Stored Bismuth Phosphate First Cycle Waste Supernatants, February 5, 1951, General Electric Company, Richland Washington.

(d) Tank TX-109 exhibits higher gross beta and gross gamma radioactivity since this tank was sampled shortly after filling and the short-lived fission products (e.g., Ru, Nb, and Zr) had not decayed appreciably.

## INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM



WRPS-1105653

Date:

November 21, 2011

To:

A.R. Tedeschi, E6-30

From:

B.R. Thompson, B1-55 327 11/21/11

Subject:

SELECT TANK ANALYTE CONCENTRATIONS IN SUPPORT OF CH-TRU

PERMIT MODIFICATION

Reference:

1. Tank Waste Information Network System (TWINS), Queried 11/03/11

http://twins.pnl.gov/twins.htm

Enclosed is a table comparing adjusted analyte concentrations in sludge waste for tanks AZ-101, B-101, B-103, T-101, T-102, and T-103 with the average adjusted analyte concentrations in sludge waste for tanks containing potential TRU waste (B200 series, T200 series, T-104, T-110, T-111).

Calculations to determine adjusted analyte concentration per total sludge mass in each tank are documented in the attached informal calculation. All inputs used in the calculations were obtained from the Best-Basis Inventory from the Tank Waste Information Network System (TWINS) database [1].

Let me know if you have questions.

**BRT** 

Enclosures:

Adjusted Analyte Concentrations.pdf

Summary Table of Adjusted Analyte Concentrations.docx

APPROVAL:

J.G. Reynolds

Manager, Tank Waste Inventory & Characterization

cc: J.G. Reynolds, B1-55

Table 1 – Summary of adjusted analyte concentration in sludge waste

	Sludge Waste¹ [μCi/g]			HLW Slud	ge [μCi/g]		
Analyte	B200/T200 Series <sup>2</sup> , T-104, T-110, T-111	AZ-101	B-101	B-103	T-101	T-102	T-103
<sup>129</sup> I	3E-08 (0E+00 to 3E-07)	1E-03	5E-07	5E-07	3E-07	1E-04	8E-05
<sup>137</sup> Cs	5E-02 (6E-03 to 1E-01)	7E+02	1E+00	2E+00	6E-01	1E+01	1E+00
<sup>137m</sup> Ba	4E-02 (6E-03 to 1E-01)	7E+02	1E+00	2E+00	5E-01	1E+01	1E+00
<sup>14</sup> C	4E-06 (1E-07 to 4E-05)	1E-03	1E-04	8E-05	10E-04	3E-02	6E-04
<sup>151</sup> Sm	1E-02 (4E-03 to 6E-02)	4E+02	2E+02	8E-02	2E-02	2E-02	2E-02
<sup>90</sup> Sr	9E-01 (2E-03 to 4E+00)	2E+04	1E+03	4E+01	5E-01	1E+02	4E+00
<sup>90</sup> Y	9E-01 (2E-03 to 4E+00)	2E+04	1E+03	4E+01	5E-01	1E+02	4E+00
<sup>99</sup> Te	1E-03 (1E-08 to 8E-03)	2E-01	7E-03	1E-03	2E-04	1E-02	8E-04
<sup>233</sup> U	2E-10 (2E-15 to 1E-09)	5E-04	6E-07	7E-08	2E-08	1E-02	7E-03
<sup>234</sup> U	2E-04 (2 <i>E-09 to 1E-03</i> )	2E-03	1E-02	9E-02	10E-03	10E-03	5E-03
<sup>235</sup> U	7E-06 (9E-11 to 5E-05)	10 <b>E</b> -05	6E-04	4E-03	4E-04	4E-04	2E-04
<sup>236</sup> U	2E-06 (2E-11 to 1E-05)	3E-04	2E-04	7E-04	3E-04	1E-04	8E-05
<sup>237</sup> Np	3E-06 (1E-07 to 3E-05)	4E-02	2E-05	6E-06	1E-06	3E-04	1E-06
<sup>238</sup> Pu	2E-03 (4E-04 to 6E-03)	5E-01	2E-01	2E-06	2E-02	7E-04	6E-04
<sup>238</sup> U	2E-04 (2E-09 to 1E-03)	2E-03	1E-02	9E-02	7E-03	10E-03	5E-03
<sup>239</sup> Pu	3E-01 (6E-02 to 8E-01)	4E+00	2E+00	6E-04	9E-01	3E-02	2E-02
<sup>240</sup> Pu	2E-02 (6E-03 to 5E-02)	1E+00	6E-01	4E-05	2E-01	7E-03	6E-03
<sup>241</sup> Am	3E-02 (5E-03 to7E-02)	8E+01	9E+00	1E-04	9E-02	2E-01	3E-03
<sup>241</sup> Pu	3E-02 (8E-03 to 7E-02)	2E+01	7E+00	3E-05	9E-01	4E-02	3E-02
<sup>242</sup> Pu	9E-07 (8E-08 to 4E-06)	1E-04	9E-05	2E-10	8E-06	3E-07	3E-07

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Average sludge waste concentration value (range of concentration)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> B200/T200 series tanks include: B-201, B-202, B-203, B-204, T-201, T-202, T-203, T-204

Originator:

**Brian Thompson** 

Date:

November 18, 2011

Revision:

Reviewer:

Jacob Regnolds Journeym **Review Date:** 

**Purpose** 

Compare adjusted concentrations [ $\mu$ Ci/g-sludge] of select analytes in tanks:

- 241-AZ-101
- 241-B-101
- 241-B-103
- 241-T-101
- 241-T-102
- 241-T-103

with average adjusted concentrations [μCi/g-sludge] in tanks containing potential TRU wastes:

- 241-B-201
- 241-B-202
- 241-B-203
- 241-B-204
- 241-T-104
- 241-T-110
- 241-T-111
- 241-T-200
- 241-T-201
- 241-T-202
- 241-T-203
- 241-T-204

#### **Approach**

- (1) Determine adjusted analyte activity for each sludge waste phase present in each tank using the adjusted analyte concentration, waste phase volume, and component density as represented in the TWINS database
- (2) Sum individual adjusted analyte activities for all sludge waste phases per tank and divide by total sludge mass to determine adjusted analyte concentration [μCi/g-sludge]

#### **Inputs**

#### (1) Define units

kL:= 1000L 
$$\mu$$
=  $10^{-6}$  Ci= 3:7  $10^{10}$ Bq

#### (2) Define matrix notation

$$i = 0..24$$
  $j := 0..19$ 

#### (3) Tank waste phases

	0	"241-AZ-101"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"NA (solid)"
	1.	"241-AZ-101"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"P3AZ1 (solid)"
	2	"241-B-101"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"B (solid)"
	3	"241-B-101"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"BL (solid)"
	4	"241-B-101"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"MW1 (solid)"
	5	"241-B-103"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"MW1 (solid)"
	6	"241-T-101"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"CWR2 (solid)"
	7	"241-T-102"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"CWP2 (solid)"
	8	"241-T-102"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"MW2 (solid)"
	9	"241-T-103"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"CWP2 (solid)"
	10	"241-T-103"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"CWR1 (solid)"
	11	"241-T-103"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"MW2 (solid)"
Reference :=	12	"241-B-201"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"224-1 (solid)"
	13	"241-B-202"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"224-2 (solid)"
	14	"241-B-203"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"224-2 (solid)"
	15	"241-B-204"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"224-2 (solid)"
	16	"241-T-104"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"1C (solid)"
	17	"241-T-110"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"224-2 (solid)"
	18	"241-T-110"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"2C (solid)"
	19	"241-T-111"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"224-2 (solid)"
	20	"241-T-111"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"2C (solid)"
	21	"241-T-201"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"224-1 (solid)"
	22	"241-T-202"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"224-2 (solid)"
	23	"241-T-203"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"224-2 (solid)"
	24	"241-T-204"	"Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"	"224-2 (solid)" )

Source: Tank Waste Information Network System (TWINS), Queried 11/03/2011 [Tank waste phase], <a href="http://twins.pnl.gov/twins.htm">http://twins.pnl.gov/twins.htm</a>.

(4) Waste phase volume and component density (corresponding to 'reference' in (3))

1	30		(1.59)	
	167		1.59	
	19		1.74	
	76		1.5	
	11		1.8	
	4		1.8	
	140		1.46	
	64		1.79	
	8		1.85	
	64		1.68	
Ì	19		1.8	
	4		1.85	
Volume:=	111	kL ρ :=	1.26	gm mL
	108		1.22	IIIL
	188		1.19	
	184		1.19	
	1199		1.29	
	37		1.25	
	1360		1.25	
	904		1.24	
	787		1.24	
	107		1.31	
	77		1.18	
	136		1.22	
	136	)	1.18	j

Source: Tank Waste Information Network System (TWINS), Queried 11/03/2011 [Volume (kL), component density (g/mL), primary reported values], <a href="http://twins.pnl.gov/twins.htm">http://twins.pnl.gov/twins.htm</a>.

Ë 50 5.47E-12 | 1.24E-01 | 1.17E-01 | 1.36E-07 4.05E-03 | 1.55E+00 | 1.55E+00 | 1.55E+00 | 1.23E-08 1.95E-11 5.17E-05 2.29E-06 5.35E-07 | 1.48E-07 6.09E-03 5.21E-05 7.51E-01 | 4.32E-02 2.83E-02 7.65E-03 2.88E-05 | 0,000E+00 6,96E-02 6,57E-02 1,97E-07 5,76E-03 2,72E+00 2,72E+00 2,20E-03 1,26E-10 1,41E-04 4,82E-06 1,52E-06 1,21E-07 1,97E-03 1,08E-04 1,28E-01 2,17F-02 6,67E-02 6,58E-02 4,24E-06 0.00E+00.6.24E-03 5.89E-03 2.04E-07 5.98E-03 3.66E-03 3.66E-03 1.87E-08 4.39E-13 3.67E-07 1.63E-08 4.99E-09 6.03E-07 1.59E-03 3.76E-07 1.90E-01 2.39E-02 2.28E-02 3.76E-02 3.83E-07 1.50E-10 9.28E-02 8.76E-02 1.33E-06 1.17E-02 3.71E+00 3.71E+00 3.71E+00 7.92E-03 1.09E-09 1.16E-03 5.17E-05 1.22E-05 2.93E-07 7.67E-05 1.18E-03 1.26E-01 1.31E-02 4 67E-02 1.77E-02 1.71E-07 4.97E-12 2.02E-02 1.91E-02 1.24E-07 3.67E-03 6.11E-02 6.11E-02 6.11E-02 1.12E-08 1.65E-15 2.14E-09 9.65E-11 1.83E-11 1.34E-07 2.20E-03 2.18E-09 6.71E-01 4.52E-02 3.96E-02 3.12E-02 2.04E-07 0.00E+00.6.07E-03 5.73E-03 1.94E-07 5.69E-03 2.01E-03 2.01E-03 1.78E-08 1.26E-12 1.05E-08 4.66E-08 1.43E-08 6.91E-07 1.87E-03 1.08E-06 2.23E-01 2.81E-02 3.76E-02 4.43E-07 4.51E-07 1.10E-03 7.13E+026.73E+021.10E-03 7.00E+001.53E+041.53E+041.62E-01 3.04E-03 2.15E-03 9.57E-05 2.84E-04 4.10E-02 4.56E-01 1.68E-03 3.63E+00 9.46E-01 7.76E+01 1.37E+011.00E-04 4.56E-07 1.79E+001.69E+00.8.23E-05.7.64E-02.3.50E+01.3.50E+01.1.03E-03.6.60E-08.8.53E-02.3.85E-03.7.28E-04.5.81E-06.1.98E-06.8.68E-02.6.05E-04.4.08E-05.1.25E-04.2.82E-05.1.85E-10 4.56E-07 1.79E+001.69E+008.23E-05 7.64E-02 3.50E+013.50E+011.03E-03 6.60E-08 8.53E-023.85E-03 7.28E-04 5.81E-06 1.98E-06 8.68E-02 6.05E-04 4.08E-05 1.25E-04 2.82E-05 1.85E-10 1.03E-06 1.76E+001.66E+004.14E-04 6.50E-02 6.89E+01 6.89E+01 9.04E-04 9.96E-08 8.32E-02 3.68E-03 1.13E-03 5.20E-06 4.75E-05 8.50E-02 5.66E-03 7.17E-04 3.75E-04 1.13E-03 1.15E-08 0.00E+006.17E-03 5.82E-03 1.97E-07 5.79E-03 2.03E-03 2.03E-03 1.81E-08 4.17E-11 3.48E-05 1.54E-05 4.74E-07 2.22E-07 1.40E-03 3.57E-05 1.67E-01 2.11E-02 3.33E-02 3.33E-07 3.38E-07 1.10E-03 7.13E+026.73E+021.10E-03 4.30E+021.53E+041.53E+041.62E-01 2.72E-07 2.44E-03 9.57E-05 2.84E-04 4.10E-02 4.56E-01 1.68E-03 3.56E+001.02E+001.02E+007.77E+012.18E+011.32E-04 1.24E-06 4.86E+004.59E+002.83E-04.8.20E+02.5.44E+03.5.44E+03.5.44E+03.2.01E-02.1.04E-06.9.95E-03.4.30E-04.4.89E-04.5.92E-05.6.34E-01.7.49E-03.5.93E+00.2.08E+00.4.27E+01.2.81E+01.3.54E-04 2.295-07 0.00E+000.00E+005.67E-05 1.60E+00 2.89E+01 2.89E+01 3.74E-03 5.08E-07 1.97E-03 8.33E-05 5.93E-05 1.15E-05 4.77E-02 1.85E-03 8.97E-01 2.29E-01 5.98E-02 1.84E+00 2.21E-05 3.15E-07 5.71E-01 5.39E-01 9.78E-04 2.07E-02 4.88E-01 4.88E-01 2.24E-04 1.65E-08 9.53E-03 3.62E-04 2.68E-04 1.46E-06 2.17E-02 6.64E-03 8.97E-01 1.97E-01 8.67E-02 9.07E-01 8.36E-06 1.40E-04 1.67E+01 1.57E+013.38E-02 1.51E-02 1.23E+02 1.23E+02 1.30E-02 1.77E-04 7.75E-04 4.33E-05 3.92E-04 7.45E-04 1.72E-04 3.25E-04 7.25E-04 7.25E-04 3.25E-04 7.25E-04 3.25E-04 7.25E-04 3.25E-04 3.25E-05 7.68E-03 1.84E-01 3.96E-03 3.90E-07 1,03E-06 1,76E+00 1,66E+00 4,14E-04 6,50E-02 6,89E+01 6,89E+01 9,04E-04 9,96E-08 8,32E-02 3,68E-03 1,13E-03 5,20E-06 4,75E-08 8,50E-02 5,66E-03 7,17E-04 3,75E-04 1,13E-03 1,13E-08 1.15E-04 3.52E-01 3.33E-01 7.02E-04 1.24E-02 2.98E-01 2.98E-01 1.32E-04 1.03E-02 1.42E-03 5.54E-05 3.50E-05 8.78E-07 7.46E-04 1.28E-03 3.26E-02 7.69E-03 4.14E-03 3.97E-03 3.91E-07 2.08E-07 3.58E+003.38E+002.50E-04 1.35E-02 1.69E+00 1.69E+00 1.69E+00 2.93E-03 1.10E-09 5.67E-04 2.41E-05 1.16E-05 9.79E-07 4.57E-05 5.54E-04 3.03E-03 5.76F-04 1.95E-03 1.51E-03 1.71E-08 0.000E+00 6.04E-03 5.70E-03 1.98E-07 5.81E-03 6.28E-02 6.28E-02 1.82E-08 3.25E-12 2.71E-06 1.20E-07 3.69E-08 8.17E-07 1.96E-03 2.78E-04 2.34E-01 2.94E-02 3.47E-02 4.63E-03 4.72E-07 0.000E+00.2.39E-02.2.25E-02.1.85E-07.5.43E-03.2.38E-03.2.38E-03.1.70E-08.2.37E-15.1.98E-09.8.76E-11.2.69E-11.2.08E-07.1.67E-03.2.02E-09.1.99E-01.2.51E-02.3.84E-02.3.95E-02.3.84E-02.3.84E-02.3.84E-03.2.02E-07 3.30E-07 1,42E-01 1,34E-01 4,46E-05 6,34E-02 1,84E+00 1,84E+00 6,30E-04 3,04E-10 4,06E-04 1,31E-05 3,92E-06 1,42E-05 1,57E-03 3,00E-04 1,25E-01 1,51E-02 1,83E-02 4,18E-02 7,44E-07 0.000E-00 1.36E-02 1.28E-02 2.00E-07 5.86E-03 2.48E-02 2.48E-02 1.84E-08 8.37E-12 6.99E-06 3.10E-07 9.51E-08 3.13E-05 4.61E-04 7.16E-06 5.50E-02 6.94E-03 4.99E-03 1.09E-02 1.11E-07 1.49E-10 1.36E-02 1.28E-02 1.31E-06 1.16E-02 2.48E-02 2.48E-02 7.09E-07 6.62E-12 7.01E-06 3.14E-07 7.42E-08 3.13E-05 3.61E-04 7.14E-06 5.61E-02 5.85E-03 4.97E-03 7.89E-03 7.66E-08 0.000E+00.9.28E-02 8.76E-02 2.01E-07 5.91E-03 3.71E+00.3.71E+00.3.71E+00.7.92E-03 1.38E-09 1.15E-03 5.11E-05 1.57E-05 2.26E-07 1.03E-03 1.18E-03 1.25E-01 1.55E-02 4.70E-02 2.44E-02 2.49E-07 237Np USEZ 234 اوور MTc 200 mS<sup>151</sup>Sm ŭ 137тВа Analytes :=

Source: Tank Waste Information Network System (TWINS), Queried 11/03/2011 (Select tanks and analytes, adjusted concentration, µCl/g], http://twins.pnl.gov/twins.htm.

1

#### **Equations**

(1) Calculate analyte inventory for each analyte in each waste phase

Inventory 
$$i, j := Analytes | Analytes | Volume | \rho_j$$

#### **Example Calculation**

Tank: 241-AZ-101 Analyte: 129

Waste Phase: Sludge (Liquid & Solid) => NA (Sludge)

Inventory = 
$$1.10 \cdot 10^{-3} \frac{\mu Ci}{g} \cdot 30kL \cdot 1.59 \frac{g}{mL} \cdot \frac{1000L}{kL} \cdot \frac{1000mL}{L} = 5.25 \cdot 10^4 \mu Ci$$

(2) Mass of each sludge phase per tank

$$m_{\text{phase}} := |Volume_i| \cdot |\rho_i|$$

#### **Example Calculation**

Tank: 241-AZ-101

Waste Phase: Sludge (Liquid & Solid) => NA (Sludge)

$$Mass = 30kL \cdot 1.59 \frac{g}{mL} \cdot \frac{1000L}{kL} \cdot \frac{1000mL}{L} = 4.77 \cdot 10^7 g$$

(3) Adjusted analyte concentrations per total sludge waste

$$AZ101_{j} := \frac{Inventory}{m_{phase_{0}} + m_{phase_{1}}}$$

B101 := 
$$\frac{\text{Inventory }_{2,j} + \text{Inventory }_{3,j} + \text{Inventory }_{4,j}}{m_{\text{phase}_2} + m_{\text{phase}_3} + m_{\text{phase}_4}}$$

1

B103 := Analytes 
$$_{5,j}$$

T102<sub>j</sub> := 
$$\frac{\text{Inventory }_{7,j} + \text{Inventory }_{8,j}}{m_{\text{phase}_{7}} + m_{\text{phase}_{8}}}$$

$$T101_j := Analytes_{6,j}$$

$$T103_{j} := \frac{\text{Inventory }_{9,j} + \text{Inventory }_{10,j} + \text{Inventory }_{11,j}}{m_{\text{phase}_{9}} + m_{\text{phase}_{10}} + m_{\text{phase}_{11}}}$$

B201 := Analytes 
$$_{12,j}$$

$$T201_j := Analytes_{21,j}$$

B202 := Analytes 
$$_{13,i}$$

$$T202_{j} := Analytes_{22,j}$$

$$T203_j := Analytes_{23,j}$$

B204 := Analytes 15,i

T204 := Analytes 
$$_{24,j}$$

$$T104 := Analytes_{16,j}$$

T110<sub>j</sub> := 
$$\frac{\text{Inventory}_{17,j} + \text{Inventory}_{18,j}}{m_{\text{phase}_{17}} + m_{\text{phase}_{18}}}$$

T111<sub>j</sub> := 
$$\frac{\text{Inventory }_{19,j} + \text{Inventory }_{20,j}}{m_{\text{phase}_{19}} + m_{\text{phase}_{20}}}$$

#### **Example Calculation**

Tank: 241-AZ-101

$$AZ101 = \frac{5.25 \cdot 10^{4} \mu Ci + 2.92 \cdot 10^{5} \mu Ci}{4.77 \cdot 10^{7} g + 2.66 \cdot 10^{8} g} = 1.10 \cdot 10^{-3} \frac{\mu Ci}{g(sludge)}$$

(4) Adjusted analyte concentrations for all tanks containing potential TRU wastes

$$TRU := B201 + B202 + B203 + B204 + T104 + T110 + T111 + T201 + T202 + T203 + T204$$

#### **Example Calculation**

Analyte: 129

$$TRU = 5 \cdot 10^{-12} + 0 + 0 + 0 + 3 \cdot 10^{-7} + 1 \cdot 10^{-10} + 7 \cdot 10^{-11} + 5 \cdot 10^{-12} + 5 \cdot 10^{-12} + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0$$

$$= 3 \cdot 10^{-7} \frac{\mu Ci}{g \ (solids)}$$

# Results

(1) Adjusted analyte concentrations for all tanks

									μ·Ci	mg									_
1E-004	1E+001	1E+001	3E-002	2E-002	1E+002	1E+002	1E-002	1E-002	10E-003	4E-004	1E-004	3E-004	7E-004	10E-003	3E-002	7E-003	2E-001	4E-002	3E-007
									T102=										
									μ·Ci	gm									
3E-007)	6E-001	5E-001	10E-004	2E-002	5E-001	5E-001	2E-004	2E-008	10E-003	4E-004	3E-004	1E-006	2E-002	7E-003	9E-001	2E-001	9E-002	9E-001	8E-006
									T101T										
									μ·Ci	mg									
SE-007)	2E+000	2E+000	8E-005	8E-002	4E+001	4E+001	1E-003	7E-008	9E-002	4E-003	7E-004	6E-006	2E-006	9E-002	6E-004	4E-005	1E-004	3E-005	2E-010
		-							D103-	D103=			J.				_		
									μ·Ci	l mg									
SE-007)	1E+000	1E+000	1E-004	2E+002	1E+003	1E+003	7E-003	6E-007	1E-002	6E-004	2E-004	2E-005	2E-001	1E-002	2E+000	6E-001	9E+000	7E+000	9E-005)
			_						5	= 1018	10								
									μ·Ci	ma									
1E-003)	7E+002	7E+002	1E-003	4E+002	2E+004	2E+004	2E-001	5E-004	2E-003	10E-005	3E-004	4E-002	5E-001	2E-003	4E+000	1E+000	8E+001	2E+001	1E-004
					<i>y</i> -					AZI 01 =									
		=												- dan		_	=		
"129I"	"137Cs"	"137mBa"	"14C"	"151Sm"	"90Sr"	"Y06"	"99Tc"	"233U"	"234U"	"235U"	"236U"	"237Np"	"238Pu"	"238U"	"239Pu"	"240Pu"	"241Am"	"241Pu"	( "242Pu"

Adjusted Analyte Concentrations.pdf

		_							E.C.	gm									
0E+000	2E-002	2E-002	2E-007	5E-003	2E-003	2E-003	2E-008	2E-015	2E-009	9E-011	3E-011	2E-007	2E-003	2E-009	2E-001	3E-002	4E-002	4E-002	(4E-007,
		-							B204-										
									μ·Cj	gm									_
0E+000	6E-003	6E-003	2E-007	6E-003	6E-002	6E-002	2E-008	3E-012	3E-006	1E-007	4E-008	8E-007	2E-003	3E-006	2E-001	3E-002	3E-002	SE-002	SE-007
									D203_	D707									
									μ·Ci	gm									
0E+000	7E-002	7E-002	2E-007	6E-003	3E+000	3E+000	5E-003	1E-010	1E-004	5E-006	2E-006	2E-007	2E-003	1E-004	1E-001	2E-002	7E-002	7E-002	4E-006)
									0000	±707G									
									μ·Ci	gm									
SE-012)	1E-001	1E-001	1E-007	4E-003	2E+000	2E+000	1E-008	4E-011	SE-005	2E-006	5E-007	1E-007	6E-003	SE-005	8E-001	4E-002	3E-002	8E-003	3E-006
									1000	=107g									
									μ·Ci	mg									
8E-005)	1 E +000	1E+000	6E-004	2E-002	4E+000	4E+000	8E-004	7E-003	5E-003	2E-004	8E-005	1E-006	6E-004	5E-003	2E-002	6E-003	3E-003	3E-002	3E-007
										1103 =									
/ "1001" /	1271	13/03	13/mba	74.	1110.10.1	1500	"00To"	"23311"	1,33411"	17355	113661111	"-1822"	1,739 B	n.1926"	230D"	"240b;"	240Fu	11771771111111111111111111111111111111	"242Pu"

Adjusted Analyte Concentrations.pdf

$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
7E-011       9E-002       9E-002       9E-002       7E-007       9E-003       4E+000       4E+000       8E-003       1E-004       1E-005       1E-006       1E-007       1E-008       1E-009       1E-000       1E-001       3E-007       1E-001       1E-002       2E-011       2E-001       1E-002       3E-003       1E-001       1E-002       2E-003       3E-002       3E-002       3E-002       3E-002       3E-002       3E-002       3E-007       2E-007       2E-007       2E-007
7E-011     5E-012       9E-002     2E-002       9E-002     2E-002       7E-007     1E-007       9E-003     4E-003       4E+000     6E-002       8E-003     1E-008       1E-009     1E-008       1E-005     2E-011       3E-007     1E-007       6E-004     2E-001       1E-003     2E-001       1E-004     2E-001       1E-005     2E-003       1E-006     2E-003       2E-007     3E-002       3E-007     3E-002       2E-007     3E-002       2E-007     3E-002       2E-007     3E-002       2E-007     3E-007       2E-007     3E-007
7E-011     5E-012       9E-002     2E-002       9E-002     2E-002       7E-007     1E-007       9E-003     4E-003       4E+000     6E-002       8E-003     1E-008       1E-009     1E-008       1E-005     2E-011       3E-007     1E-007       6E-004     2E-001       1E-003     2E-001       1E-004     2E-001       1E-005     2E-003       1E-006     2E-003       2E-007     3E-002       3E-007     3E-002       2E-007     3E-002       2E-007     3E-002       2E-007     3E-002       2E-007     3E-007       2E-007     3E-007
7E-011 9E-002 9E-002 7E-007 9E-003 4E+000 4E+000 8E-003 1E-009 1E-005 3E-007 6E-004 1E-001 1E-002 2E-002
7E-011 9E-002 9E-002 7E-007 9E-003 4E+000 4E+000 4E+000 1E-009 1E-003 1E-005 3E-007 6E-004 1E-002 2E-002 2E-007
7E-011 9E-002 9E-002 7E-007 9E-003 4E+000 4E+000 8E-003 1E-009 1E-005 1E-005 1E-005 3E-007 6E-004 1E-002 2E-002 2E-002
<u>"</u>
771 -
10 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0
1E-010   1E-002   1E-002   1E-002   1E-002   2E-002   2E-002   2E-002   2E-002   2E-002   2E-004   2E-004   2E-004   2E-004   2E-004   2E-004   2E-003   2
E 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
ğ
3E-007 1E-001 1E-001 4E-005 6E-002 2E+000 6E-004 3E-010 4E-004 1E-006 1E-003 3E-004 1E-001 2E-002 2E-002 2E-002 2E-002 2E-002
T104= 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
<b>⊢</b>
"1291" "137Cs" "137mBa" "14C" "161Sm" "90Sr" "99Tc" "234U" "235U"
11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11

									$\mu \cdot C_i$	gm									
0E+000	6E-003	6E-003	2E-007	6E-003	4E-003	4E-003	2E-008	4E-013	4E-007	2E-008	5E-009	6E-007	2E-003	4E-007	2E-001	2E-002	2E-005	4E-002	4E-007
									T304	1 +041									
									μ·Ci	ma									
(0E+000)	6E-003	6E-003	2E-007	6E-003	2E-003	2E-003	2E-008	1E-012	1E-006	5E-008	1E-008	7E-007	2E-003	1E-006	2E-001	3E-002	4E-002	4E-002	(SE-007)
									1303	= 5021									
("1291")	"137Cs"	"137mBa"	"14C"	"151Sm"	"90Sr"	"Y06"	"99Tc"	"233U"	"234U"	"235U"	"236U"	"237Np"	"238Pu"	"238U"	"239Pu"	"240Pu"	"241Am"	"241Pu"	("242Pu")

R.

#### INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM



WRPS-1105653

Date:

December 27, 2011

To:

A.R. Tedeschi, B1-55

From:

B.R. Thompson, B1-55

Subject:

SELECT TANK ANALYTE CONCENTRATIONS IN SUPPORT OF CH-TRU

PERMIT MODIFICATION

Reference:

1. Tank Waste Information Network System (TWINS), Queried 11/03/11

http://twins.pnl.gov/twins.htm

Enclosed is a table comparing adjusted analyte concentrations in sludge waste for tanks AZ-101, B-101, B-103, T-101, T-102, and T-103 with the average adjusted analyte concentrations in sludge waste for tanks containing potential TRU waste (B200 series, T200 series, T-104, T-110, T-111).

Calculations to determine adjusted analyte concentration per total sludge mass in each tank are documented in the attached informal calculation. All inputs used in the calculations were obtained from the Best-Basis Inventory from the Tank Waste Information Network System (TWINS) database [1].

Let me know if you have questions.

BRT

Enclosure

Adjusted Analyte Concentrations.pdf

Summary Table of Adjusted Analyte Concentrations.docx

APPROVAL:

Reynolds Da

Manager, Tank Waste Inventory & Characterization

cc: J.G. Reynolds, B1-55

Table 1 - Summary of adjusted analyte concentration in sludge waste

	Sludge Waste <sup>1</sup> [µCi/g]		I	ILW Slud	ge [µCi/g]		
Analyte	B200/T200 Series <sup>2</sup> , T-104, T-110, T-111	AZ-101	B-101	B-103	T-101	T-102	T-103
129 <sub>I</sub>	3E-08 (0E+00 to 3E-07)	1E-03	5E-07	5E-07	3E-07	1E-04	8E-05
<sup>137</sup> Cs	5E-02 (6E-03 to 1E-01)	7E+02	1E+00	2E+00	6E-01	1E+01	1E+00
137mBa	4E-02 (6E-03 to 1E-01)	7E+02	1E+00	2E+00	5E-01	1E+01	1E+00
<sup>14</sup> C	4E-06 (1E-07 to 4E-05)	1E-03	1E-04	8E-05	10E-04	3E-02	6E-04
<sup>151</sup> Sm	1E-02 (4E-03 to 6E-02)	4E+02	2E+02	8E-02	<b>2</b> E-02	2E-02	2E-02
<sup>96</sup> Sr	9E-01 (2E-03 to 4E+00)	2E+04	1E+03	4E+01	5E-01	1E+02	4E+00
<sup>90</sup> Y	9E-01 (2E-03 to 4E+00)	2E+04	1E+03	4E+01	5E-01	1E+02	4E+00
<sup>99</sup> Tc	1E-03 (1E-08 to 8E-03)	2E-01	7E-03	1E-03	2E-04	1E-02	8E-04
<sup>233</sup> U	2E-10 (2E-15 to 1E-09)	5E-04	6E-07	7E-08	2E-08	1E-02	7E-03
<sup>234</sup> U	2E-04 (2E-09 to 1E-03)	2E-03	1E-02	9E-02	10E-03	10E-03	5E-03
<sup>235</sup> U	7E-06 (9E-11 to 5E-05)	10E-05	6E-04	4E-03	4E-04	4E-04	2E-04
<sup>236</sup> U	2E-06 (2E-11 to 1E-05)	3E-04	2E-04	7E-04	3E-04	1E-04	8E-05
<sup>237</sup> Np	3E-06 (1E-07 to 3E-05)	4E-02	2E-05	6E-06	1E-06	3E-04	1E-06
<sup>238</sup> Pu	2E-03 (4E-04 to 6E-03)	5E-01	2E-01	2E-06	2E-02	7E-04	6E-04
<sup>238</sup> U	2E-04 (2E-09 to 1E-03)	2E-03	1E-02	9E-02	7E-03	10E-03	5E-03
<sup>239</sup> Pu	3E-01 (6E-02 to 8E-01)	4E+00	2E+00	6E-04	9E-01	3E-02	2E-02
<sup>240</sup> Pu	2E-02 (6E-03 to 5E-02)	1E+00	6E-01	4E-05	2E-01	7E-03	6E-03
<sup>241</sup> Am	3E-02 (5E-03 to7E-02)	8E+01	9E+00	1E-04	9E-02	2E-01	3E-03
<sup>241</sup> Pu	3E-02 (8E-03 to 7E-02)	2E+01	7E+00	3E-05	9E-01	4E-02	3E-02
<sup>242</sup> Pu	9E-07 (8E-08 to 4E-06)	1E-04	9E-05	2E-10	8E-06	3E-07	3E-07

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Average sludge waste concentration value (range of concentration)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> B200/T200 series tanks include: B-201, B-202, B-203, B-204, T-201, T-202, T-203, T-204

Originator:

**Brian Thompson** 

Date:

December 27, 2011

Revision: Reviewer: Jacobs Reynolds Jad

Review Date:

#### <u>Purpose</u>

Compare adjusted concentrations [µCi/g-sludge] of select analytes in tanks:

- 241-AZ-101
- 241-B-101
- 241-B-103
- 241-T-101
- 241-T-102
- 241-T-103

with average adjusted concentrations [µCi/g-sludge] in tanks containing potential TRU wastes:

- 241-B-201
- 241-B-202
- 241-B-203
- 241-B-204
- 241-T-104
- 241-T-110
- 241-T-111
- 241-T-201
- 241-T-202
- 241-T-203
- 241-T-204

#### **Approach**

- (1) Determine adjusted analyte activity for each sludge waste phase present in each tank using the adjusted analyte concentration, waste phase volume, and component density as represented in the TWINS database
- (2) Sum individual adjusted analyte activities for all sludge waste phases per tank and divide by total sludge mass to determine adjusted analyte concentration [ $\mu$ Ci/g-sludge]

#### Inputs

#### (1) Define units

$$kL = 1000L$$
  $\mu = 10^{-6}$   $Ci = 3.7 \cdot 10^{10} Bq$ 

#### (2) Define matrix notation

$$\dot{t} = 0..24$$
  $\dot{j} = 0..19$ 

#### (3) Tank waste phases

```
"241-AZ-101" "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                            "NA (solid)"
                 "241-AZ-101" "Słudge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                          "P3AZ1 (solid)"
                  "241-B-101" "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                             "B (solid)"
                  "241-B-101" "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                            "BL (solid)"
                  "241-B-101" "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                           "MWI (solid)"
                  "241-B-103" "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                           "MW1 (solid)"
                  "241-T-101" "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                          "CWR2 (solid)"
                  "241-T-102"
                                "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                          "CWP2 (solid)"
                  "241-T-102"
                                "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                           "MW2 (solid)"
                  "241-T-103"
                                "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                          "CWP2 (solid)"
                  "241-T-103"
                                "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                          "CWR1 (solid)"
                  "241-T-103"
                                "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                           "MW2 (solid)"
Reference :=
                  "241-B-201"
                                "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                           "224-1 (solid)"
                  "241-B-202" "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                           "224-2 (solid)"
                  "241-B-203"
                                "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                           "224-2 (solid)"
                 "241-B-204"
                               "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                           "224-2 (solid)"
                  "241-T-104"
                                "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                            "1C (solid)"
                  "241-T-110"
                                "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                           "224-2 (solid)"
                 "241-T-110"
                                "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                            "2C (solid)"
                 "241-T-111" "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                           "224-2 (solid)"
             20 "241-T-111" "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                            "2C (solid)"
             21 "241-T-201"
                                                           "224-1 (solid)"
                                "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
             22 "241-T-202"
                                "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                           "224-2 (solid)"
                 "241-T-203"
                                "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                           "224-2 (solid)"
                  "241-T-204"
                                "Sludge (Liquid & Solid)"
                                                           "224-2 (solid)"
```

Source: Tank Waste Information Network System (TWINS), Queried 11/03/2011 [Tank waste phase], <a href="http://twins.pnl.gov/twins.htm">http://twins.pnl.gov/twins.htm</a>.

100

(4) Waste phase volume and component density (corresponding to 'reference' in (3))

	,			
1	30		(1.59)	
	167		1.59	
	19		1.74	
	76		1.5	
	11	11	1.8	
	4		1.8	
	140	30	1.46	
	64		1.79	
	8		1.85	
	64		1.68	
	19		1.8	
	4		1.85	
Volume:=	111	kL ρ :=	1.26	gm
	108		1.22	mL
1	188		1.19	
	184		1.19	
	1199		1.29	
	37		1.25	
	1360		1.25	
	904		1.24	
	787		1.24	
	107		1.31	
	77		1.18	
	136		1.22	
	136		(1.18)	}

Source: Tank Waste Information Network System (TWINS), Queried 11/03/2011 [Volume (kL), component density (g/mL), primary reported values], <a href="http://twins.pnl.gov/twins.htm">http://twins.pnl.gov/twins.htm</a>.

(5) Adjusted concentration of select analytes (corresponding 'reference' in (3))

	1621	159 1 <sub>621</sub>	137mBa	14C	mS <sub>151</sub>	JS <sub>06</sub>	706	³9Tc	, U <sup>887</sup>	734N	, 041	1360	udass dNrss	Pu 23%U	ndeez O	1 240Pu	241Am	ndths	242pu	
	( 1.10E-03	7 13E+02	6.73E+02	1.10E-03	7.00E+00	1.53E+04	1.53E+041	.62E-013	04E-03 2	15E-03 9 5	57E-05 2.8	4E-04 4.1	0E-02 4.56	E-01 1.681	E-03 3.63E	10E-03 7 13E+026 73E+021 10E-03 7 00E+00 1.53E+04 1.63E+04 1.62E-01 3 04E-03 2 15E-03 9 57E-05 2.84E-04 4.10E-02 4.56E-01 1.68E-03 3.63E+00 9.46E-01 7.76E+01 1.37E+01 1.00E-04	1 7.76E+01	1 37E+01	00E-04	
	1.10E-03	7.13E+02	6.73E+02	1.10E-03	4.30E+02	1.53E+04	1.53E+041	.62E-012	72E-07 2.	44E-03 9.5	57E-05 2.8	4E-04 4.1	0E-02 4.56	E-01 1.68	E-03 3 56E	1.10E-03 7.13E+026,73E+021.10E-03 4.30E+02 1.53E+04 1.63E+04 1.63E+04 1.62E-01.2.72E-07.2.44E-03 9.57E-05 2.84E-04 4.10E-02.4.56E-01 1.68E-03 3.56E+00 1.02E+00 1.02E+00 1.32E-04	007.77E+01	12.18E+01	32E-04	
	1.24E-06	4.86E+00	4.59E+00	2.83E-04	8.20E+02	5.44E+03	5 44E+03 2	2.01E-02	.04E-069	95E-03 4.3	30E-04 4.8	9E-04 5 9	2E-05 6.34	E-01 7 49	E-03 5 93E	1 24E-06 4 86E+004 59E+002 83E-04 8 20E+02 5 44E+03 5 44E+03 5 01E-02 1 04E-06 9 95E-03 4 30E-04 6 89E-04 5 92E-05 6 34E-01 7 49E-03 5 93E+00 2 08E+00 4 27E+01 2 81E+01 3 54E-04	30 4 27E+01	12.81E+01	.54E-04	
	2.29E-07	0 00E+00	0.00E+00	5.67E-05	1.60E+00	2.89E+01	2.89E+013	1.74E-03 5	.08E-07 I	97E-03 8.3	35E-05 5.9	3E-05 L.I	SE-05 4.77	E-02 1 851	E-03 8 97E	2.29E-07 0.00E+000.00E+00 5 67E-05 1.60E+00 289E+01 289E+01 374E-03 5.08E-07 1.97E-03 8.35E-05 5.93E-05 1.15E-05 4.77E-02 185E-02 185E-01 2.29E-01 2.9E-01 2.8E-02 2.8E-02 1.8E-03 8.97E-01 2.29E-01 2.9E-01 2.9E-03 1.8E-02 2.8E-03 1.8E-03 8.97E-01 2.9E-03 1.8E-03 8.97E-03 1.8E-03 8.97E-03 1.8E-03 8.97E-03 1.8E-03 8.97E-03 1.8E-03 1.8E	1 5 98E-02	1.84E+00	21E-05	
	4.56E-07	1.79E+00	1.69E+00	8 23E-05	7.64E-02	3.50E+01	3.50E+011	03E-03 6	.60E-08 8.	53E-02 3.8	35E-03 7.2	8E-0458	1E-06 1.98	E-06 8 68	E-02 6.05E	4.56E-07 1.79E+001 69E+008 23E-05 7.64E-02 3.50E+011 3.50E+011 3.50E+01 1 03E-03 6.60E-08 8.53E-02 3.85E-03 7.28E-04 5.81E-06 1.98E-08 8.68E-02 6.05E-04 4.08E-05 1.25E-04 1.25E-04 1.85E-10	1.25E-04	2.82E-05	85E-10	
	4.56E-07	1.79E+00	1.695+00	8 23E-05	7.64E-02	3.50E+01	3 50E+01 I	03E-03 6	60E-08 8.	53E-02 3 8	35E-03 7.2	8E-04 5.8	1E-06 1.98	E-06 8 68	E-02 6.05E	4.56E-07 1.79E+00169E+00823E-05764E-023.50E+013.50E+013.50E+01103E-03660E-088.53E-02385E-037.28E-045.81E-04198E-088.88E-026.05E-04408E-05125E-0428E-0518E-10	S 1.25E-04	2.82E-05	85E-10	
	3.15E-07	5 71E-01	5.39E-01	9.78E-04	2.07E-02	4.88E-01	4 88E-01 2	2 24E-04 1	6 SE-08 9.	53E-03 3.6	52E-04 2.6	8E-04 1.4	6E-06 2.17	E-02 6 641	E-03 8.97E	3.15E-07 571E-01 539E-01 978E-04 207E-02 488E-01 488E-01 488E-01 488E-01 488E-01 224E-04 165E-03 953E-03 362E-04 146E-02.17E-02 64E-03 897E-01 197E-01 867E-02 907E-01 836E-05	1 8.67E-02	9.07E-01	36E-06	
	1.40E-04	1.67E+01	1.57E+01	3.38E-02	1 51E-02	1 23E+02	1.23E+021	30E-02 1	25E-02 I.	77E-04 7.7	75E-06 4.3	3E-06 3.9	2E-04 7.45	E-04 1 728	E-04 3.25E	140E-04 + 67E-01157E+01338E-02   51E-02   23E+02133E+02130E-02   25E-02   77E-04 775E-06 433E-06 392E-04 745E-04 725E-04 325E-02 768E-03 184E-03 390E-07	3 1.84E-01	3.96E-02	.90E-07	
	1.03E-06	1 76E+00	1.66E+00	4.14E-04	6.50E-02	6.89E+01	5.89E+015	7 04E-04 9	8 80-396	32E-02 3.6	58E-03 1.1	3E-03 5 2	0E-06 4.75	E-05 8.50	-02 5.66E	103E-06   76E+001 66E+004   46E-04 6 50E-02 6 89E+01 6 89E+01 9 04E-04 9 96E-08 8 32E-02 3 68E-03 1 13E-03 5 20E-05 4 75E-05 8 50E-05 5 66E-03 7.17E-04 3 75E-04 1.13E-03 1.15E-08	4 3.75E-04	1.13E-03	.15E-08	
	1.15E-04	3 52E-01	3.33E-01	7 02E-04	1.24E-02	2.98E-01	2.98E-01	1.32E-04 I	.03E-02 1	42E-03 5.5	54E-05 3.5	0E-05 8.7	8E-07 7.46	E-04 1.281	3-03 3 26E	1.15E-04 3.52E-01 3.33E-01 702E-04 1.24E-02 2.98E-01 2.98E-01 1.32E-04 1.03E-04 1.03E-04 1.03E-05 1.40E-03 5.54E-05 3.50E-05 8.78E-07 7.46E-04 1.28E-03 3.26E-03 3.59E-07 3.46E-03 3.59E-07 3.46E-07 3.46E-03 3.26E-07 3.46E-07 3.46	3 4.14E-03	3.97E-02	.91E-07	
	2.08E-07	3.58E+00	3.38E+00	2.50E-04	1.35E-02	1.69E+00	1 69E+00 2	193E-03 I	10E-09 S.	67E-0424	HE-05 1.1	6E-05 9.7	9E-07 4.57	E-05 5.541	3-04 3.03E	208E-07 338E+00233E+00238E+002 30E-04 135E-02 169E+00169E+00293E-03110E-09 867E-04241E-05116E-05979E-07457E-05554E-04303E-03576E-04151E-03171E-03171E-03	4 1.95E-03	1.51E-03	71E-08	
	1.03E-06	1.76E+00	1 66E+00	4.14E-04	6.50E-02	6.89E+01	5.89E+019	0.04E-049	8 80-396	32E-02 3 6	58E-03 1.1	3E-03 5.2	0E-06 4.75	E-05 8.50	E-02 5.66E	03E-06   76E+001 66E+004   46E-04 6 50E-02 6 89E+01 6 89E+01 9 04E-04 9 96E-08 8 33E-02 3 68E-03 1.13E-03 5 20E-05 4.75E-05 8 50E-05 5 66E-03 7.17E-04 3 75E-04 1.13E-03 1.15E-03	4 3.75E-04	1.13E-03	15E-08	i
lytes :=	Ambyes = 547E-12 1.24E-01 1.17E-01 1.36E-07 4.05E-03 1.55E+001.55E+001.55E+001.25E-08 3.95E-11.5.17E-05 2.29E-05 5.35E-07 1.48E-07 6.09E-03 5.31E-03 7.51E-01 4.32E-02 2.83E-02 7.65E-03 2.58E-05 4.32E-02 2.83E-02 7.65E-03	1.24E-01	1.17E-01	136E-07	4.05E-03	1 55E+00	1.55E+001	1.23E-08.3	95E-11 5	17E-05 2.2	9E-06 5.3	SE-07 1.4	8E-07 6.09	E-03 5.211	S-05 7.51E	01 4.32E-0	2 2.83E-02	7.65E-03	58E-06	الآ
	0.00E+00	0.96E-02	6.57E-02	1.97E-07	5 76E-03	2.72E+002	2.72E+00 S	5.20E-03 I	26E-101	41E-04 4.8	32E-06 1.5	2E-06 2.2	IE-07 1.97	E-03 1.081	3-04 1.28E	0.00E+00.6.96E-02 6.57E-02 1.97E-07 5 76E-03 2.72E+002.72E+002.72E+00.5.20E-03 1.26E-10 1.41E-04 4.82E-05 1.21E-07 1.97E-07 1.07E-03 1.08E-04 1.28E-09 1.21FE-02 6.57E-02 6.58E-02 4.24E-05	2 667E-02	6.58E-02	24E-06	ng.
	0.00E+00	) 6 04E-03	5.70E-03	1.98E-07	5.81E-03	6.28E-02 (	5.28E-02 1	1.82E-083	25E-12 2	71E-06 1.2	20E-07 3.6	9E-08 8.1	7E-07 1.96	E-03 2 781	3-06 2.34E	0.000+006.04E-03 5.70E-03 1.98E-07 5.81E-03 6.28E-02 6.28E-02 1.82E-08 3.25E-12.2.71E-06 1.20E-07 3.69E-08 8.17E-07 1.96E-03 2.78E-06 2.3.4E-01 2.94E-03 3.47E-02 4.53E-07	2 3.47E-02	4.63E-02	72E-07	
	0.00E+00	2.39E-02	2.25E-02	1.85E-07	5 43E-03	2.38E-03	2.38E-03 1	.70E-08 2	37E-15 1	98E-09 8.7	76E-11 2 6	9E-11 2.0	8E-07 1.67	E-03 2.021	3-09 1 99E	0.000E+00239E-02 225E-02 1.85E-07 543E-03 238E-03 238E-03 1.70E-08 2.37E-15 1.98E-09 8.76E-11 2.69E-11 2.09E-07 1.67E-03 2.02E-07 1.97E-02 2.51E-02 3.84E-02 3.95E-02 4.02E-07	2 3.84E-02	3.95E-02	02E-07	
	3.30E-07	1.42E-01	1,34E-01	4.46E-05	6.34E-02	1.84E+00	1.84E+006	30E-043	.04E-104	06E-04 1.3	IE-05 3.9	2E-06 1.4.	2E-06 1.57	E-03 3.001	3-04 1.25E	3.30E-07   1.3E-01   1.34E-01   4.4E-05   6.34E-02   1.84E+00   1.84E+00   3.0E-04   3.04E-10   4.0E-04   3.11E-05   3.92E-06   1.31E-05   1.31E-03   1.81E-02   1.81E-02   4.48E-07   4.42E-07   4.42E-04   1.31E-04   1.31E-05   1.83E-02   4.81E-07   4.42E-07   4.42E-07   4.42E-04   1.31E-05   4.42E-07   4.42	2 1.83E-02	4.18E-02	44E-07	
	0 00E+00	1.36E-02	1 28E-02	2.00E-07	5 86E-03	2.48E-02	2.48E-02 1	84E-08 8	.37E-12 6.	99E-06 3.1	0E-07 9.5	1E-08 3.1.	3E-05 4.61	E-04 7.16	3-06 S.SOE	0 0006+00 1 365-02 1 286-02 2 00E-07 5 86E-03 2 48E-02 2 48E-02 1 84E-02 1 84E-02 1 84E-08 8 3 7 5-12 6 99E-06 3 1 1 0 5-0 7 9 5 1 5 1 0 8 3 1 1 0 5-0 7 4 1 1 5 5-0 7 4 1 1 5 5-0 7 5 1 5 5-0 7 5 5 5-0 7 5 5-0 7 7 1 1 1 5 5-0 7 7 1 7 5 5-0 7 7 7 5 5-0 7 7 7 5 5-0 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	3 4.99E-03	1.09E-02	11E-07	
	1.49E-10	1.36E-02	1.28E-02	131E-06	1.16E-02	2.48E-02	2.48E-02 7	0.09E-07	62E-12 7	01E-06 3.1	4E-07 7.4	2E-08 3.1.	3E-05 3.61	E-04 7.141	3-06 5.61E	149E-10 136E-02 128E-02 121E-05 131E-05 131E-05 136E-02 248E-02 248E-02 709E-07662E-12701E-053 34E-07742E-053 318E-05361E-04714E-05 561E-02 585E-03 789E-03 789E-03 766E-03	3 4.97E-03	7 89E-03	80-399	
	0.00E+00	9.28E-02	8.76E-02	2.01E-07	S 91E-03	3.71E+00	3.71E+007	92E-03 1	38E-09 1	15E-03 5.1	1E-05 1 5	7E-05 2.2	5E-07 1.03	E-03 1.188	5-03 1.23E	0.00E+00.9.28E-02 8.76E-02 2.01E-07 5.91E-03 3.71E+00.3.71E+00.3.71E+00.3.71E+00.3.71E+00.3.71E+00.3.71E+00.3.71E+00.3.71E+00.3.71E+0.	2 4.70E-02	2.44E-02	49E-07	
	1.50E-10	9.28E-02	8.76E-02	1.33E-06	1.17E-02	3 71E+00	3.71E+007	92E-03 1	.09E-09 L	16E-03 5.1	7E-05 1.2	2E-05 2.9.	3E-07 7.67	E-05 1.181	-03 1.26E	150E-10 928E-02 8.76E-02 1.33E-05 1.17E-02 3.71E+00.3.71E+00.0.3.71E+00.7.92E-03 1.09E-03 1.76E-03 5.17E-05 1.22E-05 2.93E-07 7.67E-05 1.18E-03 1.26E-03 1.34E-03 1.34E-03 1.28E-03 1.2	2 4.67E-02	1 77E-02 1	71E-07	
	4.97E-12	2.02E-02	1.91E-02	1.24E-07	3.67E-03	6.11E-02 (	5 11E-02 1	12E-08	65E-15 2.	14E-0996	SE-11 1.8	3E-11 1.3	4E-07 2.20	E-03 2.181	3-09 6.7 IE	497E-12 202E-02 191E-02 124E-07 367E-03 611E-02 611E-02 611E-02 611E-02 611E-02 611E-03 165E-18 214E-09 965E-11 133E-11 134E-07 220E-03 218E-09 671E-01 452E-02 396E-02 312E-02 204E-07	2 3.96E-02	3.12E-02.2	04E-07	
	0.00E+00	6.17E-03	\$ 82E-03	1.97E-07	5.79E-03	2.03E-03	2 03E-03 1	81E-08 4	17E-11 3	48E-05 1.5	4E-06 4.7	4E-07 2.2	2E-07 1.40	E-03 3.571	E-05 1.67E	000E+00617E-03 582E-03 197E-07 579E-03 203E-03 203E-03 181E-08 417E-11 348E-05 154E-05 474E-07 222E-07 140E-03 357E-05 167E-01 2.11E-02 3.23E-02 3.33E-07	2 3.23E-02	3.32E-02	.38E-07	
	0.00E+00	6.07E-03	5.73E-03	1.94E-07	5 69E-03	2.01E-03	2.01E-03	78E-08 1	26E-12 1	05E-06 4.6	6E-08 1 4	3E-08 6 9	IE-07   87	E-03 1 081	5-06 2.23E	0.00E+006.07E-03 573E-03 1.94E-07 569E-03 2.01E-03 2.01E-03 1.78E-08 1.26E-12 1.05E-08 466E-08 1.41E-08 6.91E-07 1.87E-03 1.08E-06 2.23E-01 2.81E-02 4.43E-02 4.51E-07	2 3.76E-02	4 43E-02 4	.51E-07	
	0.00E+00	6.24E-03	5.89E-03	2.04E-07	5 98E-03	3.66E-03	3.66E-03	87E-08 4	39E-13 3	67E-07 1.6	3E-08 4.9	9E-09 6.0.	3E-07 1.59	E-03 3.76E	3-07 1.90E	0.00E+006.24E-03 5.89E-03 2.04E-07 5.98E-03 3.66E-03 1.87E-08 4.39E-13 3.67E-07 1.63E-08 4.99E-09 6.03E-07 1.59E-03 3.76E-07 1.90E-01 2.39E-02 2.28E-02 3.76E-02 3.76E-02 3.83E-07	2 2.28E-02	3.76E-02	83E-07	

Source: Tank Waste Information Network System (TWINS), Queried 11/03/2011 [Select tanks and analytes, adjusted concentration, µCl/g], http://twins.pni.gov/twins.htm.

#### **Equations**

(1) Calculate analyte inventory for each analyte in each waste phase

Inventory 
$$i, j := |Analytes_{i,j}| \cdot |Volume| \cdot |\rho_i|$$

#### **Example Calculation**

Tank: 241-AZ-101 Analyte: 129

Waste Phase: Sludge (Liquid & Solid) => NA (Sludge)

Inventory = 
$$1.10 \cdot 10^{-3} \frac{\mu Ci}{g} \cdot 30kL \cdot 1.59 \frac{g}{mL} \cdot \frac{1000L}{kL} \cdot \frac{1000mL}{L} = 5.25 \cdot 10^{4} \mu Ci$$

(2) Mass of each sludge phase per tank

$$m_{\text{phase}} := |Volume| \cdot |\rho|$$

#### **Example Calculation**

Tank: 241-AZ-101

Waste Phase: Sludge (Liquid & Solid) => NA (Sludge)

$$Mass = 30kL \cdot 1.59 \frac{g}{mL} \cdot \frac{1000L}{kL} \cdot \frac{1000mL}{L} = 4.77 \cdot 10^7 g$$

(3) Adjusted analyte concentrations per total sludge waste

$$AZ101_{j} := \frac{Inventory}{m_{phase_{0}} + m_{phase_{1}}}$$

$$B101_{j} := \frac{\text{Inventory }_{2,j} + \text{Inventory }_{3,j} + \text{Inventory }_{4,j}}{m_{\text{phase}_{2}} + m_{\text{phase}_{3}} + m_{\text{phase}_{4}}}$$

T102 := 
$$\frac{\text{Inventory }_{7,j} + \text{Inventory }_{8,j}}{m_{\text{phase}_7} + m_{\text{phase}_8}}$$

$$T101_j := Analytes_{6,j}$$

T103<sub>j</sub> := 
$$\frac{\text{Inventory }_{9,j} + \text{Inventory }_{10,j} + \text{Inventory }_{11,j}}{m_{\text{phase}_9} + m_{\text{phase}_{10}} + m_{\text{phase}_{11}}}$$

B201 := Analytes 
$$_{12,j}$$

$$T201_j := Analytes_{21,j}$$

B202 := Analytes 
$$_{13,i}$$

T202 := Analytes 
$$_{22,j}$$

T203 := Analytes 
$$_{23,j}$$

$$T104_j := Analytes_{16,j}$$

T110 := 
$$\frac{\text{Inventory}}{m_{\text{phase}_{17}} + m_{\text{phase}_{18}}}$$

T111<sub>j</sub> := 
$$\frac{\text{Inventory}}{m_{\text{phase}_{19}} + m_{\text{phase}_{20}}}$$

#### **Example Calculation**

Tank: 241-AZ-101

$$AZ101 = \frac{5.25 \cdot 10^4 \mu Ci + 2.92 \cdot 10^5 \mu Ci}{4.77 \cdot 10^7 g + 2.66 \cdot 10^8 g} = 1.10 \cdot 10^{-3} \frac{\mu Ci}{g(sludge)}$$

(4) Adjusted analyte concentrations for all tanks containing potential TRU wastes

#### **Example Calculation**

Analyte: 129

$$TRU = 5 \cdot 10^{-12} + 0 + 0 + 0 + 3 \cdot 10^{-7} + 1 \cdot 10^{-10} + 7 \cdot 10^{-11} + 5 \cdot 10^{-12} + 5 \cdot 10^{-12} + 0 + 0 + 0$$

$$= 3 \cdot 10^{-7} \frac{\mu Ci}{g \ (solids)}$$

Results

(1) Adjusted analyte concentrations for all tanks

									μ·Ci	ma ma									
1E-004	1E+001	1E+001	3E-002	2E-002	1E+002	1E+002	1E-002	1E-002	10E-003	4E-004	1E-004	3E-004	7E-004	10E-003	3E-002	7E-003	2E-001	4E-002	3E-007
							-		T102-	- 701									
									μ·Ci	mg									
3E-007)	6E-001	5E-001	10E-004	2E-002	5E-001	5E-001	2E-004	2E-008	10E-003	4E-004 g	3E-004	1E-006	2E-002	7E-003	9E-001	2E-001	9E-002	9E-001	8E-006)
(3E	99	5E	10	2E	5E	5E	2E	2E	100		3E		2E	7E	16	2E	9E	9E	8 ×
									Ī	-									
									μ·C	•									
SE-007	2E+000	2E+000	8E-005	8E-002	4E+001	4E+001	1E-003	7E-008	9E-002	4E-003	7E-004	6E-006	2E-006	9E-002	6E-004	4E-005	1E-004	3E-005	(2E-010)
									D103_	= C01G									
									ij	١ <sub>=</sub>									
5E-007)	1E+000	1E+000	1E-004	2E+002	1E+003	1E+003	7E-003	6E-007	1E-002 μ·Ci	6E-004 gm	2E-004	2E-005	2E-001	1E-002	2E+000	6E-001	9E+000	7E+000	9E-005
( 5E-	豆	当	-H	2E+	IE+	15	7E-	6E-			2E-	2E-	2E-	핀	2E+	6E-	9E+	7E+	-36 )
									0.0	B101E									
_									μ·Ci	Es.									
1E-003	7E+002	7E+002	1E-003	4E+002	2E+004	2E+004	2E-001	5E-004	2E-003	10E-005	3E-004	4E-002	5E-001	2E-003	4E+000	1E+000	8E+001	2E+001	1E-004
								_		AZ101 =			16.						
									•	₹									
"1291"	"137Cs"	"137mBa"	"14C"	"151Sm"	"90Sr"	"406"	"99Tc"	"233U"	"234U"	"235U"	"236U"	"237Np"	"238Pu"	"238U"	"239Pu"	"240Pu"	"241Am"	"241Pu"	"242Pu"
		=		_								_							

Adjusted Analyte Concentrations.pdf

(0E+000)	2E-002	2E-002	2E-007	5E-003	2E-003	2E-003	2E-008	2E-015	2E-009 μ·Ci	9E-011 gm	3E-011	2E-007	2E-003	2E-009	2E-001	3E-002	4E-002	4E-002	
									2000	D204=									
									μ·Ci										
/ OE+000	6E-003	6E-003	2E-007	6E-003	6E-002	6E-002	2E-008	3E-012	3E-006	1E-007	4E-008	8E-007	2E-003	3E-006	2E-001	3E-002	3E-002	SE-002	
										= 2023 u									
0E+000	7E-002	7E-002	2E-007	6E-003	3E+000	3E+000	5E-003	1E-010	1E-004 µ·Ci	5E-006 gm	2E-006	2E-007	2E-003	1E-004	IE-001	2E-002	7E-002	7E-002	_
0		7	- 5	9	3	3	~	_		5   5	2	2	2		_	2	7	7	_
									μ·Ci										
SE-012	1E-001	1E-001	1E-007	4E-003	2E+000	2E+000	1E-008	4E-011	5E-005	2E-006	SE-007	1E-007	6E-003	5E-005	8E-001	4E-002	3E-002	8E-003	
										=1079									_
									μĊ	ES.									
(8E-005)	1E+000	1E+000	6E-004	2E-002	4E+000	4E+000	8E-004	7E-003	5E-003	2E-004	8E-005	1E-006	6E-004	5E-003	2E-002	6E-003	3E-003	3E-002	
										= 011									
	"129I" )	13/Cs"	13/mba "14C"	"1516m"	"908r"	"A00."	"90Te"	"73311"	173411"	"73511"	1119861	"237Np"	"738Pu"	"7381T"	"730Pi"	"240Pi"	"241 Am"	"741Pi"	3 : 1

Adjusted Analyte Concentrations.pdf

									μ.Ci										
0E+000	6E-003	6E-003	2E-007	6E-003	2E-003	2E-003	2E-008	4E-011	3E-005	2E-006	5E-007	2E-007	1E-003	4E-005	2E-001	2E-002	3E-002	3E-002	3E-007
									6	= 7071									
_			_						r.C.										_
SE-012	2E-002	2E-002	1E-007	4E-003	6E-002	6E-002	1E-008	2E-015	2E-009	10E-011	2E-011	1E-007	2E-003	2E-009	7E-001	5E-002	4E-002	3E-002	2E-007
									Local	= 1071									
									μ·Ci										
(7E-011)	9E-002	9E-002	7E-007	9E-003	4E+000	4E+000	8E-003	1E-000	1E-003	SE-005	1E-005	3E-007	6E-004	1E-003	1E-001	1E-002	5E-002	2E-002	2E-007
								-	Ę										
									u.Ci	ES.									
(1E-010)	1E-002	1E-002	1E-006	1E-002	2E-002	2E-002	7E-007	7E-012	7E-006 μ·Ci	3E-007	7E-008	3E-005	4E-004	7E-006	6E-002	6E-003	5E-003	8E-003	(8E-008)
T110=																			
									μ·Ci	ma									
3E-007)	1E-001	1E-001	4E-005	6E-002	2E+000	2E+000	6E-004	3E-010		1E-005	4E-006	1E-006	2E-003	3E-004	1E-001	2E-002	2E-002	4E-002	(7E-007)
						.,		. 1	7104	_	7			-			.4	7	٦
1291"	"137Cs"	"137mBa"	"14C"	"151Sm"	"90Sr"	"A06"	"99Tc"	"233U"	"234U"	"235U"	"236U"	"237Np"	"238Pu"	"238U"	"239Pu"	"240Pu"	"241Am"	"241Pu"	"242Pu" )
										-			-						

									μ·Ci	mg									
(0E+000)	6E-003	6E-003	2E-007	6E-003	4E-003	4E-003	2E-008	4E-013	4E-007	2E-008	5E-009	6E-007	2E-003	4E-007	2E-001	2E-002	2E-002	4E-002	4E-007
									F	= t07 I									
									μ·Ci	E E									
(0E+000)	6E-003	6E-003	2E-007	6E-003	2E-003	2E-003	2E-008	1E-012	1E-006	SE-008	1E-008	7E-007	2E-003	1E-006	2E-001	3E-002	4E-002	4E-002	SE-007
									T303	= 6071									
("1291")	"137Cs"	"137mBa"	"14C"	"151Sm"	"90Sr"	"¥06"	"99Tc"	"233U"	"234U"	"235U"	"236U"	"237Np"	"238Pu"	"238U"	"239Pu"	"240Pu"	"241Am"	"241Pu"	( "242Pu" )

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# ORIGIN OF WASTE IN SINGLE-SHELL TANK 241-T-105

M. E. Johnson

CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc.

Richland, WA 99352

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Abstract: A review of waste transfer documentation was conducted to determine the origin of waste transferred into single-shell tank 241-T-105. This review was conducted to support decisions concerning disposition of the waste present in this tank.

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# Tank Farm Contractor (TFC) RECORD OF REVISION

(1) Document Number RPP-16764

Page 1

(2) Title

Origin of Waste in Single-Shell Tank 241-T-105

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?S <sup>;</sup>	Add - Executive Summary and Section 4: Discussion that the radionuclide inventory is based on analyses of five core samples and used 10-11-2004 best basis inventory.	M.E.Johnson	Shadaay 12/15/04.
	Add - Section 2: Expanded discussion on types of records reviewed and information available in each of these records.		
	Add - Sections 2.2 & 3.1: Added discussion that plutonium precipitate separated from uranium and fission products was washed three times and the wash water combined with the uranium and fission product solution.		
	Add - Section 2.2.1: Added discussion that a separate transfer line from diversion box 241-T-153 to tank 241-T-104 was installed in 1944 to allow transfer of 1C/CW waste to tank 241-T-105 and 2C waste to tank 241-T-105. Tank 241-T-104 was operated at a level to avoid overflow.	•	
	Add - Section 2.2.7: Included discussion on operating history for tank 241-S-107 prior to receipt of REDOX coating removal waste, some of which was transferred to tank 241-T-105.		
	Add - Section 2.2.8: Indicated that analyses of HLO waste and tank 241-T-105 supernatant were not located.		
	Add - Section 2.2.9: Indicated that analyses of T Plant equipment decon wastes transferred to tank 241-T-105 were not located.		
	Add - Section 2.2.10: Included discussion on operating history for tank 241-BX-104 prior to receipt of B Plant cesium ion exchange waste, some of which was transferred to tank 241-T-105.	,	·
	Add - Section 2.2.12: Included discussion on comparison of sample results and waste types transferred into tank 241-T-105		

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	based on Tank Interpretive Report.		
	Add - Section 3.1: Spent nuclear fuel reprocessing completed in the 221 BiPO4 process when plutonium was separated from the metal waste.		
	Change - Table 6: Sr concentrations reported for samples from tanks T-108 (top), T-108 (bottom), C-112 and average for 1C/CW were incorrectly transcribed from the reference document. Error was corrected.		
	Add - Section 3.1.1: Included discussion on off-gas scrubbers and silver chemical reactors that were installed in the 221 BiPO4 Plants.		

# ORIGIN OF WASTE IN SINGLE-SHELL TANK 241-T-105

M. E. Johnson CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc.

Date Published October 2004

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Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy Office of River Protection

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

A review of waste transfer documentation was conducted to determine the origin of waste transferred into single-shell tank 241-T-105. This review was conducted to support decisions concerning disposition of the waste present in this tank.

Tank 241-T-105 presently contains approximately 98,000 gallons of sludge. Based on the waste transfer history, the sludge stored in tank 241-T-105 is comprised of first decontamination cycle waste (1C), second decontamination cycle (2C) waste, and coating removal waste (CW) from operation of the 221-T Bismuth Phosphate Plant, coating removal waste from operation of the 202-S Reduction-Oxidation (REDOX) Plant, and equipment decontamination waste from the 221-T Plant.

A total of five core samples of the sludge contained in tank 241-T-105 were obtained in March 1993, June 1993 and June 1997 and analyzed to determine radiochemical and chemical concentrations. Based on analyses of these core samples and waste templates, the concentration of transuranic elements in the tank 241-T-105 sludge is approximately 427.4  $\eta$ Ci/g. The concentrations of cesium-137 and strontium-90 in the sludge contained in tank 241-T-105 are approximately 10.4  $\mu$ Ci/g and 58.7  $\mu$ Ci/g, respectively, decay corrected to January 1, 2004.

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### **LIST OF TERMS**

first cycle of the bismuth phosphate plutonium decontamination process second cycle of the bismuth phosphate plutonium decontamination process

5-6 low activity cell drainage waste

CAW Current Acid Waste cc cubic centimeters

Ci curies

CW Coating waste

DOE U.S. Department of Energy

ft<sup>2</sup> square feet
g/gal grams per gallon
g/L grams per liter
g/mL grams per milliliter

kg kilograms

HLO Hanford Laboratories waste

IX Ion Exchange

M molarity or moles per liter

MW Metal waste

PAS PUREX Acidified Sludge PTA phosphotungstic acid

PUREX Plutonium Uranium Extraction Plant

REDOX Reduction-Oxidation Plant

ηCi/g nanocuries per gram

μCi/cc micro-curies per cubic centimeters

μCi/g micro-curies per gram
 μCi/gal micro-curies per gallon
 μCi/L micro-curies per liter
 μCi/mL micro-curies per milliliter

μg/cc micrograms per cubic centimeters

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mu g/g & \text{micrograms per gram} \\ \mu g/L & \text{micrograms per liter} \end{array}$ 

### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The origin of the waste in tank 241-T-105 has been reviewed to provide information for determining the disposition of this waste. Section 2.0 discusses the origin of waste transferred into and removed from single-shell tank 241-T-105. Section 3.0 provides a description of the different types of wastes that were generated at the Hanford Site chemical processing plants and transferred to single-shell tank 241-T-105. Section 4.0 provides a discussion on the radionuclide analyses of the waste in single-shell tank 241-T-105. Section 5.0 summarizes the waste types that were transferred into single-shell tank 241-T-105.

### 2.0 WASTE TRANSFER INTO AND WASTE REMOVAL FROM TANK 241-T-105

This section provides a brief description of single-shell tank 241-T-105 and summarizes waste transfers into and waste removal from these tanks. In order to determine the origins of the waste presently stored in single-shell tank 241-T-105, publicly available reports for the Hanford Site were reviewed. Documents reviewed included the Hanford site contractors' monthly reports (1945 through 1975), Army Corp of Engineers monthly reports (December 1944 through December 1946), U. S. Atomic Energy Commission monthly reports (1947 through 1954), waste disposal reports (1948 through 1975), tank farm waste status summary reports, and miscellaneous letters and technical reports.

The Hanford site contractors' monthly reports for January 1945 through July 1951 list the volume of waste stored in the single-shell tanks, with the exception of the B-200 and T-200 series single-shell tanks. No records were located that provided the volume of wastes stored in the single-shell tanks from August 1951 through February 1952. Beginning in March 1952, waste transfers and the volume of waste stored in each single-shell tank were reported for each tank in a waste status summary report.

With the exception of the waste status summary reports, all reports cited in this section are available electronically from the Hanford Declassified Document Retrieval System at <a href="http://www2.hanford.gov/declass/">http://www2.hanford.gov/declass/</a> or the DOE Information Bridge at <a href="http://www.osti.gov/bridge/">http://www.osti.gov/bridge/</a>. The waste status summary reports are available only as photocopies from Hanford Site Records Information Management Services organization.

### 2.1 DESCRIPTION OF TANK 241-T-105

Single-shell tank 241-T-105 was originally constructed in 1944 as part of the Manhattan Project (HW-10475-C, Chapter IX) and is one of the twelve, 100-series tanks in 241-T Tank Farm. Figure 1 provides a plan view of tank 241-T-105. The 100-series tanks are seventy-five-foot diameter underground tanks made of reinforced concrete with a steel liner on the bottom and sides. The steel liner extends to a height of nineteen-foot. Each 100-series tank has a design capacity of 530,000 gallons at a liquid depth of 16 feet, 8 inches. The 241-T Tank Farm also includes four 200-series tanks that are of similar construction as the 100-series tanks, but are only twenty-foot diameter and each have a capacity of 55,000 gallons.

Single-shell tank 241-T-105 is equipped with six, 3-inch diameter inlet / outlet nozzles, as depicted in Figure 1. Tank 241-T-105 was the second tank in the cascade that included tanks 241-T-104 and 241-T-106. Each tank in the cascade was located at an elevation of one foot lower than the preceding tank so that waste would gravity flow through the overflow pipeline from the filled tank to the next tank in the cascade. Tank 241-T-104 was connected via an underground overflow pipeline to nozzle N2 on tank 241-T-105. Nozzle N1 on tank 241-T-105 (see Figure 1) was connected to tank 241-T-106 via an underground overflow pipeline. Tank 241-T-105 was also connected in July 1946 via nozzle N6 to an underground pipeline (line number V-699) to diversion box 241-T-153 (HAN-45762, pages 15 and 32). The remaining three nozzles (N3, N4, and N5) on tank 241-T-105 were blanked off close to the tank when this tank was constructed in 1944 (HW-10475-C, pages 907 and 908).

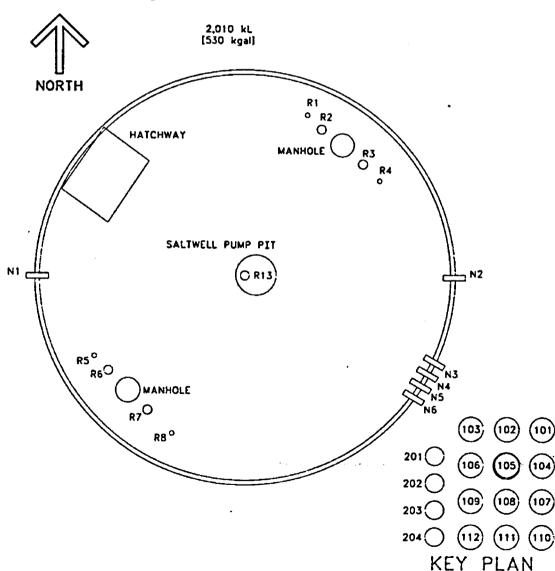


Figure 1. Tank 241-T-105 Plan View.

### 2.2 WASTE TRANSFERS FOR TANK 241-T-105

Waste transfers into tank 241-T-105 and the operation of the tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 as a cascade are discussed in chronological order. A chronological listing is provided in Appendix A of waste transfers into and waste removal from tank 241-T-105 from 1945 through 1977. Section 3.0 describes the operation of the processing facilities that generated the waste types transferred into tank 241-T-105.

### 2.2.1 221-T Plant 2C Waste (July 1946 - April 1948)

Tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 were originally designated as a spare cascade of tanks that were intended to receive second decontamination cycle (2C) waste from operations at the 221-T Bismuth Phosphate Plant (see Section 3.0). However, the cascade of tanks that was receiving first decontamination cycle (1C) and coating removal waste (CW) from the 221-T Plant became filled in 1946, necessitating the use of tank 241-T-104 to store the 1C/CW waste. Piping modifications were conducted in July 1946 to allow tanks 241-T-104 and 241-T-105 to be filled independently. A separate transfer pipeline was established from diversion box 241-T-153 to tank 241-T-105 (HAN-45762, pages 15 and 32). A transfer line from diversion box 241-T-153 to tank 241-T-104 was installed when the 241-T tank farm was originally constructed in 1944. Tank 241-T-105 was still connected via the underground overflow pipeline to tank 241-T-106. Tank 241-T-104 was then used to receive 1C/CW waste from the 221-T Plant, but was maintained at an operating level that prevent waste cascading to tank 241-T-105 (see RPP-16129).

The cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 originally receiving 2C waste from the 221-T Plant also became filled in July 1946 (RPP-13873, page 3). Beginning on July 22, 1946, 2C waste from the 221-T Plant was diverted to tank 241-T-105 (HAN-45800-DEL, page 64 and HW-7-4542-DEL, page 21). Tanks 241-T-105 became filled with 2C waste in June 1947 and began to cascade waste into tank 241-T-106. Tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 continued to receive 2C waste from the 221-T Plant until March 1948, when these two tanks were reported as being filled (HW-9595-DEL, page 32).

Plans were initiated in October 1946 to dispose of the 2C supernatant contained in tanks 241-T-105, 241-T-106, 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 to an underground crib (HW-7-5362-DEL, page 27). A new underground crib (designated as 241-T-3) was constructed in 1947. Tank 241-T-110 would be used to settle solids that formed in the 2C waste, with the supernatant cascading by gravity flow into tank 241-T-111 and then into tank 241-T-112. The clarified 2C supernatant would be jetted from tank 241-T-112 to the underground crib. Crib disposal of the clarified 2C supernatant was authorized on an experimental basis (HW-10321). The 2C waste contained in tank 241-T-111 was jetted to this underground crib in September 1947 (HW-7795-DEL, page 26).

Prior to September 1945, the 2C waste was neutralized to a pH of approximately 10 in 221-T Plant before transfer to the single-shell tanks (HW-3-3220, page 13). Beginning in

September 1945, the pH of the 2C waste was adjusted to approximately pH 7 in 221-T Plant before transfer to the single-shell tanks. This adjustment was done to cause the precipitation of bismuth and plutonium in the 2C waste so that the supernatant would contain a lower concentration of plutonium (HW-7-2548-DEL, page 22 and HW-7-2706-DEL, page 21). As a result, tank 241-T-105 contained settled 2C solids (i.e., bismuth and plutonium precipitate) and 2C supernatant. The level of sludge in tank 241-T-105 was reported 5 feet, 6 inches, as of April 29, 1948 (HAN-45807-DEL, page 55), which corresponds to a sludge volume of 161,030 gallons.

Approximately 360,000 gallons of 2C supernatant were jetted from tank 241-T-105 to crib number 241-T-3 in April 1948 (HW-9922-DEL, page 31). After removal of the 2C supernatant, tank 241-T-105 was used to store 1C/CW waste as discussed in Section 2.2.2.

In July and August 1948, the 2C supernatant present in tank 241-T-106 was jetted to the 241-T-3 crib (HW-10714-DEL, page 32 and HW-10993-DEL, page 35). Crib disposal of approximately 450,000 gallons of the 2C waste in tank 241-T-112 was initiated on August 4, 1948 (HW-10993-DEL, page 35) and halted in September 1948 (HW-11226-DEL, page 32). While the 2C supernatant was being removed from tanks 241-T-105, 241-T-106, and 241-T-112, 2C waste from the 221-T Plant was collected in tank 241-T-110, which cascaded to tanks 241-T-111 and 241-T-112. The 2C sludge settled in tanks 241-T-110 and 241-T-111 with the supernatant cascading by gravity flow into tank 241-T-111 and then into tank 241-T-112. The clarified 2C supernatant was periodically transferred from tank 241-T-112 to the crib (RPP-13873, page 3).

# 2.2.2 221-T Plant 1C/CW Waste (May 1948 - April 1951)

After removing the 2C supernatant, 1C/CW waste from the 221-T Plant was jetted via diversion box 241-T-153 to tank 241-T-105 beginning in May 1948 (HW-10166-DEL, page 33 and HAN-45807-DEL, page 55). The 1C/CW waste accumulated atop the 2C sludge present in tank 241-T-105. Tank 241-T-105 was reported as being filled in August 1948, and the 1C/CW waste began overflowing to tank 241-T-106. Tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 were reported as being filled in January 1949 (HW-12391-DEL, page 38). The 1C/CW waste generated at the 221-T Plant was then transferred to the cascade of single-shell tanks 241-TX-109, 241-TX-110, 241-TX-111, and 241-TX-112.

Prior to October 1945, the 1C/CW waste was neutralized to a pH of approximately 10 in 221-T Plant before transfer to the single-shell tanks (HW-3-3220, page 13). Beginning in October 1945, the pH of the 1C/CW waste was adjusted to approximately pH 7 in 221-T Plant before transfer to the single-shell tanks. This adjustment was done to cause the precipitation of bismuth and plutonium in the 1C/CW waste so that the supernatant would contain a lower concentration of plutonium (HW-7-2706-DEL, page 21). As a result, the 1C/CW waste in tank 241-T-105 precipitated a sludge that contained bismuth and plutonium. The 1C/CW sludge settled atop of the 2C sludge already present in tank 241-T-105. A separate 1C/CW supernatant phase formed atop the 2C and 1C/CW sludges present in tank 241-T-105. The waste stored in tank 241-T-105 sat undisturbed until April 1951 when the supernatant was transferred to the tanks 241-TX-117 and 241-TX-118 for evaporation.

In April 1951, the 1C/CW supernatants stored in tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 were transferred to tanks 241-TX-117 and 241-TX-118 (HW-20991-DEL, page 53). Following removal of the 1C/CW supernatant, an estimated 470,000 gallons of sludges remained in these three tanks. The sludge volume in individual tanks was not reported. The 1C/CW supernatant present in tanks 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109 was also transferred to tanks 241-TX-117 and 241-TX-118 in May 1951 (HW-21260-DEL, pages 57 and 58), June 1951 (HW-21506-DEL, page 57), and July 1951 (HW-21802-DEL, page 42).

The 1C/CW supernatants in tanks 241-TX-117 and 241-TX-118 were processed in the 242-T Evaporator from April 28, 1951 (HW-20991-DEL page 54 and HAN-63671-DEL, page 40) through July 1951 (HW-21802-DEL, page 42). The concentrated 1C/CW supernatant waste (i.e., evaporator bottoms) was stored in tanks 241-TX-116 and 241-TX-117. The evaporator bottoms in tanks 241-TX-116 and 241-TX-117 were eventually processed again through the 242-T Evaporator to further concentrate these wastes for storage in tanks 241-TX-110 and 241-TX-111.

# 2.2.3 221-T Plant 1C/CW Waste (August 1951 - January 1954)

After evaporating the 1C/CW supernatant, the cascade of tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 again received 1C/CW waste from the 221-T Plant. No record could be found of the precise date that 1C/CW waste was diverted to the cascade of tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106. However, tank 241-T-104 was reported as being filled with 1C/CW waste in August 1951. The 1C/CW waste then began to cascade from tank 241-T-104 into tank 241-T-105. Tank 241-T-105 was reported as being filled with 1C/CW waste on October 26, 1951. The 1C/CW waste then began to cascade from tank 241-T-105 into tank 241-T-106. Tank 241-T-106 was reported as being filled with 1C/CW waste on December 22, 1951 (HW-33591, page 12).

As previously discussed in Section 2.2.2, the 1C/CW waste formed a bismuth and plutonium precipitate in tank 241-T-105. The newly formed 1C/CW precipitate settled atop the 2C and 1C/CW sludge already present in tank 241-T-105. A measurement of the supernatant and sludge levels in tank 241-T-105 obtained in January 1953 indicated a supernatant volume of 381,000 gallons and a sludge volume of 149,000 gallons (HW-27842, page 10). The waste stored in tank 241-T-105 sat undisturbed until January 1954, allowing the sludge to fully settle and decay of radionuclides with short half-lives.

# 2.2.4 Trench Disposal of 1C/CW Supernatant (January 1954)

Plans were made to allow the 1C/CW waste to remain in the cascade of tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 for one year to allow for the decay of short-lived fission products, after which the supernatant was to be processed in the 242-T Evaporator (HW-27838, page 32). However, evaporation of the supernatant contained in these tanks was not conducted.

Instead, the 1C/CW supernatant contained in these tanks was discharged to trenches. On January 22, 1954, approximately 144,375 gallons of the 1C/CW supernatant contained in tank

241-T-105 were transferred into the east section of trench 241-T-1 (later renamed to trench 216-T-14). On January 29, 1954, approximately 242,000 gallons of the 1C/CW supernatant contained in tank 241-T-105 were transferred into a section of trench 241-T-2 (later renamed trench number 216-T-15). The composition of the 1C/CW supernatant discharged from tank 241-T-105 to these trenches is provided in Table 1 (HW-33591, page 12).

The 1C/CW supernatant contained in tanks 241-BX-110, 241-BX-111, 241-BX-112, 241-BY-106, 241-BY-110, 241-T-104, 241-T-105, 241-T-106, 241-TX-109, 241-TX-110, and 241-TX-111, and 1C/CW evaporator bottoms contained in tanks 241-B-107, 241-B-108, 241-B-109, 241-TY-101, and 241-TY-102 were also discharged to trenches from January 1954 through November 1954 (HW-33591, pages 11 and 12 and HW-38562, pages 10, 28 and 29). The disposal of 1C/CW supernatant and evaporator bottoms to these trenches was based on the concept of retaining fission products, plutonium, and uranium in the soil column. Trench disposal of the 1C/CW supernatant and evaporator bottoms was thought to be an economical method for providing additional capacity in the single-shell tanks for storage of wastes with higher radioactivity (HW-34281).

Table 1. Composition of Tank 241-T-10s	5 1C/CW Supernatant Discharg	ged to Trench.
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Analyte	Concentra	tion (μCi/mL)
Analyte	Trench 216-T-14	Trench 216-T-15
Plutonium (Pu)	4.7E-05	5.0E-05
Uranium (U)	1.8E-05	1.7E-05
Cesium (Cs)	0.42	0.44
Strontium (Sr)	8.7E-03	2.2E-02
рН	10.0	9.8
Volume (gallons)	144,375	242,000

Following the trench disposal of the 1C/CW supernatant, tank 241-T-105 contained approximately 4,000 gallons of 1C/CW supernatant and 149,000 gallons of sludge (HW-30851, page 5). The sludge in tank 241-T-105 was comprised of 2C and 1C/CW sludge from the 221-T Plant.

### 2.2.5 221-T Plant 1C/CW Waste (March 1954 – December 1954)

On February 23, 1954, the cascade of tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 again received 1C/CW waste from the 221-T Plant (HW-31126, page 5). Tank 241-T-104 was reported as being filled with 1C/CW waste on March 23, 1954, and waste began to cascade into tank 241-T-105 (HW-31374, page 5 and HAN-62359-DEL, April 5, 1954, page 11). Tank 241-T-105 was reported as being filled with 1C/CW waste on June 17, 1954 (HW-32389, page 5). The 1C/CW waste then began to cascade from tank 241-T-105 into tank 241-T-106. Tank 241-T-106 was reported as being filled with 1C/CW waste in August 26, 1954 (HAN-62359-DEL, September 8, 1954, page 21). The cascade of tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105,

and 241-T-106 stopped receiving 1C/CW waste on August 26 1954, and the 1C/CW waste from the 221-T Plant was routed to the cascade of tanks 241-TX-109, 241-TX-110, and 241-TX-111 (HAN-62359-DEL, September 8, 1954, page 21).

In November and December 1954, approximately 342,000 gallons of 1C/CW supernatant stored in tank 241-T-105 was transferred to tank 241-TX-118 (HW-33904, page 5 and HW-34412, page 5). Following removal of the 1C/CW supernatant, an estimated 188,000 gallons of sludges remained in tank 241-T-105. The 1C/CW supernatants in tank 241-TX-118 were processed in the 242-T Evaporator in December 1954 (HW-34147-DEL, page Ed-5). The concentrated 1C/CW supernatant waste (i.e., evaporator bottoms) was stored in tank 241-TX-117.

### 2.2.6 221-T Plant Coating Removal Waste (January 1955 to March 1956)

Beginning on October 20, 1954, nickel ferrocyanide scavenging of the 1C waste was conducted in T-Plant to precipitate cesium-137 and strontium-90 (HW-33585-DEL, page Ed-8 and HW-33184). The precipitated 1C waste slurry was transferred separate from the coating removal waste to tank 241-TY-101 for settling of the precipitate and discharge of the scavenged (i.e., cesium and strontium depleted) supernatant to a trench (HW-33544, page 7 and HAN-62359-DEL, November 4, 1954, page 34). Tanks 241-TY-103 and 241-TY-104 were also used to receive the precipitated 1C waste slurry from the 221-T Plant (HW-36001, page 7, and HW-41812, page 7) until the 221-T Plant was shut down in September 1956.

The coating removal waste (CW) from the 221-T Plant was transferred to tank 241-T-105 beginning in January 1955 (HW-35022, page 5). Tank 241-T-105 continued to receive CW waste from the 221-T Plant until March 1956. The 221-T Bismuth Phosphate process was shut down in March 1956 and cleanout of the facility was conducted (see Section 3.1.2). Tank 241-T-105 did not receive any waste from the cleanout activities conducted at the 221-T Plant. No waste transfers were made into or waste removal from tank 241-T-105 from April 1956 through May 1965.

## 2.2.7 Reduction-Oxidation Plant (REDOX) Plant Coating Removal Waste (June 1965)

In June 1965, approximately 210,530 gallons of supernatant were transferred from tank 241-S-107 to tank 241-T-105. Approximately 188,530 gallons of supernatant was transferred through the overflow line from tank 241-T-105 to tank 241-T-106. The supernatant present in tank 241-S-107 was coating removal waste from the REDOX Plant (ISO-806, pages 5 and 7). Operation of the REDOX Plant is discussed in Section 3.3.

Tank 241-S-107 is similar in design as tank 241-T-105, but has a nominal operating capacity of 758,000 gallons. Tank 241-S-107 was operated for a period of time as a cascade along with tanks 241-S-108 and 241-S-109. The first waste received into tank 241-S-107 was high level waste from the 202-S REDOX Plant, which was transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-S-107, 241-S-108 and 241-S-109 from August 25, 1952 (HW-27839, page 23) through February 8, 1953 (HW-27775, page 12). The cascade then received 'centrifuge cake waste' from the REDOX Plant from February 9, 1953 through May 1954 (HW-32110, page 7).

The cascade of tanks 241-S-107 through 241-S-109 then received coating removal waste from the REDOX Plant from November 1954 (HW-33904, page 7) through April 1955, at which time the cascade was filled (HW-36553, page 7). Tank 241-S-107 contained approximately 758,000 gallons of high-level and coating waste from the REDOX Plant as of April 1955. Approximately 182,000 gallons of supernatant was transferred from tank 241-S-107 to tank 241-S-106 in October 1955 (HW-39850, page 7) so that the tank could again receive coating removal waste from the REDOX Plant. By January 17, 1956, tank 241-S-107 was filled with 757,000 gallons of high-level and coating waste from the REDOX Plant (HW-41038, page 7). No waste was added or removed from tank 241-S-107 until July 1957, when 202,000 gallons of supernatant were transferred to tank 241-U-107, leaving 541,000 gallons of REDOX Plant waste in tank 241-S-107 (HW-51858, page 7). Tank 241-S-107 again received REDOX Plant coating removal waste from August 1957 (HW-52414, page 7) through the first quarter of calendar year 1967 (ISO-806, page 7). The coating removal waste was transferred to other single-shell tanks in the 200 West Area.

A total of approximately 2.5 million gallons of REDOX Plant coating removal waste was transferred into tank 241-S-107 from November 1954 through May 1965, before transferring REDOX Plant coating removal waste to tank 241-T-105. An additional 0.7 million gallons of coating removal waste was transferred through tank 241-S-107 from June 1965 through the first quarter of calendar year 1967 (LA-UR-97-311). The original 758,000 gallons of REDOX Plant high-level waste received in tank 241-S-107 between August 1952 through May 1954 was diluted by a factor of about 3.3 by May 1965, due to the receipt of the approximately 2.5 million gallons of coating removal waste.

Tank 241-T-105 contained a mixture 2C and 1C/CW sludges from the 221-T Plant, 221-T Plant CW supernatant, and REDOX Plant CW supernatant. The supernatant in tank 241-T-105 was sampled and analyses reported in September 1965 in preparation for processing in the 242-T Evaporator (LET-092465). The September 1965 analysis of the tank 241-T-105 supernatant is presented in Table 2.

Table 2. Composition of Tank 241-T-105 REDOX CW Supernatant.

Analyte	Concentration	Units
Free hydroxide (OH)	0.779	M
Carbonate (CO <sub>3</sub> )	26.2	g/L
Aluminate (AlO <sub>2</sub> )	8.48	g/L
Fluoride (F)	0.076	g/L
Chloride (Cl)	1.39	g/L
Sodium (Na)	58	g/L
Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> )	97.5	g/L
Cyanide (CN)	Not detected	
Cesium-137	7.1E-01	μCi/mL
Zironium-Niobium-95	3.17E-01	μCi/mL
Specific Gravity	1.126	
Supernatant Volume	505,000	Gallons
Sludge Volume	58,000	Gallons

The volume of sludge reported to be in tank 241-T-105 in first quarter of calendar year 1965 was approximately 62,000 gallons. This is significantly less than the 188,000 gallons of sludge reported present in tank 241-T-105 from January 1955 through December 1964 (see Appendix A). It is possible that the REDOX coating removal waste that was transferred into tank 241-T-105 in June 1965 could have dissolved some of the 2C and 1C/CW sludges. It is also probable that the 2C and 1C/CW sludge volume was reduced by settling and compaction of these sludges.

No waste transfers were made into or waste removal from tank 241-T-105 from June 1965 through December 1966.

In the January 1967, approximately 407,000 gallons of supernatant were transferred from tank 241-T-105 to tank 241-TX-118 for processing in the 242-T Evaporator (ISO-806, page 5). A blend of 241-T-105 and previously evaporated waste (i.e., evaporator bottoms) was processed in the 242-T Evaporator in January 1967 (HAN-96590-DEL, page AIII-5) through February 1967 (HAN-96805-DEL, page AIII-5). The volume of supernatant and sludge remaining in tank 241-T-105 was 66,000 gallons and 62,000 gallons, respectively.

### 2.2.8 Hanford Laboratory Waste (March 1967 through December 1967)

The Hanford Laboratories located in 300 Areas of the Hanford Site contained hot cells for conducting research and development activities. Waste from the Hanford Laboratories (designated as HLO waste) was transported in a tanker truck to the 200 West Area for disposal into cribs (BNWC-91, page 22, and ISO-98, pages 22 and 24). If the radionuclide content of the HLO waste exceeded the limits for disposal into a crib, then the HLO waste was transferred into a single-shell tank for storage.

In March 1967, 55,000 gallons of HLO waste was transferred from the transport tanker truck into tank 241-T-105 (ISO-806, page 5 and HAN-97066-DEL, page AIII-5). A spill of HLO waste was reported in the 241-T Tank Farm, contaminating approximately 600  $\Omega^2$  of the ground to a maximum dose rate of 100 mrad per hour. Most of the contaminated soil was removed and the rest covered with gravel (HAN-97066-DEL, page AIII-5). Tank 241-T-105 received an additional 70,000 gallons in April 1967, 185,000 gallons in May 1967, and 31,000 gallons of HLO waste in June 1967 (ISO-967, page 5, HAN-97300-DEL, page AIII-4, and HAN-97845-DEL, page AIII-3). An analysis of the HLO wastes transferred to tank 241-T-105 could not be located.

At the end of June 1967, tank 241-T-105 was filled, containing approximately 66,000 gallons of REDOX CW supernatant, 396,000 gallons of HLO supernatant and approximately 62,000 gallons of 2C and 1C/CW sludges. Beginning on July 28, 1967, the HLO waste that could not be disposed to crib number 216-T-35 was collected at the REDOX Plant and processed in the REDOX D-12 concentrator (HAN-98343-DEL, page AIII-3).

In the fourth quarter of calendar year 1967, approximately 396,000 gallons of supernatant (mixture of REDOX CW supernatant and HLO supernatant) was transferred from tank 241-T-105 to tank 241-TX-118 (ARH-326, page 6). An analysis of the supernatant transferred from tank 241-T-105 to tank 241-TX-118 could not be located. This supernatant was then processed in the 242-T Evaporator. Following this transfer, tank 241-T-105 contained approximately 66,000 gallons of supernatant and 62,000 gallons of 2C and 1C/CW sludges.

### 2.2.9 T-Plant Equipment Decontamination Waste (January 1968 to June 1969)

Equipment decontamination activities at the 221-T Plant are discussed in Section 3.1.3. The 221-T Plant equipment decontamination waste had previously been transferred into crib numbers 216-T-28 and 216-T-34 (BNWC-91, page 21, and ISO-98, page 23).

In the first quarter of 1968, tank 241-T-105 received approximately 141,000 gallons of waste from equipment decontamination activities conducted in the 221-T Plant (ARII-534, page 6). An additional 127,000 gallons of waste from 221-T Plant equipment decontamination activities were transferred into tank 241-T-105 in the second quarter of calendar year 1968 (ARII-721, page 6). An analysis of the 221-T Plant equipment decontamination waste transferred to tank 241-T-105 could not be located.

Approximately 9,000 gallons of supernatant present in tank 241-T-105 were then transferred to the REDOX Plant for processing in the D-12 Evaporator. In July 1968, approximately 279,000 gallons of supernatant were transferred from tank 241-T-105 to the REDOX Plant for processing in the D-12 Evaporator (ARH-871, page 6, and PR-REPORT-JUL68-DEL, page AIII-3).

No waste transfers were made into or waste removal from tank 241-T-105 from August 1968 through March 1969. An additional 57,000 gallons of waste from 221-T Plant equipment decontamination activities were transferred into tank 241-T-105 in the second quarter of calendar year 1969 (ARH-1200 B, page 7).

In September 1969, tank 241-T-105 was reported to contain approximately 101,000 gallons of supernatant and 62,000 gallons of sludge (ARH-1200 C, page 7). However, in December 1969, the volumes of supernatant and sludge were revised. The total volume of waste present in tank 241-T-105 was unchanged. The volumes of supernatant and sludge reported in tank 241-T-105 in December 1969 were 64,000 gallons and 99,000 gallons, respectively (ARH-1200 D, page 7). No documentation for the change in the sludge level in tank 241-T-105 could be located. The change in the report volume of sludge in tank 241-T-105 may have been due to correction of a previously inaccurate sludge depth measurement or precipitation of solids. Tank 241-T-105 had previously contained REDOX CW waste (see Section 2.2.7) and HLO waste (see Section 2.2.8), which could have precipitated solids. Similarly, the 221-T Plant equipment decontamination waste may have contained solids and/or precipitated solids in tank 241-T-105.

No waste transfers were made into or waste removal from tank 241-T-105 from July 1969 through September 1972.

### 2.2.10 B-Plant Cesium Ion Exchange Waste (October 1972 to June 1974)

In the fourth quarter of calendar year 1972, approximately 316,000 gallons of waste from operation of the cesium ion exchange (IX) process and low-level waste evaporator in B-Plant was collected in tank 241-BX-104 and transferred to tanks 241-T-105 (ARH-2456 D, page 6). Operation of the B-Plant for cesium and strontium recovery is discussed in Section 3.2.

Tank 241-T-105 again received B-Plant IX waste from tank 241-BX-104 in the first quarter of calendar year 1973 (ARH-2794 A, page 6). Approximately 63,000 gallons of supernatant were received into tank 241-T-105. Approximately 4,000 gallons of supernatant were transferred from tank 241-T-105 to tank 241-T-106. An additional 452,000 gallons of B-Plant IX and low-level waste evaporator supernatant were transferred from tank 241-T-107 to tank 241-T-105 in the second quarter of calendar year 1973 (ARH-2794 B, page 6 and RPP-16765, section 2.2.9). Approximately 451,000 gallons of supernatant were then transferred from tank 241-T-105 into tank 241-T-106 (ARH-2794 B, page 6).

Tank 241-BX-104 is similar in design and capacity as tank 241-T-105. Tank 241-BX-104 was previously used from January 1949 through January 1955 to store metal waste generated from operation of the 221-B Plant (SD-WM-TI-302, pages 66, 86-88 and WHC-MR-0132, table 104-BX). The metal waste was removed from tank 241-BX-104 using hydraulic sluicing jets and transfer pumps. The tank was visually inspected with a periscope optic unit to verify removal of metal waste prior to re-use of the tank. The tank was reported as containing no waste following sluicing. Due to the retrieval method and limitation of the periscope optical inspection method, it is likely that a small quantity of metal waste solids may have been left in tank 241-BX-104. Tank 241-BX-104 received TBP Plant waste in 1956, which was then discharged to a ditch in 1957 leaving approximately 54,000 gallons of supernatant in this tank. PUREX coating removal waste was transferred to tank 241-BX-104 in 1962 (from tank 241-C-102) and in 1964 (from tank 241-C-108). The PUREX coating removal waste and TBP Plant waste heel was transferred from tank 241-BX-104 to tank 241-BY-103 in 1967, leaving a heel of approximately 7,000 gallons of supernatant and 87,000 gallons of sludge.

Tank 241-BX-104 was then used from 1967 through 1970 to receive approximately 4.6 million gallons of cesium ion exchange and evaporator waste from B-Plant. These wastes were transferred to other single-shell tanks. From 1971 through third quarter 1972, tank 241-BX-104 received and transferred to B-Plant for cesium ion exchange processing approximately 5.3 million gallons of REDOX high-level wastes. In the third quarter of 1972, tank 241-BX-104 again was used to receive cesium ion exchange waste from B-Plant, which was then transferred to other single-shell tanks. Tank 241-BX-104 had received approximately 3.8 million gallons of cesium ion exchange waste from B-Plant through the second quarter of 1973. Therefore, any other wastes types previously stored in this tank were vastly diluted and transferred to other tanks by the time the B-Plant cesium ion exchange waste was transferred from tank 241-BX-104 to tank 241-T-105 (and 241-T-107).

Tank 241-T-105 contained approximately 439,000 gallons of supernatant and 100,000 gallons of sludge following these transfers. The supernatant was mostly cesium ion exchange waste from B-Plant while the sludge was a mixture of 2C and 1C/CW from the 221-T Bismuth Phosphate Plant along with CW from the REDOX Plant.

In preparation for processing in the 242-S Evaporator, the supernatant in tank 241-T-105 was sampled in 1974 and analyses reported on September 17, 1974 (MEM-010274). The analytical results for this sampling event are presented in Table 3. Approximately 425,000 gallons of supernatant in tank 241-T-105 were transferred to tank 241-S-110 in the second quarter of calendar year 1974 for processing in the 242-S Evaporator (ARH-CD-133 B, page 6). The volumes of supernatant and sludge remaining in tank 241-T-105 were 13,000 gallons and 100,000 gallons, respectively. No additional waste transfers involving tank 241-T-105 occurred until this tank was removed from service in January 1976.

Table 3. Composition of Tank 241-T-105 Supernatant - B-Plant IX Waste.

	1974 Supernatant	
Analyte	Concentration (µCi/ml)	Units
Cesium-137	3.86E+05	μCi/gal
Cesium-134	5.53E+03	μCi/gal
Cobalt-60	5.56E+02	μCi/gal
Antimony-125	4.84E+04	μCi/gal
Ruthenium-106 / Rhodium-106	1.61E+06	μCi/gal
Strontium-89,90	Not reported	μCi/gal
Aì	0.039	M
Na	3.96	M
NO <sub>2</sub>	1.47	M
NO <sub>3</sub>	0.606	M
Pu	< 4.43E-06	g/gal
Am-241	Not reported	μCi/gal
Differential Thermal Analysis	No exotherm	
SO <sub>4</sub>	0.158	<u>M</u>
PO <sub>4</sub>	0.00571	M
F	0.0408	M
ОН	0.109	<u>M</u>
CO <sub>3</sub>	0.844	M
рН	12.7	
Specific Gravity	1.213	
Visual Observation of sample	Dark amber, trace of solids	

### 2.2.11 Salt-Well Pumping (February 1976 to April 1978)

Tank 241-T-105 was removed from service in January 1976. Removal of liquid from tank 241-T-105 was conducted from February 1976 through April 1978 as part of the program to remove interstitial liquid (i.e., saltwell pumping) from the single-shell tanks (Letter 60410-78-092). A total of 28,196 gallons of liquid waste were reported as being pumped from tank 241-T-105 to tank 241-T-101 during this period.

In May 1987, photographs were obtained of the waste surface in tank 241-T-105 to estimate the amount of liquid and sludge remaining (HNF-SD-RE-TI-178, pages 207 to 213). The estimated volume of sludge present in tank 241-T-105 was 98,025 gallons. The estimated volume of drainable liquid in the sludge was 22,812 gallons. The estimated supernatant volume in tank 241-T-105 on May 1987 was 413 gallons. Tank 241-T-105 was administratively declared having been Interim Stabilized on May 29, 1987.

### 2.2.12 Comparison with Other Reports

Waste transfers into and waste removals from tank 241-T-105 are summarized in A History of the 200 Area Tank Farms (WHC-MR-0132) for 1945 through 1980, Historical Tank Content Estimate for the Northwest Quadrant of the Hanford 200 West Area (HNF-SD-WM-ER-351), Waste Status and Transaction Record Summary (WSTRS) Rev. 4 (LA-UR-97-311) and the Tank Waste Information Network (http://twins.pnl.gov/). The information cited in Sections 2.2.1 through 2.2.11 is in agreement with these previous reports. These previous reports accurately state the volume of waste transferred into and removed from tank 241-T-105, as well as the volume of solids and total waste stored. However, there is some ambiguity over the source of the sludge present in tank 241-T-105.

The Historical Tank Content Estimate for the Northwest Quadrant of the Hanford 200 West Area (HNF-SD-WM-ER-351) indicates that tank 241-T-105 contains only 2C and 1C/CW sludges from the 221-T Bismuth Phosphate Plant. However as documented in Section 2.2, tank 241-T-105 also received coating removal waste from the T-Plant, coating removal waste from the REDOX Plant, and T-Plant equipment decontamination waste. These wastes may also have formed precipitates that settled in tank 241-T-105.

The Tank Interpretive Report (TIR) (<a href="http://twins.pnl.gov/">http://twins.pnl.gov/</a>) states the core samples obtained from tank 241-T-105 are consistent with the 2C, 1C, and CWR waste type being present in this tank. However, other waste additions including REDOX cladding wastes and aluminum cladding wastes (CW) may also have been added to the upper portion of the sludge layer. The sludge at the bottom of the tank was second cycle bismuth phosphate waste (2C). Other dilute waste additions including laboratory wastes, B Plant ion exchange waste (IX), B Plant low-level waste (BL), and T Plant decontamination wastes were assumed to be negligible or removed from the tank during supernatant transfers and salt well pumping.

The Tank Characterization Report for Single-Shell Tank 241-T-105 (HNF-SD-WM-ER-369, Rev. 2B, Appendix D) assumes REDOX high-level waste (R1) was transferred into tank 241-T-105 based on comparing the tank 241-T-105 sludge composition with the composition of REDOX high-level waste. The Tank Characterization Report for Single-Shell Tank 241-T-105 assumes the relatively high concentrations of aluminum, chrome, strontium-90, and cesium-137 present in the top layer of tank 241-T-105 sludge is characteristic of REDOX high-level waste. However, the 2004 TIR states "...upon closer evaluation, no transfer records of R1 waste were found and other R1 fission products appeared to be unreasonably high. Therefore, the upper layer of waste was determined to consist of mostly CWR1 [REDOX coating removal waste], with a small portion of 1C and no R1 waste". The TIR is the more current evaluation of the waste type present in tank 241-T-105 compared to the 1998 Tank Characterization Report for Single-Shell Tank 241-T-105.

# 3.0 TYPES OF TANK WASTE GENERATED AT THE HANFORD SITE CHEMICAL PROCESSING PLANTS

There were numerous irradiated nuclear fuel reprocessing, research and development, plutonium processing and waste management activities conducted at the Hanford Site starting in 1944. These irradiated nuclear fuel reprocessing, research and development, plutonium processing and waste management activities conducted in the processing plants are discussed further in the DOE/RL-97-02, National Register of Historic Places Multiple Property Document Form - Historic, Archaeological and Traditional Cultural Properties of the Hanford Site, Washington February 1997.

It has been established in Section 2.0 that first decontamination cycle (1C) waste mixed with coating removal waste (CW) from the 221-T Bismuth Phosphate plant was transferred into tank 241-T-104. Tank 241-T-107 also received waste from the Tri-Butyl Phosphate (221-U) Plant, cesium ion exchange waste from B-Plant, and coating removal waste from the Plutonium Uranium Extraction (PUREX) Plant. The following sections provide a discussion of these waste types.

### 3.1 221-B and 221-T Bismuth Phosphate Process Plant

B- and T-Plants were constructed in 1944 through 1945 to separate plutonium from irradiated nuclear fuel using the bismuth phosphate process. Figure 2 shows a summary of the 221-B/T Plant bismuth phosphate process, which is referred to throughout this discussion. The Bismuth Phosphate process was operated in B-Plant from April 1945 (HW-7-1649-DEL, page 21) through June 1952 (HW-25227-DEL, pages Ed-5 and Ed-6), after which the inventory of radioactive materials was removed from the facility from July 1952 through March 1953 (HW-27774). The Bismuth Phosphate process was operated in T-Plant from December 1944 (HAN-45800-DEL, page 4) through March 1956, after which the inventory of radioactive materials was removed from the facility from March 1956 (HW-42219-DEL, page ED-5) through September 1956 (HW-45707-DEL, page D-5). T-Plant was placed in layaway status in October 1956 (HW-46432-DEL, page D-5).

In the bismuth phosphate process, the aluminum cladding of spent nuclear fuel elements was dissolved in boiling sodium nitrate solution, to which sodium hydroxide was slowly added (HW-10475-C, page 403). The cladding removal waste sometimes referred to as coating waste (CW) was transferred to single-shell underground storage tanks (see item [1] in Figure 2).

Reprocessing of the spent nuclear fuel commenced with the dissolution of the uranium fuel elements. The uranium fuel elements (see item [2] in Figure 2) were then dissolved in nitric acid (HW-10475-C, Chapter IV, page 405). Water and sulfuric acid were added to the dissolved uranium metal solution, and the mixture was then transferred to the plutonium extraction section. The sulfuric acid formed a uranyl sulfate complex that prevented uranium precipitation as a phosphate in the subsequent plutonium extraction step (HW-10475-C, page 418).

Plutonium was extracted from the acid solution by addition of bismuth nitrate and phosphoric acid to form a bismuth phosphate carrier precipitate (HW-10475-C, page 503). The plutonium and bismuth phosphate carrier precipitate was centrifuged and washed three times with water to separate the acidic supernatant from the plutonium precipitate (see item [3] in Figure 2). The acidic solution remaining after the plutonium precipitation contained about 99 percent of the uranium, about 90 percent of the fission products. This separation process also removed and reduced the gamma radiation activity level in the plutonium precipitate by a factor of 10. However, zirconium is phosphate insoluble and zirconium-95 (10 percent of the activity) stayed with the plutonium product. The acidic uranium solution was then neutralized and transferred to the underground single-shell tanks as metal waste (MW). Recent laboratory testing of the bismuth phosphate flowsheet confirms this partitioning of radionuclides (internal letter 7G300-02-NWK-024, "Bismuth Phosphate Process Radionuclide Partition Factors for the Hanford Defined Waste Model"). Of the predominate radionuclides remaining in the waste, the laboratory tests indicate the percentage of cesium-137 and strontium-90 partitioned to the metal waste may have been as high as 100 percent and 89 percent, respectively.

After separating and washing the plutonium precipitate from the metal waste, reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel was completed in the 221 Plant Bismuth Phosphate process. Plutonium decontamination was conducted in the remainder of the 221 Plant Bismuth Phosphate process. The plutonium bearing cake was then dissolved in nitric acid and further decontamination of the plutonium to separate fission products was conducted (HW-10475-C, Chapter VI). Sodium bismuthate, sodium dichromate, or potassium permanganate was added to oxidize the plutonium to the +6 valence-state. This step caused the bismuth phosphate to precipitate phosphate insoluble fission products (e.g., cerium, niobium, ruthenium, and zirconium), leaving the plutonium in solution. The precipitate was separated from the plutonium-bearing solution using centrifuges and washed to remove soluble plutonium. The plutonium was reduced to the +4 valence state to form a precipitate that could be separated from the remaining soluble fission products by centrifugation.

The fission products separated from the plutonium product during this first cycle of the decontamination process (designated as 1C waste) were transferred to the single-shell tanks. The 1C waste (see item [4] in Figure 2), contained approximately 10 percent of all fission products and approximately 1.4 percent of the plutonium present in the original fuel charged to the plant (HW-23043, pages 20 and 22). After 1951, the Bismuth Phosphate process flowsheet was modified to include cerium and zirconium scavenger precipitation in the 1C by-product step to remove lanthanide and zirconium radionuclides from the plutonium product (HW-23043, page 16).

The plutonium solids from the first decontamination cycle were again dissolved in nitric acid. A second decontamination cycle (see item [5] in Figure 2) was conducted to reduced the gamma activity level by a factor of 10,000 from that in the previous dissolved metal solution, giving an overall process decontamination factor of 100,000 below that of the original solution (HW-10475-C, page 627). The second decontamination step essentially repeated the steps previously described for the first cycle decontamination. The plutonium product from the bismuth phosphate process was subsequently concentrated in the 224-T and 224-B buildings using a lanthanum fluoride precipitation process.

The second decontamination cycle wastes (designated as 2C) were also transferred to the single-shell tanks. The 2C waste contained less than 0.1 percent of the uranium and fission products and about 0.4 percent of the plutonium present in the original fuel charged to the plant (HW-23043, pages 26 and 28).

During operation of B-Plant, the 1C waste was combined with the coating removal waste and transferred to the same single-shell tank. This same practice was conducted in T-Plant from December 1944 through October 19, 1954. Beginning on October 20, 1954, nickel ferrocyanide scavenging of the 1C waste was conducted in T-Plant to precipitate cesium-137 and strontium-90 (HW-33585-DEL, page Ed-8 and HW-33184). The precipitated 1C waste slurry was transferred separate from the coating removal waste to single-shell tanks for settling of the precipitate and discharge of the scavenged (i.e., cesium and strontium depleted) supernatant to a crib.

Table 5 provides the flowsheet estimated compositions of the neutralized CW, MW, 1C, and 2C waste solutions generated from the 221-B/T bismuth phosphate plants based on the October 1, 1951 flowsheet (HW-23043). Additional analyses of the supernatant fraction of MW, 1C/CW, and 2C that was stored in single-shell tanks are provided in Tables 6 and 7. These sample analyses support that the 2C waste contained less than 0.1 percent of the fission products. Analyses of the combined 2C / 224 building / tank 5-6 waste supernatant stored in tank 241-T-112 conducted on August 6, 1952 and September 24, 1952 indicate that the total beta emitters was comprised of 35 to 50 percent ruthenium, 35 to 50 percent cesium, 4 to 8 percent cerium, yttrium, and other rare earths, and 6 to 11 percent undetermined (HW-27035, page 8).

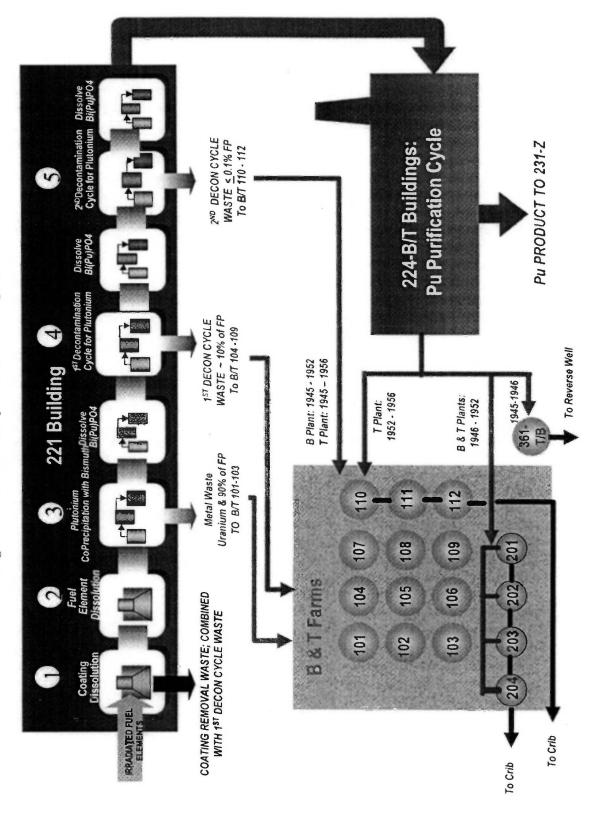


Figure 2. Bismuth Phosphate Process Diagram.

Table 4. Estimated Composition of Bismuth Phosphate Plant Wastes
From October 1, 1951 Flowsheet (1)

Analyte <sup>(2)</sup>	Coating Removal Waste	Metal Waste	First Decontamination Cycle (1C) Waste	Second Decontamination Cycle (2C) Waste	224 Building Waste
Plutonium	3.3E-04	2.0E-04	6.0E-07 <sup>(4)</sup>	1.6E-07 (5)	1.68E-04 <sup>(6)</sup>
Uranium	0.15		0.235 (4)	Not reported	2.04E-05
Gamma	6.6E+04	1.3E+07	2.3E+06 (4)	1.13E+04 (5)	1.13E+02 <sup>(6)</sup>
Sodium Aluminate (NaAlO <sub>2</sub> )	95.1				
Sodium Hydroxide (NaOH)	43.6				
Sodium Nitrate (NaNO <sub>3</sub> )	61.8				
Sodium Nitrite (NaNO <sub>2</sub> )	56.0				
Sodium Silicate (NaSiO <sub>3</sub> )	4.3			***	
Uranyl nitrate (UHN) (3)		132			
Fluorine (F)					5.6
Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> )		9.7	93.1	61.3	42.4
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )		24.4	4.73	3.61	0.35
Phosphate (PO <sub>4</sub> )		25.2	26.2	23.0	3.05
Sodium (Na)		83.2	47.3	36.7	36.8
Bismuth (Bi)			2.59	1.31	1.18
Cerium (Ce)			0.030		
Lanthanum (La)					0.49
Manganese (Mn)					0.33
Zirconium (Zr)			0.030		
Iron (Fe)			1.37	1.82	
Chrome (Cr)			0.16	0.06	0.17
Ammonia (NH <sub>4</sub> )			1.98	1.71	0.12
Silicon Hexa-Fluoride (SiF <sub>6</sub> )			4.35	3.67	
Volume per Batch (gallons)	795	2,380	2,040	2,090	2,200

### Notes:

<sup>(</sup>f) See HW-23043

<sup>(2)</sup> Analyses are reported in grams per liter, except for gamma activity, which is counts/minute/mL.

<sup>(3)</sup> HW-23043, page 31, notes that uranium is not actually present in this form, but is probably as NaUO<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> and

Na<sub>4</sub>(UO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>.

(4) Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks 13-4 and 14-3 (HW-23043, pages 20 and

<sup>(5)</sup> Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks 18-4 and 19-3 (HW-23043, pages 26 and

<sup>28).
(6)</sup> Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks A-4, D-4, B-3, and F-8 (HW-23043, pages 39, 44, 48, and 54).

Table 5. Analyses of Bismuth Phosphate Process Supernatants Stored.

Waste Type (1,2)	Tank	рН	Pu μg/L	Gross Beta millicuries/liter	Gross Gamma millicuries/liter	Date Sampled
Metal Waste	T-101	10.1	70	200 <sup>(5)</sup>	70 <sup>(5)</sup>	12-12-1946
Metal Waste	T-101	10	35	110 <sup>(5)</sup>	25 <sup>(5)</sup>	7-01-1947
Metal Waste	T-102	9.9	60	120	20	7-01-1947
Metal Waste	T-103	9.8	60	150	20	7-01-1947
1C/CW	B-109	9.9	40	0.65	0.28	3-18-1947
1C/CW	C-112	9.9	12	12	4.4	3-18-1947
2C	B-111	6.9	7.2E-02	2.0E-03	3.0E-03	7-1-1947
2C	B-112	6.8	4.32E?? (3)	1.5E-03	3.0E-03	7-1-1947
Waste Type	Tank	рН	Pu µg/L	Gross Beta Counts / minute/ cc	Gross Gamma Counts / minute/ cc	Date Sampled
2C	T-110	Not reported (4)	15	4.9E+04	30	7-13-1945
2C	T-110	9.8(4)	19	6.9E+04	55	7-25-1945
2C	B-110	9.6(4)	8.5	7.0E+04	55	7-25-1945

#### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> See HW-10728 and HW-3-3220.

<sup>(2)</sup> Solids formed in each of wastes, settling to the bottom of each tanks. These sample analyses are for the supernatant only and

are not representative of the sludges.

(3) The reported Pu sample analyses for tank B-112 seems to be in error and lacking an exponent in HW-10728.

(4) Prior to October 1945, the 1C and 2C wastes were neutralized to a pH of approximately 10. The waste collected in tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, 241-B-112, 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 were neutralized to about pH 7 after October 1945 to precipitate bismuth and plutonium (HW-3-3220, page 13).

(5) Decrease in gross beta and gross gamma concentrations shown for the T-101 waste samples are due to decay of fission products

with short half-lives.

	Table 6.	Table 6. Analyses of		Waste an	d First De	Metal Waste and First Decontamination Cycle / Coating Waste Supernatant.	ation Cyc	e / Coatir	ig Waste	Supernat	ant.	
Tank	Date Filled	Pu Pu	Gross Bets µCVce	Gross Gamma µCVcc	Sr µCVee	DCVee Cs	Ru µCVcc	Rare Earths + Y - Ce	רפ הרעינפ	Nb µCVc¢	λ Zr Zr	Te pCVcc
		Ana	Analyses of M	etal Wast	e Superna	of Metal Waste Supernatant Following Uranium Extraction (1)	wing Ura	nium Ext	raction (11)			
C-106	Not				0 44	54.2						
BX-108	Noc				0.26	132.4						
BX-109	Not				80.1	56.3						
C-112	Not				1.20	25.8						
C-109	Not				0.46	40.7						
C-111	Not specified				01.0	34.5						
Average Concentrations for Metal Waste	rations for Meta	l Waste			650	57.3						
	Analyse	Analyses of First Decontamination	Decontan		vele (1C)	Cycle (1C) Waste Mixed with Coating Removal Waste (CW) (3)	ced with C	Coating R	emoval W	/aste (CW	) (3)	
B-107	8-1945	1.715-02	0.135		0.011	010						
T-107	9-1945	1.5E-03	0.170	0 093	0 0013	0 20						
B-108	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.183	0.044	0 022	0 12						
T-108 (Top)	12-1945	2.01:-02	0.25	0 0 7 3	0 0 1 2	017	0.0066	0.047	0 007	0.0018	0	1.21:-05
T-108 (Bottom)	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.25	0.070	0.012	Not	0.0065	0.029	9900 0	0.0024	0	3E-05
1.109	3-1946	26E-03	0.14	0.082	0 00038	0.15						
8-100	4-1946	1.8E-02	0.16	0.051	100	0 11						
T-104 (Top)	7-1946	3E-03	0.51	0.130	0.00013	0.13	0.058	0:00 <del>1</del>	150 0	0.028	0 0 1 0	2.4E-05
T-104 (Bortom)	7-1946	36-03	0.52	091.0	0.00037	Not reported	0.059	0 003	0 0 0 0	0.028	0015	3.6E-05
C-110	9161-8	2E-03	0.14	19000	0.00026	0.11						
C-111	11-1946	4.2E-03	0.16	6900	0.01	0.13						
C-112	4-1947	3.1E-03	0.14	0.064	900 0	013						
U-110	4-1947	2.1E-04	0.13	6900	0 00011	017						
U-111	10-1917	3.4E-04	0.12	0000	0 00023	0.14						
TX-109 (3)	6-1646	2.7E-05	2.8	2.2	0.00087	0.27	0.34	0.0085	0.0035	0.34	1.2	8E-05
Average Concentrations for IC	rations for 1C	7.675-03	95.0	0.22	0.0058	0.15						
	-											

Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> HW-36717, Decontamination of Urantum Recovery Process Stored Wastes Interim Report, May 16, 1955, W. W. Schulz, General Electric Company, Richland, Washington.
(2) HW-20195, Radioactive Content of Stored Bismuth Phosphate First Cycle Waste Supernatants, February 5, 1951, General Electric Company, Richland, Washington.
(3) Tank TX-109 exhibits higher gross beta and gross gamma radioactivity since this tank was sampled shortly after filling and the short-lived fission products (e.g., Ru, Nb, and Zr) had not decayed appreciably.

### 3.1.1 221-T and 221-B Plant Cell Drainage Waste

During the operation of the 221-B and 221-T Bismuth Phosphate plants, failure of process equipment, cooling jackets on process vessels, and piping occurred periodically, resulting in the discharge of cooling water, chemical solutions, and process solutions (e.g., MW, 1C, 2C wastes and plutonium product solutions) to the process cells. Each of the 40 process cells in the 221-B and 221-T Plants contained a sump that was equipped with a conductivity probe beginning in August 1946 to detect a liquid leak in the process cell (HW-7-4739-DEL, page 21). The sumps gravity drained to a 24-inch diameter vitrified clay pipe that traversed under each cell and discharged to a deep, open top, stainless steel tank, number 5-7 in section 5 (cell 10) (HW-10475-C, page 914).

Cell drainage collected in tank 5-7 was jetted to tank 5-6 or tank 5-9, which were used for sampling and chemical treatment of the cell drainage solution. Waste in tanks 5-6 and 5-9 could be jetted between these two tanks. High activity waste collected in 221-T Plant and 221-B Plant tanks 5-9 could be jetted to single-shell tank 241-T-107 and 241-B-107, respectively (HW-10475-C, page 918). Alternatively, the cell drainage waste could be transferred to process vessels with the 221-T (or 221-B) Plant and processed to recover plutonium. An example of this practice is cited in the January 1948 monthly report for the Hanford Works (HW-8931-DEL, page 28). The T-Plant stack drainage waste was also collected as part of the cell drainage until May 28, 1951, after which the stack drainage was routed to the cascade of single-shell tanks 241-TX-113, 241-TX-114, and 241-TX-115 (HW-21260-DEL, page 58).

The dissolvers located in 221-B and 221-T Plant cells 5, 6 and 7 were equipped with off-gas scrubber towers in May 1948 (HAN-45807, pages 57). The dissolver off-gas scrubbers used water to adsorb iodine and remove particulates from the dissolver off-gases. The spent scrubber solution was combined with the low-activity cell drainage waste collected in tank 5-6 (HW-10728). The dissolver off-gas scrubbers were replaced with silver chemical reactors, thus eliminating the spent scrubber solution. The first silver reactor was installed in the 221-B Plant in October 24, 1950 (HW-19898 and HW-19325, page 52) and the remaining silver chemical reactors were installed in the 221-B and 221-T Plants by January 1951 (HW-20161, page 52 and HW-21826).

Cell drainage waste collected in tank 5-6 was transferred to reverse well number 216-T-3 from January 1945 through August 1946. Crib number 216-T-6 was used to dispose of the cell drainage waste from August 1946 through June 1951. After June 1951, cell drainage waste was transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 (HW-55176, part V). The quantity and composition of the cell drainage solutions discharged from tank 5-6 varied (see HW-20583, page 4, and HW-33591, page 25).

### 3.1.2 221-T Shutdown

On March 20, 1956, the processing of irradiate nuclear fuel within the 221-T Plant was halted and cleanout of process vessels was initiated (HW-42219-DEL, page Ed-4). The cleaning of process vessels was conducted using nitric acid solutions to remove residual plutonium and

fission products from the equipment. The nitric acid solutions were processed through the normal flowsheet to recover the plutonium. The nitric acid solution cleaning of the 221-T Plant process vessels was completed in June 1956 (HW-43938-DEL, page Ed-5). Peroxide and caustic flushing of process vessels in 221-T Plant was conducted in July 1956, with insignificant recovery of any additional plutonium. The peroxide and caustic flush solutions were discarded as waste to the single-shell tanks (HW-44580-DEL, page Ed-5). Cleaning of process vessels in the 221-T Plant was completed in September 1956, and the plant was placed in standby status (HW-45707-DEL, page D-5). In March 1957, the 221-T Bismuth Phosphate Plant was placed in layaway status (HW-51889).

### 3.1.3 221-T Equipment Decontamination Facility

In October 1958, plans were developed to convert the T-Plant for use as decontamination facility for equipment from the REDOX plant (HW-58051-DEL, page D-5). Work was conducted from February 1959 (HW-59434-DEL, page D-4) through June 1960 (HW-65935-DEL, page C-2) to convert the T-Plant. Equipment decontamination activities were initiated at the T-Plant in July 1960, with the receipt of a failed multipurpose dissolver from the REDOX plant (HW-66271-DEL, page C-2).

Equipment decontamination waste was transferred to various cribs and to single-shell tanks, including tank 241-T-105 (see Section 2.2.9). Crib number 216-TY-3 (renamed 216-T-28 crib) received equipment decontamination waste from T-Plant from February 1960 (HW-69071, page 23) through July 1966 (ISO-698, page 26). Crib number 216-T-28 was replaced by crib number 216-T-36, which received equipment decontamination waste from T-Plant from May 1967 (ARH-486, page 45) through February 1969 (ARH-1608, page 44). Disposal of equipment decontamination waste from T-Plant to a crib was discontinued after February 1969.

Table 7 lists the volume and radionuclide content of T-Plant equipment decontamination waste that was transferred to these cribs. No record could be located of the composition of T-Plant equipment decontamination waste that was transferred to single-shell tanks.

The curies of beta emitting radionuclides contained in the T-Plant equipment decontamination waste discharged to the crib begins to increase in 1962, reaching a maximum in 1965 and then decreases for 1966 through 1969. The increase in the curies of beta emitting radionuclides discharged from T-Plant corresponds with fission product processing activities at B-Plant and PUREX Plant. From September 1961 through January 1963, equipment within B-Plant cells 5 through 12 was replaced and/or modified for fission product processing (see Section 3.2.1). B-Plant, 244-CR Vault, 201-C Hot Semiworks, and a section of the PUREX Plant were operated from August 1963 through June 1966 to separate strontium-90 and rare earth fission products from PUREX high-level waste (see Section 3.2.1). Equipment from the fission product processing activities was decontaminated in T-Plant for repair and reuse.

In 1965, a program was implemented to reduce the radioactivity of wastes discharged to cribs (ARH-231, page 11), which corresponds with the decrease in the curies of beta emitting radionuclides discharged from T-Plant equipment decontamination activities. T-Plant equipment decontamination waste that contained radionuclides in excess of crib disposal limits was

transferred to single-shell tanks for interim storage and processing in the 242-T Evaporator beginning in August 1965 (HW-83906-E RD, pages 68a and 68b).

Table 7. T-Plant Equipment Decontamination Waste Discharged to Cribs. (3 sheets)

Year	Month	Volume (Liters * 1E+06)	Uranium (kg)	Plutonium (grams)	Beta Emitters (curies)
1960 (1)	January		1 30 de co 6 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		
	February	0.088	0.702	1.651	2.882
	March	0.062	4.54		6.787
	April	0.016	0.210	0.040	2.358
	May	0.061	2.504	0.143	1.738
	June	0.179	1.708	1.060	9.054
1960 (2)	July	0	0	0	0
	August	0.058	3.122	< 0.019	13.848
	September	0.067	0.225	0.195	0.122
	October	0.108	0.962	0.223	1.757
	November	0.067	0.009	0.212	0.009
	December	0.189	1.575	0.357	4.303
	Total for Year	0.895	15.562	3.90	43.858
1961 (3)	January	0.006	0.004	0.228	0.228
	February	0.130	8.014	0.175	11.224
	March	0.228	0.521	0.296	45.95
	April	0.117	2.98	0.147	5.318
	May	0.084	0.209	< 0.009	2.388
	June	0.276	1.989	0.375	16.622
1961 (4)	July	0.155	4.040	0.174	5.594
1701	August	0.220	2.429	2.902	13.188
	September	0.204	3.925	< 0.242	2.750
	October	0.170	1.045	0.103	76.944
	November	0.292	2.225	0.216	13.514
	December	0.306	1.736	0.237	9.169
	Total for Year	2.188	29.117	5.095	202.929
1962 (5)-	January	0.21	1.9	0.12	26.4
1902	February	0.30	9.6	0.12	150.2
	March	0.33	3.8	4.00	36.8
-	April	0.29	9.4	5.64	511.6
4	May	0.06	0.1	0.02	38.5
	June	0.00	0.1	0.02	36.3
	July	0.52	6.9	0.30	820.7
		V.34	0.9	0.30	820.7
	August	0.35	1.4		394.3
	September October	0.19	1.9		88.1
		0.19	1.7		00.1
	November	0.40	5.9	0.11	1304
	December	2.65	40.9	0.11	128.4
1963 (6)	Total for Year	0.19			2,195
1903	January		2.42	0.036	241
	February	0.12	0.98	< 0.033	42
	March	0.20	2.50	0.002	(75
	April	0.29	2.58	0.093	675
	May	0.27	3.57	0.326	185
	June	0.19	1.34	0.114	504
	July August	0.17	0.72	0.047	2,926

Table 7. T-Plant Equipment Decontamination Waste Discharged to Cribs. (3 sheets)

Year	Month	Volume (Liters * 1E+06)	Uranium (kg)	Plutonium (grams)	Beta Emitter (curies)
	September	0.20	2.02	0.052	134
	October	1.70	1.92	0.883	868
	November	1.75	1.57	1.575	1,215
* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	December	1.34	0.20	0	126
	Total for Year	6.2	17.3	3.14	6,916
1964 (7)	January	0.304	0.914	0.115	2,027
	February				
	March	0.380	5.475	0.231	4,196
	April				1,7,7
	May	0.325	2.032	0.774	1,436
	June	0.190	1.414	0.311	2,042
	July	0.170	******	0.511	2,072
	August	0.269	1.649	1.110	1,152
	September	0.200	3.850	0.053	3,923
	October	0.200	3.650	0.055	3,723
	November	0.148	0.730	0.349	353
	December	0.170	0.750	0.547	1 233
	Total for Year	1.82	16.1	2.94	15,129
	January	0.243	2.418	0.117	717.842
	February	0.243	2.410	0.117	717.042
	March	0.281	3.375	0.696	626.670
	And the second second	0.388	1.630	0.520	
	April	0.388	1.030	0.320	1,895.103
	May	0.356	2710	0.272	1 2 (0.075
	June	0.255	2.710	0.262	1,360.975
	July	0.136	0.163	0.089	92.808
	August	0.351	3.206	0.557	13,736.176
	September				
	October				-
	November	0.000	0.670		102.505
	December	0.228	2.578	1.104	123.705
745	Total for Year	1.882	15.080	3.345	18,533.279
1966 (9)	January				
	February	0.32	3.10	0.9	63.1
	March				
	April				
	May				
	June				
	July	0.31	4.79	0.1	91.5
	August				
	September				
	October				
	November				
	December				
	Total for Year	0.63	7.89	1.0	154.6
1967 (10)	January				
	February				
	March				
	April				
		0.047	0.200	1 000	30.7
	May	0.067	0.208	0.20	30.7

Table 7. T-Plant Equipment Decontamination Waste Discharged to Cribs. (3 sheets)

Year	Month	Volume (Liters * 1E+06)	Uranium (kg)	Plutonium (grams)	Beta Emitter (curies)
in the N	July	0.053	0.001	0.002	21
	August	0.106	0.104	1.61	26.8
	September				
	October				
	November	0.035	0.136	0.6	4.1
	December				
	Total for Year	0.371	0.689	2.452	92.17
968 <sup>(11)</sup>	January				
	February				
	March				
	April				
	May		dis a		
,,=	June				
	July				1000
	August				
	September	<del> </del>	***************************************		
	October	0.051	0.121	0.0034	0.909
	November		,,=		
	December	0.051	0.241	0.028	0.10
	Total for Year	0.102	0.362	0.0314	1.009
969 (12)	January				
	February	0.134	0.0006	0.0013	0.28
	March		***************************************		
	April				
	May				
	June				
	July				
	August				
	September				
	October				
	November				
	December				
	Total for Year	0.134	0.0006	0.0013	0.28
1970 (13)	No waste transf	erred to crib for entire ye	ar. Waste discharg	ge to cribs halted aft	er February 1969
(2) HW-4 (3) HW-4 (4) HW-4 (5) HW-4	69071, page 23 69072, page 23 71971, page22 72956, page 22 76638, page 22 80877, page 22				

- (6) HW-80877, page 22 (7) BNWC-91, page 21 (8) ISO-98, page 23 (9) ISO-698, page 26 (10) ARH-486, page 45 (11) ARH-1159, page (12) ARH-1608, page 44 (13) ARH-2015, page 4

# 3.2 221-B Plant Fission Products Processing

From August 1963 through June 1966, B-Plant was used in conjunction with the PUREX facility, 244-CR Vault, and the 201-C Hot Semiworks (renamed Strontium Semiworks in 1963) to separate strontium-90 and rare earths (i.e., cerium-144 and promethium-147) from high-level waste solutions. Then, from July 1966 through December 1967, equipment was replaced within B-Plant to expand the processing capability to include cesium removal from fission high-level waste solutions using ion exchange equipment. The strontium and rare earths processing equipment was also replaced to include only strontium removal using a solvent extraction equipment, followed by precipitation and centrifugation equipment for purifying the strontium. Each of the fission products processing events in the B-Plant is discussed in more detail in the following sections.

# 3.2.1 Strontium and Rare Earths Processing

On September 18, 1961 (HW-71187-DEL, page F-2), renovation of cells 5 through 12 within B-Plant canyon was initiated to use these cells for separating strontium and rare earths from a mixed fission product solution (HW-69011). Construction activities were completed, and the facility was accepted by operations on January 31, 1963 (HW-76848-DEL, page B-2). Processing of radioactive waste in cells 5 through 12 at the B-Plant commenced on August 2, 1963 (HW-78817-DEL, page B-2 and G-2).

B-Plant was used in conjunction with the PUREX facility, 244-CR Vault and the 201-C Hot Semiworks to separate strontium-90, cerium-144, and promethium-147 from high-level waste solutions. The PUREX facility generated a first cycle raffinate solution from the solvent extraction reprocessing of irradiated reactor fuel (i.e., high-level waste). The first cycle raffinate solution was highly acidic and contained most of the fission products (e.g., strontium-89/90, cerium-144, promethium-147, and cesium-137) that were separated from the uranium and plutonium during the reprocessing of irradiated reactor fuel. The acidity of the first cycle raffinate solution was reduced by addition of sugar and digestion at elevated temperature to decompose the nitric acid solution.

In a section of the PUREX facility known as the head-end, first cycle raffinate solution was reacted with sodium sulfate and lead nitrate to precipitate strontium and rare earth (i.e., cerium and promethium) fission products (HW-63051 and HW-69534). Lead co-precipitated with strontium and increased the amount of strontium precipitated from the first cycle raffinate solution. The resulting strontium and rare earth precipitate was centrifuged and washed to separate the supernatant, which contained soluble fission products such as cesium-137, zirconium-niobium-95, and ruthenium-rhodium-106. The supernatant containing the soluble fission products (e.g., cesium-137, zirconium-niobium-95, and ruthenium-rhodium-106) was neutralized and transferred to underground storage tanks. The strontium and rare earth precipitate was metathesized to soluble carbonates by addition of sodium carbonate. The

strontium and rare earth carbonate precipitates were then dissolved in nitric acid and transferred to B-Plant via 244-CR Vault for further processing.

In B-Plant, the strontium nitrate / rare earth nitrate solution were processed to form separate solutions containing strontium and rare earths (HW-77016). The strontium nitrate / rare earth nitrate solution was reacted with oxalic acid to precipitate the rare earths along with lead, leaving strontium in solution. The precipitate was centrifuged to separate the strontium solution from the rare earth precipitate. The strontium solution was stored in B-Plant and transferred periodically to the 201-C Hot Semiworks for purification. The rare earth precipitate was dissolved in nitric acid and stored in B-Plant for further processing.

Lead was removed from the rare earth solution by adding sodium hydroxide solution to form soluble plumbite and insoluble rare earth hydroxide precipitates (HW-81373, RL-SEP-197, page G-2, and HAN-90907, page 21). The plumbite was separated from the rare earth hydroxide precipitate by centrifugation and discarded to the single-shell tanks. The rare earth hydroxide precipitate was washed with sodium hydroxide solution to remove soluble lead, and the wash solution was also discarded to the single-shell tanks. The rare earth hydroxide precipitate was dissolved in nitric acid, stored in B-Plant, and eventually transferred to the 201-C Hot Semiworks for purification.

Processing of strontium and rare earth solutions within B-Plant continued until June 1966 (HAN-95105-DEL, page 15). Separations of strontium and rare earths from the first cycle raffinate solution continued to be conducted in the head-end section of the PUREX facility through February 8, 1967 (HAN-96805-DEL, page AIII-4). The strontium and rare earth solution was transferred from PUREX to the 244-CR Vault for storage from July 1966 through February 1967, while equipment modifications were conducted at B-Plant.

## 3.2.2 Cesium and Strontium Processing

From July 1966 (HAN-95284-DEL, page 13) through October 1967 (HAN-98918-DEL, page AIII-2), equipment within the 221-B Plant was flushed and replaced with new equipment for separating cesium and strontium from high-level waste. In January 1967 (HAN-96590-DEL, page AIII-4) and in March 1967 (HAN-97066-DEL, page AIII-4), testing was conducted of a new centrifuge and a precipitation-decantation-centrifugation technique for separating iron and aluminum from PUREX sludge waste. Construction activities continued to be conducted in the 221-B Plant throughout 1967.

On December 27, 1967 (HAN-99396-DEL, page AIII-3), alkaline supernatants stored in the single-shell tanks were transferred to B-Plant, and cesium was separated using an ion exchange process. Cesium ion exchange processing continued at B-Plant until October 1983 using at first inorganic and later organic ion exchange materials (RHO-RE-SA-169). Cesium was also precipitated from acidic, PUREX high-level waste (known as CAW) using phosphotungstic acid (PTA), with the cesium precipitate dissolved in sodium hydroxide solution and processed through the ion exchange equipment for cesium recovery (ARH-CD-917). After separation of cesium, the alkaline supernatants were transferred directly to underground storage tanks. The ion exchange process used an ammonium carbonate / ammonium hydroxide solution to separate

sodium from cesium on the ion exchange media. The aqueous wastes that contained ammonium were processed in the Cell 23 evaporator to concentrate these wastes and volatilize ammonia before transferred to underground storage tanks.

On January 31, 1968, the solvent extraction equipment installed in B-Plant was operated to purify the inventory of rare earth solutions stored at B-Plant (HAN-99604-DEL, page AIII-3). The semi-purified promethium - cerium solution was stored in B-Plant process tank 6-2 (HAN-100127-DEL, page AIII-3). Separation of strontium from the strontium and rare earths solutions stored in the 244-CR Vault was then conducted in March 1968 using the solvent extraction equipment (HAN-100127-DEL, page AIII-3).

The B-Plant solvent extraction equipment began processing the PUREX first cycle raffinate solution to separate strontium on April 20, 1968 (HAN-100357-DEL, page AIII-3). The processing of PUREX first cycle raffinate solution was completed on August 30, 1968 (PR-REPORT-SEP68-DEL, page AIII-3). The B-Plant solvent extraction equipment was then used to separate strontium from PUREX high-level waste sludges. The PUREX high-level waste sludges were dissolved in nitric acid (known as PAS) in the 244-AR Vault and transferred to B-Plant for centrifugation to separate solids. The clarified solution was process in the solvent extraction equipment to separate strontium (PR-REPORT-SEP68-DEL, page AIII-4). In addition, the B-Plant solvent extraction equipment was operated periodically to separate strontium from CAW solutions following the PTA processing to separate cesium. Strontium separation from high-level waste solutions using the solvent extraction equipment continued at B-Plant until 1977. The aqueous waste from the solvent extraction process was evaporated in the Cell 23 evaporator and transferred to underground storage tanks.

#### 3.3 REDOX Continuous Solvent Extraction Processes

The REDOX plant (202-S building) was operated from 1952 through 1966 to reprocess spent nuclear fuels. The bulk of the nuclear fuel elements reprocessed at the REDOX plant were coated with aluminum, which is sometimes referred to as cladding. Some zirconium-clad fuel was also processed in the REDOX plants in 1963 through 1966. A summary of processing activities at the REDOX plant is provided in RHO-CD-505-RD, Synopsis of REDOX Plant Operations.

In the REDOX plant, aluminum coated uranium fuel elements that had been irradiated at the Hanford Site reactors was reprocessed to recover uranium and plutonium (HW-38684). The first step in the reprocessing at the REDOX facility was the dissolution of the aluminum coating from the spent nuclear fuel elements. The fuel elements were placed in a dissolver vessel, and sodium hydroxide and sodium nitrate solutions were added. The solution was heated to boiling to promote dissolution of the aluminum coating from the uranium fuel elements. The coating removal waste (designated as CW) from the aluminum-clad fuel was inherently alkaline and did not require neutralization before transfer to underground single-shell tanks. The coating waste solution contained approximately 0.03 percent of the uranium and 0.04 percent of the plutonium originally in the spent nuclear fuel element (HW-38684, page 9). Table 8 provides analytical

results for a sample of the REDOX coating removal waste, which was reported in March 1953 (DDTS-Generated-607, 1953, "Proposed Cribbing of REDOX Coating Removal Solution").

Table 8. Analysis of REDOX Coating Removal Waste.

Analyte	Concentration
Uranium	0.16 g/L
Plutonium	150 μg/L
Beta emitters	2500 μCi/L
NaOH	3.5%
NaNO <sub>3</sub>	4.9%
NaAlO <sub>2</sub>	8.2%
Na <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>3</sub>	0.1%
NaNO <sub>2</sub>	5.2%
H <sub>2</sub> O	78.1%
pН	12 to 13

Next, the uranium metal was dissolved in nitric acid. The dissolved uranium metal solution contained approximately 99.97 percent of the uranium and 99.96 percent of the plutonium originally in the spent nuclear fuel element. The uranium metal solution was reacted with an oxidizing chemical (dichromate solution) and then processed through a series of solvent extraction cycles using methyl isobutyl ketone solvent to separate uranium and plutonium from fission products. The fission products and impurities separated during the uranium and plutonium solvent extraction process were neutralized and transferred to single-shell underground storage tanks, forming supernatant and sludges within the tanks. The plutonium solutions generated at the REDOX plant were transferred to the 234-5Z building (Z-Plant) for further processing. Uranium solutions were transferred to 224-U building (UO<sub>3</sub> Plant) for conversion to an oxide, which was transferred to offsite facilities for re-use in the fabrication of nuclear fuel.

## 4.0 RADIONUCLIDE ANALYSES OF WASTE IN TANK 241-T-105

A total of five core samples of the sludge contained in tank 241-T-105 were obtained in March 1993, June 1993 and June 1997 and analyzed to determine radiochemical and chemical concentrations. These core sample analyses and engineering judgment are applied to form the best basis inventory for the waste stored in this tank (http://twins.pnl.gov/). These core samples did not reach the bottom 12 inches of the 2C waste layer in this tank, therefore a waste template was used to estimate the composition of this waste layer. Americium-241 and neptunium-237 were calculated for the upper sludge (1C and CW) using total alpha data and the individual template isotopic distribution ratios. Plutonium-239 and plutonium-240 were calculated from the measured Pu-239/240 and the isotopic distribution template ratios. Americium, neptunium and plutonium alpha-emitting radionuclides were calculated for the lower 12 inches of sludge using the 2C sludge template isotopic distribution ratios and sample data for the total alpha activity.

Table 9 provides the best-basis inventory for transuranic elements (i.e., Np-237, Pu-238, Pu-239, Pu-240, and Am-241) contained in the tank 241-T-105 sludge, as reported on October 11, 2004. The concentration of transuranic elements in the waste stored in tank 241-T-105 is approximately 427.4  $\eta$ Ci/g. The concentrations of cesium-137 and strontium-90 present in the waste stored in tank 241-T-105 are also provided in Table 9. The cesium-137 and strontium-90 concentrations are based on analyses of the core samples and a waste template used to estimate the composition of the bottom (2C sludge) 12-inches of waste in tank 241-T-105. The cesium-137 and strontium-90 concentrations are approximately 10.5  $\mu$ Ci/g and 58.7  $\mu$ Ci/g, decay corrected to January 1, 2004.

The inventories of transuranic elements, cesium-137, and strontium-90 present in tank 241-T-105 are also compared to the inventory of these radionuclides present in all 177 underground storage tanks at the Hanford Site in Table 8. The inventory of transuranic elements present in tank 241-T-105 is approximately 0.096 percent of the total inventory of transuranic elements present in all 177 underground storage tanks at the Hanford Site. The inventories of cesium-137 and strontium-90 present in tank 241-T-105 are approximately 0.012 percent and 0.055 percent of the total inventory of cesium-137, and strontium-90 present in all 177 underground storage tanks at the Hanford Site.

Tank	TI	RU	Cs	-137	Sr	-90
	ηCi/g	Ci	μCi/g	Ci 、	μCi/g	Ci
241-T-105	427.4	204.7	10.4	5,000	58.7	28,100

214,067

0.096%

Not

applicable

All 177 Tanks

241-T-105 waste as a

percentage of all 177 tanks

Table 9. Transuranic Elements and Fission Products in Tank 241-T-105.

Noi

applicable

43,000,000

0.012%

Not

applicable

51,900,000

0.055%

#### 5.0 SUMMARY

The waste types received in tank 241-T-105 and their disposition are summarized in Table 10. Based on the waste transfer history, the sludge stored in tank 241-T-105 is comprised of 2C and 1C/CW sludges from the 221-T Bismuth Phosphate Plant, T-Plant equipment decontamination waste, and REDOX CW sludge. The interstitial liquid present in these sludges is principally B-Plant low-level waste / cesium ion exchange waste.

The concentration of transuranic elements present in the sludge stored in tank 241-T-105 is approximately 427.4  $\eta$ Ci/g. The concentrations of cesium-137 and strontium-90 in the sludge contained in tank 241-T-105 are approximately 10.4  $\mu$ Ci/g and 58.7  $\mu$ Ci/g, respectively.

Table 10. Waste Transfer History for Tank 241-T-105. (2 sheets)

Date	Waste Type	Source /			olume in 41-T-105
		Destination	Disposition	Supernatant (gallons)	Sludge (gallons)
07/1946 to 03/1948	2C	221-T Plant	Received 1,060,000 gallons of 2C waste. Cascaded ~530,000 gallons into tank 241-T-106. 2C waste precipitated solids during storage.		),000 otal
04/1948	2C Supernatant	To Crib	Discharged 360,000 gallons of 2C supernatant from tank 241-T-105 to crib. [Discharged 2C supernatant from tank 241-T-106 to crib in 08/1948]	16:	1,030
05/1948 to 02/1949	1C/CW	221-T Plant	Received ~890,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste. Cascaded ~530,000 gallons into tank 241-T-106. 1C/CW waste precipitated solids during storage.	1	),000 otal
04/1951	1C/CW Supernatant	To 242-T	Transferred 1,150,000 gallons of 1C/CW supernatant to 242-T Evaporator for concentration.	Not Specified	Not Specified
08/1951 to 12/1951	1C/CW	221-T Plant	Received ~1,120,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste into cascade of tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106.	381,000	149,000
01/1954	1C/CW Supernatant	To Trench	Transferred 386,375 gallons of 1C/CW supernatant to trench.	4,000	149,000
03/1954 to 08/1954	1C/CW	221-T Plant	Received ~1,120,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste into cascade of tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106.	333,000	197,000
11/1954 to 12/1954	1C/CW Supernatant	To 242-T	Transferred 342,000 gallons of 1C/CW supernatant to 242-T Evaporator for concentration.	0	188,000
01/1955 to 03/1956	CW	221-T Plant	Received ~398,000 gallons of T-Plant CW waste. [Revised sludge measurement]	359,000	149,000
06/1965	CW	REDOX (From S-107)	Received 210,530 gallons of REDOX CW supernatant from tank 241-S-107 into tank 241-T-105. Cascaded 188,530 gallons of REDOX CW waste into tank 241-T-106. [Revised sludge measurement]	476,000	62,000

Table 10. Waste Transfer History for Tank 241-T-105. (2 sheets)

Date	Wasta Tare	Source /	Dimenidian	Waste Vo	
Date	Waste Type	Destination	Disposition	Supernatant (gallons)	Sludge (gallons)
01/1967	T-Plant CW / REDOX CW Supernatant	To 242-T	Transferred 407,000 gallons of CW supernatant to 242-T Evaporator for concentration.	66,000	62,000
03/19 <b>67 to</b> 06/1967	Hanford Laboratory Waste	HLO	Received 396,000 gallons of Hanford Laboratory Waste (HLO).	462,000	62,000
12/1967	T-Plant CW / REDOX CW Supernatant	To 242-T	Transferred 396,000 gallons of CW supernatant to 242-T Evaporator for concentration.	66,000	62,000
1Q/1968 to 2Q/1968	T-Plant DW	221-T Plant	Received 268,000 gallons equipment decontamination waste (DW) from 221-T Plant.	334,000	62,000
06/1968 to 07/1968	T-Plant DW	To REDOX	Transferred 288,000 gallons equipment decontamination waste (DW) to REDOX for evaporation.	47,000	62,000
2Q/1969	T-Plant DW	221-T Plant	Received 57,000 gallons equipment decontamination waste (DW) from 221-T Plant.	64,000	99,000
4Q/1972 to 3Q 1973	B-Plant LLW / IX Waste	241-BX-104	Received 831,000 gallons of B-Plant low-level waste (LLW) / cesium ion exchange (IX) process waste from tank 241-BX-104. Transferred 455,000 gallons to tanks 241-T-106.	439,000	100,000
2Q/1974	B-Plant LLW / IX Waste and T-Plant DW	To 242-S Evaporator	Transferred 425,000 gallons of supernatant from tank 241-T-105 to tank 241-S-110 for processing in the 242-S Evaporator.	13,000	100,000
02/1976 to 04/1978	Supernatant and Interstitial Liquids	To Tank 241- T-101	Saltwell pumped tank as part of interim stabilization program. Removed 28,196 gallons of liquid from tank.	0	114,000
02/2003			Current sludge measurement (HNF-EP-0182, Rev. 179)	0	98,000

## Notes:

1C = First decontamination cycle waste

2C = Second decontamination cycle waste

CW = Coating removal waste

DW = Equipment decontamination waste

HLO = Hanford Laboratory waste

IX = Ion exchange

LLW = low-level waste

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# APPENDIX A

VOLUME OF WASTE IN TANK 241-T-105

January 1945 through May 1977

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(1 sheets)
1-T-105.
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Table

		I able A-	able A-1. Volume of Wastes in Lank 241-1-105. (11 sneets)	in lank	(41-1-105. (11 sneets)
Year	Month	Percentage filled	Reference	Page	Comments:
1945	January	Empty	HW-7-1293-DEL		No waste transferred into tank 241-T-105.
	February	Empty	HW-7-1388-DEL	00	2C waste from 221-T Plant collected in tank 241-T-110. IC/CW waste from 221-T Plant collected in tank 241-T-107.
	March	Empty	HW-7-1544-DEL	21	Same as above.
	April	Empty	HW-7-1649-DEL	20	Same as above.
	May	Empty	HW-7-1793-DEL	22	Same as above.
	June	Empty	HW-7-1981-DEL	23	Same as above.
	July	Empty	HW-7-2177-DEL	22	Same as above.
	August	Empty	HW-7-2361-DEL	21	Same as above.
	September	Empty	HW-7-2548-DEL	22	Same as above.
	October	Empty	HW-7-2706-DEL	21	Same as above.
	November	Empty	HW-7-2957-DEL	21	Same as above.
	December	Empty	HW-7-3171-DEL	21	Same as above.
1946	January	Empty	HW-7-3378-DEL	24	Same as above.
	February	Empty	HW-7-3566-DEL	21	Same as above.
	March	Empty	HW-7-3751-DEL	21	Same as above.
	April	Empty	HW-7-4004-DEL	21	Same as above.
	May	Empty	HW-7-4193-DEL	21	Same as above.
Administration of court at money design of party	June	Empty	HW-7-4343-DEL	23	Same as above.
	July	0.2%	HW-7-4542-DEL	21 - 22	A new underground line was installed from diversion box 241-T-153 to tank 241-T-105. This allows tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 to be filled independent from tank 241-T-104 (contains 1C/CW waste). 2C waste and stack drainage (steam condensate from dissolver jets) transferred from 221-T Plant to tank 241-T-105 beginning on July 22, 1946.
And the second s	August	3.1%	HW-7-4739-DEL	23	2C waste and stack drainage transferred from 221-T Plant to tank 241-T-105.
	September	4.1%	HW-7-5194-DEL	26	Same as above.
	October	5.6%	HW-7-5362-DEL	28	Same as above.
	November	11.2%	HW-7-5505-DEL	28	Same as above.
	December	18.0%	HW-7-5630-DEL	25	Same as above.
1947	January	23.1%	HW-7-5802-DEL	26	Same as above.
	February	29.0%	HW-7-5944-DEL	25	Same as above.
	March	34.4%	HW-7-6048-DEL	24	Same as above.
	April	40.2%	HW-7-6184-DEL	26	Same as above.
	May	48.1%	HW-7-6391-DEL	24	Same as above.
The state of the s	June	50.5%	HW-7-7454-DEL	26	Same as above.

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Volume of Wastes in Tank 241-T-105. (11 sheets)
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Year	Month	Percentage filled	Reference	Page	Comments
1947	July	26.8%	HW-7283-DEL	26	Same as above.
	August	63.6%	HW-7504-DEL	27	Same as above.
	September	70.1%	HW-7795-DEL	27	Same as above.
	October	74.3%	HW-7997-DEL	27	Same as above.
	November	79.0%	HW-8267-DEL	29	Same as above.
	December	84.4%	HW-8438-DEL	27	Same as above.
1948	January	89.3%	HW-8931-DEL	28	Same as above.
	February	92.3%	HW-9191-DEL	30	Same as above.
	March	%001	HW-9595-DEL	32	Tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 filled with 2C waste from the 221-T Plant. 2C waste from 221-T Plant collected in cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112.
	April <sup>2</sup>	67.1%	HW-9922-DEL	31 - 32	Discharged 360,000 gallons of 2C waste supernatant from tank 241-T-105 to crib 241-T-3. Sludge height reports as 5 feet, 6 inches in tank 241-T-105 (HAN-45807-DEL, page 55).  Plan to use tank 241-T-105 to receive 1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant.  2C waste from 221-T Plant collected in cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112.
	May²	76.2%	HW-10166-DEL	33	1C/CW waste transferred from 221-T Plant to tank 241-T-105.
	June <sup>2</sup>	85.8%	HW-10378-DEL	30	Same as above.
	July³	%69	HW-10714-DEL	32 - 33	Discharged 2C waste from tank 241-T-106 to the 241-T-3 crib. IC/CW waste transferred from 221-T Plant to tank 241-T-105.
	August	70.3%	HW-10993-DEL	35 - 36	Completed on August 3, 1948 the discharge of 2C waste from tank 241-T-106 to crib 241-T-3.  1C/CW waste transferred from 221-T Plant to tank 241-T-105, which cascades to tank 241-T-106.
	September	74.0%	HW-11226-DEL	33	Same as above,
	October <sup>3</sup>	79.0%	HW-11499-DEL	34	Same as above.
	November	85.0%	HW-11835-DEL	36	Same as above.
	December <sup>3</sup>	94.0%	HW-12086-DEL	38	Same as above.
1949	January³	100%	HW-12391-DEL	38 - 39	Cascade of tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 and 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109 are filled with 1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant.  Jumper changes made in diversion boxes 241-TX-153, 241-TX-154, and 241-TX-155 to divert 1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant to cascade of tanks 241-TX-109, 241-TX-110, 241-TX-111, and 241-TX-112.
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Year	Month	Percentage filled	Reference	Page	Comments
1949	February	%001	HW-12666-DEL	35	Cascade of tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 filled with
					IC/CW waste from 221-T Plant.
	March	100%	HW-12937-DEL	4-1	Same as above.
	April	100%	HW-13190-DEL	40	Same as above.
	May	100%	HW-13561-DEL	42	Same as above.
	June	100%	HW-13793-DEL	41	Same as above.
	July <sup>3</sup>	100%	HW-14043-DEL	43	Same as above.
	August	100%	HW-14338-DEL	44	Same as above.
	September	100%	HW-14596-DEL	43	Same as above.
	October	100%	HW-14916-DEL	43	Same as above.
	November	100%	HW-15267-DEL	45	Same as above.
	December	100%	HW-15550-DEL	43	Same as above,
1950	January	100%	HW-15843-DEL	45	Same as above.
	February	100%	HW-17056-DEL	45	Same as above.
	March	100%	HW-17410-DEL	49	Same as above.
	April <sup>3</sup>	100%	HW-17660-DEL	47	Same as above.
	May³	100%	HW-17971-DEL	45	Same as above.
	June	100%	HW-18221-DEL	45	Same as above.
	July <sup>3</sup>	100%	HW-18473-DEL	46	Same as above.
	August	100%	HW-18740-DEL	50	Same as above.
	September	100%	HW-19021-DEL	49	Same as above.
	October	3,170,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 through T-109	HW-19325-DEL	50	Same as above.
	November	3,170,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 through T-109	HW-19622-DEL	49	Same as above.
	December	3,170,000 gallons of IC/CW waste in tanks T-104 through T-109	HW-19842-DEL	51	Same as above.
1981	January	3,170,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 through T-109	HW-20161-DEL	50	Same as above.
revenue communications	February	3,170,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 through T-109	HW-20438-DEL	50	Same as above.
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Year	Month	Percentage filled	Reference	Page	Comments
1951	March	3,145,000 gallons of 1C/CW	HW-20671-DEL	54 - 56	Transferred about 25,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste from one of the
		waste in tanks T-104 through T-109			T-Farm tanks to TX tank in preparation for evaporation in the 242-T Evaporator.
Control of the Contro	April	1,585,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-107 through T-109	HW-20991-DEL	52 - 53	Transferred about 1,115,000 gallons of IC/CW waste from tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 to tanks 241-TX-117 and 241-TX-118 in preparation for evaporation in the 242-T Evaporator. Tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 contained
		470,000 gallons of sludge in tanks T-104 through T-106	,		470,000 gallons of sludge after removal of supernatant.  Tanks 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109 remain filled with 1C/CW waste.
	May	1,300,000 gallons of IC/CW waste in tanks T-107 through T-109	HW-21260-DEL	56 - 58	242-T Evaporator started up in later part of April 1951. A total of 189,046 gallons of 1C/CW waste processed through May 1948. A total of 1,379,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste transferred from 241-T Farm to 241-TX Farm as feed for 242-T Evaporator.
		470,000 gallons of sludge in tanks T-104 through T-106			
de constitución de constitució	June	875,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-107 through T-109	HW-21506-DEL	55-57	A total of 406,568 gallons of 1C/CW waste processed in June 1948 in the 242-T Evaporator. A total of 1,908,625 gallons of 1C/CW waste transferred from 241-T Farm to 241-TX farm as feed for
		470,000 gallons of sludge in tanks T-104 through T-106		apovona in roundida grapa de	242-T Evaporator.
	July	322,000 gallons of IC/CW waste in tanks T-107 through T-109 470,000 gallons of sludge in tanks T-104 through T-106	HW-21802-DEL	41 - 42	A total of 539,083 gallons of 1C/CW waste processed in July 1948 in the 242-T Evaporator. A total of 2,296,125 gallons of 1C/CW waste transferred from 241-T Farm to 241-TX farm as feed for 242-T Evaporator. This completes the processing of settled 1C/CW waste supernatant from 241-T Farm in the 242-T Evaporator.
and continued broad and	August	Not Reported	HW-22075-DEL	objevenimienskywycholymaensyda se ulpachichaparky wieden sa we weginaan en	
	September	Not Reported	HW-22304-DEL		
	October	Not Reported	HW-22610-DEL		
	November	Not Reported	HW-22875-DEL		
he mini bayayin	December	Not Reported	HW-23140-DEL		

Notes:

Percentage of tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 filled with waste. Two tanks combined can retain nominally 1,060,000 gallons of waste. Percentage of tanks 241-T-104 and 241-T-105 filled with waste.

[2] Percentage of tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 filled with waste.

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Year	Month	(Gallons)	(Gallons)	Reference	Page	Comments
1954	March	34,000	149,000	HW-31374	5	Tank 241-T-104 receiving 1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant. 1C/CW waste overflowing from tank 241-T-104 into tank 241-T-105.
	April	102,000	149,000	HW-31811	5	Same as above.
	May	287,000	149,000	HW-32110	S	Same as above.
	June	394,000	149,000	HW-32389	8	Tank 241-T-104 receiving 1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant. 1C/CW waste overflowing from tank 241-T-104 into tank 241-T-105, which started overflowing into tank 241-T-106 on 6/17/1954.
	July	397,000	149,000	HW-32697	5	Same as above.
	August	333,000	197,000	HW-33002	\$	Cascade of tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 filled on August 26, 1954 (HAN-62359-DEL, September 8, 1954, page 21).
	September	333,000	197,000	HW-33396	5	Same as above.
	Ootobor	222 000	107 000	LIW 225AA	>	On October 20 1054 221_T Plant began treating the 1C waste
	20010	00000	000	##CCC- WII	)	with nickel ferrocyanide to precipitate cesium-137 and strontium-90. The "scavenged" IC waste and precipitate are transferred to single-shell tanks. The coating removal waste from 221-T Plant is transferred separately to single-shell tanks.
	November	295,000	197,000	HW-33904	S	1C/CW supernatant in process of being transferred to tank 241-TX-118 for feed to the 242-T Evaporator.
	December	0	188,000	HW-34412	5	Tank 241-T-105 being held to receive coating removal waste beginning on 1/1/1955.
1955	January	38,000	188,000	HW-35022	5	Tank 241-T-105 receiving coating removal waste from 221-T Plant. Tank contains 1C/CW sludge and CW supernatant.
White statement was a second statement of the statement o	February	78,000	188,000	HW-35628	S	Same as above.
	March	97,000	188,000	HW-36001	5	Same as above.
	April	119,000	188,000	HW-36553	5	Same as above.
	May	166,000	188,000	HW-37143	5	
	June	199,000	188,000	HW-38000	S	
		203,000	188,000	HW-38401	5	
	August	291,000	149,000	HW-38926	5	
	September	319,000	149,000	HW-39216	5	
	October	339,000	149,000	HW-39850	5	
	November	314,000	188,000	HW-40208	2	
	December	322,000	188,000	HW-40816	'n	

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Month	Supernatant (Gallons)	Sludge (Gallons)	Reference	Page	Comments
	326,000	188,000	HW-41038	5	
	359,000	149,000	HW-41812	2	Corrected electrode reading for tank level.
	359,000	149,000	HW-42394	5	
	359,000	149,000	HW-42993	5	
	359,000	149,000	HW-43490	5	
	359,000	149,000	HW-43895	5	
The state of the s	359,000	149,000	HW-44860	5	
	381,000	149,000	HW-45140	5	
	381,000	149,000	HW-45738	5	
	342,000	188,000	HW-46382	5	
	342,000	188,000	HW-47052	5	
	342,000	188,000	HW-47640	5	
	352,000	188,000	HW-48144	5	Latest electrode reading.
menne en tico die cartement ett grand deligida	352,000	188,000	HW-48846	5	
Department (Million or other property of the p	352,000	188,000	HW-49523	5	
	352,000	188,000	HW-50127	5	
Annual or the state of the stat	336,000	188,000	HW-50617	5	
	336,000	188,000	HW-51348	5	
	336,000	188,000	HW-51858	5	
	336,000	188,000	HW-52414	5	
September	336,000	188,000	HW-52932	5	
October	336,000	188,000	HW-53573	5	
November	336,000	188,000	HW-54067	5	
December	336,000	188,000	HW-54519	5	
January	336,000	188,000	HW-54916	5	
February	336,000	188,000	HW-55264	5	
	336,000	188,000	HW-55630	5	
	336,000	188,000	HW-55997	2	
	336,000	188,000	HW-56357	S	
The state of the s	336,000	188,000	HW-56761	5	
	336,000	188,000	HW-57122	5	
	333,000	188,000	HW-57550	5	Latest electrode reading.
September	333,000	188,000	HW-57711	5	
	333,000	188,000	HW-58201	5	
November	333,000	188,000	HW-58579	S	

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Year	Month	Supernatant (Gallons)	Sludge (Gallons)	Reference	Page	Comments
1958	December	333,000	188,000	HW-58831		
1959	January	333,000	188,000	HW-59204	*	ней компенсательной выполнения примереней пределения подательной пределения подательной пределения подательной подател
	February	333,000	188,000	HW-59586	\$	
	March	333,000	188,000	HW-60065	5	
	April	333,000	188,000	HW-60419	5	
	May	333,000	188,000	HW-60738	5	
	June	331,000	188,000	HW-61095	2	
	July	331,000	188,000	HW-61582	5	
	August	331,000	188,000	HW-61952	5	
	September	331,000	188,000	HW-62421	5	
	October	331,000	188,000	HW-62723	5	
	November	331,000	188,000	HW-63083	5	
	December	331,000	188,000	HW-63559	5	
1960	January	331,000	188,000	HW-63896	2	
	February	331,000	188,000	HW-64373	5	
	March	331,000	188,000	HW-64810	5	
	April	331,000	188,000	HW-65272	5	
	May	331,000	188,000	HW-65643	5	
	June	331,000	188,000	HW-66187	5	
	July	331,000	188,000	HW-66557	5	
	August	331,000	188,000	HW-66827	5	
	September	331,000	188,000	HW-67696	5	
	October	331,000	188,000	HW-67705	5	
	November	331,000	188,000	HW-68291	5	
	December	328,000	188,000	HW-68292	5	
1961	January through June	328,000	188,000	HW-71610	5	
	July through December	328,000	188,000	HW-72625	5	
1962	January through June	328,000	188,000	HW-74647	5	
	July through December	328,000	188,000	HW-76223	2	
1963	January through June	328,000	188,000	HW-78279	5	
	July through December	328,000	188,000	HW-80379	5	
1964	January through June	328,000	188,000	HW-83308	5	
	Interthrough December	328 000	188 000	RI_SEP_260	7	

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Voor	Month	Supernatant	Sludge	Deference	Рапо	Comments
LCal		(Gallons)	(Gallons)	Anna Inion	199	
1965	January through June	476,000	62,000	RL-SEP-659	v	Pumped 22,000 gallons of REDOX Plant coating removal waste from tank 241-S-107 into tank 241-T-105 in June 1965. Pumped an additional 188,530 gallons of REDOX Plant coating removal waste from tank 241-S-107 into tank 241-T-105 in June 1965, which cascaded into tank 241-T-106 (HW-83906-E-RD page 62c).  No explanation in reference document for decrease in solids volume within tank 241-T-105.
	July through September	476,000	62,000	RL-SEP-821	5	
evening from middle and the distribution of th	October through December	473,000	62,000	RL-SEP-923	5	
1966	January through March	473,000	62,000	1SO-226	5	
	April through June	473,000	62,000	ISO-404	5	
	July through September	473,000	62,000	ISO-538	5	
	October through December	473,000	62,000	ISO-674	~	
1967	January through March	121,000	62,000	908-OSI	8	Transferred 407,000 gallons of supernatant from tank 241-T-105 to tank 241-TX-118 for processing in the 242-T Evaporator. Received 55,000 gallons of waste from Hanford Laboratory (HLQ).
National Control of the Control of t	April through June	462,000	62,000	LSO-967	2	Received 341,000 gallons of waste from Hanford Laboratory (HLO) into tank 241-T-105.
	July through September	462,000	62,000	ARH-95	9	
Address of the Control of the Contro	October through December	000'99	62,000	ARH-326	9	Transferred 396,000 gallons of supernatant (CW/HLO) to 241-TX-118 for processing in the 242-T Evaporator.
1968	January through March	207,000	62,000	ARII-534	9	Transferred 141,000 gallons of equipment decontamination waste from 221-T Plant into tank 241-T-105.
	April through June	326,000	62,000	ARH-721	9	Transferred 127,000 gallons of equipment decontamination waste from 221-T Plant into tank 241-T-105. Transferred 9,000 gallons of supernatant from tank 241-T-105 to REDOX Plant for evaporation.
	July through September	47,000	62,000	ARH-871	9	Transferred 279,000 gallons of supernatant from tank 241-T-105 to REDOX Plant for evaporation.
	October through December	48,000	62,000	ARH-1061	7	
6961	January through March	45,000	62,000	ARH-1200 A	7	

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Year	Month	Supernatant (Gallons)	Sludge (Gallons)	Reference	Page	Comments
1969	April through June	102,000	62,000	ARH-1200 B	7	Transferred 57,000 gallons of equipment decontamination waste from 221-T Plant into tank 241-T-105.
	July through September	101,000	62,000	ARH-1200 C	7	
Add association and control as	October through December	64,000	000,066	ARH-1200 D		No explanation in reference document for increase in solids volume within tank 241-T-105.
1970	January through March	64,000	000,66	ARH-1666 A	7	
	April through June	64,000	99,000	ARH-1666 B	7	
	July through September	64,000	000,66	ARH-1666 C	7	
	October through December	64,000	000,66	ARH-1666 D	7	
1971	January through March	64,000	000,66	ARH-2074 A	7	
	April through June	63,000	100,000	ARH-2074 B	7	
and the second s	July through September	63,000	100,000	ARH-2074 C	7	
	October through December	64,000	100,000	ARH-2074 D	7	
1972	January through March	64,000	100,000	ARH-2456 A	9	
And the second s	April through June	63,000	100,000	ARH-2456 B	9	
	July through September	64,000	100,000	ARH-2456 C	9	
	October through December	379,000	100,000	ARH-2456 D	9	Transferred 316,000 gallons of B-Plant cesium ion exchange low-level evaporator process waste from 241-BX-104 into tank 241-T-105.
1973	January through March	440,000	100,000	ARH-2794 A	9	Transferred 63,000 gallons of B-Plant cesium ion exchange process waste from 241-BX-104 into tank 241-T-105. Transferred 4,000 gallons of supernatant from tank 241-T-105 into 241-T-106.
	April through June	439,000	100,000	ARH-2794 B	9	Transferred 452,000 gallons of B-Plant cesium ion exchange process waste from 241-BX-104 into tank 241-T-105 via tank 241-T-107. Transferred 451,000 gallons of supernatant from tank 241-T-105 into 241-T-106.
AND THE STREET, STREET	July through September	436,000	100,000	ARH-2794 C	9	
	October through December	437,000	100,000	ARH-2794 D	9	
1974	January through March	437,000	100,000	ARH-CD-133 A	9	
Asy manage and popular content of the content of th	April through June	13,000	100,000	ARH-CD-133 B	9	Transferred 425,000 gallons of supernatant from tank 241-T-105 into tank 241-S-110 for processing in 242-S Evaporator.
And the second s	July through September	13,000	100,000	ARH-CD-133 C	9	

Same as above.

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Salt well pumping the interstitial liquid from tank 241-T-105 to tank 241-T-101 removed a total of 28,196 gallons of liquid from 2/1976 through 4/1978.

Month	Supernatant (Gallons)	Sludge (Gallons)	Reference	Page	Comments
October through December	13,000	101,000	ARH-CD-133 D	9	
January through March	13,000	101,000	ARH-CD-336 A	9	
April through June	13,000	101,000	ARH-CD-336 B	9	
July through September	13,000	101,000	ARH-CD-336 C	9	
October through December	13,000	101,000	ARH-CD-336 D	9	
January through March	13,000	101,000	ARH-CD-702 A	9	Tank 241-T-105 removed from service. Transferre 1,000 gallons of supernatant to tank 241-T-101.
April through June	0	114,000	ARH-CD-702 B	9	No explanation in reference document for increase volume within tank 241-T-105.
September	0	114,000	ARH-CD-702 I	14, 35	Conducting salt-well pumping in tank 241-T-105. Solids level measurement conducted 6/30/1976.
October	0	114,000	ARH-CD-822-OCT	15	Same as above.
November	0	114,000	ARH-CD-822-NOV	15	Same as above.
December	0	114,000	ARH-CD-822-DEC	17	Same as above.

Year 1974 1975

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# Origin of Wastes in Single-Shell Tank 241-T-107

Michael E. Johnson

CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc.

Richland, WA 99352

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Abstract: A review of waste transfer documents was conducted to identify the origin of waste present in tank T-107. Tank T-107 received first decontamination cycle (1C) and coating removal waste (CW) from the 221-T Bismuth Phosphate Plant, scavenged TBP Plant supernatant, PUREX coating removal waste, and B Plant cesium ion exchange waste. The 1C/CW, scavenged TBP Plant, PUREX CW and B Plant ion exchange supernatants were all removed and dispositioned, leaving 1C/CW sludge in this tank.

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# ORIGIN OF WASTE IN SINGLE-SHELL TANK 241-T-107

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Date Published
June 2003



Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy Office of River Protection

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## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

A review of waste transfer documentation was conducted to determine the origin of waste transferred into single-shell tank 241-T-107. This review was conducted to support decisions concerning disposition of the waste present in this tank.

Tank 241-T-107 presently contains approximately 173,000 gallons of sludge. Based on the waste transfer history, the sludge stored in tank 241-T-107 is comprised of first decontamination cycle waste (1C) and coating removal waste (CW) from operation of the 221-T Bismuth Phosphate Plant. The interstitial liquid present in the 1C/CW sludge is cesium ion exchange process waste from fission product processing conducted in B-Plant.

The concentration of transuranic elements in the tank 241-T-107 sludge is approximately 154.5  $\eta$ Ci/g, which is consistent with the characteristics of 1C/CW sludge. The concentrations of cesium-137 and strontium-90 in the sludge contained in tank 241-T-107 are approximately 15.8  $\mu$ Ci/g and 108.4  $\mu$ Ci/g, respectively.

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## LIST OF TERMS

first cycle of the bismuth phosphate plutonium decontamination process
second cycle of the bismuth phosphate plutonium decontamination process

5-6 low activity cell drainage waste

CAW Current Acid Waste cc cubic centimeters

Ci Curies

CW Coating waste

DOE U.S. Department of Energy

ft feet

g/L grams per liter
g/mL grams per milliliter
IX Ion Exchange

M molarity or moles per liter

MW Metal waste N Normality

PAS PUREX Acidified Sludge

PUREX Plutonium Uranium Extraction Plant

REDOX Reduction-Oxidation Plant

TBP Tri-Butyl Phosphate ηCi/g nanocuries per gram

μCi/cc microcuries per cubic centimeters

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mu \text{Ci/g} & \text{microcuries per gram} \\ \mu \text{Ci/L} & \text{microcuries per liter} \\ \mu \text{Ci/mL} & \text{microcuries per milliliter} \end{array}$ 

μg/cc micrograms per cubic centimeters

 $\mu$ g/L micrograms per liter  $^{\circ}$ C degrees Celsius

### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The origin of the waste in tank 241-T-107 has been reviewed to provide information for determining the disposition of this waste. Section 2.0 discusses the origin of waste transferred into and removed from single-shell tank 241-T-107. Section 3.0 provides a description of the different types of wastes that were generated at the Hanford Site chemical processing plants and transferred to single-shell tank 241-T-107. Section 4.0 provides a discussion on the radionuclide analyses of the waste in single-shell tank 241-T-107. Section 5.0 summarizes the waste types that were transferred into single-shell tank 241-T-107.

### 2.0 WASTE TRANSFER INTO AND WASTE REMOVAL FROM TANK 241-T-107

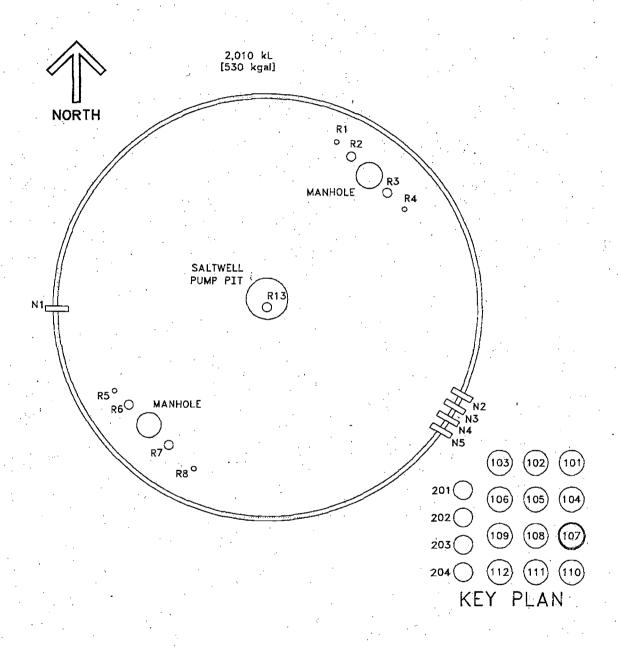
This section provides a brief description of single-shell tank 241-T-107 and summarizes waste transfers into and waste removal from these tanks. In order to determine the origins of the waste presently stored in single-shell tank 241-T-107, publicly available reports for the Hanford Site were reviewed. With the exception of the waste status summary reports, all reports cited in this section are available electronically from the Hanford Declassified Document Retrieval System at <a href="http://www2.hanford.gov/declass/">http://www2.hanford.gov/declass/</a> or the DOE Information Bridge at <a href="http://www.osti.gov/bridge/">http://www.osti.gov/bridge/</a>. The waste status summary reports are available only as photocopies from Hanford Site Central Files organization.

## 2.1 DESCRIPTION OF TANK 241-T-107

Single-shell tank 241-T-107 was originally constructed in 1944 as part of the Manhattan Project (HW-10475-C, chapter IX) and is one of the twelve, 100-series tanks in 241-T Tank Farm. Figure 1 provides a plan view of tank 241-T-107. The 100-series tanks are 75-ft diameter underground tanks made of reinforced concrete with a steel liner on the bottom and sides. The steel liner extends to a height of 19 ft. Each 100-series tank has a design capacity of 530,000 gallons at a liquid depth of 16 ft and 8 inches. The 241-T Tank Farm also includes four 200-series tanks that are of similar construction as the 100-series tanks, but are only 20-ft diameter and each have a capacity of 55,000 gallons.

Single-shell tank 241-T-107 was connected via an underground overflow pipeline (nozzle N1 in Figure 1) to allow waste to cascade to tank 241-T-108. Tank 241-T-108 was also connected via a separate underground overflow pipeline to tank 241-T-109, which allowed waste to cascade from tank 241-T-107 into tank 241-T-108 and then into tank 241-T-109. In addition to the overflow piping, each tank is equipped with four, 3-inch diameter stainless steel inlet pipes. Originally, the four inlet pipes (nozzles N2 through N5 in Figure 1) on tank 241-T-107 were connected to diversion box 241-T-153. The four inlet pipes for tanks 241-T-108 and 241-T-109 were blanked off close to each tank when these tanks were constructed in 1944 (HW-10475-C, pages 907 and 908). Alterations to the piping network have occurred over the years.

Figure 1. Tank 241-T-107 Plan View.



### 2.2 WASTE TRANSFERS FOR TANK 241-T-107

Waste transfers into tank 241-T-107 and the operation of the tanks 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109 as a cascade are discussed in chronological order. A chronological listing is provided in Appendix A of waste transfers into and waste removal from tank 241-T-107 from 1945 through 1977. Section 3.0 describes the operation of the processing facilities that generated the waste types transferred into tank 241-T-107.

# 2.2.1 1C/CW Waste (February 1945 - March 1946)

Irradiated nuclear fuel was first processed in 221-T Plant beginning on December 26, 1944 (HW-7-1293-DEL, page 19). The first decontamination cycle (1C) waste was combined with the coating removal waste (CW) and transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109. The combined 1C/CW waste was reported as being collected in tank 241-T-107 in February 1945 (HW-7-1338-DEL, page 22).

Tank 241-T-107 was reported as being filled as of September 1, 1945, with 1C/CW waste overflowing to tank 241-T-108 (HW-7-2548-DEL, page 22). Tank 241-T-108 was reported as being filled as of December 10, 1945, with 1C/CW waste overflowing to tank 241-T-109 (HW-7-3171-DEL, page 21). Tanks 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109 continued to receive the combined 1C/CW waste until March 10, 1946, when these tanks were reported as being filled (HW-7-3751-DEL, page 20 and 21). The 1C/CW waste generated at the 221-T Plant was transferred to other single-shell tanks after March 10, 1946.

Prior to October 1945, the 1C/CW waste was neutralized to a pH of approximately 10 in 221-T Plant before transfer to the single-shell tanks (HW-3-3220, page 13). Beginning in October 1945, the pH of the 1C/CW waste was adjusted to approximately pH 7 in 221-T Plant before transfer to the single-shell tanks. This was done to cause the precipitation of bismuth and plutonium in the 1C/CW waste so that the supernatant would contain a lower concentration of plutonium (HW-7-2706-DEL, page 21). As a result, tank 241-T-107 contained settled 1C/CW solids (i.e., bismuth and plutonium precipitate) and 1C/CW supernatant.

# 2.2.2 1C/CW Supernatant Evaporation (March 1951 – July 1951)

The 1C/CW waste stored in tank 241-T-107 sat undisturbed until May 1951. The 1C/CW supernatant contained in tanks in 241-T Farm was transferred to tanks 241-TX-117 and 241-TX-118 for processing in the 242-T Evaporator. Supernatant from tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 were transferred to tanks 241-TX-117 and 241-TX-118 in April 1951 (HW-20991-DEL, page 53), leaving an estimated 470,000 gallons of sludges in these tanks. Supernatant from tanks 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109 were transferred to tanks 241-TX-117 and 241-TX-118 in May 1951 (HW-21260-DEL, pages 57 and 58), June 1951 (HW-21506-DEL, page 57), and July 1951 (HW-21802-DEL, page 42).

Tanks 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109 contained a total of 322,000 gallons of waste after removal of the 1C/CW supernatant. Tanks 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109 were reported in April 1952 to contain 245,000, 73,000, and 4,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste, respectively (HW-27838, page 10). No waste transfers were made into or waste removal from tank 241-T-107 until November 1952.

The 1C/CW supernatant was transferred from tanks 241-TX-117 and 241-TX-118 to the 242-T Evaporator for evaporation. Processing of the 1C/CW supernatant from the 241-T Farm tanks in the 242-T Evaporator was conducted from April 28, 1951 (HW-20991-DEL page 54 and HAN-63671-DEL, page 40) through July 1951 (HW-21802-DEL, page 42). The concentrated 1C/CW supernatant waste (i.e., evaporator bottoms) was stored in tank 241-TX-116 and 241-TX-117. The evaporator bottoms in tanks 241-TX-116 and 241-TX-117 were eventually processed again through the 242-T Evaporator to further concentrate these wastes for storage in tanks 241-TX-110 and 241-TX-111.

# 2.2.3 TBP Plant Waste (November 1952 – January 1953)

After evaporating the 1C/CW supernatant, tank 241-T-107 contained approximately 245,000 gallons of 1C/CW sludge and interstitial liquid. A separate measurement of the 1C/CW solids volume in tank 241-T-107 was not made.

Tank 241-T-107 began to receive waste from the Tri-Butyl Phosphate (building 221-U) Plant on November 17, 1952 (HW-27840, page 21). The Tri-Butyl Phosphate (TBP) Plant waste was stored atop the 1C/CW waste already present in tank 241-T-107. Tank 241-T-107 was operated as a cascade with tanks 241-T-108 and 241-T-109. When tank 241-T-107 was filled with TBP Plant waste and 1C/CW waste on November 26, 1952, waste began to overflow into tank 241-T-108 (HW-27840, page 21). Tank 241-T-108 was reported as being filled with waste on December 11, 1952, with waste then overflowing to tank 241-T-109 (HW-27840, page 32). Tank 241-T-109 was reported as filled in January 1953 (HW-27841, page 10).

After being filled with waste from the TBP Plant, tank 241-T-107 was reported to contain 201,000 gallons of sludge and 335,000 gallons of supernatant (HW-27841, page 10). The mixture of TBP Plant supernatant and 1C/CW sludge stored in tank 241-T-107 sat undisturbed until August 1953.

# 2.2.4 Evaporation of TBP Plant Waste Supernatant (August 1953)

In August 1953, the TBP Plant supernatant was transferred from tank 241-T-107 as well as tanks 241-T-108 and 241-T-109 to tank 241-TX-118 for processing in the 242-T Evaporator (HW-29242, page 5). Tank 241-T-107 contained 33,000 gallons of supernatant and 201,000 gallons of sludge after the TBP Plant waste supernatant was transferred to tank 241-TX-118. The TBP Plant supernatant was evaporated and transferred to tank 241-TX-117, then to tank 241-T-109 for storage (HW-29905, page 5 and HW-30250, page 5).

# 2.2.5 Scavenged TBP Supernatant (December 1953 – February 1954)

From October 11, 1953 to October 18, 1953, operators in the TBP Plant conducted a process test to precipitate cesium-137 and strontium-90 in the TBP Plant waste (HW-31428 and HW-36979 A, page 24). Cesium-137 and strontium-90 were precipitated by adding potassium ferrocyanide, sodium hydroxide, and nickel sulfate to the acidic TBP Plant Waste (HW-29383). The resulting nickel ferrocyanide precipitate (approximately 36,000 gallons) and scavenged TBP Plant supernatant was transferred to tank 241-T-101 in October 1953 (HW-45165-RD, pages 50 and 52). The TBP Plant waste had not been concentrated before transfer to tank 241-T-101.

Tank 241-T-101 received approximately 500,000 gallons of nickel ferrocyanide precipitate and scavenged TBP Plant supernatant. Samples of the waste received in tank 241-T-101 were obtained 3-days after filling the tank at 3 ft, 8 ft, and 13 ft elevations from the tank surface. These samples were analyzed to determine the concentrations of cesium and strontium as well as pH of the waste. Table 1 provides the analytical results for the scavenged TBP Plant waste samples obtained from tank 241-T-101 (HW-29814 and HW-31428).

Table 1. Composition of Scavenged TBP Plant Waste in Tank 241-T-101.

Sample	pН	Cesium (μCi/mL)	Cesium Decontamination Factor	Strontium (µCi/mL)	Strontium Decontamination Factor
Tank 1/2 filled	11.7	1.5	12	0.028	270
3 ft	9.8	0.044	660	0.027	287
8 ft	9.8	Not measured		0.030	254
13 ft	13.6	2.3	12	0.004	2,000

Based on these sample analyses, the scavenged TBP Plant waste appeared to be present as stratified layers in tank 241-T-101. A decision was made to discharge only the top 8 ft of waste in tank 241-T-101 to a crib. The nickel ferrocyanide precipitate was allowed to settle in tank 241-T-101. On December 8, 1953, approximately 256,000 gallons of the scavenged TBP Plant supernatant were transferred from tank 241-T-101 to crib number 241-T-17 (HW-30498, page 5, HW-33591, page 27 and HW-45165-RD, page 69). The average radionuclide concentrations in the supernatant based on seven samples taken during discharged to crib number 241-T-17 (later renumbered 216-T-18) are provided in Table 2.

The remaining 242,000 gallons of scavenged TBP Plant supernatant were transferred from tank 241-T-101 to tank 241-T-107 in December 1953 (HW-30498, page 5 and HW-45165-RD, page 69). The volume of solids present in tank 241-T-107 remained unchanged at 201,000 gallons following the receipt of the scavenged TBP Plant supernatant.

Table 2. Composition of Scavenged TBP Plant Waste Discharged to Crib.

Analyte	Concentration (µCi/mL)	Total Curies
Plutonium	9.2E-05	0.089
Uranium	5.6E-05	0.054
Cesium	0.27	290
Strontium	0.05	49
Ruthenium	0.19	180
Antimony	0.14	130
Rare Earths + Yttrium	0.20	190
Total Beta (sum of above)	0.85	840
pH	9.7	
Volume (gallons)	256,000	

The ferrocyanide precipitate remaining in tank 241-T-101 was flushed three times with water in an attempt to transfer the precipitate to tank 241-T-107 (HW-30851, page 5). However, these flushes were not successful in transferring the nickel ferrocyanide (Ni<sub>2</sub>Fe(CN)<sub>6</sub>) precipitate to tank 241-T-107. Visual inspection of tank 241-T-101 after conducting these flushes indicated that "... large quantities of Ni<sub>2</sub>Fe(CN)<sub>6</sub> sludge cover large areas of the tank that were not reached by the water that was used to flush the tank ..." (HW-36979 B, pages 88). The U.S. Atomic Energy Commission's 200 Area monthly report for January 1954 also stated that the heel of scavenged TBP Plant waste remained in tank 241-T-101 (HAN-62359-DEL, January 1954, page 40).

The volume of solids present in tank 241-T-107 remained unchanged at 201,000 gallons following receipt of the flush solutions from tank 241-T-101. The volume of scavenged TBP Plant supernatant was 329,000 gallons, with a total of 530,000 gallons of waste present in tank 241-T-107 (HW-30851, page 5). No waste was removed or added to tank 241-T-107 from February 1954 through September 1966, as indicated in Appendix A.

# 2.2.6 Evaporation of Scavenged TBP Supernatant (October 1966 to December 1966)

In 1965, the supernatant in tank 241-T-107 was sampled in preparation for processing in the 242-T Evaporator (LET-092465). The analyses of the tank 241-T-107 sample (Table 3) indicated that the concentration of cesium-137 was 7.7-µCi/mL, which was the only gamma emitting radionuclide detectable. The concentration of cesium-137 in the tank 241-T-107 supernatant sample is somewhat higher than the tank 241-T-101 scavenged TBP Plant waste (see Table 1). However, tank 241-T-107 contained a heel of 33,000 gallons of TBP Plant waste before the scavenged TBP Plant waste was added from tank 241-T-101. Therefore, the higher cesium-137 concentration is not unexpected.

Table 3. Composition of Tank 241-T-107 Supernatant – Scavenged TBP Plant Waste.

Analyte	Concentration (µCi/mL)	Units
Cesium-137	7.7E+03	μCi/L
CO <sub>3</sub>	13.5	g/L
AlO <sub>2</sub>	0.20	g/L
F	Not reported	g/L
Cl	10.5	g/L
Na	98	g/L
NO <sub>3</sub>	203.5	g/L
CN	Not detected	
Free OH	0.164	N
Specific Gravity (g/mL)	1.204	g/mL
Volume Supernatant	330,000	Gallons
Volume Supernatant	330,000	Gallons

Boil-down studies with the tank 241-T-107 supernatant indicated solids did not form until more than 50 percent of the sample was evaporated. This indicates that the supernatant stored in tank 241-T-107 was not a saturated solution. Therefore, the mixture of scavenged and un-scavenged TBP Plant waste present in tank 241-T-107 likely did not form solids during storage. The volume of sludge measured in tank 241-T-107 in 1965 was reported as 186,000 gallons (RL-SEP-659, page 5), which is less than the 201,000 gallons of sludge measured in January 1954. Compaction of the sludge stored in tank 241-T-107 likely occurred during the 12-year period between measurements.

In the fourth quarter of calendar year 1966, approximately 311,000 gallons of supernatant were transferred from tank 241-T-107 to tank 241-TX-118 for processing in the 242-T Evaporator. The volume of supernatant and sludge remaining in tank 241-T-107 was reported as 22,000 gallons and 186,000 gallons, respectively (ISO-674, page 5). The 22,000 gallons of supernatant stored in tank 241-T-107 were a mixture of scavenged (90% volume) and unscavenged (10% volume) TBP Plant waste.

### 2.2.7 Coating Removal Waste (January 1967 to June 1967)

In January 1967, approximately 168,000 gallons of Plutonium-Uranium Extraction (PUREX) coating removal waste were transferred from tank 241-C-102 into tank 241-T107 (HAN-96590-DEL, page AIII-5 and ISO-806, page 5). Typical composition of PUREX Coating removal waste is provided in Table 4 (HW-52493 and HW-52824). An additional 129,000 gallons of PUREX coating removal waste were transferred from tank 241-C-102 into tank 241-T107 in the second quarter of calendar year 1967 (ISO-967, page 5).

The PUREX coating removal waste was mixed with the scavenged and unscavenged TBP Plant waste that was stored in tank 241-T-107. The quantities of PUREX coating removal waste, scavenged and un-scavenged TBP Plant waste stored in tank 241-T-107 were approximately

297,000 gallons, 20,000 gallons, and 2,000 gallons, respectively. The total volumes of supernatant and sludge stored in tank 241-T-107 were 319,000 gallons and 186,000 gallons (ISO-967, page 5).

Table 4. Typical Composition of PUREX Coating Removal Waste

Analyte	Concentration
Sodium (M)	3.7
Uranium (M)	0.002
Sodium Aluminate (M)	1.2
Nitrate (M)	0.6
Nitrite (M)	0.9
Hydroxide (M)	1.0
Silicate (M)	0.02
Pu (mg/liter)	0.2
Strontium-90 (µCi/L)	880
Cesium-137 (μCi/L)	840

# 2.2.8 Evaporation of Coating Removal Waste (October 1969 to December 1969)

In November 1969, approximately 275,000 gallons of supernatant were transferred from tank 241-T-107 to tank 241-TY-103, then to tank 241-TX-118 for processing in the 242-T Evaporator (PR-REPORT-NOV69-DEL, page AIV-4, and ARH-1200 D, page 7). The volume of supernatant and sludge remaining in tank 241-T-107 was reported as 119,000 gallons and 109,000 gallons, respectively (ARH-1200 D, page 7).

The volume of sludge reported to be in tank 241-T-107 in December 1969 is approximately 77,000 gallons less than the volume of sludge reported as present in December 1966 (ISO-674, page 5). It is possible that the PUREX coating removal waste that was transferred into tank 241-T-107 in January 1967 could have dissolved some of the aluminum present in the 1C/CW sludge and/or precipitated TBP Plant waste. PUREX coating removal waste typically contained 1.0M free hydroxide which could have dissolved aluminum present in the 1C/CW sludge. Tank 241-T-107 was inactive from December 1969 through December 1972.

## 2.2.9 B-Plant Cesium Ion Exchange Waste (January 1973 to June 1973)

In the first quarter of calendar year 1973, approximately 684,000-galons of waste from operation of the cesium ion exchange (IX) process and low-level waste evaporator in B-Plant was collected in tank 241-BX-104 and transferred to tank 241-T-107 (ARH-2974 A, page 6). The transfer pipeline was flushed with approximately 13,000 gallons of water that was also received into tank 241-T-107. The B-Plant IX waste was distributed to tanks 241-T-108 and 241-T-109.

Approximately 645,000 gallons of supernatant were transferred from tank 241-T-107 to tank 241-T-108. Approximately 378,000 gallons of supernatant were transferred from tank 241-T-108 to tank 241-T-109.

Tank 241-T-107 again received B-Plant cesium ion exchange waste from tank 241-BX-104 in the second quarter of calendar year 1973 (ARH-2974 B, page 6). Approximately 573,000 gallons of supernatant were received into tank 241-T-107. Approximately 2,000 gallons of supernatant were transferred from tank 241-T-108. An additional 452,000 gallons of supernatant were transferred from tank 241-T-107 to tank 241-T-105.

Tank 241-T-107 contained approximately 293,000 gallons of supernatant and 109,000 gallons of sludge following these transfers. The supernatant was mostly cesium ion exchange waste from B-Plant while the sludge was 1C/CW waste from the 221-T Bismuth Phosphate Plant. The supernatant in tank 241-T-107 was sampled in September 1975 (MEM-102775) and again in 1989 (letter 12712-PCL89-144). The analytical results for both sampling events are presented in Table 5. Based on these supernatant sample results, it is likely that some aluminum and strontium precipitated from the supernatant between sampling events. No additional waste transfers involving tank 241-T-107 occurred until this tank was removed from service in January 1976.

Table 5. Composition of Tank 241-T-107 Supernatant – B-Plant IX Waste.

Analyte	1975 Supernatant Concentration (µCi/mL)	1989 Supernatant Concentration (µCi/mL)	Units
Cesium-137	3.91E+04	2.23E+04	μCi/L
Strontium-89,90	2.33E+03	3.31E+02	μCi/L
Al	5.32E-03	1.02E-03	<u>M</u>
Na	2.44	2.35	<u>M</u>
NO <sub>2</sub>	0.651	0.583	M
NO <sub>3</sub>	0.800	2.19	M
Pu	< 1.0E-05		g/L
Pu-239,240		1.2E+01	μCi/L
Am-241	Not reported	1.99E-02	μCi/L
Differential Thermal Analysis	No exotherm	Not reported	
SO <sub>4</sub>	Not reported	0.170	M
PO <sub>4</sub>	0.0251	0.0616	M
Cl	0.0128	0.0354	M
F	0.0135	0.0491	M
ОН	0.08	0.025	M
CO <sub>3</sub>	0.394	0.374	<u>M</u>
рН	12.3	11.1	
Specific Gravity (g/mL)	1.129	1.2	g/mL
Visual Observation of sample	Dark yellow, less than 1% solids	Not reported	

### 2.2.10 Saltwell Pumping Interim Stabilization (February 1976 to September 1995)

Tank 241-T-107 was removed from service in January 1976. Removal of liquid from tank 241-T-107 was conducted from February 19, 1976 through July 19, 1976 as part of the program to remove interstitial liquid (i.e., saltwell pumping) from the single-shell tanks (letter 60410-78-092 and DS-021976). A total of 233,600 gallons of liquid waste were reported as being pumped from tank 241-T-107 to tank 241-T-101 during this period. From August 1976 through December 1978, saltwell pumping of liquids from tank 241-T-107 was periodically attempted. However, the pump was reported as inoperable (DS-021976).

Additional stabilization of the waste in tank 241-T-107 was conducted from September 14, 1995 through April 3, 1996 (HNF-SD-RE-TI-178, pages 207 to 213). Approximately 11,000 gallons of liquid were pumped from tank 241-T-107 to the double-shell tank system, leaving 173,000 gallons of sludge in this tank. Tank 241-T-107 was declared having been Interim Stabilized on May 22, 1996.

# 2.2.11 Comparison with Other Reports

Waste transfers into and waste removals from tank 241-T-107 are summarized in A History of the 200 Area Tank Farms (WHC-MR-0132) for 1945 through 1980, Historical Tank Content Estimate for the Northwest Quadrant of the Hanford 200 West Area (HNF-SD-WM-ER-351), Waste Status and Transaction Record Summary (WSTRS) Rev. 4 (LA-UR-97-311) and the Tank Waste Information Network (http://twins.pnl.gov:8001/twins.htm). The information cited in Sections 2.2.1 through 2.2.10 is in agreement with these previous reports. These previous reports accurately state the volume of waste transferred into and removed from tank 241-T-107, as well as the volume of solids and total waste stored. However, there is some ambiguity over the composition of the sludge remaining in tank 241-T-107.

The Historical Tank Content Estimate for the Northwest Quadrant of the Hanford 200 West Area (HNF-SD-WM-ER-351) indicates that tank 241-T-107 contains only sludge originating from 1C/CW waste from the 221-T Bismuth Phosphate Plant. However, this is probably an over simplification given the different waste types that were transferred into tank 241-T-107. The Tank Interpretive Report for tank 241-T-107 (Tank Waste Information Network) assumes that the sludge is comprised of a mixture of 1C/CW solids, TBP Plant waste solids, and PUREX coating removal waste solids.

The Tank Interpretive Report for tank 241-T-107 assumes that the volumes of 1C/CW solids, TBP Plant waste solids, and PUREX coating removal waste solids are 148,000 gallons, 17,000 gallons, and 8,000 gallons, respectively. The rationale given in the Tank Interpretive Report for assigning the volumes to each waste type is the waste transfer records provided in LA-UR-97-311 and WHC-MR-0132. However, neither of these documents identifies a specific sludge volume associated with the TBP Plant waste or the PUREX coating removal waste received into tank 241-T-107. The Tank Interpretive Report also notes that "a clear demarcation between waste types could not be discerned from the segment sample results." Based on this information, the Tank Interpretive Report assigned volume to each of the sludge types in tank 241-T-107 seems arbitrary. The precise quantity of each type of solids present in the tank 241-T-107 waste can not be determined.

# 3.0 TYPES OF TANK WASTE GENERATED AT THE HANFORD SITE CHEMICAL PROCESSING PLANTS

There were numerous irradiated nuclear fuel reprocessing, research and development, and waste management activities conducted at the Hanford Site starting in 1944. These irradiated nuclear fuel reprocessing, research and development, and waste management activities conducted in the processing plants are discussed further in the DOE/RL-97-02, National Register of Historic Places Multiple Property Document Form - Historic, Archaeological and Traditional Cultural Properties of the Hanford Site, Washington February 1997.

It has been established in Section 2.0 that first decontamination cycle (1C) waste mixed with coating removal waste (CW) from the 221-T Bismuth Phosphate plant was transferred into tank 241-T-107. Tank 241-T-107 also received waste from the Tri-Butyl Phosphate (221-U) Plant, cesium ion exchange waste from B-Plant, and coating removal waste from the PUREX Plant. The following sections provide a discussion of these waste types.

## 3.1 221-B and 221-T BISMUTH PHOSPHATE PROCESS PLANT

B- and T-Plants were constructed in 1944 through 1945 to separate plutonium from irradiated nuclear fuel using the bismuth phosphate process. Figure 2 shows a summary of the 221-B/T Plant bismuth phosphate process, which is referred to throughout this discussion. The Bismuth Phosphate process was operated in B-Plant from April 1945 (HW-7-1649-DEL, page 21) through June 1952 (HW-25227-DEL, pages Ed-5 and Ed-6), after which the inventory of radioactive materials was removed from the facility from July 1952 through March 1953 (HW-27774). The Bismuth Phosphate process was operated in T-Plant from December 1944 (HAN-45800-DEL, page 4) through March 1956, after which the inventory of radioactive materials was removed from the facility from March 1956 (HW-42219-DEL, page ED-5) through September 1956 (HW-45707-DEL, page D-5). T-Plant was placed in layaway status in October 1956 (HW-46432-DEL, page D-5).

In the bismuth phosphate process, the aluminum cladding of spent nuclear fuel elements was dissolved in boiling sodium nitrate solution, to which sodium hydroxide was slowly added (HW-10475-C, page 403). The cladding removal waste sometimes referred to as coating waste (CW) was transferred to single-shell underground storage tanks (see item [1] in Figure 2).

The firel element uranium cores (see item [2] in Figure 2) were then dissolved in nitric acid (HW-10475-C, chapter IV, page 405). Water and sulfuric acid were added to the dissolved uranium metal solution, and the mixture was then transferred to the plutonium extraction section. The sulfuric acid formed a uranyl sulfate complex that prevented its precipitation as a phosphate in the subsequent plutonium extraction step (HW-10475-C, page 418).

Plutonium was extracted from the acid solution by addition of bismuth nitrate and phosphoric acid to form a bismuth phosphate carrier precipitate (HW-10475-C, page 503). The plutonium

and bismuth phosphate carrier precipitate was centrifuged and washed with water to separate the acidic supernatant from the precipitate (see item [3] in Figure 2). The acidic solution remaining after the plutonium precipitation contained about 99 percent of the uranium, about 90 percent of the fission products. This separation process also removed and reduced the gamma radiation activity level in the plutonium precipitate by a factor of 10. However, zirconium is phosphate insoluble and zirconium-95 (10 percent of the activity) stayed with the plutonium product. The acidic uranium solution was then neutralized and transferred to the underground single-shell tanks as metal waste (MW). Recent laboratory testing of the bismuth phosphate flowsheet confirms this partitioning of radionuclides (internal letter 7G300-02-NWK-024, "Bismuth Phosphate Process Radionuclide Partition Factors for the Hanford Defined Waste Model"). Of the predominate radionuclides remaining in the waste, the laboratory tests indicate the percentage of cesium-137 and strontium-90 partitioned to the metal waste may have been as high as 100 percent and 89 percent, respectively.

The plutonium bearing cake was then dissolved in nitric acid, and further decontamination of the plutonium to separate fission products was conducted (HW-10475-C, chapter VI). Sodium bismuthate, sodium dichromate, or potassium permanganate was added to oxidize the plutonium to the +6 valence-state. This step caused the bismuth phosphate to precipitate phosphate insoluble fission products (e.g., cerium, niobium, ruthenium, and zirconium), leaving the plutonium in solution. The precipitate was separated from the plutonium-bearing solution using centrifuges and washed to remove soluble plutonium. The plutonium was reduced to the +4 valence state to form a precipitate that could be separated from the remaining soluble fission products by centrifugation.

The fission products separated from the plutonium product during this first cycle of the decontamination process (designated as 1C waste) were transferred to the same single-shell tank that received the coating removal waste. The 1C waste (see item [4] in Figure 2), contained approximately 10 percent of all fission products and approximately 1.4 percent of the plutonium present in the original fuel charged to the plant (HW-23043, pages 20 and 22). After 1951, the Bismuth Phosphate process flowsheet was modified to include cerium and zirconium scavenger precipitation in the 1C by-product step to remove lanthanide and zirconium radionuclides from the plutonium product (HW-23043, page 16).

The plutonium solids from the first decontamination cycle were again dissolved in nitric acid. A second decontamination cycle (see item [5] in Figure 2) was conducted to reduced the gamma activity level by a factor of 10,000 from that in the previous dissolved metal solution, giving an overall process decontamination factor of 100,000 below that of the original solution (HW-10475-C, page 627). The second decontamination step essentially repeated the steps previously described for the first cycle decontamination. The plutonium product from the bismuth phosphate process was subsequently concentrated in the 224-T and 224-B buildings using a lanthanum fluoride precipitation process.

The second decontamination cycle wastes (designated as 2C) were also transferred to the single-shell tanks. The 2C waste contained less than 0.1 percent of the uranium and fission products and about 0.4 percent of the plutonium present in the original fuel charged to the plant (HW-23043, pages 26 and 28).

During operation of B-Plant, the 1C waste was combined with the coating removal waste and transferred to the same single-shell tank. This same practice was conducted in T-Plant from December 1944 through October 19, 1954. Beginning on October 20, 1954, nickel ferrocyanide scavenging of the 1C waste was conducted in T-Plant to precipitate cesium-137 and strontium-90 (HW-33585-DEL, page Ed-8 and HW-33184). The precipitated 1C waste slurry was transferred separate from the coating removal waste to single-shell tanks for settling of the precipitate and discharge of the scavenged (i.e., cesium and strontium depleted) supernatant to a crib.

Table 6 provides the flowsheet estimated compositions of the neutralized CW, MW, 1C, and 2C waste solutions generated from the 221-B/T bismuth phosphate plants based on the October 1, 1951 flowsheet (HW-23043). Additional analyses of the supernatant fraction of MW, 1C/CW, and 2C that was stored in single-shell tanks are provided in Tables 7 and 8. These sample analyses support that the 2C waste contained less than 0.1 percent of the fission products. Analyses of the combined 2C / 224 building / tank 5-6 waste supernatant stored in tank 241-T-112 conducted on August 6, 1952 and September 24, 1952 indicate that the total beta emitters was comprised of 35 to 50 percent ruthenium, 35 to 50 percent cesium, 4 to 8 percent cerium, yttrium, and other rare earths, and 6 to 11 percent undetermined (HW-27035, page 8).

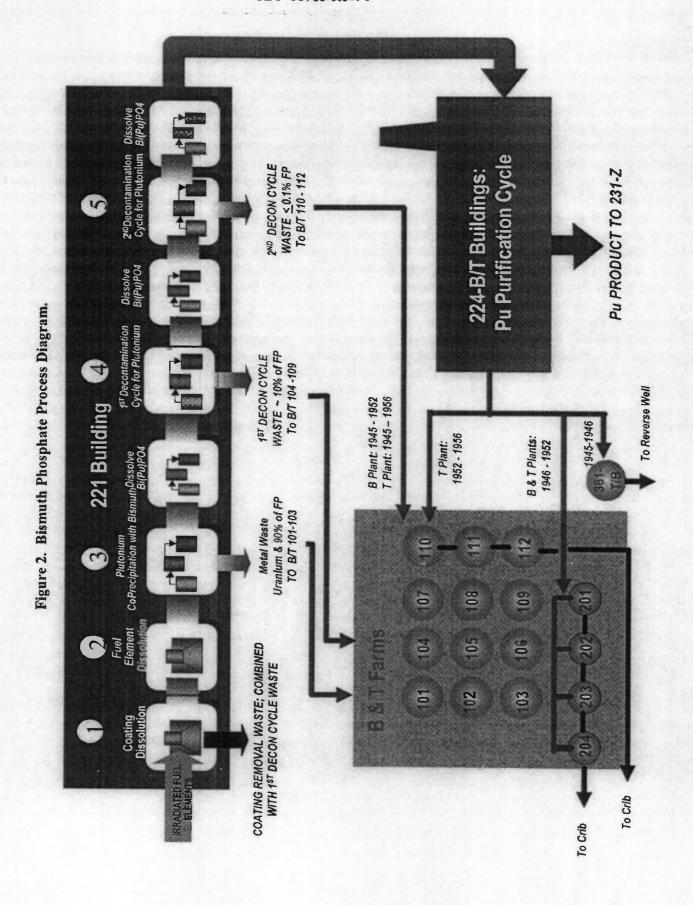


Table 6. Estimated Composition of Bismuth Phosphate Plant Wastes. From October 1 1951 Flowsheet (1)

Analyte (2)	Coating Removal Waste	Metal Waste	First Decontamination Cycle (1C) Waste	Second Decontamination Cycle (2C) Waste	224 Building Waste
Plutonium	3.3E-04	2.0E-04	6.0E-07 <sup>(4)</sup>	1.6E-07 (5)	1.68E-04 <sup>(6)</sup>
Uranium	0.15		0.235 (4)	Not reported	2.04E-05
Gamma	6.6E+04	1.3E+07	2.3E+06 (4)	1.13E+04 (5)	1.13E+02 <sup>(6)</sup>
Sodium Aluminate (NaAlO <sub>2</sub> )	95.1				
Sodium Hydroxide (NaOH)	43.6				
Sodium Nitrate (NaNO <sub>3</sub> )	61.8				
Sodium Nitrite (NaNO <sub>2</sub> )	56.0				
Sodium Silicate (NaSiO <sub>3</sub> )	4.3				
Uranyl nitrate (UHN) (3)		132			
Fluorine (F)					5.6
Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> )		9.7	93.1	61.3	42.4
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )		24.4	4.73	3.61	0.35
Phosphate (PO <sub>4</sub> )		25.2	26.2	23.0	3.05
Sodium (Na)		83.2	47.3	36.7	36.8
Bismuth (Bi)			2.59	1.31	1.18
Cerium (Ce)			0.030		
Lanthanum (La)					0.49
Manganese (Mn)					0.33
Zirconium (Zr)			0.030		
Iron (Fe)			1.37	1.82	
Chrome (Cr)			0.16	0.06	0.17
Ammonia (NH <sub>4</sub> )			1.98	1.71	0.12
Silicon Hexa-Fluoride (SiF <sub>6</sub> )			4.35	3.67	
Volume per Batch (gallons)	795	2,380	2,040	2,090	2,200

#### Notes:

(2) Analyses are reported in grams per liter, except for gamma activity, which is counts/minute/mL.

<sup>(1)</sup> See HW-23043

<sup>(3)</sup> HW-23043, page 31, notes that uranium is not actually present in this form, but is probably as NaUO<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> and

Na<sub>4</sub>(UO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>.

(4) Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks 13-4 and 14-3 (HW-23043, pages 20 and

<sup>22).
(5)</sup> Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks 18-4 and 19-3 (HW-23043, pages 26 and

<sup>28).
&</sup>lt;sup>(6)</sup> Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks A-4, D-4, B-3, and F-8 (HW-23043, pages 39, 44, 48, and 54).

Table 7. Analyses of Bismuth Phosphate Process Supernatants Stored.

Waste Type (1,2)	Tank	рН	Pu μg/L	Gross Beta millicuries/liter	Gross Gamma millicuries/liter	Date Sampled
Metal Waste	T-101	10.1	70	200(5)	70 <sup>(5)</sup>	12-12-1946
Metal Waste	T-101	10	35	110 <sup>(5)</sup>	25(5)	7-01-1947
Metal Waste	T-102	9.9	60	120	20	7-01-1947
Metal Waste	T-103	9.8	60	150	20	7-01-1947
1C/CW	B-109	9.9	40	0.65	0.28	3-18-1947
1C/CW	C-112	9.9	12	12	4.4	3-18-1947
2C	B-111	6.9	7.2E-02	2.0E-03	3.0E-03	7-1-1947
2C	B-112	6.8	4.32E?? (3)	1.5E-03	3.0E-03	7-1-1947
Waste Type	Tank	рН	Pu μg/L	Gross Beta Counts / minute/ cc.	Gross Gamma Counts / minute/ cc.	Date Sampled
2C	T-110	Not reported (4)	15	4.9E+04	30	7-13-1945
2C	T-110	9.8(4)	19	6.9E+04	55	7-25-1945
2C	B-110	9.6 <sup>(4)</sup>	8.5	7.0E+04	55	7-25-1945

#### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> See HW-10728 and HW-3-3220.

<sup>(2)</sup> Solids formed in each of wastes, settling to the bottom of each tanks. These sample analyses are for the supernatant only and are not representative of the sludges.

(3) The reported Pu sample analysis for tank 241-B-112 seems to be in error and lacking an exponent in HW-10728.

<sup>(4)</sup> Prior to October 1945, the 1C and 2C wastes were neutralized to a pH of approximately 10. The waste collected in tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, 241-B-112, 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 were neutralized to about pH 7 after October 1945 to

precipitate bismuth and plutonium (HW-3-3220, page 13).

(5) Decrease in gross beta and gross gamma concentrations shown for the T-101 waste samples are due to decay of fission products with short half-lives.

	Table 8.	Analyse	s of Metal	Waste an	Table 8. Analyses of Metal Waste and First Decontamination Cycle / Coating Waste Supernatant.	contamin	ation Cyc	le / Coati	ng Waste	Superna	tant.	
Tank	Date Filled	Pu µg/cc	Gross Beta	Gamena Gamena	Sr µCl/cc	CS TCJ/cc	Ru µCI/ee	Rare Earths + Y Ce	39/Di	Nb µCl/ce	Zr	Te µCi/cc
	_			hCI/66				nC/cc				
		Ana	Analyses of M	etal Wast	of Metal Waste Supernatant Following Uranium Extraction	tant Follo	wing Ura	nium Ext	raction <sup>(1)</sup>			
C-106	Not specified				0.44	54.2						
BX-108	Not specified				0.26	132.4						
BX-109	Not specified				1.08	56.3						
C-112	Not specified				1.20	25.8						
C-109	Not specified		·		0.46	40.7						
C-111	Not specified				0.10	34.5						
Average Concentrations for Metal Waste	ations for Meta	Il Waste			0.59	57.3						
	Analyse	Analyses of First Deco		ntamination C	Cycle (1C) V	Waste Mixed with	ced with C	oating R	emoval W	Coating Removal Waste (CW) (2)	(2) (3)	
B-107	8-1945	1.7E-02	0.135			0.10						. 1
T-107	9-1945	1.5E-03	0.170	0.093	0.0013	0.20						
B-108	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.183	0.044	0.022	0.12						
T-108 (Top)	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.25	0.073	0.12	0.17	9900.0	0.047	0.007	0.0018	0	1.2E-05
T-108 (Bottom)	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.25	0.070	0.12	Not	0.0065	0,029	0.0066	0.0024	0	3E-05
T-109	3-1946	2.6E-03	0.14	0.082	0.00038	0.15						
B-109	4-1946	1.8E-02	0.16	0.051	0.01	0.11						
(Top)	7-1946	3E-03	0.51	0.130	0.00013	0.13	0.058	0.004	0.051	0.028	0.010	2.4E-05
T-104 (Bottom)	7-1946	50-AE	0.52	0.160	0.00037	Not reported	0.059	0.003	0.050	0.028	0.015	3.6E-05
C-110	8-1946	2E-03	0.14	0.0067	0.00026	0.11						
C-111	11-1946	4.2E-03	0.16	0.069	0.01	0.13						
C-112	4-1947	3.1 <b>B</b> -03	0.14	0.064	0.005	0.13						
U-110	4-1947	2.1E-04	0.13	690.0	0.00011	0.17						
U-111	10-1947	3.4E-04	0.12	0.060	0.00023	0.14						
TX-109 <sup>(3)</sup>	9-1949	2.7E-05	2.8	2.2	0.00087	0.27	0.34	0.0085	0.0035	0.34	1.2	8E-05
Average Concentrations for 1C / CW	ations for 1C	7.67E-03	0.39	0.22	0.02	0.15	. :					
				7	-	1						

Notes:

<sup>(0)</sup> HW-36717, Decontamination of Uranium Recovery Process Stored Wastes Interim Report, May 16, 1955, W. W. Schulz, General Electric Company, Richland, Washington.
(2) HW-20195, Radioactive Content of Stored Bismuth Phosphate First Cycle Waste Supernatants, February 5, 1951, General Electric Company, Richland, Washington.
(3) Tank TX-109 exhibits higher gross beta and gross gamma radioactivity since this tank was sampled shortly after filling and the short-lived fission products (c.g., Ru, Nb, and Zr) had not

decayed appreciably.

# 3.1.1 221-T and 221-B Plant Cell Drainage Waste

During the operation of the 221-B and 221-T Bismuth Phosphate plants, failure of process equipment, cooling jackets on process vessels, and piping occurred periodically, resulting in the discharge of cooling water, chemical solutions, and process solutions (e.g., MW, 1C, 2C wastes and plutonium product solutions) to the process cells. Each of the 40 process cells in the 221-B and 221-T Plants contained a sump that was equipped with a conductivity probe beginning in August 1946 to detect a liquid leak in the process cell (HW-7-4739-DEL, page 21). The sumps gravity drained to a 24-inch diameter vitrified clay pipe that traversed under each cell and discharged to a deep, open top, stainless steel tank, number 5-7 in section 5 (cell 10) (HW-10475-C, page 914).

Cell drainage collected in tank 5-7 was jetted to tank 5-6 or tank 5-9, which were used for sampling and chemical treatment of the cell drainage solution. Waste in tanks 5-6 and 5-9 could be jetted between these two tanks. High activity waste collected in 221-T Plant and 221-B Plant tanks 5-9 could be jetted to single-shell tank 241-T-107 and 241-B-107, respectively (HW-10475-C, page 918). Alternatively, the cell drainage waste could be transferred to process vessels with the 221-T (or 221-B) Plant and processed to recover plutonium. An example of this practice is cited in the January 1948 monthly report for the Hanford Works (HW-8931-Del, page 28). The T-Plant stack drainage waste was also collected as part of the cell drainage until May 28, 1951, after which the stack drainage was routed to the cascade of single-shell tank 241-TX-113, 241-TX-114, and 241-TX-115 (HW-21260-DEL, page 58).

Cell drainage waste collected in tank 5-6 was transferred to reverse well number 216-T-3 from January 1945 through August 1946. Crib number 216-T-6 was used to dispose of the cell drainage waste from August 1946 through June 1951. After June 1951, cell drainage waste was transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 (HW-55176, part V). The quantity and composition of the cell drainage solutions discharged from tank 5-6 varied (see HW-20583, page 4, and HW-33591, page 25).

## 3.1.2 221-T Equipment Decontamination Facility

In October 1958, plans were developed to convert the 221-T Plant for use as decontamination facility for equipment from the Reduction-Oxidation (REDOX) plant (HW-58051-DEL, page D-5). Work was conducted from February 1959 (HW-59434-DEL, page D-4) through June 1960 (HW-65935-DEL, page C-2) to convert the 221-T Plant. Equipment decontamination activities were initiated at the 221-T Plant in July 1960, with the receipt of a failed multipurpose dissolver from the REDOX plant (HW-66271-DEL, page C-2). Equipment decontamination waste was transferred to various cribs and single-shell tanks. Tank 241-T-107 did not receive equipment decontamination waste.

## 3.2 221-B PLANT FISSION PRODUCTS PROCESSING

From August 1963 through June 1966, B-Plant was used in conjunction with the PUREX facility, 244-CR Vault, and the 201-C Hot Semiworks (renamed Strontium Semiworks in 1963) to separate strontium-90 and rare earths (i.e., cerium-144 and promethium-147) from high-level waste solutions. Then, from July 1966 through December 1967, equipment was replaced within B-Plant to expand the processing capability to include cesium removal from fission high-level waste solutions using ion exchange equipment. The strontium and rare earths processing equipment was also replaced to include only strontium removal using a solvent extraction equipment, followed by precipitation and centrifugation equipment for purifying the strontium. Each of the fission products processing events in the B-Plant is discussed in more detail in the following sections.

## 3.2.1 STRONTIUM AND RARE EARTHS PROCESSING

On September 18, 1961 (HW-71187-DEL, page F-2), renovation of cells 5 through 12 within B-Plant canyon was initiated to use these cells for separating strontium and rare earths from a mixed fission product solution (HW-69011). Construction activities were completed, and the facility was accepted by operations on January 31, 1963 (HW-76848-DEL, page B-2). Processing of radioactive waste in cells 5 through 12 at the B-Plant commenced on August 2, 1963 (HW-78817-DEL, pages B-2 and G-2).

B-Plant was used in conjunction with the PUREX facility, 244-CR Vault and the 201-C Hot Semiworks to separate strontium-90, cerium-144 and promethium-147 from high-level waste solutions. The PUREX facility generated a first cycle raffinate solution from the solvent extraction reprocessing of irradiated reactor fuel (i.e., high-level waste). The first cycle raffinate solution was highly acidic and contained most of the fission products (e.g., strontium-89/90, cerium-144, promethium-147, and cesium-137) that were separated from the uranium and plutonium during the reprocessing of irradiated reactor fuel. The acidity of the first cycle raffinate solution was reduced by addition of sugar and digestion at elevated temperature to decompose the nitric acid solution.

In a section of the PUREX facility known as the head-end, first cycle raffinate solution was reacted with sodium sulfate and lead nitrate to precipitate strontium and rare earth (i.e., cerium and promethium) fission products (HW-63051 and HW-69534). Lead co-precipitated with strontium and increased the amount of strontium precipitated from the first cycle raffinate solution. The resulting strontium and rare earth precipitate was centrifuged and washed to separate the supernatant, which contained soluble fission products such as cesium-137, zirconium-niobium-95, and ruthenium-rhodium-106. The supernatant containing the soluble fission products (e.g., cesium-137, zirconium-niobium-95, and ruthenium-rhodium-106) was neutralized and transferred to underground storage tanks. The strontium and rare earth precipitate was metathesized to soluble carbonates by addition of sodium carbonate. The strontium and rare earth carbonate precipitates were then dissolved in nitric acid and transferred to B-Plant via 244-CR Vault for further processing.

In B-Plant, the strontium nitrate / rare earth nitrate solution were processed to form separate solutions containing strontium and rare earths (HW-77016). The strontium nitrate / rare earth nitrate solution was reacted with oxalic acid to precipitate the rare earths along with lead, leaving strontium in solution. The precipitate was centrifuged to separate the strontium solution from the rare earth precipitate. The strontium solution was stored in B-Plant and transferred periodically to the 201-C Hot Semiworks for purification. The rare earth precipitate was dissolved in nitric acid and stored in B-Plant for further processing.

Lead was removed from the rare earth solution by adding sodium hydroxide solution to form soluble plumbite and insoluble rare earth hydroxide precipitates (HW-81373, RL-SEP-197, page G-2, and HAN-90907, page 21). The plumbite was separated from the rare earth hydroxide precipitate by centrifugation and discarded to the single-shell tanks. The rare earth hydroxide precipitate was washed with sodium hydroxide solution to remove soluble lead and the wash solution was also discarded to the single-shell tanks. The rare earth hydroxide precipitate was dissolved in nitric acid, stored in B-Plant, and eventually transferred to the 201-C Hot Semiworks for purification.

Processing of strontium and rare earth solutions within B-Plant continued until June 1966 (HAN-95105-DEL, page 15). Separations of strontium and rare earths from the first cycle raffinate solution continued to be conducted in the head-end section of the PUREX facility through February 8, 1967 (HAN-96805-DEL, page AIII-4). The strontium and rare earth solution was transferred from PUREX to the 244-CR Vault for storage from July 1966 through February 1967, while equipment modifications were conducted at B-Plant.

## 3.2.2 CESIUM AND STRONTIUM PROCESSING

From July 1966 (HAN-95284-DEL, page 13) through October 1967 (HAN-98918-DEL, page AIII-2), equipment within the 221-B Plant was flushed and replaced with new equipment for separating cesium and strontium from high-level waste. In January 1967 (HAN-96590-DEL, page AIII-4) and in March 1967 (HAN-97066-DEL, page AIII-4), testing was conducted of a new centrifuge and a precipitation-decantation-centrifugation technique for separating iron and aluminum from PUREX sludge waste. Construction activities continued to be conducted in the 221-B Plant throughout 1967.

On December 27, 1967 (HAN-99396-DEL, page AIII-3), alkaline supernatants stored in the single-shell tanks were transferred to B-Plant, and cesium was separated using an ion exchange process. Cesium ion exchange processing continued at B-Plant until October 1983 using at first inorganic and later organic ion exchange materials (RHO-RE-SA-169). Cesium was also precipitated from acidic, PUREX high-level waste (known as CAW) using phosphotungstic acid (PTA), with the cesium precipitate dissolved in sodium hydroxide solution and processed through the ion exchange equipment for cesium recovery (ARH-CD-917). After separation of cesium, the alkaline supernatants were transferred directly to underground storage tanks. The ion exchange process used an ammonium carbonate / ammonium hydroxide solution to separate sodium from cesium on the ion exchange media. The aqueous wastes that contained ammonium were processed in the Cell 23 evaporator to concentrate these wastes and volatilize ammonia before transferred to underground storage tanks.

On January 31, 1968, the solvent extraction equipment installed in B-Plant was operated to purify the inventory of rare earth solutions stored at B-Plant (HAN-99604-DEL, page AIII-3). The semi-purified promethium - cerium solution was stored in B-Plant process tank 6-2 (HAN-100127-DEL, page AIII-3). Separation of strontium from the strontium and rare earths solutions stored in the 244-CR Vault was then conducted in March 1968 using the solvent extraction equipment (HAN-100127-DEL, page AIII-3).

The B-Plant solvent extraction equipment began processing the PUREX first cycle raffinate solution to separate strontium on April 20, 1968 (HAN-100357-DEL, page AIII-3). The processing of PUREX first cycle raffinate solution was completed on August 30, 1968 (PR-REPORT-SEP68-DEL, page AIII-3). The B-Plant solvent extraction equipment was then used to separate strontium from PUREX high-level waste sludges. The PUREX high-level waste sludges were dissolved in nitric acid (known as PAS) in the 244-AR Vault and transferred to B-Plant for centrifugation to separate solids. The clarified solution was process in the solvent extraction equipment to separate strontium (PR-REPORT-SEP-68-DEL, page AIII-4). In addition, the B-Plant solvent extraction equipment was operated periodically to separate strontium from CAW solutions following the PTA processing to separate cesium. Strontium separation from high-level waste solutions using the solvent extraction equipment continued at B-Plant until 1977. The aqueous waste from the solvent extraction process was evaporated in the Cell 23 evaporator and transferred to underground storage tanks.

## 3.3 PUREX PLANT

The PUREX plant was operated from 1956 through 1988 to reprocess irradiated nuclear fuels. The PUREX Plant processed both aluminum coated and zirconium clad irradiated nuclear fuels. For the aluminum-coated fuel, the fuel coating was dissolved in sodium hydroxide solution. The coating removal waste (designated as CW) was inherently alkaline and did not require neutralization before transfer to underground storage tanks. The zirconium clad fuel; Zircaloy<sup>®1</sup> (98.5 percent Zr and 1.5 percent Sn), was dissolved in a solution of ammonium fluoride and ammonium nitrate. The zirconium cladding waste was neutralized (designated as NCRW) by addition of sodium hydroxide solution before transfer to underground storage tanks (PFP-P-020-00001).

After dissolving the coating / cladding on the irradiated nuclear fuel, the uranium fuel elements were then dissolved. The dissolved fuel elements are then processed through a solvent extraction system that used tri-butyl phosphate solvent in a normal paraffin hydrocarbon diluent. The fission products and impurities separated during the uranium and plutonium solvent extraction process were neutralized and transferred underground storage tanks, forming supernatant and sludges within the tanks. The supernatant, known as PUREX supernatant neutralized (PSN) were stored separately in the 200 East Area tank farms and eventually processed in the B-Plant to remove cesium. The plutonium solutions generated at the PUREX Plant were transferred to the 234-5Z building (Z-Plant) for further processing. Uranium solutions were transferred to the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Zircaloy<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of Teledyne Wah Chang, Albany, Oregon.

224-U building (UO<sub>3</sub> Plant) for conversion to an oxide and transfer to offsite facilities for re-use in the fabrication of nuclear fuel.

## 3.4 TRI-BUTYL PHOSPHATE (TBP) PLANT

The 221-U Plant was originally constructed and contained equipment for conducting the Bismuth Phosphate process, similar to 221-B and 221-T Plants. However, the Bismuth Phosphate process was never conducted in the 221-U Plant. Instead, the equipment in the 221-U Plant was replaced with a solvent extraction process to separate uranium from stored bismuth phosphate metal waste. The uranium solvent extraction process used tri-butyl phosphate (TBP) as the solvent dissolved in a hydrocarbon diluent. The so-called Tri-Butyl Phosphate Plant derived its name from the solvent used to separate uranium from the metal waste.

Processing of metal waste solutions in the TBP Plant was conducted from November 1952 (HW-26376-DEL, page Ed-3) through March 1957 (HW-51240). In the TBP Plant, there were two parallel processing lines (Line A and Line B) with identical equipment. The following discussion is applicable to either processing line.

Metal waste stored in the single-shell tanks consisted of precipitated sludge and supernatant. Both the supernatant and sludge contained uranium. The metal waste supernatant was first removed from a cascade of the single-shell tanks and collected in a separate single-shell tank. Metal waste sludge was then sluiced from a single-shell tank using the metal waste supernatant that was previously collected. The metal waste slurry was accumulated in several stainless steel tanks contained in an underground concrete vault. The metal waste sludge was allowed to settle in the stainless steel tank and the supernatant removed for re-use in sluicing sludge. The metal waste sludge was then dissolved in nitric acid and combined with metal waste supernatant. The nitric acidic concentration of the metal waste was adjusted to ensure the waste was stabile and did not form precipitates (HW-19140, pages 216 - 219).

The acidic metal waste solution was then transferred to the TBP Plant. In the TBP Plant, the acidic metal waste was evaporated to remove excess liquid and centrifuged to remove solids (HW-19140, pages 311 - 312). The clarified acidic solution was transferred to the RA pulse-column that contained tri-butyl phosphate solvent in a hydrocarbon diluent.

In the RA column, uranium was extracted from the acidic solution into the organic solvent phase. A dilute nitric acid scrub solution was introduced into the RA column to remove trace amount of cesium and strontium fission products that were co-extracted with the uranium. Cerium, ruthenium, niobium, and zirconium fission products are co-extracted with the uranium. The scrub solution also contained ferrous ammonium sulfate to reduce plutonium to the III valence state and prevent extraction along with the uranium into the organic solvent phase. Therefore, plutonium and cesium and strontium fission products remained in the aqueous phase along with approximately 0.5 percent of the uranium present in the feed to the column (HW-19140, pages 405 - 420). The aqueous waste leaving the RA column was known as the RAW stream.

The organic solvent phase containing the uranium and co-extracted fission products (cerium, ruthenium, niobium, and zirconium) was transferred to the RC pulse-column where uranium along with co-extracted plutonium and fission products were stripped from the solvent using 0.01 M nitric acid (HW-19140, pages 421 – 423). The 0.01 M nitric acid strip solution containing the recovery uranium was transferred to the 224-U Building (UO3 Plant) for further processing. In the UO<sub>3</sub> Plant, the uranium nitrate solution was evaporated to reduce the solution volume, calcined, and packaged for transportation off-site.

The organic solvent from the RC column was transferred to the RO pulse-column for removal of organic degradation products. The organic solvent was contacted with  $0.4 \, \underline{M}$  sodium sulfate to remove organic degradation products (HW-19140, pages 1111-1112). The aqueous waste solution from the RO column (designated as ROW stream) was combined with the RAW stream for treatment.

The combined RAW and ROW waste solutions were neutralized using sodium hydroxide solution to a pH greater than 9.5 (HW-19140, page 1206). Neutralization of the combined RAW and ROW waste resulted in the formation of sodium salts (e.g., sodium nitrate, sodium sulfate, and sodium phosphate). The neutralized RAW / ROW waste was then concentrated to minimize the volume of waste. Ammonia was evolved from the neutralized waste during the concentration step. The concentrated TBP Plant waste was then transferred to the single-shell tanks for storage (HW-19140, pages 1206 - 1209).

Beginning on September 29, 1954, the TBP Plant RAW / ROW waste was treated to precipitate cesium-137 and strontium-90 (HAN-62359-DEL, monthly report for September 1954, page 44). Cesium-137 and strontium-90 were precipitated by adding potassium ferrocyanide, sodium hydroxide, and nickel sulfate to the acidic TBP Plant waste (HW-30399 and HW-31731). The scavenged TBP Plant (RAW / ROW) waste was not concentrated. The scavenged TBP Plant waste was transferred to single-shell tanks where the nickel ferrocyanide (Ni<sub>2</sub>Fe(CN)<sub>6</sub>) precipitate was allowed to settle. The scavenged TBP Plant supernatant was then discharged cribs or trenches (HW-48518, pages 15 to 20).

#### 4.0 RADIONUCLIDE ANALYSES OF WASTE IN TANK 241-T-107

The U.S. Department of Energy uses several factors to determine the disposition of radioactive wastes (DOE M 435.1). One of these factors is the concentration of alpha-emitting transuranic isotopes with half-life greater than 20 years present in the radioactive waste. Table 9 provides the best-basis inventory for transuranic elements (i.e., Np-237, Pu-238, Pu-239, Pu-240, and Am-241) contained in the tank 241-T-107 sludge, as reported on April 21, 2003 from the Tank Waste Information Network (TWINS) database; <a href="http://twins.pnl.gov:8001/twins.htm">http://twins.pnl.gov:8001/twins.htm</a>. The concentration of transuranic elements in the waste stored in tank 241-T-107 is approximately 154.5 ηCi/g.

The concentrations of cesium-137 and strontium-90 present in the waste stored in tank 241-T-107 are also provided in Table 9. The cesium-137 and strontium-90 concentrations are approximately 15.8 µCi/g and 108.4 µCi/g, which is consistent with tank 241-T-107 having received cesium ion exchange waste from B-Plant along with the 1C/CW sludge. The cesium-137 present in the tank 241-T-107 sludge is highly soluble. Testing conducted with a composite core sample of this sludge indicates approximately 24 percent of the cesium can be removed from the tank 241-T-107 sludge by washing with 0.01 M sodium hydroxide solution, and an additional 60 percent of the cesium-137 can be removed by leaching the sludge at 100 °C with 3.2 M sodium hydroxide solution. Approximately 80 percent of the technetium present in the tank 241-T-107 sludge can also be removed by washing the sludge with 0.01 M sodium hydroxide solution. Less than 1 percent of the transuranic and strontium-90 were removed during the washing and leaching tests with the tank 241-T-107 sludge (LA-UR-95-2070).

The inventories of transuranic elements, cesium-137, and strontium-90 present in tank 241-T-107 are also compared to the inventory of these radionuclides present in all 177 underground storage tanks at the Hanford Site in Table 9. The inventory of transuranic elements present in tank 241-T-107 is approximately 0.07 percent of the total inventory of transuranic elements present in all 177 underground storage tanks at the Hanford Site. The inventories of cesium-137 and strontium-90 present in tank 241-T-107 are approximately 0.03 percent and 0.22 percent of the total inventory of cesium-137, and strontium-90 present in all 177 underground storage tanks at the Hanford Site.

Table 9. Transuranic Elements and Fission Products in Tank 241-T-10	07	Γ-1	241-	Tank	in	ducts	Pro	noissi	1	lements and	Fransuranic	Table 9
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Tank	TR	<b>U</b>	Cs-	-137	Sr	-90
	ηCi/g	Ci	μCi/g	Ci	μCi/g	Ci
241-T-107	154.5	157.9	15.8	16,100	108.4	111,000
All 177 Tanks	Not applicable	226,511	Not applicable	46,080,000	Not applicable	50,280,000
241-T-107 waste as a percentage of all 177 tanks		0.07%		0.03%		0.22%

## 5.0 SUMMARY

The waste types received in tank 241-T-107 and their disposition are summarized in Table 10. Based on the waste transfer history, the sludge stored in tank 241-T-107 is comprised of 1C/CW sludge from the 221-T Bismuth Phosphate Plant that contains interstitial liquids. The interstitial liquids present in the 1C/CW sludge are from the cesium ion exchange process conducted in B-Plant. The concentration of transuranic elements present in the sludge stored in tank 241-T-107 is approximately 154.5  $\eta$ Ci/g, which is consistent with the characteristics of 1C/CW sludge. The concentrations of cesium-137 and strontium-90 in the sludge contained in tank 241-T-107 are approximately 15.8  $\mu$ Ci/g and 108.4  $\mu$ Ci/g.

Table 10. Waste Transfer History for Tank 241-T-107.

Date	Waste Type	Source	Disposition	Waste Vo	
				Supernatant (gallons)	Sludge (gallons)
02/1945 to 03/1946	1C/CW	221-T Plant	Received 1,590,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste that cascaded into tanks 241-T-108 and 241-T-109. 1C/CW precipitated during storage.	530, tot	
03/1951 to 07/1951	1C/CW Supernatant		Transferred 285,000 gallons of supernatant to 242-T Evaporator for concentration and storage.	245, tot	
11/1952 to 01/1953	TBP Plant Waste	221-U Plant	Received 291,000 gallons of TBP Plant waste into tank 241-T-107 that cascaded to tank 241-T-108 and 241-T-109.	335,000	201,000
08/1953	TBP Plant Waste Supernatant		Transferred 302,000 gallons of supernatant to 242-T Evaporator for concentration and storage.	33,000	201,000
12/1954 to 01/1955	Scavenged TBP Plant Supernatant	Tank 241-T-101	Received 242,000 gallons of scavenged TBP Plant supernatant and 54,000 gallons of flush water.	329,000	201,000
10/1966 to 12/1966	Scavenged TBP Plant Supernatant		Transferred 311,000 gallons of supernatant to 242-T Evaporator for concentration and storage.	22,000	186,000
01/1967 to 06/1967	PUREX Coating Removal Waste	Tank 241-C-102	Received 297,000 gallons of PUREX coating removal waste.	319,000	186,000
10/1969 to 12/1969	PUREX Coating Removal Waste		Transferred 275,000 gallons of supernatant to 242-T Evaporator for concentration and storage.	119,000	109,000
01/1973 to 06/1973	Cesium Ion Exchange Waste	221-B Plant	Received 1,257,000 gallons of B-Plant cesium ion exchange process waste and 13,000 gallons of flush water from tank 241-BX-104. Transferred 269,000 gallons to tanks 241-T-108, 378,000 gallons to 241-T-109 and 452,000 gallons to 241-T-105.	293,000	109,000
02/1976 to 09/1995	Supernatant and Interstitial Liquids		Saltwell pumped tank as part of interim stabilization program.	0	173,000

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# APPENDIX A

VOLUME OF WASTE IN TANK 241-T-107

January 1945 through May 1977

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Year	Month	Percentage filled [11]	Reference	Page	Comments
1945	January	Empty	HW-7-1293-DEL		No waste transferred into tank 241-T-107.
	February	6.33%	HW-7-1388-DEL	18	1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant collected in tank 241-T-107.
	March	7.9%	HW-7-1544-DEL	21	Same as above.
	April	10.0%	HW-7-1649-DEL	20	Same as above.
	May	16.6%	HW-7-1793-DEL	22	Same as above.
	June	18.1%	HW-7-1981-DEL	23	Same as above.
	July	22.6%	HW-7-2177-DEL	22	Same as above.
	August	31.8%	HW-7-2361-DEL	21	Same as above.
	September	38.3%	HW-7-2548-DEL	22	Same as above. 1C/CW waste began to overflow from tank 241-T-107 to tank 241-T-108 on September 1, 1945.
	October	49.2%	HW-7-2706-DEL	21	IC/CW waste being adjusted to pH 7 before discharge to cascade of tanks 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109.
	November	61.0%	HW-7-2957-DEL	21	Same as above.
	December	79.7%	HW-7-3171-DEL	21	Same as above. IC/CW waste began to overflow from tank 241-T-108 to tank 241-T-109 on December 10, 1945.
					Same as above.
1946	January	86.5%	HW-7-3378-DEL	24	Same as above.
	February	95.5%	HW-7-3566-DEL	21	Same as above.
	March	100%	HW-7-3751-DEL	20 - 21	Tanks 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109 are filled with 1C/CW waste. 1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant diverted to tank 241-U-110 on March 11, 1946. However, transfer line developed a plug. 1C/CW waste was then diverted to tank 241-T-104.
	April	100%	HW-7-4004-DEL	20 - 21	1C/CW waste transfer line from 221-T Plant to 241-U Farm (tank 241-U-110) was unplugged. 1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant still being collected in tank 241-T-104.
	May	100%	HW-7-4193-DEL	21	Receiving 1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant into tank 241-T-104
	June	100%	HW-7-4343-DEL	23	Receiving 1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant into tank 241-T-104
	July	%001	HW-7-4542-DEL	21 - 22	Receiving 1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant into tank 241-T-104.  Tank 241-T-104 filled and 1C/CW waste diverted to tank 241-U-110 on July 22, 1946.
	August	100%	HW-7-4739-DEL	23	Tank 241-T-107 filled with 1C/CW waste. 1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant diverted to cascade of tanks 241-U-110, 241-U-111, and 241-U-112.
	September	100%	HW-7-5194-DEL	26	Same as above.
	October	100%	HW-7-5362-DEL	28	Same as above.
	November	100%	HW-7-5505-DEL	28	Same as above.
	December	100%	HW-7-5630-DEL	25	Same as above.

		Table A	A-1. Volume of Waster	s in Tank	Table A-1. Volume of Wastes in Tank 241-T-107. (11 sheets)
Year	Month	Percentage filled [1]	Reference	Page	Comments
1947	January	100%	HW-7-5802-DEL	26	Same as above.
	February	100%	HW-7-5944-DEL	25	Same as above.
	March	100%	HW-7-6048-DEL	23 - 24	Same as above. pH of 1C/CW waste supernatant being received in tank 241-U-110 measured to be between 9 and 10, slightly above target value of pH 7.
	April	100%	HW-7-6184-DEL	26	Same as above. Reduced the amount of caustic solution added t the IC/CW waste in 221-T Plant to lower the pH to the target value of pH 7, which promotes precipitation of bismuth and plutonium.
	May	100%	HW-7-6391-DEL	23 – 24	Tank 241-T-107 filled with IC/CW waste.  IC/CW waste from 221-T Plant diverted to cascade of tanks 241-U-110, 241-U-111, and 241-U-112.
province in the control of the contr	June	100%	HW-7-7454-DEL	26	Same as above.
	July	100%	HW-7283-DEL	26	Same as above.
	August	100%	HW-7504-DEL	27	Same as above.
	September	100%	HW-7795-DEL	27	Same as above.
	October	100%	HW-7997-DEL	27	Same as above.
	November	100%	HW-8267-DEL	29	Same as above.
	December	100%	HW-8438-DEL	27	Same as above.
1948	Jamiarv	100%	HW-8931-DEL	28	Same as above.
	February	100%	HW-9191-DEL	29 - 30	Same as above.
	March	100%	HW-9595-DEL	32	Same as above.
	April	100%	HW-9922-DEL	31 - 32	Same as above.
Address of the Addres	May	100%	HW-10166-DEL	33	Tank 241-T-107 filled with 1C/CW waste. 241-U-110, 241-U-111, and 241-U-112 are filled with 1C/CW
					waste. IC/CW waste from 221-T Plant diverted to tank 241-T-105.
	June	100%	HW-10378-DEL	30	Same as above.
	July	100%	HW-10714-DEL	32 - 33	Same as above.
	August	100%	HW-10993-DEL	35 - 36	Tank 241-T-107 filled with IC/CW waste.  Tank 241-T-105 receiving IC/CW waste from 221-T Plant.
	September	100%	HW-11226-DEL	33	IC/CW waste from 221-T Plant diverted to tank 241-T-105, which cascades to tank 241-T-106.
					Tank 241-T-107 filled with 1C/CW waste.
	October	100%	HW-11499-DEL	34	Same as above.
	November	100%	HW-11835-DEL	36	Same as above.
managerida systemacycyclic a perm al reputerar	December	100%	HW-12086-DEL	37	Same as above.

Year	Month	Percentage filled   11	Reference	Page	lled [1] Reference Page Comments
1949	January	100%	HW-12391-DEL	38 - 39	Cascade of tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 and 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109 are filled with 1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant
					Jumper changes made in diversion boxes 241-TX-153, 241-TX-154, and 241-TX-155 to divert IC/CW waste from 221-T Plant to cascade of tanks 241-TX-109 241-TX-110 241-TX-111 and 241-TX-112
	February	100%	HW-12666-DEL	35	Cascade of tanks 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109 filled with
	7	\000F	וזאר ניספי עוווי	77 07	1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant.
	March	100%	HW-1293/-DEL	40 - 41	Same as above.
	May	100%	HW-13561-DEL	42	Same as above.
The same of the sa	June	100%	HW-13793-DEL	41	Same as above.
	July	100%	HW-14043-DEL	43	Same as above.
	August	100%	HW-14338-DEL	44	Same as above.
	September	100%	HW-14596-DEL	43	Same as above.
	October	100%	HW-14916-DEL	43	Same as above.
	November	100%	HW-15267-DEL	45	Same as above.
	December	100%	HW-15550-DEL	43	Same as above.
1950	January	100%	HW-15843-DEL	45	Same as above.
	February	100%	HW-17056-DEL	45	Same as above.
	March	100%	HW-17410-DEL	49	Same as above.
	April	100%	HW-17660-DEL	47	Same as above.
	May	100%	HW-17971-DEL	45	Same as above.
	June	100%	HW-18221-DEL	45	Same as above.
	July	100%	HW-18473-DEL	46	Same as above.
	August	100%	HW-18740-DEL	50	Same as above.
	September	100%	HW-19021-DEL	49	Same as above.
	October	3,170,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 through T-109	HW-19325-DEL	50	Same as above.
	November	3,170,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 through T-109	HW-19622-DEL	49	Same as above.
	December	3,170,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 through T-109	HW-19842-DEL	51	Same as above.

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		I ADIC M.I.	volume of waste	S III LAUN 5.	Table A-1. Volume of Wastes in Tank 241-1-101. (11 success)
Year	Month	Percentage filled [1]	Reference	Page	Comments
1951	January	3,170,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 through T-109	HW-20161-DEL	20	Same as above,
	February	3,170,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 through T-109	HW-20438-DEL	50	Same as above.
	March	3,145,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 through T-109	HW-20671-DEL	54 - 56	Transferred about 25,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste from one of the T-Farm tanks to TX tank in preparation for evaporation in the 242-T Evaporator.
	April	1,585,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-107 through T-109	HW-20991-DEL	52 - 53	Transferred about 1,115,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste from tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 to tanks 241-TX-117 and 241-TX-118 in preparation for evaporation in the 242-T Evaporator.
		470,000 gallons of sludge in tanks T-104 through T-106			Tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 contained 470,000 gallons of sludge after removal of supernatant.
					Tanks 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109 remain filled with 1C/CW waste.
	May	1,300,000 gallons of IC/CW waste in tanks T-107 through T-109	HW-21260-DEL	56 - 58	242-T Evaporator started up in later part of April 1951. A total of 189,046 gallons of 1C/CW waste processed through May 1948. A total of 1,379,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste transferred from
		470,000 gallons of sludge in tanks T-104 through T-106			241-T Farm to 241-TX Farm as feed for 242-T Evaporator.
	June	875,000 gallons of IC/CW waste in tanks T-107 through T-109	HW-21506-DEL	55 - 57	A total of 406,568 gallons of 1C/CW waste processed in June 1948 in the 242-T Evaporator. A total of 1,908,625 gallons of 1C/CW waste transferred from 241-T Farm to 241-TX Farm as feed for
		470,000 gallons of sludge in tanks T-104 through T-106		×	242-T Evaporator.
	July	322,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-107 through T-109	HW-21802-DEL	41 - 42	A total of 539,083 gallons of IC/CW waste processed in July 1948 in the 242-T Evaporator. A total of 2,296,125 gallons of IC/CW waste transferred from 241-T Farm to 241-TX Farm as feed for
		470,000 gallons of sludge in tanks T-104 through T-106			242-T Evaporator. This completes the processing of settled 1C/CW waste supernatant from 241-T Farm in the 242-T Evaporator.
	August	Not Reported	HW-22075-DEL		
	September	Not Reported	HW-22304-DEL		
	October	Not Reported	HW-22610-DEL		
	November	Not Reported	HW-22875-DEL		
	December	Not Reported	HW-23140-DEL		

Note: [1] Percentage of tanks 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109 filled with waste. Three tanks combined can retain nominally 1,590,000 gallons of waste.

Year 1952	Month January February	Supernatant (Gallons) Not Reported Not Reported	Sludge (Gallons) Not Reported	Reference HW-23437-DEL HW-23698-DEL	Page	Comments	
	March	Not Reported 245,000	Reported Not Not Reported	HW-23982-DEL HW-27838	10		1 -1
digital of the second of the s	May	245,000	Not	HW-27838	21		1
	June	245,000	Not Reported	HW-27838	32 - 33	Space reserved in tank 241-T-107 for waste from TBP Plant. Cascade of tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 were filled on March 31, 1952 with IC/CW from 221-T Pant. Cascade of tanks 241-TX-109, 241-TX-110, 241-TX-111, and 241-TX-112 receiving IC/CW waste from 221-T Plant.	
	July	245,000	Not Reported	HW-27839	10 - 11	Space reserved in tank 241-T-107 for waste from TBP Plant. Cascade of tanks 241-TX-109, 241-TX-110, 241-TX-111, and 241-TX-112 receiving 1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant.	1
	August	245,000	Not Reported	HW-27839	21 - 22	Same as above.	
	September	245,000	Not Reported	HW-27839	32 - 33	Same as above.	1
The state of the s	October	Not legible	Not Reported	HW-27840	10 - 11	Same as above.	
	November	530,000	Not Reported	HW-27840	21	Started filling with TBP Plant waste on November 17, 1952. Filled tank 241-T-107 on November 26, 1952	
	December	530,000	Not Reported	HW-27840	32	Tank 241-T-107 filled with 1C/CW sludge and TBP Plant waste. Tank 241-T-108 filled with TBP Plant waste on December 11, 1952. Started filling tank 241-T-109 with TBP Plant waste on December 12, 1952.	1
1953	January	536,000	201,000	HW-27841	10		1 7
	February	335,000	201,000	HW-27842	10		- 1
	March	335,000	201,000	HW-27775	10		
	April	335,000	201,000	HW-28043	5		

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Year	Month	Supernatant (Gallons)	Sludge (Gallons)	Reference	Page	Comments
1953	May	335,000	201,000	HW-28377	5	
	June	335,000	201,000	HW-28712	\$	Started pumping TBP Plant waste from tank 241-T-109 to 241-TX-118 on June 30, 1953 for processing in the 242-T Evaporator (HW-28712, page 2).
	July	335,000	201,000	HW-29054	5	
	August	33,000	201,000	HW-29242	5	TBP Plant supernatant transferred from tanks 241-T-107, 241-T-108 and 241-T-109 to tank 241-TX-118 for processing in the 242-T Evaporator
	September	33,000	201,000	HW-29624	5	
	October	33,000	201,000	HW-29905	5	Tank 241-T-109 receiving concentrated 1C and TBP Plant waste from 242-T Evaporator via tank 241-TX-117.
	November	33,000	201,000	HW-30250	5	Tank 241-T-109 filled with concentrated 1C and TBP Plant waste from 242-T Evaporator via tank 241-TX-117.
	December	275,000	201,000	HW-30498	2	Tank 241-T-107 received scavenged TBP Plant supernatant from tank 241-T-101. See HW-29814 and HW-31428 for composition of supernatant transferred into tank 241-T-107.
1954	January	329,000	201,000	HW-30851	8	The ferrocyanide precipitate contained in tank 241-T-101 was flushed with water and the flush solution transferred to tank 241-T-107.
	February	329,000	201,000	HW-31126	5	Tank 241-T-108 receiving concentrated TBP Plant waste from 242-T Evaporator via tank 241-TX-117.
	March	323,000	201,000	HW-31374	5	Tank 241-T-108 filled with concentrated TBP Plant waste from 242-T Evaporator via tank 241-TX-117.
	April	323,000	201,000	HW-31811	5	
	May	323,000	201,000	HW-32110	5	
	June	323,000	201,000	HW-32389	S	
	July	323,000	201,000	HW-32697	2	
	August	323,000	201,000	HW-33002	2	
	September	323,000	201,000	HW-33396	~ ·	
	November	323,000	201,000	HW-33904	5	
	December	323,000	201,000	HW-34412	5	
1955	January	323,000	201,000	HW-35022	5	
	February	323,000	201,000	HW-35628	S	
	March	323,000	201,000	HW-36001	2	
	April	323,000	201,000	HW-36553	S	

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Table A-1. Volume of Waste in Tanks 241-T-107.
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		Supernatant	Sludge		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	
Year	Month	(Gallons)	(Gallons)	Keierence	rage	Comments
1955	May	323,000	201,000	HW-37143	5	
	June	323,000	201,000	HW-38000	5	
	July	323,000	201,000	HW-38401	5	
	August	323,000	201,000	HW-38926	5	
	September	323,000	201,000	HW-39216	5	
	October	323,000	201,000	HW-39850	5	
	November	323,000	201,000	HW-40208	5	
	December	323,000	201,000	HW-40816	5	
1956	January	323,000	201,000	HW-41038	5	
	February	323,000	201,000	HW-41812	5	
	March	323,000	201,000	HW-42394	5	
	April	323,000	201,000	HW-42993	5	
	May	323,000	201,000	HW-43490	5	
	June	323,000	201,000	HW-43895	5	
	July	323,000	201,000	HW-44860	5	
	August	323,000	201,000	HW-45140	2	
	September	323,000	201,000	HW-45738	S	
	October	323,000	201,000	HW-46382	2	
Meant with succession of the s	November	323,000	201,000	HW-47052	5	
	December	323,000	201,000	HW-47640	5	
1957	January	322,000	201,000	HW-48144	5	Latest electrode reading of waste level.
	February	322,000	201,000	HW-48846	5	
	March	322,000	201,000	HW-49523	5	
	April	301,000	201,000	HW-50127	5	Latest electrode reading of waste level.
	May	320,000	201,000	HW-50617	5	New electrode reading of waste level.
	June	320,000	201,000	HW-51348	5	New electrode reading of waste level.
	July	320,000	201,000	HW-51858	5	
	August	320,000	201,000	HW-52414	5	
	September	320,000	201,000	HW-52932	2	
	October	320,000	201,000	HW-53573	5	
	November	320,000	201,000	HW-54067	S	
	December	320,000	201,000	HW-54519	S	
1958	January	320,000	201,000	HW-54916	S	
	February	320,000	201,000	HW-55264	2	
	March	320 000	201 000	0£955 WH	V	

		Supernatant	Sludge	ſ			
Year.	Monta	(Gallons)	(Gallons)	Keierence		Commens	4
1958	April	320,000	201,000	HW-55997	5		
	May	320,000	201,000	HW-56357	5		
	June	320,000	201,000	HW-56761	5		
	July	320,000	201,000	HW-57122	5		
	August	320,000	201,000	HW-57550	5		
	September	320,000	201,000	HW-57711	5		
	October	320,000	201,000	HW-58201	5		
	November	320,000	201,000	HW-58579	5		
	December	320,000	201,000	HW-58831	5		
1959	January	320,000	201,000	HW-59204	5		
	February	320,000	201,000	HW-59586	5		
	March	318,000	201,000	HW-60065	5		
	April	318,000	201,000	HW-60419	5		
	May	318,000	201,000	HW-60738	5		
	June	318,000	201,000	HW-61095	5		
	July	318,000	201,000	HW-61582	5		
	August	318,000	201,000	HW-61952	5		
	September	318,000	201,000	HW-62421	5		
	October	318,000	201,000	HW-62723	5		
	November	318,000	201,000	HW-63083	5		
	December	318,000	201,000	HW-63559	5		
1960	January	318,000	201,000	HW-63896	5		
	February	318,000	201,000	HW-64373	5		
	March	318,000	201,000	HW-64810	5		
	April	318,000	201,000	HW-65272	5		
	May	318,000	201,000	HW-65643	5		
	June	318,000	201,000	HW-66187	5		
	July	318,000	201,000	HW-66557	5		
	August	318,000	201,000	HW-66827	5		
	September	318,000	201,000	HW-67696	5		
	October	318,000	201,000	HW-67705	5		
	November	318,000	201,000	HW-68291	5		
	December	318,000	201,000	HW-68292	\$		
1961	January through June	318,000	201,000	HW-71610	5		
	Inly through December	318 000	201 000	5C9CL-WH	4		

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	Page	5	2	5	5		5	5	5	2	5 242-T Evaporator restarted on December 3, 1965 (ISO-226, page 9).	Transferred 8,000 gallons of supernatant from tank 241-T-107 to tank 241-TX-118 for processing in the 242-T Evaporator.	5	Transferred 311,000 gallons of supernatant from tank 241-T-107 to tank 241-TX-118 for processing in the 242-T Evaporator.	Tank 241-T-107 received 168,000 gallons of PUREX Coating	Removal waste from tank 241-C-102.	Tank 241-T-107 received 129,000 gallons of PUREX Coating Removal waste from tank 241-C-102.	9	9	9	9	9		L	7		Transferred 275,000 gallons of waste from tank 241-T-107 to tank 241-TY-103, which was then transferred to tank 241-TX-118 for feed to the 242-T Evaporator.
	Reference Pa	HW-74647				HW-83308	RL-SEP-260	RL-SEP-659	RL-SEP-821	RL-SEP-923	ISO-226	ISO-404	ISO-538	ISO-674	908-OSI		ISO-967	ARH-95	ARH-326	ARH-534	ARH-721	ARH-871	ARH-1061	ARH-1200 A			ARH 1200 D
Sludge	(Gallons)	201,000	201,000	201,000	201,000	201,000	201,000	186,000	186,000	186,000	186,000	186,000	186,000	186,000	186,000	Annothing the An	186,000	186,000	186,000	186,000	186,000	186,000	186,000	186,000	186,000	186,000	109,000
Supernatant	(Gallons)	318,000	318,000	318,000	318,000	318,000	318,000	341,000	341,000	341,000	341,000	333,000	341,000	22,000	190,000		319,000	319,000	319,000	318,000	317,000	317,000	317,000	317,000	317,000	317,000	119,000
	Month	January through June	July through December	January through June	July through December	January through June	July through December	January through June	July through September	October through December	January through March	April through June	July through September	October through December	January through March		April through June	July through September	October through December	January through March	April through June	July through September	October through December	January through March	April through June	July through September	October through December
	rear	1962		1963		1964		1965			9961				1967					1968				1969			

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Waste in Tanks 241-T-107.
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Year	Month	(Gallons)	(Gallons)	Reference	Page	Comments
1970	January through March	119,000	109,000	ARH 1666 A	7	
	April through June	119,000	109,000	ARH 1666 B	7	
	July through September	119,000	109,000	ARH 1666 C	7	
	October through December	119,000	109,000	ARH 1666 D	7	
1971	January through March	119,000	109,000	ARH 2074 A	7	
	April through June	119,000	109,000	ARH 2074 B	7	
	July through September	120,000	109,000	ARH 2074 C	7	
	October through December	119,000	109,000	ARH 2074 D	7	
1972	January through March	118,000	109,000	ARH 2456 A	9	
	April through June	119,000	109,000	ARH 2456 B	9	
	July through September	119,000	109,000	ARH 2456 C	9	
	October through December	119,000	109,000	ARH 2456 D	9	
1973	January through March	173,000	109,000	ARH 2794 A	9	Tank 241-T-107 received 684,000 gallons of B-Plant cesium ion exchange process waste from tank 241-BX-104 and 13,000 gallons of water that was used to flush the transfer pipeline.
	,					Transferred 645,000 gallons of supernatant from tank 241-T-107 to tank 241-T-108. Transferred 378,000 gallons of supernatant from tank 241-T-108 to tank 241-T-109.
	April through June	293,000	109,000	ARH-2974 B	9	Tank 241-T-107 received 573,000 gallons of B-Plant cesium ion exchange process waste from tank 241-BX-104.
				2.9		Transferred 2,000 gallons of supernatant from tank 241-T-107 to tank 241-T-108.
						Transferred 452,000 gallons of supernatant from tank 241-T-107 to tank 241-T-105.
	July through September	290,000	109,000	ARH-2974 C	9	
	October through December	290,000	109,000	ARH-2974 D	9	

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Year	Month	Supernatant (Gallons)	Sludge (Gallons)	Reference	Page	Comments
1974	January through March	290,000	109,000	ARH-CD-133 A	9	
	April through June	290,000	109,000	ARH-CD-133 B	9	
	July through September	291,000	109,000	ARH-CD-133 C	9	And the second s
	October through December	289,000	109,000	ARH-CD-133 D	9	
1975	January through March	289,000	109,000	ARH-CD-336 A	9	
	April through June	289,000	109,000	ARH-CD-336 B	9	
	July through September	289,000	109,000	ARH-CD-336 C	9	
	October through December	289,000	109,000	ARH-CD-336 D	9	
1976	January through March	261,000	109,000	ARH-CD-702 A	9	Tank 241-T-107 removed from service.
			^			Transferred 31,000 gallons of supernatant from tank 241-T-107 to tank 241-T-101.
	April through June	47,000	131.000	ARH-CD-702 B	9	Tank 241-T-107 removed from service.
						Transferred 189,000 gallons of supernatant from tank 241-T-107
						to tank 241-T-101.
	September	47,000	131,000	ARH-CD-702 I	14	Saltwell pumping tank 241-T-107.
	October	47,000	131,000	ARH-CD-822-OCT	15	Saltwell pumping tank 241-T-107.
	November	47,000	131,000	ARH-CD-822-NOV	15	Saltwell pumping tank 241-T-107.
	December	47,000	131,000	ARH-CD-822-DEC	17	Saltwell pumping tank 241-T-107.
1977	January	47,000	131,000	ARH-CD-822-JAN	17	Saltwell pumping tank 241-T-107.
	February	0	131,000	ARH-CD-822-FEB	17	Saltwell pumping tank 241-T-107.
	March	0	131,000	ARH-CD-822-MAR	17	Saltwell pumping tank 241-T-107.
	April	0	131,000	ARH-CD-822-APR	17	Saltwell pumping tank 241-T-107.
	May	47,000	131,000	ARH-CD-822-MAY	17	Saltwell pumping tank 241-T-107.
1978	April	28,000	150,000	60410-78-092		A total of 233,600 gallons of interstitial liquid and supernatant
						were saltwell pumped from tank 241-T-107 to tank 241-T-101
						from February 1976 through August 1977. Photograph taken on
						April 6, 1977 showed that the saltwell pump was in a large pool
					The state of the s	of liquid, estimated to be 23,000 gallons.

#### A1.0 REFERENCES

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# Origin of Waste in Single-Shell Tank 241-B-107

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CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc.

Richland, WA 99352

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Abstract: Tank B-107 initially received 1C/CW waste from the 221-B BiPO4 Plant. The 1C/CW precipitated a sludge in this tank. The 1C/CW supernatant was processed in the 242-B Evaporator and eventually discharged to a specific activity retention trench. Next, TBP Plant supernatant was stored atop the 1C/CW sludge in tank B-107. The TBP Plant supernatant was transferred to tank C-101. The last waste type added to tank B-107 was PUREX CW, which also precipitated in this tank.

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## **ORIGIN OF WASTE IN SINGLE-SHELL TANK 241-B-107**

M. E. Johnson CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc.

Date Published September 2003



Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy Office of River Protection

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### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

A review of waste transfer documentation was conducted to determine the origin of waste transferred into single-shell tank 241-B-107. This review was conducted to support decisions concerning disposition of the waste present in this tank.

Tank 241-B-107 presently contains approximately 86,000 gallons of sludge and 75,000 gallons of saltcake. Based on the waste transfer history, the sludge stored in tank 241-B-107 is comprised of first decontamination cycle waste (1C) and coating removal waste (CW) and from operation of the 221-B Bismuth Phosphate Plant and coating removal waste from the Plutonium Uranium Extraction (PUREX) Plant. The saltcake waste present in tank 241-B-107 is from 221-B 1C/CW supernatant that had been concentrated in the 242-B Evaporator.

Radiochemical analysis of the sludge present in tank 241-B-107 was conducted in 1997; however, only the concentration of gross alpha emitting radionuclides was measured. The estimated concentration of transuranic elements in the tank 241-B-107 sludge is approximately 531.7  $\eta$ Ci/g. The estimated concentrations of cesium-137 and strontium-90 in the sludge contained in tank 241-B-107 are approximately 28.4 $\mu$ Ci/g and 222.4 $\mu$ Ci/g.

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### LIST OF TERMS

1C first cycle of the bismuth phosphate plutonium decontamination process
2C second cycle of the bismuth phosphate plutonium decontamination process

5-6 low activity cell drainage waste

CAW Current Acid Waste cc cubic centimeters

Ci Curies

CW Coating waste

DOE U.S. Department of Energy ITS In-Tank Solidification

kgal kilogallons kL kiloliters

<u>M</u> molarity or moles per liter

mg/L milligrams per liter

MW Metal waste

PAS PUREX Acidified Sludge

PUREX Plutonium Uranium Extraction Plant

TBP Tri-Butyl Phosphate ηCi/g nanocuries per gram

μCi/cc microcuries per cubic centimeters

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mu \text{Ci/g} & \text{microcuries per gram} \\ \mu \text{Ci/L} & \text{microcuries per liter} \\ \mu \text{Ci/mL} & \text{microcuries per milliliter} \end{array}$ 

μg/cc micrograms per cubic centimeters

μg/L micrograms per liter

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The origin of the waste in tank 241-B-107 has been reviewed to provide information for determining the disposition of this waste. Section 2.0 discusses the origin of waste transferred into and removed from single-shell tank 241-B-107. Section 3.0 provides a description of the different types of wastes that were generated at the Hanford Site chemical processing plants and transferred to single-shell tank 241-B-107. Section 4.0 provides a discussion on the radionuclide analyses of the waste in single-shell tank 241-B-107. Section 5.0 summarizes the waste types that were transferred into single-shell tank 241-B-107.

### 2.0 WASTE TRANSFER INTO AND WASTE REMOVAL FROM TANK 241-B-107

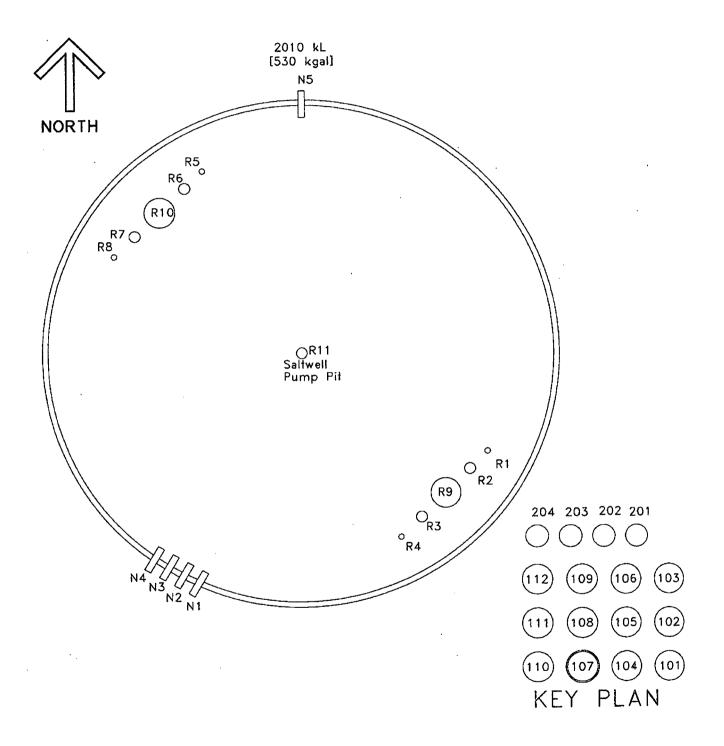
This section provides a brief description of single-shell tank 241-B-107 and summarizes waste transfers into and waste removal from these tanks. In order to determine the origins of the waste presently stored in single-shell tank 241-B-107, publicly available reports for the Hanford Site were reviewed. With the exception of the waste status summary reports, all reports cited in this section are available electronically from the Hanford Declassified Document Retrieval System at <a href="http://www2.hanford.gov/declass/">http://www2.hanford.gov/declass/</a>, Central Files (509-376-5440), or the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Information Bridge at <a href="http://www.osti.gov/bridge/">http://www.osti.gov/bridge/</a>. The waste status summary reports are available only as photocopies from Hanford Site Central Files organization.

### 2.1 DESCRIPTION OF TANK 241-B-107

Single-shell tank 241-B-107 was originally constructed in 1944 as part of the Manhattan Project (HW-10475-C, chapter IX) and is one of the twelve, 100 series tanks in 241-B Tank Farm. Figure 1 provides a plan view of tank 241-B-107. The 100-series tanks are seventy-five-foot diameter underground tanks made of reinforced concrete with a steel liner on the bottom and sides. The steel liner extends to a height of nineteen foot. Each 100 series tank has a design capacity of 530,000 gallons at a liquid depth of sixteen feet and eight inches. The 241-B Tank Farm also includes four 200 series tanks that are of similar construction as the 100 series tanks, but are only twenty-foot diameter and each have a capacity of 55,000 gallons.

Single-shell tank 241-B-107 is equipment with five, 3-inch diameter stainless steel inlet pipes designated as N1 through N5 in Figure 1 (HW-10475-C, page 907 and 908). Inlet pipes N1 through N3 were connected to diversion box 241-B-153, which allowed waste to be transferred into tank 241-B-107 (H-2-44502, sheet 12). Inlet pipe N4 was a spare that was blanked off close to the tank when this tank was constructed in 1944. Inlet pipe N5 was connected via an underground overflow pipeline to allow waste to cascade to tank 241-B-108. Tank 241-B-108 was also connected via a separate underground overflow pipeline to tank 241-B-109, which allowed waste to cascade from tank 241-B-107 into tank 241-B-108 and then into tank 241-B-109. Alterations to the piping network have occurred over the years.

Figure 1. Tank 241-B-107 Plan View



### 2.2 WASTE TRANSFERS FOR TANK 241-B-107

Waste transfers into tank 241-B-107 and the operation of the tanks 241-B-107, 241-B-108, and 241-B-109 as a cascade are discussed in chronological order. A chronological listing is provided in Appendix A of waste transfers into and waste removal from tank 241-B-107 from 1945 through 1977. Section 3.0 describes the operation of the processing facilities that generated the waste types transferred into tank 241-B-107.

### 2.2.1 1C/CW Waste (April 1945 – April 1946)

Irradiated nuclear fuel was first processed in 221-B Plant beginning on April 13, 1945 (HW-7-1649-DEL, page 18). The first decontamination cycle (1C) waste was combined with the coating removal waste (CW) and transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-B-107, 241-B-108, and 241-B-109. The combined 1C/CW waste was reported as beginning to collect in tank 241-B-107 in May 1945 (HW-7-1793-DEL, page 22).

Tank 241-B-107 was reported as being filled in October 1945, with 1C/CW waste overflowing to tank 241-B-108 (HW-7-2706-DEL, page 21). Tank 241-B-108 was reported as being filled with 1C/CW waste in January 1946, with 1C/CW waste overflowing to tank 241-B-109 (HW-7-3378-DEL, page 24). Tanks 241-B-107, 241-B-108, and 241-B-109 continued to receive the combined 1C/CW waste until April 24, 1946, when these tanks were reported as being filled (HW-7-4004-DEL, page 20 and 21).

After filling tanks 241-B-107, 241-B-108, and 241-B-109, the 1C/CW waste generated at the 221-B Plant was transferred to other single-shell tanks for storage. Table 1 lists the single-shell tanks that received 1C/CW waste from operations conducted in the 221-B Bismuth Phosphate Plant. No other waste types were transferred into these tanks during this time frame.

Cascade	Started Receiving Waste	Date Cascade Filled	Reference Document
241-B-107, 241-B-108, 241-B-109	April 1945	April 24, 1946	HW-7-1649-DEL, page 18 HW-7-4004-DEL, page 20
241-C-110, 241-C-111, 241-C-112	April 24, 1946	March 31, 1947	HW-7-6048-DEL, page 23-24 HAN-45801-DEL, page 60
241-C-107, 241-C-108, 241-C-109	April 2, 1947	September 14, 1948	HW-11226-DEL, page 32-33 HAN-45801-DEL, page 91
241-BX-107, 241-BX-108	September 14, 1948	September 1949	HW-14596-DEL, page 42
241-BX-110, 241-BX-111	September 1949	June 1950	HW-18221-DEL, page 44
241-B-104, 241-B-105	June 1950	September 1950	HW-19021-DEL, page 48-49
241-BX-107, 241-BX-108, 241-BX-109	September 1950	December 1950	HW-19842-DEL, page 51
241-BY-107, 241-BY-108, 241-BY-109	December 1950	August 1951	HW-22304-DEL, page 39
241-BX-110, 241-BX-111, 241-BX-112	August 1951	Date not reported	
241-BY-110	April 1952	November 1952	HW-27838, page 8 HW-27840, page 21

Table 1. Tanks Used to Store 221-B Plant 1C/CW Waste

Prior to October 1945, the 1C/CW waste was neutralized to a pH of approximately 10 in 221-B Plant before transfer to the single-shell tanks (HW-3-3220, page 13). Beginning in October 1945, the pH of the 1C/CW waste was adjusted to approximately pH 7 in 221-B Plant before transfer to the single-shell tanks. This was done to cause the precipitation of bismuth and plutonium in the 1C/CW waste so that the supernatant would contain a lower concentration of plutonium (HW-7-2706-DEL, page 21). As a result, tank 241-B-107 contained settled 1C/CW solids (i.e., bismuth and plutonium precipitate) and 1C/CW supernatant.

## 2.2.2 1C/CW Supernatant Evaporation (December 1951 – August 1953)

The 1C/CW waste stored in tank 241-B-107 sat undisturbed from April 1946 through December 13, 1951.

Floating head suction pumps were installed in the single-shell tanks that contained 1C/CW waste (H-2-2076). The floating head suction pump allowed the 1C/CW supernatant to be transferred from these tanks, while leaving the 1C/CW sludge in the tank. Beginning on December 14, 1951, the 1C/CW supernatant contained in tanks 241-B-107, 241-B-108, and 241-B-109 was transferred to tank 241-B-106 for processing in the 242-B Evaporator, leaving a heel of approximately 220,000 gallons of 1C/CW sludge in tank 241-B-107. The 1C/CW supernatant was processed in the 242-B Evaporator to concentrate this waste. The concentrated 1C/CW supernatant was transferred to tank 241-B-108 for storage (HW-27838, page 9).

The 1C/CW supernatant contained in tanks 241-C-107, 241-C-108, 241-C-109, 241-C-110, 241-C-111, and 241-C-112 was transferred to tank 241-B-106 and then processed in the 242-B Evaporator from April 1952 (HW-27838, page 9) to August 1952 (HW-27839, page 20). The 1C/CW supernatant contained in tanks 241-B-104 and 241-B-105 and some of the 1C/CW supernatant in tank 241-BY-107 was transferred to tank 241-B-106 and then processed in the 242-B Evaporator from August 1952 (HW-27839, page 20) to September 1952 (HW-27839, page 32). The concentrated 1C/CW supernatant generated in the 242-B Evaporator was stored in tanks 241-B-105, 241-B-107, and 241-B-109. The cascade of tanks 241-B-107, 241-B-108, and 241-B-109 were reported as being filled with concentrated 1C/CW supernatant and 1C/CW sludge as of December 4, 1952 (HW-27840, page 31).

The remaining 1C/CW supernatant in tanks 241-BY-107, 241-BX-107, 241-BX-108, and 241-BX-109 were transferred to tank 241-B-106 and processed in the 242-B Evaporator in December 1952 and January 1953, with the concentrated 1C/CW supernatant stored in tanks 241-B-104 and 241-B-105 (HW-27840, pages 31-32 and HW-27841, pages 9-10). As of January 1953, the tanks available for storing concentrated 1C/CW supernatant, 241-B-104, 241-B-105, 241-B-107, 241-B-108, and 241-B-109, were filled with waste.

The concentrated 1C/CW supernatant contained in tanks 241-B-104, 241-B-105, 241-B-107, 241-B-108, and 241-B-109 was processed through the 242-B Evaporator from February 18, 1953 (HW-27842, page 9) through June 1953 (HW-28712, page 4) to gain further reduction of waste volume. The re-concentrated 1C/CW supernatant was transferred to tanks 241-B-107,

241-B-108, and 241-B-109, which were filled from February 1953 (HW-27842, page 9) through August 1953 (HW-29242, page 4).

From January through July 1953, tank 241-B-107 was reported to contain 220,000 gallons of 1C/CW sludge. However after receipt of the re-concentrated 1C/CW supernatant, tank 241-B-107 was reported to contain 172,000 gallons of 1C/CW sludge. From August 1953 through August 1954, the sludge volume in tank 241-B-107 was continued to be reported as 172,000 gallons (with 358,000 gallons of concentrated 1C/CW supernatant). There is no reason provided in the waste transfer records for the apparent 48,000 gallon decrease in the 1C/CW sludge volume. As discussed in section 2.2.3, the sludge volume measurements reported from August 1953 through August 1954 appear to have been in accurate. No waste transfers into or waste removal from tank 241-B-107 occurred from September 1953 through July 1954.

### 2.2.3 Trench Disposal of Concentrated 1C/CW Waste (August 1954)

On August 31, 1954, 320,375 gallons of concentrated 1C/CW supernatant stored in tank 241-B-107 were transferred to the 241-BXR-3 (later renumbered to 216-B-37) trench. The composition of the concentrated 1C/CW supernatant discharged from tank 241-B-107 to this trench is provided in Table 2 (HW-33591, page 11). After disposal of the concentrated 1C/CW supernatant, tank 241-B-107 was reported to contain approximately 225,000 gallons of 1C/CW sludge and no supernatant.

The sludge volume in tank 241-B-107, 225,000 gallons was consistent with the sludge volume reported for the period preceding the addition of the concentrated 1C/CW supernatant to this tank. Therefore, it is surmised that the sludge volume reported in tank 241-B-107 from August 1953 through August 1954, 172,000 gallons was inaccurate.

The 1C/CW supernatant contained in tanks 241-BX-110, 241-BX-111, 241-BX-112, 241-BY-106, 241-BY-110, 241-T-104, 241-T-105, 241-T-106, 241-TX-109, 241-TX-110, and 241-TX-111, and concentrated 1C/CW supernatant contained in tanks 241-B-107, 241-B-108, 241-B-109, 241-TY-101, and 241-TY-102 were also discharged to trenches from January 1954 through November 1954 (HW-33591, pages 11 and 12, and HW-38562, pages 10, 28 and 29). The disposal of 1C/CW supernatant to these trenches was based on the concept of retaining fission products, plutonium, and uranium in the soil column. Trench disposal of the 1C/CW supernatant was thought to be an economical method for providing additional capacity in the single-shell tanks for storage of wastes with higher radioactivity (HW-34281).

Table 2. Composition of Tank 241-B-107 1C/CW Supernatant Discharged to Trench

Analyte	Concentration (µCi/mL)	Curies
Plutonium (Pu)	2.38E-06	2.9E-03
Uranium (U)	9.8E-07	1.2E-03
Cesium (Cs)	0.82	994.4
Strontium (Sr)	7.4E-03	9.0
pH	8.0	
Volume (gallons)	320,375	

## 2.2.4 Tri-Butyl Phosphate (TBP) Plant Waste (October 1954 - September 1957)

Neutralized waste from the Tri-Butyl Phosphate (TBP) Plant was transferred into single-shell tanks in the 200 East Area that had previously contained 1C/CW waste. Tanks 241-C-107 through 241-C-112, 241-BX-107 through 241-BX-109, 241-BY-107, and 241-BY-108 all received TBP Plant waste from November 1952 (HW-27840) through October 1954 (HW-33544). TBP Plant waste was also stored in tanks 241-C-101, 241-C-102, 241-C-103, 241-C-105, and 241-C-106 that had previously contained metal waste. After September 29, 1954, the TBP Plant waste was treated in the TBP Plant to precipitate cesium-137 and strontium-90 and was not discharged to these tanks (see Section 3.4). Alkaline insoluble components in the TBP Plant waste such as iron and strontium-90 precipitated and settled in these tanks (HW-33536, page 3).

Beginning on September 20, 1953, the TBP supernatant stored in the 200 East Area single-shell tanks was transferred into tank 241-B-106 and processed through the 242-B Evaporator to reduce the waste volume (HW-29624, page 2). The 242-B Evaporator continued to be used to concentrate TBP Plant supernatant until November 1954, after which the evaporator was shut down (HW-33962-DEL, page Ed-6). Evaporation of the TBP Plant supernatant was no longer necessary. The TBP Plant supernatant and concentrated TBP Plant supernatant were treated in the 244-CR Vault to precipitate cesium-137 and residual strontium-90, thereby allowing the discharge of the treated supernatant to disposal trenches and cribs.

The concentrated TBP Plant supernatant generated in the 242-B Evaporator was stored in tanks 241-B-101 through 241-B-105, 241-B-107, 241-B-109 through 241-B-111, and 241-BX-110 through 241-BX-112. Tank 241-B-107 received 263,000 gallons of concentrated TBP Plant supernatant from tank 241-B-105 in October 1954 (HW-33544, page 4). An additional 182,00 gallons of concentrated TBP Plant supernatant was transferred in March 1955 from tank 241-B-105 into tank 241-B-107, with approximately 140,000 gallons of concentrated TBP Plant supernatant then cascading into tank 241-B-108 (HW-36001, page 4). As a result of these two transfers, tank 241-B-107 contained 305,000 gallons of TBP Plant supernatant. The composition of the concentrated TBP Plant supernatant stored in tank 241-B-107 is provided in Table 3 (WHC-MR-0089).

Tank 241-B-107 was reported to contain 225,000 gallons of 1C/CW sludge and 305,000 gallons of concentrated TBP Plant supernatant in March 1955 (HW-36001, page 4). The mixture of concentrated TBP Plant supernatant and 1C/CW sludge stored in tank 241-B-107 sat undisturbed until September 1957.

Table 3. Composition of Concentrated TBP Plant Supernatant in Tank 241-B-107

Analyte	Concentration (μCi/mL)	Curies
Cobalt-60	1.1E-03	1.27
Cesium-137	28.0	32,330
Strontium-90	0.14	164.7
pH	9.6	
Volume (gallons)	305,000	

### 2.2.5 Scavenging TBP Plant Waste (September 1957)

The approximately 264,000 gallons of concentrated TBP Plant supernatant stored in tank 241-B-107 was transferred to tank 241-C-101 in September 1957 (HW-52932, page 4). The concentrated TBP Plant supernatant was then transferred to the 244-CR Vault for treatment. The concentrated TBP Plant supernatant was adjusted to pH  $6.9 \pm 0.3$  by addition of nitric acid, then reacted with nickel sulfate, sodium sulfide, sodium ferrocyanide, and calcium nitrate to remove cobalt-60, cesium-137, and strontium-90 as a nickel ferrocyanide precipitate, so-called scavenging process (HW-38955 and WHC-MR-0089). After precipitation of the radionuclides, the slurry was adjusted to pH  $8.1 \pm 0.3$  by addition of sodium hydroxide.

The slurry of treated supernatant and nickel ferrocyanide precipitate was transferred to tanks 241-C-108, 241-C-109, 241-C-111, or 241-C-112 for settling. After settling of the nickel ferrocyanide precipitate, the supernatant was discharged to the 216-BC cribs and trenches (HW-44784, page 20, HW-48518, page 16 and 19, HW-53336, page 18, HW-55593, pages 15 and 18, and HW-57649, page 16).

Tank 241-B-107 was reported to contain 261,000 gallons of 1C/CW sludge and no supernatant in October 1957, following the removal of the concentrated TBP supernatant (HW-53573, page 4). No additional waste transfers into or waste removal from tank 241-B-107 occurred until the third quarter of calendar year 1963.

# 2.2.6 Plutonium Uranium Extraction (PUREX) Coating Removal Waste (3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter 1963)

In third quarter of calendar year 1963, approximately 264,000 gallons of Plutonium Uranium Extraction (PUREX) coating removal waste were transferred from tank 241-C-102 into tank 241-B-107 (HW-80379, page 4). Typical composition of PUREX Coating removal waste is provided in Table 4 (HW-52493 and HW-52824). Following this transfer, tank 241-B-107 contained 264,000 gallons of PUREX coating removal waste and 271,000 gallons of 1C/CW sludge.

No additional waste transfers into or waste removal from tank 241-B-107 occurred until the third quarter of calendar year 1969. However, the volume of supernatant and sludge present in tank 241-B-107 were measured in the first quarter of 1965 and determine to be 347,000 gallons and 202,000 gallons, respectively (RL-SEP-659). The PUREX coating removal waste typically contained 1 M free hydroxide. The decrease in sludge volume in tank 241-B-107 may have been due to dissolution of aluminum in the 1C/CW sludge, sludge settling, or correction of prior erroneous measurements.

Table 4. Typical Composition of PUREX Coating Removal Waste

Analyte	Concentration
Sodium (M)	3.7
Uranium (M)	0.002
Sodium Aluminate (M)	1.2
Nitrate (M)	0.6
Nitrite (M)	0.9
Hydroxide (M)	1.0
Silicate (M)	0.02
Pu (mg/L)	0.2
Strontium-90 (µCi/L)	880
Cesium-137 (μCi/L)	840

## 2.2.7 Evaporation of PUREX Coating Removal Waste (3rd Quarter 1969)

In the third quarter of calendar year 1969, approximately 327,000 gallons of supernatant were transferred from tank 241-B-107 to tank 241-B-103, then to tank 241-BY-103 for processing in the in-tank solidification unit number 1 (ARH-1200C, page 5). The volumes of supernatant and sludge remaining in tank 241-B-107 were 0-gallons and 200,000 gallons, respectively. No additional waste transfers into or waste removal from tank 241-B-107 occurred until June 1972, when saltwell pumping of this tank was initiated

#### 2.2.8 Saltwell Pumping Interim Stabilization

Removal of liquid from tank 241-B-107 was intermittently conducted from June 1972 (PPD-493-6-DEL, page AIV-21) through January 1978 as part of the program to remove interstitial liquid (i.e., saltwell pumping) from the single-shell tanks (letter 60410-78-092). A total of 41,500 gallons of liquid waste were reported as being pumped from tank 241-B-107 to tank 241-B-102 during this period.

Tank 241-B-107 was administratively declared interim stabilized on March 20, 1985 (HNF-SD-RE-TI-178, pages 33 and 34).

#### 2.2.9 Comparison with Other Reports

Waste transfers into and waste removals from tank 241-B-107 are summarized in A History of the 200 Area Tank Farms (WHC-MR-0132) for 1945 through 1980, Supporting Document for the Historical Tank Content Estimate for B-Tank Farm (WHC-SD-WM-ER-310), Waste Status and Transaction Record Summary (WSTRS) Rev. 4 (LA-UR-97-311), and the Tank Waste Information Network (<a href="http://twins.pnl.gov:8001/twins.htm">http://twins.pnl.gov:8001/twins.htm</a>). The information cited in Sections 2.2.1 through 2.2.8 is in general agreement with these previous reports. These previous reports accurately state the volume of waste transferred into and removed from tank 241-B-107, as well as the volume of solids and total waste stored.

## 3.0 TYPES OF TANK WASTE GENERATED AT THE HANFORD SITE CHEMICAL PROCESSING PLANTS

There were numerous irradiated nuclear fuel reprocessing, research and development, and waste management activities conducted at the Hanford Site starting in 1944. These irradiated nuclear fuel reprocessing, research and development, and waste management activities conducted in the processing plants are discussed further in the DOE/RL-97-02, National Register of Historic Places Multiple Property Document Form - Historic, Archaeological and Traditional Cultural Properties of the Hanford Site, Washington February 1997.

It has been established in Section 2.0 that first decontamination cycle (1C) waste mixed with coating removal waste (CW) from the 221-B Bismuth Phosphate plant was transferred into tank 241-B-107, concentrated 1C/CW supernatant, concentrated TBP Plant supernatant, and coating removal waste from the PUREX Plant. The following sections provide a discussion of the processed that generated these waste types.

#### 3.1 221-B AND 221-T BISMUTH PHOSPHATE PROCESS PLANT

B- and T-Plants were constructed in 1944 through 1945 to separate plutonium from irradiated nuclear fuel using the bismuth phosphate process. Figure 2 shows a summary of the 221-B/T Plant bismuth phosphate process, which is referred to throughout this discussion. The Bismuth Phosphate process was operated in B-Plant from April 1945 (HW-7-1649-DEL, page 21) through June 1952 (HW-25227-DEL, pages Ed-5 and Ed-6), after which the inventory of radioactive materials was removed from the facility from July 1952 through March 1953 (HW-27774). The Bismuth Phosphate process was operated in T-Plant from December 1944 (HAN-45800-DEL, page 4) through March 1956, after which the inventory of radioactive materials was removed from the facility from March 1956 (HW-42219-DEL, page ED-5) through September 1956 (HW-45707-DEL, page D-5). T-Plant was placed in lay-away status in October 1956 (HW-46432-DEL, page D-5).

In the bismuth phosphate process, the aluminum cladding of spent nuclear fuel elements was dissolved in boiling sodium nitrate solution, to which sodium hydroxide was slowly added (HW-10475-C, page 403). The cladding removal waste sometimes referred to as coating waste (CW) was transferred to single-shell underground storage tanks (see item [1] in Figure 2).

The fuel element uranium cores (see item [2] in Figure 2) were then dissolved in nitric acid (HW-10475-C, chapter IV, page 405). Water and sulfuric acid were added to the dissolved uranium metal solution, and the mixture was then transferred to the plutonium extraction section. The sulfuric acid formed a uranyl sulfate complex that prevented its precipitation as a phosphate in the subsequent plutonium extraction step (HW-10475-C, page 418).

Plutonium was extracted from the acid solution by addition of bismuth nitrate and phosphoric acid to form a bismuth phosphate carrier precipitate (HW-10475-C, page 503). The plutonium and bismuth phosphate carrier precipitate was centrifuged and washed with water to separate the acidic supernatant from the precipitate (see item [3] in Figure 2). The acidic solution remaining

after the plutonium precipitation contained about 99 percent of the uranium, about 90 percent of the fission products. This separation process also removed and reduced the gamma radiation activity level in the plutonium precipitate by a factor of 10. However, zirconium is phosphate insoluble, and zirconium-95 (10 percent of the activity) stayed with the plutonium product. The acidic uranium solution was then neutralized and transferred to the underground single-shell tanks as metal waste (MW). Recent laboratory testing of the bismuth phosphate flowsheet confirms this partitioning of radionuclides (internal letter 7G300-02-NWK-024, "Bismuth Phosphate Process Radionuclide Partition Factors for the Hanford Defined Waste Model"). Of the predominate radionuclides remaining in the waste, the laboratory tests indicate the percentage of cesium-137 and strontium-90 partitioned to the metal waste may have been as high as 100 percent and 89 percent, respectively.

The plutonium-bearing cake was then dissolved in nitric acid, and further decontamination of the plutonium to separate fission products was conducted (HW-10475-C, chapter VI). Sodium bismuthate, sodium dichromate, or potassium permanganate was added to oxidize the plutonium to the +6 valence-state. This step caused the bismuth phosphate to precipitate phosphate insoluble fission products (e.g., cerium, niobium, ruthenium, and zirconium), leaving the plutonium in solution. The precipitate was separated from the plutonium-bearing solution using centrifuges and washed to remove soluble plutonium. The plutonium was reduced to the +4 valence state to form a precipitate that could be separated from the remaining soluble fission products by centrifugation.

The fission products separated from the plutonium product during this first cycle of the decontamination process (designated as 1C waste) were transferred to the same single-shell tank as the coating removal waste. The 1C waste (see item [4] in Figure 2), contained approximately 10 percent of all fission products and approximately 1.4 percent of the plutonium present in the original fuel charged to the plant (HW-23043, pages 20 and 22). After 1951, the Bismuth Phosphate process flowsheet was modified to include cerium and zirconium scavenger precipitation in the 1C by-product step to remove lanthanide and zirconium radionuclides from the plutonium product (HW-23043, page 16).

The plutonium solids from the first decontamination cycle were again dissolved in nitric acid. A second decontamination cycle (see item [5] in Figure 2) was conducted to reduced the gamma activity level by a factor of 10,000 from that in the previous dissolved metal solution, giving an overall process decontamination factor of 100,000 below that of the original solution (HW-10475-C, page 627). The second decontamination step essentially repeated the steps previously described for the first cycle decontamination. The plutonium product from the bismuth phosphate process was subsequently concentrated in the 224-T and 224-B buildings using a lanthanum fluoride precipitation process.

The second decontamination cycle wastes (designated as 2C) were also transferred to the single-shell tanks. The 2C waste contained less than 0.1 percent of the uranium and fission products and about 0.4 percent of the plutonium present in the original fuel charged to the plant (HW-23043, pages 26 and 28).

During operation of B-Plant, the 1C waste was combined with the coating removal waste and transferred to the same single-shell tank. This same practice was conducted in T-Plant from December 1944 through October 19, 1954. Beginning on October 20, 1954, nickel ferrocyanide scavenging of the 1C waste was conducted in T-Plant to precipitate cesium-137 and strontium-90 (HW-33585-DEL, page Ed-8 and HW-33184). The precipitated 1C waste slurry was transferred separate from the coating removal waste to single-shell tanks for settling of the precipitate and discharge of the scavenged (i.e., cesium and strontium depleted) supernatant to a crib.

Table 5 provides the flowsheet estimated compositions of the neutralized CW, MW, 1C, and 2C waste solutions generated from the 221-B/T bismuth phosphate plants based on the October 1, 1951 flowsheet (HW-23043). Additional analyses of the supernatant fraction of MW, 1C/CW, and 2C that was stored in single-shell tanks are provided in Tables 6 and 7. These sample analyses support that the 2C waste contained less than 0.1 percent of the fission products. Analyses of the combined 2C / 224 building / tank 5-6 waste supernatant stored in tank 241-T-112 conducted on August 6, 1952 and September 24, 1952 indicate that the total beta emitters was comprised of 35 to 50 percent ruthenium, 35 to 50 percent cesium, 4 to 8 percent cerium, yttrium, and other rare earths, and 6 to 11 percent undetermined (HW-27035, page 8).

2<sup>ND</sup>Decontamination Dissolve Cycle for Plutonium Bi(Pu)PO4 Pu Purification Cycle 2ND DECON CYCLE WASTE < 0.1% FP Pu PRODUCT TO 231-Z 224-B/T Buildings: To B/T 110 - 112 Dissolve Bi(Pu)PO4 fst Decontamination Cycle for Plutonium WASTE - 10% of FP To B/T 104-109 1ST DECON CYCLE To Reverse Well T Plant: 1945 - 1956 B Plant: 1945 - 1952 221 Building 1945-1946 B & T Plants: 1946 - 1952 1952 - 1956 T Plant: Plutonium CoPrecipitation with BismuthDissolve Bi(Pu)PO4 Uranium & 90% of FP TO B/T 101-103 Metal Waste 3 60 0 Fuel Flee Element Dissolution B & T Farms 104 105 106 COATING REMOVAL WASTE; COMBINED WITH 18T DECON CYCLE WASTE 103 Coating Dissolution IRRADIATED LEL To Crib To Crib

Figure 2. Bismuth Phosphate Process Diagram

Table 5. Estimated Composition of Bismuth Phosphate Plant Wastes
From October 1, 1951 Flowsheet (1)

	Coating	35.4.3	First	Second	224
Analyte <sup>(2)</sup>	Removal	Metal	Decontamination	Decontamination	Building
, ***	Waste	Waste	Cycle (1C) Waste	Cycle (2C) Waste	Waste
Plutonium	3.3E-04	2.0E-04	6.0E-07 <sup>(4)</sup>	1.6E-07 (5)	1.68E-04 <sup>(6)</sup>
Uranium	0.15		0.235 (4)	Not reported	2.04E-05
Gamma	6.6E+04	1.3E+07	2.3E+06 (4)	1.13E+04 (5)	1.13E+02 <sup>(6)</sup>
Sodium Aluminate	95.1	_			
(NaAlO <sub>2</sub> )					
Sodium Hydroxide (NaOH)	43.6				
Sodium Nitrate (NaNO <sub>3</sub> )	61.8			<u> </u>	
Sodium Nitrite (NaNO <sub>2</sub> )	56.0				
Sodium Silicate (NaSiO <sub>3</sub> )	4.3				
Uranyl nitrate (UHN) (3)		132			
Fluorine (F)				<u></u>	5.6
Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> )		9.7	93.1	61.3	42.4
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )		24.4	4.73	3.61	0.35
Phosphate (PO <sub>4</sub> ).		25.2	26.2	23.0	3.05
Sodium (Na)		83.2	47.3	36.7	36.8
Bismuth (Bi)			2.59	1.31	1.18
Cerium (Ce)			0.030		
Lanthanum (La)					0.49
Manganese (Mn)					0.33
Zirconium (Zr)			0.030		
Iron (Fe)			1.37	1.82	
Chrome (Cr)			0.16	0.06	0.17
Ammonia (NH <sub>4</sub> )			1.98	1.71	0.12
Silicon Hexa-Fluoride (SiF <sub>6</sub> )			4.35	3.67	
Volume per Batch (gallons)	795	2,380	2,040	2,090	2,200

#### Notes:

<sup>(2)</sup> Analyses are reported in grams per liter, except for gamma activity, which is counts/minute/mL.
(3) HW-23043, page 31, notes that uranium is not actually present in this form, but is probably as NaUO<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> and

 $Na_4(UO_2)_2CO_3$ .

(4) Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks 13-4 and 14-3 (HW-23043, pages 20 and

<sup>(5)</sup> Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks 18-4 and 19-3 (HW-23043, pages 26 and

<sup>(6)</sup> Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks A-4, D-4, B-3, and F-8 (HW-23043, pages 39, 44, 48, and 54).

Table 6. Analyses of Bismuth Phosphate Process Supernatants Stored

	A ADIC C.	MILLIAN SOS ON ASIO	MILEULA A MOOF	Mate A Tocess Super			
Waste Type (1,2)	Tank	рН	Pu μg/L	Gross Beta millicuries/liter	Gross Gamma millicuries/liter	Date Sampled	
Metal Waste	T-101	10.1	70	200(5)	70 <sup>(5)</sup>	12-12-1946	
Metal Waste	T-101	10	35	110 <sup>(5)</sup>	25 <sup>(5)</sup>	7-01-1947	
Metal Waste	T-102	9.9	60	120	20	7-01-1947	
Metal Waste	T-103	9.8	60	150	20	7-01-1947	
1C/CW	B-109	9.9	40	0.65	0.28	3-18-1947	
1C/CW	C-112	9.9	12	12	4.4	3-18-1947	
2C	B-111	6.9	7.2E-02	2.0E-03	3.0E-03	7-1-1947	
2C	B-112	6.8	4.32E?? (3)	1.5E-03	3.0E-03	7-1-1947	
Waste Type	Tank	рН	Pu μg/L	Gross Beta Counts / minute/ cc	Gross Gamma Counts / minute/ cc	Date Sampled	
2C	T-110	Not reported (4)	15	4.9E+04	30	7-13-1945	
2C	T-110	9.8(4)	19	6.9E+04	55	7-25-1945	
2C	B-110	9.6(4)	8.5	7.0E+04	55	7-25-1945	

#### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> See HW-10728 and HW-3-3220.
(2) Solids formed in each of wastes, settling to the bottom of each tanks. These sample analyses are for the supernatant only and are not representative of the sludges.

(3) The reported Pu sample analyses for tank 241-B-112 seem to be in error and lacking an exponent in HW-10728.

<sup>(4)</sup> Prior to October 1945, the 1C and 2C wastes were neutralized to a pH of approximately 10. The waste collected in tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, 241-B-112, 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 were neutralized to about pH 7 after October 1945 to

precipitate bismuth and plutonium (HW-3-3220, page 13).

(5) Decrease in gross beta and gross gamma concentrations shown for the tank 241-T-101 waste samples are due to decay of fission products with short half-lives.

	Table 7.	Table 7. Analyses of	s of Meta	Metal Waste and First Decontamination Cycle / Coating Waste Supernatant	d First De	contamin	ation Cyc	le / Coatin	ng Waste	Supernat	ant	
Tank	Date Filled	Pu	Gross	Gross Gamma	Sr	່າວ	Ru	Rare Earths + Y	*) *)	qN	īZ	Te
		oo/Bri	nCI/cc	nCi/ec	nCI/ec	hCi/ce	nCi/ee	3) 2r	hCi/ec		μζί/εε	μCίνες
		Analyses		of Metal Waste Supernatant Following Uranium Extraction	e Superna	tant Follo	wing Ura	nium Ext	raction <sup>(1)</sup>			
C-106	Not specified				0.44	54.2						
BX-108	Not				0.26	132.4						
BX-109	Not				1.08	56.3			-			
	specified				201							
C-112	Not specified				1.20	25.8						
C-109	Not specified				0.46	40.7						
C-111	Not specified				0.10	34.5						
Average Concentrations for Metal Waste	rations for Meta	il Waste			0.59	57.3						
	Analyse	Analyses of First Dec	Decontan	ontamination C	Cycle (1C)	Waste Mixed with		oating R	emoval W	Coating Removal Waste (CW) (3)	(z) (z)	
B-107	8-1945	1.7E-02	0.135	0.055	0.011	0.10						
T-107	9-1945	1.5E-03	0.170	0.093	0.0013	0.20						
B-108	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.183	0.044	0.022	0.12						
T-108 (Top)	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.25	0.073	0.12	0.17	0.0066	0.047	0.007	0.0018	0	1.2E-05
T-108 (Bottom)	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.25	0.070	0.12	Not reported	0.0065	0.029	0.0066	0.0024	0	3E-05
T-109	3-1946	2.6E-03	0.14	0.082	0.00038	0.15						
B-109	4-1946	1.8E-02	0.16	0.051	0.01	0.11						
T-104 (Top)	7-1946	3E-03	15.0	0.130	0.00013	0.13	0.058	0.004	0.051	0.028	0.010	2.4E-05
T-104	7-1946	3E-03	0.52	0.160	0.00037	Not	0.059	0.003	0.050	0.028	510.0	3.6E-05
C-110	8-1946	2E-03	0.14	0.0067	920000	0.11						
C-111	11-1946	4.2E-03	0.16	0.069	0.01	0.13						
C-112	4-1947	3.1E-03	0.14	0.064	0.005	0.13						
U-110	4-1947	2.1E-04	0.13	690.0	0.00011	0.17						
<b>U-11</b> 1	10-1947	3.4E-04	0.12	090:0	0.00023	0.14						
TX-109 (3)	9-1949	2.7E-05	2.8	2.2	0.00087	0.27	0.34	0.0085	0.0035	0.34	1.2	8E-05
Average Concentrations for 1C / CW	rations for IC	7.67E-03	0.39	0.22	0.02	0.15						
***************************************												Property   Property

Notes

<sup>(</sup>i) HW-26717, 1955, Decontamination of Uranium Recovery Process Stored Wastes Interim Report, General Electric Company, Richland, Washington.
(a) HW-20195, 1951, Radioactive Content of Stored Bismuth Phosphate First Cycle Waste Supernatants, General Electric Company, Richland, Washington.
(b) Tank 241-TX-109 exhibits higher gross beta and gross gamma radioactivity since this tank was sampled shortly after filling and the short-lived fission products (e.g., Ru, Nb, and Zr) had not decayed appreciably.

#### 3.1.1 221-T and 221-B Plant Cell Drainage Waste

During the operation of the 221-B and 221-T Bismuth Phosphate plants, failure of process equipment, cooling jackets on process vessels, and piping occurred periodically, resulting in the discharge of cooling water, chemical solutions, and process solutions (e.g., MW, 1C, 2C wastes and plutonium product solutions) to the process cells. Each of the 40 process cells in the 221-B and 221-T Plants contained a sump that was equipped with a conductivity probe beginning in August 1946 to detect a liquid leak in the process cell (HW-7-4739-DEL, page 21). The sumps gravity drained to a 24-inch diameter vitrified clay pipe that traversed under each cell and discharged to a deep, open top, stainless steel tank, number 5-7 in section 5 (cell 10) (HW-10475-C, page 914).

Cell drainage collected in tank 5-7 was jetted to tank 5-6 or tank 5-9, which were used for sampling and chemical treatment of the cell drainage solution. Waste in tanks 5-6 and 5-9 could be jetted between these two tanks. High activity waste collected in 221-T Plant and 221-B Plant tanks 5-9 could be jetted to single-shell tank 241-T-107 and 241-B-107, respectively (HW-10475-C, page 918). Alternatively, the cell drainage waste could be transferred to process vessels with the 221-T (or 221-B) Plant and processed to recover plutonium. An example of this practice is cited in the January 1948 monthly report for the Hanford Works (HW-8931-DEL, page 28). The T-Plant stack drainage waste was also collected as part of the 221-T Plant cell drainage until May 28, 1951, after which the stack drainage was routed to the cascade of single-shell tank 241-TX-113, 241-TX-114, and 241-TX-115 (HW-21260-DEL, page 58).

From April 1945 through September 4, 1947 (HW-33591, page 3), the 221-B Plant low activity cell drainage waste collected in tank 5-6 was transferred to tank 241-B-361, which gravity drained to reverse well number 241-B-361 (also referred to as 216-B-5). Tank 241-B-361 also received waste from the 224-B Concentration building from May 1945 to October 1946. Crib number 5-6 was used to dispose of the cell drainage waste from August 12, 1948 through July 4, 1951 (HW-33591, page 3). Cell drainage waste was routed to cribs 241-B-1 and 241-B-2 from October 3, 1947 through August 12, 1948 (HW-44784, page 27). After July 4, 1951, the 221-B Plant cell drainage waste was transferred along with 2C waste to the cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 (HW-21506-DEL, pages 56 and 57) and discharged to the 241-B-3 (also referred to as crib 216-B-8) until July 1953 and then the 241-B-1 and 241-B-2 cribs from December 1954 through October 1955 (HW-44784, page 27).

The 221-T Plant cell drainage waste collected in tank 5-6 was transferred to reverse well number 216-T-3 from January 1945 through August 1946. Crib number 216-T-6 was used to dispose of the cell drainage waste from August 1946 through June 1951. After June 1951, the 221-T Plant cell drainage waste was transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 (HW-55176, part V). The quantity and composition of the cell drainage solutions discharged from tank 5-6 varied (see HW-20583, page 4 and HW-33591, page 25).

#### 3.2 221-B PLANT FISSION PRODUCTS PROCESSING

From August 1963 through June 1966, B-Plant was used in conjunction with the PUREX facility, 244-CR Vault, and the 201-C Hot Semiworks (renamed Strontium Semiworks in 1963) to separate strontium-90 and rare earths (i.e., cerium-144 and promethium-147) from high-level waste solutions. Then, from July 1966 through December 1967, equipment was replaced within B-Plant to expand the processing capability to include cesium removal from fission high-level waste solutions using ion exchange equipment. The strontium and rare earths processing equipment was also replaced to include only strontium removal using a solvent extraction equipment, followed by precipitation and centrifugation equipment for purifying the strontium. Each of the fission products processing events in the B-Plant is discussed in more detail in the following sections.

#### 3.2.1 Strontium and Rare Earths Processing

This section is included to provide information on the different waste processing activities conducted in B-Plant. However, these waste processing activities did not result in the transfer of any of these waste types into tank 241-B-107.

On September 18, 1961 (HW-71187-DEL, page F-2), renovation of cells 5 through 12 within B-Plant canyon was initiated to use these cells for separating strontium and rare earths from a mixed fission product solution (HW-69011). Construction activities were completed, and the facility was accepted by operations on January 31, 1963 (HW-76848-DEL, page B-2). Processing of radioactive waste in cells 5 through 12 at the B-Plant commenced on August 2, 1963 (HW-78817-DEL, pages B-2 and G-2).

B-Plant was used in conjunction with the PUREX facility, 244-CR Vault and the 201-C Hot Semiworks to separate strontium-90, cerium-144, and promethium-147 from high-level waste solutions. The PUREX facility generated a first cycle raffinate solution from the solvent extraction reprocessing of irradiated reactor fuel (i.e., high-level waste). The first cycle raffinate solution was highly acidic and contained most of the fission products (e.g., strontium-89/90, cerium-144, promethium-147, and cesium-137) that were separated from the uranium and plutonium during the reprocessing of irradiated reactor fuel. The acidity of the first cycle raffinate solution was reduced by addition of sugar and digestion at elevated temperature to decompose the nitric acid solution.

In a section of the PUREX facility known as the head-end, first cycle raffinate solution was reacted with sodium sulfate and lead nitrate to precipitate strontium and rare earth (i.e., cerium and promethium) fission products (HW-63051 and HW-69534). Lead co-precipitated with strontium and increased the amount of strontium precipitated from the first cycle raffinate solution. The resulting strontium and rare earth precipitate was centrifuged and washed to separate the supernatant, which contained soluble fission products such as cesium-137, zirconium-niobium-95, and ruthenium-rhodium-106. The supernatant containing the soluble fission products (e.g., cesium-137, zirconium-niobium-95, and ruthenium-rhodium-106) was neutralized and transferred to underground storage tanks. The strontium and rare earth

precipitate was metathesized to soluble carbonates by addition of sodium carbonate. The strontium and rare earth carbonate precipitates were then dissolved in nitric acid and transferred to B-Plant via 244-CR Vault for further processing.

In B-Plant, the strontium nitrate / rare earth nitrate solution were processed to form separate solutions containing strontium and rare earths (HW-77016). The strontium nitrate / rare earth nitrate solution was reacted with oxalic acid to precipitate the rare earths along with lead, leaving strontium in solution. The precipitate was centrifuged to separate the strontium solution from the rare earth precipitate. The strontium solution was stored in B-Plant and transferred periodically to the 201-C Hot Semiworks for purification. The rare earth precipitate was dissolved in nitric acid and stored in B-Plant for further processing.

Lead was removed from the rare earth solution by adding sodium hydroxide solution to form soluble plumbite and insoluble rare earth hydroxide precipitates (HW-81373, RL-SEP-197, page G-2, and HAN-90907, page 21). The plumbite was separated from the rare earth hydroxide precipitate by centrifugation and discarded to the single-shell tanks. The rare earth hydroxide precipitate was washed with sodium hydroxide solution to remove soluble lead and the wash solution was also discarded to the single-shell tanks. The rare earth hydroxide precipitate was dissolved in nitric acid, stored in B-Plant, and eventually transferred to the 201-C Hot Semiworks for purification.

Processing of strontium and rare earth solutions within B-Plant continued until June 1966 (HAN-95105-DEL, page 15). Separations of strontium and rare earths from the first cycle raffinate solution continued to be conducted in the head-end section of the PUREX facility through February 8, 1967 (HAN-96805-DEL, page AIII-4). The strontium and rare earth solution was transferred from PUREX to the 244-CR Vault for storage from July 1966 through February 1967, while equipment modifications were conducted at B-Plant.

#### 3.2.2 Cesium and Strontium Processing

This section is included to provide information on the different waste processing activities conducted in B-Plant. However, these waste processing activities did not result in the transfer of any of these waste types into tank 241-B-107.

From July 1966 (HAN-95284-DEL, page 13) through October 1967 (HAN-98918-DEL, page AIII-2), equipment within the 221-B Plant was flushed and replaced with new equipment for separating cesium and strontium from high-level waste. In January 1967 (HAN-96590-DEL, page AIII-4) and in March 1967 (HAN-97066-DEL, page AIII-4), testing was conducted of a new centrifuge and a precipitation-decantation-centrifugation technique for separating iron and aluminum from PUREX sludge waste. Construction activities continued to be conducted in the 221-B Plant throughout 1967.

On December 27, 1967 (HAN-99396-DEL, page AIII-3), alkaline supernatants stored in the single-shell tanks were transferred to B-Plant, and cesium was separated using an ion exchange process. Cesium ion exchange processing continued at B-Plant until October 1983 using at first

inorganic and later organic ion exchange materials (RHO-RE-SA-169). Cesium was also precipitated from acidic, PUREX high-level waste (known as CAW) using phosphotungstic acid (PTA), with the cesium precipitate dissolved in sodium hydroxide solution and processed through the ion exchange equipment for cesium recovery (ARH-CD-917). After separation of cesium, the alkaline supernatants were transferred directly to underground storage tanks. The ion exchange process used an ammonium carbonate / ammonium hydroxide solution to separate sodium from cesium on the ion exchange media. The aqueous wastes that contained ammonium were processed in the Cell 23 evaporator to concentrate these wastes and volatilize ammonia before transferred to underground storage tanks.

On January 31, 1968, the solvent extraction equipment installed in B-Plant was operated to purify the inventory of rare earth solutions stored at B-Plant (HAN-99604-DEL, page AIII-3). The semi-purified promethium - cerium solution was stored in B-Plant process tank 6-2 (HAN-100127-DEL, page AIII-3). Separation of strontium from the strontium and rare earths solutions stored in the 244-CR Vault was then conducted in March 1968 using the solvent extraction equipment (HAN-100127-DEL, page AIII-3).

The B-Plant solvent extraction equipment began processing the PUREX first cycle raffinate solution to separate strontium on April 20, 1968 (HAN-100357-DEL, page AIII-3). The processing of PUREX first cycle raffinate solution was completed on August 30, 1968 (PR-REPORT-SEP68-DEL, page AIII-3). The B-Plant solvent extraction equipment was then used to separate strontium from PUREX high-level waste sludges. The PUREX high-level waste sludges were dissolved in nitric acid (known as PAS) in the 244-AR Vault and transferred to B-Plant for centrifugation to separate solids. The clarified solution was process in the solvent extraction equipment to separate strontium (PRD-SEP-68-DEL, page AIII-4). In addition, the B-Plant solvent extraction equipment was operated periodically to separate strontium from CAW solutions following the PTA processing to separate cesium. Strontium separation from high-level waste solutions using the solvent extraction equipment continued at B-Plant until 1977. The aqueous waste from the solvent extraction process was evaporated in the Cell 23 evaporator and transferred to underground storage tanks.

#### 3.3 PUREX PLANT

The PUREX plant was operated from 1956 through 1988 to reprocess irradiated nuclear fuels. The PUREX Plant processed both aluminum coated and zirconium clad irradiated nuclear fuels. For the aluminum coated fuel, the fuel coating was dissolved in sodium hydroxide solution. The coating removal waste (designated as CW) was inherently alkaline and did not require neutralization before transfer to underground storage tanks. The zirconium clad fuel; Zircaloy<sup>®1</sup> (98.5% Zr and 1.5% Sn), was dissolved in a solution of ammonium fluoride and ammonium nitrate. The zirconium cladding waste was neutralized (designated as NCRW) by addition of sodium hydroxide solution before transfer to underground storage tanks (PFP-P-020-00001).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Zircaloy<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of Teledyne Wah Chang, Albany, Oregon.

After dissolving the coating / cladding on the irradiated nuclear fuel, the uranium fuel elements were then dissolved. The dissolved fuel elements are then processed through a solvent extraction system that used tri-butyl phosphate solvent in a normal paraffin hydrocarbon diluent. The fission products and impurities separated during the uranium and plutonium solvent extraction process were neutralized and transferred underground storage tanks, forming supernatant and sludges within the tanks. The supernatant, known as PUREX supernatant neutralized (PSN) were stored separately in the 200 East Area tank farms and eventually processed in the B-Plant to remove cesium. The plutonium solutions generated at the PUREX Plant were transferred to the 234-5Z building (Z-Plant) for further processing. Uranium solutions were transferred to the 224-U building (UO<sub>3</sub> Plant) for conversion to an oxide and transfer to offsite facilities for re-use in the fabrication of nuclear fuel.

## 3.4 TRI-BUTYL PHOSPHATE (TBP) PLANT

The 221-U Plant was originally constructed and contained equipment for conducting the Bismuth Phosphate process, similar to 221-B and 221-T Plants. However, the Bismuth Phosphate process was never conducted in the 221-U Plant. Instead, the equipment in the 221-U Plant was replaced with a solvent extraction process to separate uranium from stored Bismuth Phosphate metal waste. The uranium solvent extraction process used tri-butyl phosphate (TBP) as the solvent dissolved in a hydrocarbon diluent. The so-called Tri-Butyl Phosphate Plant derived its name from the solvent used to separate uranium from the metal waste.

Processing of metal waste solutions in the TBP Plant was conducted from November 1952 (HW-26376-DEL, page Ed-3) through March 1957 (HW-51240). In the TBP Plant, there were two parallel processing lines (Line A and Line B) with identical equipment. The following discussion is applicable to either processing line.

Metal waste stored in the single-shell tanks consisted of precipitated sludge and supernatant. Both the supernatant and sludge contained uranium. The metal waste supernatant was first removed from a cascade of the single-shell tanks and collected in a separate single-shell tank. Metal waste sludge was then sluiced from a single-shell tank using the metal waste supernatant that was previously collected. The metal waste slurry was accumulated in several stainless steel tanks contained in an underground concrete vault. The metal waste sludge was allowed to settle in the stainless steel tank and the supernatant removed for re-use in sluicing sludge. The metal waste sludge was then dissolved in nitric acid and combined with metal waste supernatant. The nitric acidic concentration of the metal waste was adjusted to ensure the waste was stabile and did not form precipitates (HW-19140, pages 216 - 219).

The acidic metal waste solution was then transferred to the TBP Plant. In the TBP Plant, the acidic metal waste was evaporated to remove excess liquid and centrifuged to remove solids (HW-19140, pages 311 - 312). The clarified acidic solution was transferred to the RA pulse-column that contained tri-butyl phosphate solvent in a hydrocarbon diluent.

In the RA column, uranium was extracted from the acidic solution into the organic solvent phase. A dilute nitric acid scrub solution was introduced into the RA column to remove trace amount of cesium and strontium fission products that were co-extracted with the uranium. Cerium, ruthenium, niobium, and zirconium fission products are co-extracted with the uranium. The scrub solution also contained ferrous ammonium sulfate to reduce plutonium to the III valence state and prevent extraction along with the uranium into the organic solvent phase. Therefore, plutonium and cesium and strontium fission products remained in the aqueous phase along with approximately 0.5 percent of the uranium present in the feed to the column (HW-19140, pages 405 - 420). The aqueous waste leaving the RA column was known as the RAW stream.

The organic solvent phase containing the uranium and co-extracted fission products (cerium, ruthenium, niobium, and zirconium) was transferred to the RC pulse-column where uranium along with co-extracted plutonium and fission products were stripped from the solvent using 0.01 M nitric acid (HW-19140, pages 421 – 423). The 0.01 M nitric acid strip solution containing the recovery uranium was transferred to the 224-U Building (UO<sub>3</sub> Plant) for further processing. In the UO<sub>3</sub> Plant, the uranium nitrate solution was evaporated to reduce the solution volume, calcined, and packaged for transportation off-site.

The organic solvent from the RC column was transferred to the RO pulse-column for removal of organic degradation products. The organic solvent was contacted with  $0.4 \, \underline{M}$  sodium sulfate to remove organic degradation products (HW-19140, pages 1111-1112). The aqueous waste solution from the RO column (designated as ROW stream) was combined with the RAW stream for treatment.

The combined RAW and ROW waste solutions were neutralized using sodium hydroxide solution to a pH greater than 9.5 (HW-19140, page 1206). Neutralization of the combined RAW and ROW waste resulted in the formation of sodium salts (e.g., sodium nitrate, sodium sulfate, and sodium phosphate). The neutralized RAW / ROW waste was then concentrated to minimize the volume of waste. Ammonia was evolved from the neutralized waste during the concentration step. The concentrated TBP Plant waste was then transferred to the single-shell tanks for storage (HW-19140, pages 1206 - 1209).

Beginning on September 29, 1954, the TBP Plant RAW / ROW waste was treated within the 221-U Plant to precipitate cesium-137 and strontium-90 (HAN-62359-DEL, monthly report for September 1954, page 44). Cesium-137 and strontium-90 were precipitated by adding potassium ferrocyanide, sodium hydroxide, and nickel sulfate to the acidic TBP Plant waste (HW-30399 and HW-31731). The scavenged TBP Plant (RAW / ROW) waste was not concentrated. The scavenged TBP Plant waste was transferred to single-shell tanks where the nickel ferrocyanide (Ni<sub>2</sub>Fe(CN)<sub>6</sub>) precipitate was allowed to settle. The scavenged TBP Plant supernatant was then discharged to cribs or trenches (HW-48518, pages 15 to 20).

#### 3.5 242-B WASTE EVAPORATOR

The 242-B Evaporator was designed to process 1C/CW supernatant from the 221-B Bismuth Phosphate Plant. The 242-B Evaporator design capacity for processing 1C/CW supernatant was approximately 500 gallons per hour. The evaporator was a pot type evaporator with internal steam heating coils. The evaporator vessel and associated piping was constructed of stainless steel to although for decontamination with nitric acid. The evaporator vessel was contained in a structure with 18-inch concrete walls to provide radiation shielding (ART-11953).

The evaporator was constructed adjacent to the 241-B Tank Farm from July 1951 (HW-21802-DEL, page 43) through December 8, 1951 (HW-23140-DEL, page 34). Tank 241-B-106 was used as the feed tank to the evaporator.

The evaporator commenced processing stored 1C/CW supernatant on December 14, 1951 (HW-23140-DEL, page 34). The 1C/CW supernatant that had been stored in single-shell tanks within 241-B, 241-C, 241-BX and 241-BY Tank Farms was processed through the evaporator from December 14, 1951 through February 1953. The concentrated 1C/CW supernatant was stored in tanks 241-B-104, 241-B-105, 241-B-107, 241-B-108, and 241-B-109.

The concentrated 1C/CW supernatant contained in tanks 241-B-104, 241-B-105, 241-B-107, 241-B-108, and 241-B-109 was reprocessed in the 242-B Evaporator from February 18, 1953 (HW-27842, page 9) through July 1953 (HW-29054, page 2) and stored in tanks 241-B-107, 241-B-108, and 241-B-109.

The 242-B Evaporator was then used to process waste from the TBP Plant that had been stored in 241-C Tank Farm. On September 20, 1953, TBP Plant waste was transferred from tank 241-C-112 to tank 241-B-106 for processing in the 242-B Evaporator (HW-29624, pages 2 and 4). The concentrated TBP Plant waste was stored in tank 241-B-104 (HW-29624, page 4). TBP Plant waste stored in tank 241-BX-109 was processed through the 242-B Evaporator in October 1953, with the concentrated TBP Plant waste stored in tank 241-B-104 (HW-29905, page 4). Tank 241-BX-109 was used to receive waste from the TBP Plant waste, which was periodically transferred to tank 241-B-106 for processing through the 242-B Evaporator. The TBP Plant waste was processed through the 242-B Evaporator from October 1953 (HW-30250, pages 4 and 5) through October 1954 (HW-33544, page 4). TBP Plant waste that was stored in tank 241-BX-108 was also transferred to tank 241-B-106 on March 21, 1954 for processing through the 242-B Evaporator (HW-31374, page 5). The concentrated TBP Plant wastes were stored in tanks 241-B-101, 241-B-102, 241-B-103, 241-B-105, 241-B-107, 241-B-109, 241-B-111, 241-BX-110, 241-BX-111, and 241-BX-112.

The 242-B Evaporator was shut down on October 28, 1954 (HW-45163-RD, page 71). Evaporation of the TBP Plant waste was no longer conducted. As discussed in Section 3.4, beginning on September 29, 1954, the TBP Plant waste was treated in the 221-U Plant to precipitate cesium-137 and strontium-90 before being discharged to the single-shell tanks. The treated TBP Plant waste, known as scavenged waste was transferred to single-shell tanks where the precipitate was allowed to settle. The scavenged TBP Plant supernatant was then discharged cribs or trenches.

### 4.0 RADIONUCLIDE ANALYSES OF WASTE IN TANK 241-B-107

Two core samples (number 217 and 218) of the waste contained in tank 241-B-107 were obtained in July 1997. All segments of core sample 217 were analyzed for anions, cations, and total alpha emitting radionuclides. All segments of core sample 218 were analyzed for anions and cations. However, because of poor sample recovery, only the lower two segments of core sample 218 were analyzed for alpha emitting radionuclides. No additional radionuclide analyzes were conducted on the tank 241-B-107 core samples.

Waste templates were used to estimate the concentration of individual radionuclides present in the tank 241-B-107 waste<sup>2</sup>. Based on the relatively high aluminum and low sodium content and the tank fill history (see Section 2.2.6), the top layer of waste in tank 241-B-107 is assumed to be PUREX coating removal waste. The middle layer of waste in tank 241-B-107 is assumed to be saltcake based on the relatively high sodium to insoluble metal mass ratio and the tank fill history, which included the storage of concentrated 1C/CW supernatant in tank 241-B-107 (see Section 2.2.2). The bottom layer of waste in tank 241-B-107 is assumed to be 1C/CW sludge based on the relatively high insoluble metal content and the tank fill history (see Section 2.2.1). Waste templates for each of these waste types and the estimated volume of each waste layer were then applied to estimate the concentration of radionuclides present in the tank 241-B-107 waste. These estimates are known as the best-basis inventory.

Table 8 provides the best-basis inventory for transuranic elements (i.e., neptunium-237, plutonium-238, plutonium-239, plutonium-240, and americium-241), cesium-137, and strontium-90 contained in the tank 241-B-107 sludge and saltcake, as reported on June 3, 2003 from the Tank Waste Information Network (TWINS) database<sup>2</sup>. The concentration of transuranic elements in the tank 241-B-107 sludge is estimated to be  $531.7\eta$ Ci/g. The cesium-137 and strontium-90 concentrations in the tank 241-B-107 sludge are estimated to be  $28.4\mu$ Ci/g and  $222.4\mu$ Ci/g.

The inventories of transuranic elements, cesium-137, and strontium-90, in tank 241-B-107 sludge are also compared to the inventory of these radionuclides present in all 177 underground storage tanks at the Hanford Site in Table 8. The inventory of transuranic elements in tank 241-B-107 sludge is approximately 0.13 percent of the total inventory of transuranic elements present in all 177 underground storage tanks at the Hanford Site. The inventories of cesium-137 and strontium-90 in tank 241-B-107 sludge are approximately 0.03 percent and 0.24 percent of the total inventory of cesium-137 and strontium-90 present in all 177 underground storage tanks at the Hanford Site.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Tank Waste Information Network System (<u>http://twins.pnl.gov:8001/twins.htm</u>) for discussion of waste templates and application for estimating waste composition.

Table 8. Transuranic Elements and Fission Products in Tank 241-B-107

Tank	TRU	ij	Cs-	137	Sr-	90
	ηCi/g	Ci	μCi/g	Ci	μCi/g	Ci
241-B-107 Sludge	531.7	285.2	28.4	15,210	222.4	119,270
241-B-107 Saltcake	30.0	13.7	16.8	7,690	5.6	2,560
All 177 Tanks	Not applicable	226,511	Not applicable	46,080,000	Not applicable	50,280,000
241-B-107 Sludge as a percentage of all 177 tanks		0.13%		0.03%		0.24%

Note: TRU = Transuranic

#### 5.0 SUMMARY

The waste types received in tank 241-B-107 and their disposition are summarized in Table 9. Based on the waste transfer history, the 86,000 gallons of sludge stored in tank 241-B-107 is a mixture of 1C/CW sludge from the 221-B Bismuth Phosphate Plant and PUREX coating removal waste. Tank 241-B-107 also contains 75,000 gallons of saltcake, which is from 221-B 1C/CW supernatant that had been concentrated in the 242-B Evaporator.

The estimated concentration of transuranic elements present in the sludge stored in tank 241-B-107 is approximately 531.7  $\eta$ Ci/g. The estimated concentrations of cesium-137 and strontium-90 in the sludge contained in tank 241-B107 are approximately 28.5  $\mu$ Ci/g and 222.4  $\mu$ Ci/g.

Table 9. Waste Transfer History for Tank 241-B-107

Date	Waste Type	Source	Disposition	Waste Vol Tank 241	
				Supernatant (gallons)	Sludge (gallons)
04/1945 to 04/1946	1C/CW	221-B Plant	Received 1,590,000 gallons of 1C/CW waste that cascaded into tanks 241-B-108 and 241-B-109. 1C/CW precipitated during storage.	530,0 tota	000 il
12/1951 to 08/1953	Concentrated 1C/CW Supernatant	242-B Evaporator	Processed 1C/CW supernatant from multiple tanks in 242-B Evaporator for concentration and storage. Stored 331,000 gallons of concentrated 1C/CW supernatant in tank 241-B-107. Re-evaporated 1C/CW supernatant contained in B-Farm tanks in 242-B Evaporator and stored in tanks 241-B-107, 241-B-108, and 241-B-109.	358,000	172,000
08/1954	Concentrated 1C/CW Supernatant		Transferred 320,375 gallons of concentrated 1C/CW supernatant to 216-B-37 trench for disposal.	0	225,000
10/1954 to 09/1957	TBP Plant Waste Supernatant	242-B Evaporator	Transferred 305,000 gallons of concentrated TBP Plant supernatant from 242-B Evaporator to tank 241-B-107.	305,000	225,000
09/1957	TBP Plant Waste Supernatant		Transferred 264,000 gallons of concentrated TBP Plant supernatant from tank 241-B-107 to tank 241-C-101 for scavenging in 244-CR Vault.	0	261,000
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter 1963	PUREX Coating Removal Waste	Tank 241-C-102	Received 264,000 gallons of PUREX coating removal waste.	264,000	261,000
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter 1969	PUREX Coating Removal Waste		Transferred 327,000 gallons of supernatant to In-Tank Solidification Unit No. 1 for concentration and storage.	0	201,000
06/1972 to 03/1985	Supernatant and Interstitial Liquids		Saltwell pumped tank as part of interim stabilization program.	0	194,000
The reported waste	volumes are for the e	nd of the date	period.		

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## APPENDIX A

### VOLUME OF WASTE IN TANK 241-B-107

January 1945 through May 1977

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			Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANK 241-B-107	OF WASTES	IN TANK 241-B-107
Year	Month	Percentage filled [1]	Reference	Page	Comments
1945	January	Empty	HW-7-1293-DEL	15	B-Plant construction scheduled for completion on February 10, 1945.
	February	Empty	HW-7-1388-DEL	16	Operations assumed responsibility for B-Plant with completion of construction on February 10, 1945. No waste transferred into tank
					241-B-107.
	March	Empty	HW-7-1544-DEL	. 22	Completed cold chemical runs at B-Plant. No waste transferred into tank 241-B-107.
	April	Not reported	HW-7-1649-DEL	18 and 21	Processing started on April 13, 1945. Nine charges of irradiated fuel
	•	•		_	slugs dissolved at B-Plant, with four charges completed through
					processing. 1C/CW waste from 221-B Plant collected in cascade of tanks 241-B-107, 241-B-108, and 241-B-109.
	May	8.2%	HW-7-1793-DEL	22	IC/CW waste from 221-B Plant collected in cascade of tanks 241-B-107, 241-B-108, and 241-B-109.
	June	10.6%	HW-7-1981-DEL	23	Same as above.
	July	15.2%	HW-7-2177-DEL	22	Same as above.
	August	22.3%	HW-7-2361-DEL	21	Same as above.
	September	30.0%	HW-7-2548-DEL	22	Same as above.
	October	40.9%	HW-7-2706-DEL	21	Same as above.
	November	54.6%	HW-7-2957-DEL	21	Same as above.
	December	61.7%	HW-7-3171-DEL	21	Same as above.
1946	January	71.02%	HW-7-3378-DEL	24	Same as above.
	February	81.6%	HW-7-3566-DEL	21	Same as above.
	March	89.3%	HW-7-3751-DEL	21	Same as above.
	April	100%	HW-7-4004-DEL	20 - 21	Cascade of tanks 241-B-107, 241-B-108, and 241-B-109 filled with
				_	1C/CW waste. The 1C/CW waste from the 221-B Plant was diverted to tank 241-C-110 in 241-C Farm on April 24, 1946.
	May	100%	HW-7-4193-DEL	21	1C/CW waste from the 221-B Plant collecting in cascade of tanks 241-C-110 241-C-111 and 241-C-112 in 241-C Farm.
	June	100%	HW-7-4343-DEL	23	Same as above.
	July	100%	HW-7-4542-DEL	22	Same as above.
	August	100%	HW-7-4739-DEL	23	Same as above.
	September	100%	HW-7-5194-DEL	26	Same as above.
	October	100%	HW-7-5362-DEL	28	Same as above.
	November	100%	HW-7-5505-DEL	28	Same as above.
	December	100%	HW-7-5630-DEL	25	Same as above.

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Year	Month	Percentage filled [1]	Reference	Page	Comments
1947	January	100%	HW-7-5802-DEL	26	Same as above.
	February	100%	HW-7-5944-DEL	25	Same as above.
	March	100%	HW-7-6048-DEL	23 - 24	Cascade of tanks 241-C-110, 241-C-111, and 241-C-112 filled with 1C/CW waste. The 1C/CW waste from the 221-B Plant was diverted
					to cascade of tanks 241-C-107, 241-C-108, and 241-C-109 at end of
					March 1947. Began reducing the amount of sodium hydroxide added
					to the 1C/CW waste in order to promote precipitation of plutonium and
					bismuth.
	April	100%	HW-7-6184-DEL	56	1C/CW waste from the 221-B Plant collecting in cascade of tanks
					241-C-107, 241-C-108, and 241-C-109.
	May	100%	HW-7-6391-DEL	24	Same as above.
	June	100%	HW-7-7454-DEL	26	Same as above.
	July	100%	HW-7283-DEL	26	Same as above.
	August	100%	HW-7504-DEL	27	Same as above.
	September	100%	HW-7795-DEL	27	Same as above,
	October	100%	HW-7997-DEL	27	Same as above.
	November	100%	HW-8267-DEL	29	Same as above.
	December	100%	HW-8438-DEL	27	Same as above.
1948	January	100%	HW-8931-DEL	28	Same as above,
	February	100%	HW-9191-DEL	29	Same as above.
	March	100%	HW-9595-DEL	31	Same as above.
	April	100%	HW-9922-DEL	32	Same as above.
	May	100%	HW-10166-DEL	32	Same as above.
	June	100%	HW-10378-DEL	30	Same as above.
	July	100%	HW-10714-DEL	32	Same as above.
	August	100%	HW-10993-DEL	36	Same as above.
	September	%001	HW-11226-DEL	32 - 33	Cascade of tanks 241-C-107, 241-C-108, and 241-C-109 filled with
					1C/CW waste on September 14, 1948. The 1C/CW waste was diverted to tank 241-BX-107.
	October	100%	HW-11499-DEL	34	1C/CW waste from the 221-B Plant collecting in cascade of tanks
					waste to allow for tie-in of lines to 241-BY Tank Farm.
	November	100%	HW-11835-DEL	36	Same as above.
	December	100%	HW-12086-DEL	37	Same as above.

	Comments	Same as above.	Same as above,	Same as above.	Tanks 241-BX-107 and 241-BX-108 filled with 1C/CW waste. 1C/CW waste from the 221-B Plant collecting in cascade of tanks 241-BX-110 and 241-BX-111.	Same as above.	Tanks 241-BX-110 and 241-BX-111 filled with IC/CW waste. Tanks 241-B-104 and 241-B-105 receiving 1C/CW waste from 221-B Plant.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Tanks 241-B-104 and 241-B-105 filled with IC/CW waste. Cascade of tanks 241-BX-107, 241-BX-108, and 241-BX-109 again receiving IC/CW waste from 221-B Plant.	Same as above.	Same as above.	241-BX-107 through 241-BX-111 filled with 1C/CW waste. The 221-B Plant 1C/CW waste cascading into tanks 241-BY-107, 241-BY-108, and 241-BY-109 via tanks 241-BX-107, 241-BX-108, and 241-BX-109.													
F WASTES	Page	39	35	40	40	42	41	42	43	42	43	44	42	45	45	48	46	44	44	45	49	48 - 49	50	49	51	
Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANK 241-B-107	Reference	HW-12391-DEL	HW-12666-DEL	HW-12937-DEL	HW-13190-DEL	HW-13561-DEL	HW-13793-DEL	HW-14043-DEL	HW-14338-DEL	HW-14596-DEL	HW-14916-DEL	HW-15267-DEL	HW-15550-DEL	HW-15843-DEL	HW-17056-DEL	HW-17410-DEL	HW-17660-DEL	HW-17971-DEL	HW-18221-DEL	HW-18473-DEL	HW-18740-DEL	HW-19021-DEL	HW-19325-DEL	HW-19622-DEL	HW-19842-DEL	
	Percentage filled 1.1	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	. 100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
	Month	Jamuary	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	
	Year	1949												1950												

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<b>VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANK 241-B-107</b>
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May         100%         HW-21260-DEL         55         Same as above.           June         100%         HW-21506-DEL         54         Same as above.           July         100%         HW-21802-DEL         41         Same as above.           August         Not reported         HW-22075-DEL         39         The 221-B Plant 1C/CW waste was routed to tank 241-BY-108, and 241-BY-109 had become filled with 1C/CW waste.           October         Not reported         HW-22610-DEL         and 241-BY-109 had become filled with 1C/CW waste.           November         Not reported         HW-22875-DEL         34 - 35         242-B Evaporator was placed in operation on December 14, 1951.           December         Not reported         HW-23140-DEL         34 - 35         242-B Evaporator was placed in operation on December 14, 1951.
Til Percentage of tanks 241-B-107, 241-B-108, and 241-B-109 filled with waste. Three tanks combined can retain nominally 1,590,000 gallons of waste.

<b>VOLUME OF WASTE IN TANKS 241-B-107</b>
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Year	Month	ste	Reference Page	Page	Comments
		(Gallons)			
1952	January	Not Reported	HW-23437-DEL		
	February	Not Reported	HW-23698-DEL		
	March	Not Reported	HW-23982-DEL		
	April	220,000	HW-27838	8	1C/CW supernatant in tank 241-B-107 was processed in
	•				242-B Evaporator, leaving 1C/CW sludge in tank 241-B-107.
					collected in tank 241-B-108.
					1C/CW waste from 221-B Plant collecting in tank 241-BY-110.
	May	220,000	HW-27838	19 - 20	Tank 241-B-108 filled with concentrated 1C/CW waste from 242-B Evaporator on May 14, 1952. Tank 241-B-109 receiving
					concentrated 1C/CW waste from 242-B Evaporator on May 15,
					1952. 1C/CW waste from 221-B Plant collecting in tank
	June	220,000	HW-27838	31	Same as above.
	July	220,000	HW-27839	9 - 10	Same as above.
	August	298,000	HW-27839	20 - 21	Tank 241-B-107 receiving concentrated 1C/CW waste from
	•	•			242-B Evaporator beginning on August 21, 1952.
	September	461,000	HW-27839	31 - 32	Same as above. 1C/CW waste from 221-B Plant collecting in tank
					241-BY-110.
	October	525,000	HW-27840	9 - 10	Same as above.
	November	531,000	HW-27840	20	Tank 241-B-107 receiving concentrated 1C/CW waste from
					242-B Evaporator. Waste began cascading from tank 241-B-107
					into tank 241-B-108 on November 25, 1952. Waste began
					cascading from tank 241-B-108 into tank 241-B-109 on
					November 30, 1952.
	December	531,000	HW-27840	31	Cascade of tanks 241-B-107, 241-B-108, and 241-B-109 filled on
_					December 4, 1952 with IC/CW sludge and concentrated IC/CW
					supernatant from 242-B Evaporator. Tank 241-B-104 receiving
					concentrated 10/0 w supernatant from 242-B Evaporator.

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Year	Month	Supernatant (Gallons)	Sludge (Gallons)	Kelerence	rage	Comments
1953	January	311,000	220,000	HW-27841	6	Cascade of tanks 241-B-107, 241-B-108, and 241-B-109
						filled on December 4, 1952 with IC/CW sludge and
						concentrated IC/CW superinatal Library Evaluation of the Concentration o
						No waste transfers into this cascade. Talk 241-D-103
			_			receiving concentrated 1C/CW supernatant from
						242-B Evaporator.
	February	311.000	220,000	HW-27842	6	Transferred concentrated 1C/CW supernatant from tank
			•			241-B-108 to tank 241-B-106 on February 18, 1953 for
				_		re-processing in the 242-B Evaporator. Receiving
						re-concentrated 1C/CW supernatant from the
						242-B Evaporator into tank 241-B-108.
	March	311.000	220.000	HW-27775	6-8	Transferred concentrated 1C/CW supernatant from tank
					,	241-B-109 to tank 241-B-106 on March 24, 1953 for
						re-processing in the 242-B Evaporator. Receiving
						re-concentrated 1C/CW supernatant from the
			_			242-B Evaporator into tank 241-B-108.
	April	311,000	220,000	HW-28043	4	Receiving re-concentrated 1C/CW supernatant from the
	•					242-B Evaporator into tank 241-B-109.
	May	4,000	220,000	HW-28377	4	Receiving re-concentrated 1C/CW supernatant from the
	•					242-B Evaporator into tank 241-B-107.
	June	303,000	220,000	HW-28712	4	Tank 241-B-107 filled with 1C/CW sludge and
	_	•				re-concentrated 1C/CW supernatant.
	July	310,000	220,000	HW-29054	4	Same as above.
	August	358,000	172,000	HW-29242	4	
	September	358,000	172,000	HW-29624	4	
	October	358,000	172,000	HW-29905	4	
	November	358,000	172,000	HW-30250	4	
	December	358,000	172,000	HW-30498	4	

KS 241-B-107 Comments									320,375 gallons of concentrated 1C/CW supernatant	transferred from tank 241-B-107 to trench 241-BXR-3	(renamed 216-B-37) on August 31, 1954 (HW-33591,	page 11). Concentrations of Cs, Sr, U, and Pu in	supernatant transferred to trench were 0.82µCi/mL,	7.4E-03µCi/mL, 9.8E-07µCi/mL, and 2.38E-06µCi/mL,	respectively. pH of waste was 8.0.			waste from tank 241-B-105 to tank 241-B-107. Tank	241-B-105 received concentrated TBP Plant waste from	242-B Evaporator.	Tank 241-B-107 contains 225,000 gallons of 1C/CW	sludge and concentrated 1C/CW interstitial liquid and	263,000 gallons of concentrated TBP Plant waste.			
N TANKS	9	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	_						4	4							4	4	
Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTE IN TANKS 241-B-107	ווניוניו ביונינ	HW-30851	HW-31126	HW-31374	HW-31811	HW-32110	HW-32389	HW-32697	HW-33002							HW-33396	HW-33544							HW-33904	HW-34412	
1. VOLUME	(Gallons)	172,000	172,000	172,000	172,000	172,000	172,000	172,000	172,000	•		_				225,000	225,000	`						225,000	225.000	
Cunernatent		358,000	358,000	358,000	358,000	358,000	358,000	358,000	36,000	•	•					0	263,000							263,000	263,000	
Month	IMOING	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	0						September	October							November	December	
1	rear	1954						-														<u>_</u>				

Z41-B-10/	Confinence				Transferred 182,000 gallons of concentrated TBP Plant	waste from tank 241-B-110 to tank 241-B-107, which cascaded 140,000 gallons of waste to tank 241-B-108.	Tank 241-B-107 contains 225,000 gallons of 1C/CW	sludge and concentrated IC/CW interstitial liquid and 305,000 gallons of concentrated TBP Plant waste.										Reported sludge volume in tank 241-B-107 appears to be in error, given subsequent reported sludge volume.												
PERMINS	rage	4		4	4		4		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4	4	4	4	4	
Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASIE IN IAMAS 241-D-107	Kelerence	HW-35022		HW-35628	HW-36001		HW-36553		HW-37143	HW-38000	HW-38401	HW-38926	HW-39216	HW-39850	HW-40208	HW-40816	HW-41038	HW-41812	HW-42394	HW-42993	HW-43490	HW-43895	HW-44860		HW-45140	HW-45738	HW-46382	HW-47052	HW-47460	
I. VOLUME	Sludge (Gallons)	Not	legible	225,000	225,000	•	225.000		225,000	225,000	225,000	225,000	225,000	225,000	225,000	225,000	225,000	275,000	225,000	225,000	225,000	225,000	Not	reported	225,000	225,000	225,000	225,000	225,000	
I able A-	Supernatant (Gallons)	Not legible		263,000	305,000		305.000		305,000	305,000	305,000	305,000	305,000	305,000	305,000	305,000	305,000	305,000	305,000	305,000	305,000	305,000	305,000		305,000	305,000	305,000	305,000	305,000	
	Month	January		February	March		Anril		May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	•	August	September	October	November	December	
	Year	1955	-		-												1956													

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	Comments	Latest electrode reading of waste level in tank 241-B-107.				Latest electrode reading of waste level in tank 241-B-107.	New electrode reading of waste level in tank 241-B-107	indicates increase in waste level measurement. No waste transferred into tank.	Latest electrode reading of waste level in tank 241-B-107.		Transferred 264,000 gallons of supernatant to tank	241-C-101 for processing (scavenging) in 244-CR Vault.	Supernatant processed in 244-CR Vault to precipitation	Cs-137 and Sr-90 using sodium ferrocyanide and nickel	sulfate. Scavenged TBP Plant waste transferred to tanks	241-C-108, 241-C-109, 241-C-111, or 241-C-112 to settle	ferrocvanide precipitate. Scavenged TBP Plant	supernatant discharged to trenches (HW-83906-C-RD,	Waste inventory in tank 241-B-107 reported as sludge.			Latest electrode reading of waste level in tank 241-B-107.			Latest electrode reading of waste level in tank 241-B-107.									
IANKS 2	Fage	4	4	4	4	4	4		4	4	4							_	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
VOLUME OF WASTE IN TANKS 241-B-107	Kererence	HW-48144	HW-48846	HW-49523	HW-50127	HW-50617	HW-51348		HW-51858	HW-52414	HW-52932								HW-53573	HW-54067	HW-54519	HW-54916	HW-55264	HW-55630	HW-55997	HW-56357	HW-56761	HW-57122	HW-57550	HW-57711	HW-58201	HW-58579	HW-58831	
I. VOLUME	Sludge (Gallons)	225,000	225,000	225,000	225,000	230,000	230,000		230,000	230,000	230,000								261.000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	
Table A-1.	Supernatant (Gallons)	271,000	271,000	271,000	271,000	267,000	292,000		305,000	305,000	41,000								0	0	0	13,000	13,000	13,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	
	Month	January	February	March	April	May	June		July	August	September	•							October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	
	Year	1957																				1958												

i1-B-107	Comments																								Corrected tank waste volume. Previous readings of tank	waste level were incorrect.		Latest electrode reading of waste level in tank 241-B-107.				Transferred 264,000 gallons of PUREX coating removal waste from tank 241-C-102 into tank 241-B-107.
ANKS 2	Page	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4	4	4	4	4	4
<b>VOLUME OF WASTE IN TANKS 241-B-107</b>	Reference	HW-59204	HW-59586	HW-60065	HW-60419	HW-60738	HW-61095	HW-61582	HW-61952	HW-62421	HW-62723	HW-63083	HW-63559	HW-63896	HW-64373	HW-64810	HW-65272	HW-65643	HW-66187	HW-66557	HW-66827	HW-67696	HW-67705	HW-68291	HW-68292		HW-71610	HW-72625	HW-74647	HW-76223	HW-78279	HW-80379
	Sludge (Gallons)	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	261,000	225,000		261.000	261,000	261,000	261,000	271,000	271,000
Table A-1.	Supernatant (Gallons)	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	12,000		8.000	10,000	10,000	10,000	0	264,000
	Month	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December		Jamiary through June	July through December	January through June	July through December	January through June	July through December
	Year	1959												1960													1961		1962		1963	

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Comments			Latest electrode reading of waste level in tank 241-B-107.	N I sake it and it a	Ivew electrone reading.																	Transferred 327,000 gallons of waste from tank 241-B-107 to tank 241-B-103, which was then transferred to tank 241-BY-103 for feed to In Tank Solidification (ITS) unit	number 1.						
Page	0	4	4		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	\$	\$	5	3	S	S	5	8	vs .		2	۸	S	S	5	
natant   Sludge   Reference   Page		HW-83308	RL-SEP-260	nr den 750	KL-SEF-059	KL-SEF-821	RL-SEP-923	ISO-226	ISO-404	ISO-538	ISO-674	ISO-806	13O-967	ARH-95	ARH-326	ARH-534	ARH-721	ARH-871	ARH-1061	ARH-1200 A	ARH-1200 B	ARH-1200 C		ARH-1200 D	ARH-1666 A	ARH-1666 B	ARH-1666 C	ARH-1666 D	
Sludge	(Gallons)	271,000	271,000	000 000	202,000	202,000	202,000	202,000	202,000	202,000	202,000	202,000	202,000	202,000	202,000	202,000	202,000	202,000	202,000	202,000	202,000	200,000		200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	
Supernatant	(Gallons)	264,000	270,000	247,000	347,000	347,000	344,000	341,000	341,000	339,000	339,000	336,000	333,000	333,000	333,000	 329,000	328,000	328,000	326,000	326,000	325,000	0		0	0	C	0	0	
Month		January through June	July through December	# P P	January through June	July through September	October through December	January through March	April through June	July through September	October through December	January through March	April through June	July through September	October through December	January through March	April through June	July through September	October through December	January through March	April through June	July through September		October through December	January through March	Anril through line	July through September	October through December	
Year		1964		1,25	1965			1966				1967				1968				1969					1970				

241-B-107	Comments						Saltwell pump installed in May 1972 (60410-78-092). Added 2,000 gallons of flush water to tank 241-B-107. Transferred 18,000 gallons of waste from tank 241-B-107 to tank 241-B-102.			Transferred 2,000 gallons of waste from tank 241-B-107 to tank 241-B-102.	Transferred 1,000 gallons of waste from tank 241-B-107 to tank 241-B-102.		Identified tank 241-B-107 as questionable integrity.		Transferred 4,000 gallons of waste from tank 241-B-107 to tank 241-B-102.	Transferred 6,000 gallons of waste from tank 241-B-107 to tank 241-B-102.	Added 4,000 gallons of water to tank 241-B-107. Transferred 7,000 gallons of waste from tank 241-B-107 to tank 241-B-102.	
IANKS	Page	5	5	\$	\$	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTE IN TANKS 241-B-107	Reference	ARH-2074 A	ARH-2074 B	ARH-2074 C	ARH-2074 D	ARH-2456 A	ARH-2456 B	ARH-2456 C	ARH-2456 D	ARH-2794 A	ARH-2974 B	ARH-2974 C	ARH-2974 D	ARH-CD-133 A	ARH-CD-133 B	ARH-CD-133 C	ARH-CD-133 D	
I. VOLUME	Sludge (Gallons)	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	193,000	193,000	193,000	193,000	193,000	193,000	193,000	193,000	193,000	193,000	194,000	
I able A	Supernatant (Gallons)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Month	January through March	April through June	July through September	October through December	January through March	April through June	July through September	October through December	January through March	April through June	July through September	October through December	January through March	April through June	July through September	October through December	
	Year	1971				1972				1973				1974				

41-B-107	Comments	Transferred 1,000 gallons of waste from tank 241-B-107 to tank 241-B-102.	Tank 241-B-107 removed from service. Transferred 3,000 gallons of waste from tank 241-B-107 to tank 241-B-102.	Transferred 3,000 gallons of waste from tank 241-B-107 to tank 241-B-102.	Transferred 3,000 gallons of waste from tank 241-B-107 to tank 241-B-102.			Transferred 1,000 gallons of waste from tank 241-B-107 to tank 241-B-102.	Solids level measurement last obtained on June 30, 1972.									A total of Al Sill an Ilane of waste were caltured minmed	A total of 41,300 ganons of waste were satiwen pumped from tank 241-B-107 to tank 241-B-102 from May 1972 through January 1978.	
FANKS 2	Page	4	4	4	4		4	4	7 & 28	<b>&amp;</b>	<b>∞</b>	10	10	10	10	10	91			
Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTE IN TANKS 241-B-107	Reference	ARH-CD-336 A	ARH-CD-336 B	ARH-CD-336 C	ARH-CD-336 D	000 00 110	ARH-CD-702 A	ARH-CD-702 B	ARH-CD-702 I	ARH-CD-822- OCT	ARH-CD-822- NOV	ARH-CD-822- DEC	ARH-CD-822- JAN	ARH-CD-822- FEB	ARH-CD-822- MAR	ARH-CD-822- APR	ARH-CD-822- MAY	200 000	60410-78-092	
I. VOLUME	Sludge (Gallons)	194,000	194,000	194,000	194,000		194,000	194,000	194,000	194,000	194,000	194,000	194,000	194,000	194,000	194,000	194,000	104,000	194,000	
Table A-	Supernatant (Gallons)	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	•	<b>&gt;</b>	
	Month	January through March	April through June	July through September	October through December		January through March	April through June	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May		April	
	Year	1975					1976		-				1977						1978	

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# **ENGINEERING DATA TRANSMITTAL**

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### **DISTRIBUTION SHEET** To From Page 1 of 1 Distribution M. E. Johnson Date 04/29/03 Project Title/Work Order EDT No. 624106 Origin of Wastes in Single-Shell Tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 ECN No. Text Attach./ EDT/ECN With All Appendix Name Text Only MSIN Only Attach. Only K. D. Boomer L4-07 x D. W. Cras L4-07 x B. A. Higley R3-73 x M. B. Johnson L4-07 x J. G. Kristofzski H6-03 x S. M. Mackay L4-07 x D. E. Place R3-73 x R. E. Raymond H6-22 x A. Tedeschi H6-22 x T. M. Horner S5-13 x N. W. Kirch R3-73 x

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# Origin of Wastes in Single-Shell Tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111

Michael E. Johnson

CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc.

Richland, WA 99352

U.S. Department of Energy Contract DE-AC27-99RL14047

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Abstract: A review of waste transfer documents was conducted to identify the origin of wastes present in tanks B-110 and B-111. These tanks initially received second decontamination cycle (2C) waste from the 221-B Bismuth Phosphate Plant, which separated into 2C sludge and supernatant. The supernatant was discharged to cribs. 242-B Evaporator bottoms were briefly stored in these tanks. Later, these tanks received waste from fission product separations conducted at the 221-B Plant.

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# ORIGIN OF WASTES IN SINGLE-SHELL TANKS 241-B-110 AND 241-B-111

M. E. Johnson CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc.

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

A review of waste transfer documentation was conducted to determine the origin of waste transferred into single-shell tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111. This review was conducted to support decisions concerning disposition of the waste present in tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111.

These two tanks were operated for a number of years in a cascade along with tank 241-B-112. Waste was transferred into tank 241-B-110 and when this tank was filled, waste overflowed through an underground pipeline into tank 241-B-111. Similarly, when tank 241-B-111 was filled, waste overflowed through an underground pipeline into tank 241-B-112. In 1947, piping modifications were conducted which allowed waste to be transferred directly into any one of these three tanks. The wastes transferred into tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 are summarized in Table ES-1. Tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 generally received waste from operations conducted in the 221-B Plant.

Tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 received second decontamination cycle (2C) waste from spent nuclear fuel reprocessing (Bismuth Phosphate process) conducted in the 221-B Plant from May 1945 through June 1952. Low-activity cell drainage (5-6) waste was also transferred from B-Plant into these three tanks from June 1951 through June 1952. After cessation of the Bismuth Phosphate process in June 1952, tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 received wastes from cleanout of B-Plant from July 1952 through September 1954. The 2C, 5-6, and equipment cleaning wastes were purposely precipitated in tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 to separate transuranic elements (primarily plutonium and americium), with supernatant cascading into tank 241-B-112. The soluble fractions of these wastes were transferred from tank 241-B-112 to an underground crib.

Following the shutdown of B-Plant, tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 received evaporator bottoms from the 242-B Evaporator in April 1954. The evaporator bottoms waste was subsequently transferred to other single-shell tanks as part of plans to reactivate B-Plant. Reactivation of B-Plant for spent nuclear fuel reprocessing was conducted from October 1955 through March 1957. Equipment and process cells were flushed as part of these reactivation activities. These flush solutions were routed to tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112, with the supernatant discharged from tank 241-B-112 to an underground crib. Plans to reactivate B-Plant for spent fuel reprocessing were cancelled in March 1957 and the plant was idled.

B-Plant was then reactivated for separating fission products (e.g., strontium-90, rare earth elements, and cesium-137) from plutonium-uranium extraction (PUREX) high-level waste and stored tank wastes. From September 1961 through June 1970, tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 received wastes from construction activities conducted at B-Plant, strontium and rare earth (Sr/RE) elements separations, cell 23 evaporator bottoms, and cesium ion exchange processing. Tank 241-B-112 also received from January 1973 through June 1974 evaporator bottoms from the in-tank solidification unit that was operated in tank 241-BY-112.

The Sr/RE waste, cell 23 evaporator bottoms, and cesium ion exchange process wastes were all transferred from tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 to other single-shell tanks from 1965 through March 1972. Following these transfers, tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 contained principally sludges formed from precipitation of the 2C waste and the Sr/RE waste, along with precipitated salts from the B-Plant cesium ion exchange waste. Tank 241-B-112 did not receive a measurable quantity of 2C sludge based on the cascade operating mode and sludge level measurements, but instead contains precipitated salts from B-Plant cesium ion exchange waste and evaporator bottoms from the in-tank solidification unit that was operated in tank 241-BY-112.

Table ES-1. Waste Types Added to Tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112.

Waste Type	Fank 241-B-110	241-B-111	241-B-112
	5/1945 - 8/1946	5/1945 - 8/1946	5/1945 - 8/1946
2C (2)	5/1948 - 1/1949	5/1948 - 1/1949	5/1948 - 1/1949
	5/1950 - 5/1951	5/1950 - 5/1951	5/1950 - 5/1951
2C + 5-6	6/1951 - 7/1952	6/1951 - 7/1952	6/1951 - 7/1952
B-Plant Equipment Cleaning Waste	7/1952 - 9/1954	7/1952 - 9/1954	7/1952 - 9/1954
EB from 242-B Evaporator	4/1954	4/1954	In advertent addition of some EB to this tank
B-Plant Reactivation for 4X Program (cancelled in 3/1957)	10/1955 - 4/1957	10/1955 - 4/1957	Not added to tank
B-Plant Construction for Sr/RE Process	9/1961 - 12/1962	9/1961 - 12/1962	9/1961 - 12/1962
B-Plant Sr/RE Processing	8/1963 - 6/1966	8/1963 - 6/1966	8/1963 - 6/1966
B-Plant equipment flushing	7/1966 - 1Q/1968	7/1966 - 10/1967	7/1966 – 10/1967
EB from B-Plant Cell 23 evaporator	1Q/1968	10/1967	Not added to tank
B-Plant IX	3Q/1969	3Q/1969 - 2Q/1970	3Q/1969 - 2Q/1970
EB from ITS	Not added to tank	Not added to tank	1/1973 - 6/1974

#### Notes:

(1) Waste Type Definitions:

2C: Second decontamination cycle waste from B-Plant Bismuth Phosphate process

5-6: B-Plant low activity cell drainage

EB: Evaporator bottoms

ITS: In-Tank Solidification unit installed in tank 241-BY-112

IX: waste from B-Plant cesium ion exchange process

Q: calendar year quarter

Sr/RE: Strontium / Rare Earths

<sup>(2) 2</sup>C waste routed to tanks 241-B-104, 241-B-105, and 241-B-106 during period when tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 were filled.

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#### LIST OF TERMS

first cycle of the bismuth phosphate plutonium decontamination process second cycle of the bismuth phosphate plutonium decontamination process

5-6 low activity cell drainage waste

CAW Current Acid Waste cc cubic centimeters CW Coating waste

DOE U.S. Department of Energy

EB evaporator bottoms

lbs pounds

ITS In-Tank Solidification

IX Ion Exchange mL milliliters MW Metal waste

PAS PUREX Acidified Sludge PTA phosphotungstic acid

PUREX Plutonium Uranium Extraction Plant

REDOX Reduction-Oxidation Plant
Sr/RE strontium and rare earth
TBP Tri-butyl Phosphate
wt% weight percent

ηCi/g nanocuries per gram

μCi/cc microcuries per cubic centimeters

μCi/g microcuries per gram

μg/cc micrograms per cubic centimeters

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#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The origin of the wastes in tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 is important in determining the disposition of these wastes and the waste storage tanks. Section 2.0 discusses the origin of waste transferred into and removed from single-shell tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112. Section 3.0 provides a description of the different types of wastes that were generated at the Hanford Site chemical processing plants and transferred to the underground storage tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112. Section 4.0 provides a discussion on the radionuclide analyses of the wastes in tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112. Section 5.0 summarizes the waste types that were transferred into tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112.

# 2.0 WASTE TRANSFER INTO AND WASTE REMOVAL FROM TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112

This section provides a brief description of 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 and summarizes waste transfers into and waste removal from these tanks. In order to determine the origins of the wastes presently stored in tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112, publicly available reports for the Hanford Site were reviewed. With the exception of the waste status summary reports, all reports cited in this section are available electronically from the Hanford Declassified Document Retrieval System at <a href="http://www2.hanford.gov/declass/">http://www2.hanford.gov/declass/</a> or the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Information Bridge at <a href="http://www.osti.gov/bridge/">http://www.osti.gov/bridge/</a>. The waste status summary reports are available only as photocopies from Hanford Site Central Files organization.

# 2.1 DESCRIPTION OF TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112

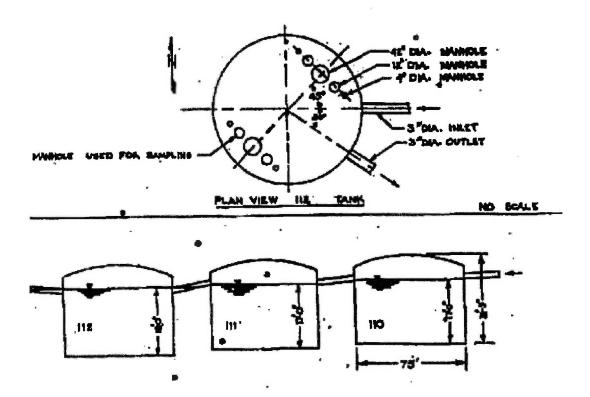
Single-shell tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 were originally constructed in 1944 as part of the Manhattan Project (HW-10475-C, chapter IX) and are three of the twelve, 100-series tanks in 241-B Tank Farm. The 100-series tanks are seventy-five-foot diameter underground tanks made of reinforced concrete with a steel liner on the bottom and sides. The steel liner extends to a height of nineteen feet. Each 100-series tank has a design capacity of 530,000 gallons at a liquid depth of sixteen-feet and eight-inches. The 241-B Tank Farm also includes four 200-series tanks that are of similar construction as the 100-series tanks, but are only twenty-foot diameter and each have a capacity of 55,000-gallons.

Tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111, along with tank 241-B-112, were connected together via underground piping to allow waste to cascade from the lead tank into the subsequent two tanks, as depicted in Figure 1. As discussed in subsequent sections, waste was discharged from these tanks through an underground pipeline to a crib for a number of years. In addition to the overflow piping, each tank is equipped with four, 3-inch diameter stainless steel inlet pipes. Originally, only the inlet pipes from tank 241-B-110 were connected to diversion box 241-B-153, with the inlet pipes for the other tanks blanked off close to each tank (HW-10475-C,

page 907 –908). However, in 1947, piping modifications were conducted to allow the direct transfer of waste from diversion box 241-B-153 to any of these three tanks (H-2-579 and HAN-45764, page 39).

The overflow pipe for tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 is at an elevation that results in seventeen-feet of waste (~540,530 gallons) being retained in each tank. The overflow pipeline from tank 241-B-112 is at an elevation that results in eighteen-feet of waste (~573,530 gallons) being retained in this tank (HW-27035).

Figure 1. Tanks 241-B-110, 241B-111 and 241-B-112 Waste Tank Cascade System



# 2.2 WASTE TRANSFERS FOR TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112

Tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 were operated as a cascade from May 1945 through June 1956. Piping modifications made in 1947 also allowed waste to be transferred directly into any of these three tanks. The design of the tank cascade system as shown in Figure 1 resulted in tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 being constantly filled with waste that then cascaded into tank 241-B-112. From February 1948 through July 1953 (HW-33591, page 9), supernatant was periodically transferred from tank 241-B-112 to an underground crib, number 241-B-3. Crib number 241-B-3 was later re-numbered to crib 216-B-8 (HW-55176, Part VI, page 4). From December 1954 through October 1955, supernatant was periodically transferred from tank 241-B-112 to underground cribs number 241-B-1 and 241-B-2 (HW-44784, page 27). Crib numbers 241-B-1 and 241-B-2 were later renumbered to cribs 216-B-7a and 216-B-7b (HW-55176, Part VI, page 4). After October 1955, tank 241-B-112 no longer discharged supernatant to an underground crib.

The volume and radioactive content (plutonium, gross beta, and uranium) of waste discharged from these tanks to underground cribs is summarized in references HW-17088, HW-20583, HW-25301, HW-28121, HW-33591, HW-38562, and HW-44784. Appendix A provides a tabular listing of the volume of solids and total waste present in tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 from January 1945 through September 1976. All three tanks were removed from service in the 1970's and are assumed to have leaked waste to the surrounding soil.

The following sections describe in chronological order the waste types that were transferred into tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 along with the disposition of these wastes.

# 2.2.1 Second Decontamination Cycle (2C) Waste

The 241-B Tank Farm was originally constructed to receive waste from the 221-B Bismuth Phosphate plant (see Section 3.0). Tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 were operated as a cascade, with second decontamination cycle (designated as 2C) waste from the 221-B building being received into tank 241-B-110. Irradiated fuel was first processed in 221-B Plant beginning on April 13, 1945 (HW-7-1649-DEL, page 21) and 2C waste was reported as beginning to fill tank 241-B-110 in May 1945 (HW-7-1793-DEL, page 22).

Tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 continued to receive 2C waste through August 15, 1946, at which time these tanks were reported as being filled and 2C waste was diverted to tanks 241-B-104, 241-B-105, and 241-B-106 (HAN-45800-DEL, page 73 and HW-7-4739-DEL, page 21). While tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 remained filled with 2C waste, tanks 241-B-104, 241-B-105, and 241-B-106 continued to receive 2C waste from irradiated fuel reprocessing activities conducted at the 221-B Plant.

Plans were initiated in October 1946 to dispose of the 2C supernatant contained in these tanks to an underground crib (HW-7-5362-DEL, page 27). A new underground crib (designated as 241-B-3) was constructed in 1947. Tank 241-B-110 would be used to settle solids that formed in the 2C waste, with the supernatant cascading by gravity flow into tank 241-B-111 and then into tank 241-B-112. The clarified 2C supernatant would be jetted from tank 241-B-112 to the underground crib. Crib disposal of the clarified 2C supernatant was authorized on an experimental basis (HW-10321). Approximately 39,000-gallons of 2C waste contained in tank 241-B-112 was jetted to this underground crib in February 1948 (HW-9191-DEL, page 28), but had to be stopped when liquid entered the test shaft adjacent to the crib via connecting lateral pipes. This situation was corrected by sealing the lateral pipes that penetrated into the crib (HAN-45807-DEL, page 29).

Following extensive sampling of the soil beneath the crib (HW-9595-DEL, page 30), crib disposal of additional 2C supernatant from tank 241-B-112 was resumed in March 1948. By the end of April 1948, a total of 314,000-gallons of supernatant were discharged from tank 241-B-112 to crib 241-B-3 (HW-9922-DEL, page 31). All of the 2C supernatant was emptied from tank 241-B-112 on May 13, 1948 (HW-10166-DEL, page 31). Further disposal of 2C supernatant to the crib was halted while extensive soil samples were collected and analyzed to determine the movement of radioactivity in the soil.

The 221-B Plant continued to discharge 2C waste to tanks 241-B-104, 241-B-105, and 241-B-106 from August 1946 through May 14, 1948, at which time this cascade of three single-shell tanks was reported as being filled (HW-10166-DEL, page 31). Beginning on May 14, 1948, the 2C waste from the 221-B Plant was again collected in the cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112, while efforts were conducted to remove the 2C supernatant from the cascade of tanks 241-B-104, 241-B-105, and 241-B-106.

Approximately 314,000-gallons of the 2C waste present in tank 241-B-104 were jetted to crib 241-B-3 from July through August 2, 1948 (HW-10714-DEL, page 32 and HW-10993-DEL, page 35). Disposal of the 2C waste from tank 241-B-104 had to be halted when personnel determined that 2C sludge was also being jetted along with the supernatant to the crib, causing restricted flow from the crib. In September 1948, jetting of the 2C supernatant present in tank 241-B-105 to crib 241-B-3 was initiated (HW-11226-DEL, page 32). However, the flow of supernatant from the crib was observed to be restricted. Personnel discharged several batches of 10-wt% nitric acid solution to crib 241-B-3 in an attempt to dissolve the solids that were thought to be causing the restricted flow of supernatant from the crib to the soil. However, these acid flushes did not improve the discharge rate of liquid from the crib to the soil. Crib disposal of the 2C supernatant from tank 241-B-105 was completed on December 8, 1948, with a total of 522,800-gallons of waste discharged from this tank into the crib (HW-12086-DEL, page 37). Disposal of the 2C supernatant present in tank 241-B-106 to crib 241-B-3 was initiated on December 14, 1948 (HW-12086-DEL, page 37) and completed during February 1949, with 531,250-gallons of waste discharged to the crib (HW-12666-DEL, page 34).

The cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 was again reported as being filled with 2C waste in January 1949 (HW-12391-DEL, page 39). With these tanks filled, 2C waste was again routed from the 221-B Plant into the cascade of tanks 241-B-104, 241-B-105, and

241-B-106. These tanks received 2C waste from February 1949 through April 1950 (HW-17660-DEL, page 46). Disposal of 2C supernatant from tanks 241-B-104, 241-B-105, and 241-B-106 to crib 241-B-3 was conducted from April 1950 (HW-17660-DEL, page 46) through June 1950 (HW-18221-DEL, page 43).

Disposal of 2C supernatant from tank 241-B-112 to crib 241-B-3 was initiated in December 1949 (HW-15550-DEL, page 42) and completed in February 1950, with a total of 497,000-gallons of supernatant disposed (HW-17056-DEL, page 44). Disposal of 2C supernatant from tank 241-B-110 to crib 241-B-3 was initiated in April 1950 (HW-17660-DEL, page 46) and completed in May 1950 (HW-17971-DEL, page 44).

The cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 was again reported as receiving 2C waste from the 221-B Plant in May 1950 (HW-17971-DEL, page 44). Disposal of 2C supernatant from tank 241-B-112 to crib 241-B-3 was resumed in October 1950 (HW-19325-DEL, page 49). The 2C waste formed solids, which tended to settle primarily in tank 241-B-110. Some 2C solids also formed in tank 241-B-111. The 2C supernatant overflowed by gravity from tank 241-B-110 into tank 241-B-111 and then into tank 241-B-112. The clarified 2C supernatant was periodically jetted from tank 241-B-112 to the crib through April 1951 (HW-20991-DEL, page 51). Modification to the discharge from tank 241-B-112 was conducted in May and June 1951 to allow the clarified 2C supernatant to overflow from tank 241-B-112 into the crib (H-2-1984 and HW-21506-DEL, page 56). As discussed in the next section, the cascade began to receive a combined waste stream.

## 2.2.2 2C Waste Combined with Cell Drainage (5-6) Waste

Beginning in June 1951, the neutralized, cell drainage waste from the 221-B Plant (designated as 5-6 waste) was combined with the 2C waste in the cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 (H-2-1991 and HW-21506-DEL, page 56). Tank 5-6 in the 221-B Plant was used to collect low-activity drainage from the process cells. The radionuclide content of cell drainage waste depended on the frequency of leaks that developed in the 221-B Plant process equipment. High-activity cell drainage waste was collected in tank 5-9 and either reworked or transferred to single-shell tank 241-B-107 (see Section 3.1.1).

The low-activity cell drainage was transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 so "... that the major portion of the suspended plutonium carrying solids will settle out while the waste solution combines and cascades concurrently with the second decontamination cycle waste prior to underground cribbing by constant overflow" (HW-21506-DEL, page 56). The combined 2C waste and cell drainage waste from tank 5-6 were transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112. All three tanks were essentially filled with waste to the overflow pipeline. Solids settled by gravity in each tank of the cascade. Supernatant overflowed from tank 241-B-110 to tank 241-B-111, which then overflowed to tank 241-B-112. Supernatant overflowed from tank 241-B-112 to the crib. The combined disposal of low-activity cell drainage waste and 2C waste to the cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 continued until July 1952 (HW-25227-DEL, pages Ed-5 and Ed-6), after which the 221-B Plant stopped processing irradiated fuel.

#### 2.2.3 221-B Equipment Cleaning Waste

Beginning in July 1952, cleanout of B-Plant and the 224-B Concentration building was initiated, with the irradiated nuclear fuel dissolver heels removed from equipment in the 221-B building (HW-25227-DEL, pages Ed-1 and Ed-6). The process equipment in B-Plant was flushed with nitric acid solution from July 1952 through September 1952 to remove plutonium. The recovered plutonium solutions were processed through the normal bismuth phosphate flowsheet (HW-25227-DEL page Ed-1 and Ed-6, HW-25533-DEL, pages Ed-1 and Ed-6, HW-25781-DEL, page Ed-1, and HW-26047-DEL, pages Ed-1 and Ed-5). Plutonium solutions derived from equipment cleanout activities in the 221-B building were processed in the 224-B Concentration building to recover the plutonium, with the 2C waste transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 (HW-27838 and HW-27839).

Additional cleaning of the internal surfaces of piping and equipment in 221-B and 224-B buildings was conducted using various chemical solutions and water, as described in HW-27774. This cleaning occurred from October 1952 through March 1953.

Flushes of metal waste, first decontamination cycle, and second decontamination cycle equipment were transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112, as documented in waste status summary reports for the 200 Area tanks farms for this period (HW-27840, HW-27841, HW-27842, and HW-27775).

Flushing of the B-Plant building cells and wetting of process equipment with water was conducted in April 1953 through June 1, 1953 (HW-27932-DEL, page Ed-5; HW-28267-DEL, page Ed-5; and HW-28576-DEL, page Ed-5). These flush solutions were transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112, as documented in waste status summary reports for the 200 Area tanks farms for this period (HW-28043, HW-28377, and HW-28712). Flushing of the 221-B Plant cells and wetting of equipment was halted in July 1953 (HW-33591, page 9). These tanks again received flush solutions from the 221-B Plant in March 1954 (HW-31374, page 4) through September 1954 (HW-33396, page 4).

# 2.2.4 242-B Evaporator Bottoms Receipt into Tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111

In December 1953, approximately 105,000-gallons of supernatant were transferred from tank 241-B-110 to tank 241-C-111 (HW-30498, page 4). In February 1954 (HW-31126, page 4) and again in April 1954 (HW-31811, page 4 and HW-36979B, page 70), the supernatant present in tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 was transferred to tank 241-B-112 and disposed to the crib. These transfers were made to prepare tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 for receipt of concentrated waste from the 242-B Evaporator.

The 242-B Evaporator processed first decontamination cycle (1C) supernatant that was neutralized with coating removal waste to reduce the volume of waste stored in the single-shell tanks. Evaporator bottoms from the 242-B Evaporator were transferred into tank 241-B-105 and then transferred to tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 in April 1954 (HW-31811, page 4). Tank 241-B-10 received an estimated 155,000-gallons of evaporator bottoms which was mixed with

221-B Plant flush solution and stored atop of the approximately 243,000-gallons of 2C sludge in this tank. Tank 241-B-111 received an estimated 335,000-gallons of evaporator bottoms which was mixed with 221-B Plant flush solution and stored atop of the approximately 161,000-gallons of 2C sludge in this tank.

In March 1955, approximately 182,000-gallons of supernatant (mixture of evaporator bottoms and 221-B Plant flush solution) were transferred from tank 241-B-110 into tanks 241-B-107 and 241-B-108 (HW-36001, page 4). An estimated 348,000-gallons of sludge remained in tank 241-B-110, with no supernatant. This sludge volume measurement implies that 105,000-gallons of evaporator bottoms precipitated atop of the 243,000-gallons of 2C waste present in tank 241-B-110.

In July 1955, approximately 281,000-gallons of supernatant (mixture of evaporator bottoms and 221-B Plant flush solution) were transferred from tank 241-B-111 into tank 241-B-108 (HW-38401, page 4). An estimated 249,000-gallons of sludge remained in tank 241-B-111, with no supernatant. This sludge volume measurement implies that 88,000-gallons of evaporator bottoms precipitated atop of the 161,000-gallons of 2C waste present in tank 241-B-111.

# 2.2.5 Waste from Preparations to Re-Activate 221-B Plant

In 1955, a program (4X Program) was initiated to operate all four of the chemical separation facilities (i.e. 221-B, 221-T, 202-S Reduction-Oxidation [REDOX], and 202-A Plutonium-Uranium Extraction [PUREX] Plants) for reprocessing irradiated nuclear fuel (HW-35825). The 221-B Plant was to be re-activated as part of this program and maintained in standby status in case the other chemical separation facilities failed to meet production goals.

Flushing of process cells and equipment within the 221-B Plant was again conducted from October 1955 (HW-39850, page 4) through April 1957 (HW-50127, page 4), with the waste solutions routed to tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111. Tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 received a total of approximately 187,000-gallons and 105,000-gallons of flush solutions, respectively. The 4X Program was cancelled in March 1957 and the 221-B Plant was placed in lay-away status (DDTS-Generated-491, "Lay-Away of the Bismuth Phosphate – TBP Plants and the Metal Waste Removal Facilities").

These flush solutions apparently dissolved the evaporator bottoms precipitates that were present in tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111. In January 1957, the measured volumes of solids present in tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 were 243,000-gallons and 161,000-gallons, respectively (HW-48144, page 4). Before receipt of the 221-B Plant flush solutions, the volume of solids present in tank 241-B-110 was 348,000-gallons, of which 243,000-gallons was previously reported as being 2C sludge (see Section 2.2.4). Before receipt of the 221-B Plant flush solutions, the volume of solids present in tank 241-B-111 was 249,000-gallons, of which 161,000-gallons was previously reported as being 2C sludge (see Section 2.2.4). Therefore, it is surmised that only 2C sludge comprised the solids present in tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 in January 1957.

#### 2.2.6 Cesium and Strontium Scavenging of Supernatant

In October 1956, the waste in tank 241-B-112 was noted as being contaminated with evaporator bottoms (HW-46382, page 4). Evaporator bottoms were likely inadvertently transferred into tank 241-B-112 through the overflow line from tank 241-B-111 during the period of time that tank 241-B-111 was used to store evaporator bottoms (see section 2.2.4).

In October 1957, the approximately 495,000-gallons of the supernatant present in tank 241-B-112 was transferred to tank 241-C-101 (HW-53573, page 4) for precipitation of strontium-90 and cesium-137 as part of the in-tank scavenging program for these radionuclides (HW-38955-REV). The remaining waste present in tank 241-B-112 was approximately 43,000-gallons of sludge.

The 241-B-112 supernatant was transferred from tank 241-C-101 to the 241-CR Vault. In the 241-CR Vault, the supernatant was adjusted to pH  $9.3 \pm 0.7$  by addition of nitric acid solution and then reacted with sodium ferrocyanide and nickel sulfate to precipitate strontium and cesium. The precipitate slurry was transferred to either tank 241-C-109 or 241-C-112 for settling of the nickel ferrocyanide precipitate, which contained the strontium-90 and cesium-137 radionuclides. After settling of the precipitate, the supernatant was pumped from tanks 241-C-109 and 241-C-112 to the 216-BC trenches for disposal (HW-48518, page 19).

As discussed in Section 2.2.4, the evaporator bottoms that were stored in tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 were transferred to tanks 241-B-107 and 241-B-108 and stored with the 1C sludge (see Section 3.1) present in these tanks. The in-tank scavenging program also processed the supernatant stored in tanks 241-B-107 and 241-B-108 in September 1957 (HW-52932, page 4 and HW-83906-C-RD, page 80) in a manner similar to that described above for the tank 241-B-112 supernatant.

#### 2.2.7 221-B Plant Strontium and Rare Earth Processing Waste

From May 1957 through June 1961, tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 did not receive any waste solutions. The 221-B Plant was in lay-away status, and no waste solutions were transferred to the single-shell tanks.

On September 18, 1961 (HW-71187-DEL, page F-2), renovation of cells 5 through 12 within the 221-B Plant canyon was initiated to use these cells for separating strontium and rare earths from a mixed fission product solution (HW-69011). Construction activities were completed, and the facility was accepted by operations on January 31, 1963 (HW-76848-DEL, page B-2). These construction activities resulted in the transfer of 81,000-gallons of equipment and facility flush solutions to the cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 from September 1961 (HW-72625, page 5) through December 1962 (HW-76223, page 4). Between January 1963 and June 1963, the supernatant present in tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 was pumped into tank 241-B-112 in preparation for receipt of waste from B-Plant.

In August 1963, B-Plant began processing a strontium-90 and rare earths fission product (i.e. cerium-144 and promethium-147) solution that had been separated from a high-level waste solution within the PUREX facility (see Section 3.2.2). The strontium and rare earths solution was separated into two solutions, one solution containing strontium-90 and the other solution containing the rare earth fission products. The waste generated from the processing of the strontium and rare earths solutions in B-Plant was transferred into tank 241-B-110 and then pumped to either tank 241-B-111 or 241-B-112 (HW-80379, page 4). The strontium and rare earths waste transferred into these tanks contained precipitated metals (e.g., lead) and radionuclides (e.g., strontium-90) as well as soluble salts.

Waste transfers were periodically made in 1965 from tank 241-B-112 to single-shell tank 241-AX-101 in order to provide space in tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 to receive B-Plant waste solutions (RL-SEP-659, page 4, RL-SEP-821, page 4, and RL-SEP-923, page 4). Processing of strontium and rare earth solutions within B-Plant continued until June 1966 when processing activities within B-Plant were halted for construction activities (HAN-95105-DEL, page 15). From July 1966 (HAN-95284-DEL, page 13) through October 1967 (HAN-98918-DEL, page AIII-2), equipment within the 221-B Plant was flushed and replaced with new equipment for separating cesium and strontium from high-level wastes. The equipment flush solutions were also routed to tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112.

# 2.2.8 221-B Plant Cell 23 Evaporator Bottoms Waste

Supernatant was transferred from tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 into tank 241-B-112 in the fourth quarter (October 1 through December 31) of calendar year 1967 (ARH-326, page 5). On October 31, 1967, supernatant was transferred from tank 241-B-112 to the Cell 23 evaporator in B-Plant for concentration (HAN-98918-DEL, page AIII-3, ARH-326, page 5, and ISO-651-RD, page 300). The supernatant was concentrated and returned to tank 241-B-111 (HAN-99196-DEL, page AIII-3, HAN-99396-DEL, page AIII-3, ARH-326, page 5, and ISO-651-RD, page 300).

In the first quarter of calendar year 1968, the supernatant in tank 241-B-110 was transferred to tank 241-B-112 for concentration in the Cell 23 evaporator in B-Plant (ARH-534, page 5). The supernatant was concentrated and returned to tank 241-B-110 (HAN-99196-DEL, page AIII-3, HAN-99396-DEL, page AIII-3, and ARH-534, page 5).

The Cell 23 evaporator within B-Plant continued to be operated from January 1968 through February 2, 1968 to concentrate supernatant that was contained in tank 241-BX-102 (HAN-99604-DEL, page AIII-3 and ARH-534, page 6), with the concentrated supernatant returned to tanks 241-BX-101 and 241-BX-104 (ARH-534, page 6). After February 2, 1968, the Cell 23 evaporator concentrated waste from the cesium ion exchange process conducted in B-Plant (see Section 3.2.3).

#### 2.2.9 221-B Plant Cesium Ion Exchange Process Waste

Supernatant was again transferred from tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 to tank 241-B-112, then to tank 241-B-103 in the second and third quarters of calendar years 1969 (ARH-1200 B, page 5 and ARH-1200 C, page 5). These transfers were conducted to prepare tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 to receive waste from cesium ion exchange process conducted at B-Plant (see Section 3.2.3). The quantities of B-Plant cesium ion exchange waste transferred into tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 are summarized in Table 1. The specific batches of cesium ion exchange waste and estimated cesium-137 content are summarized in Appendix A, Table A-2

Tanks 241-B-110 received 199,000-gallons of waste from the B-Plant cesium ion exchange process from July through September 1969 (ARH-1200 C, page 5). Tank 241-B-111 received 214,000-gallons of waste from the B-Plant cesium ion exchange process from July through September 1969 (ARH-1200 C, page 5). Tank 241-BX-104 also received 611,000-gallons of waste from the B-Plant cesium ion exchange process from July through September 1969 (ARH-1200 C, page 6).

B-Plant process records indicate that thirty cesium ion exchange batches were conducted from July 1, 1969 through September 30, 1969 (ARH-N-82, page 146). These thirty ion exchange batches contained approximately 14.8 million curies of cesium-137 (See Appendix A, Table A-2). B-Plant process records indicate that the amount of cesium-137 separated from these thirty ion exchange batches was 15.9 million curies of cesium-137, with 0.27 million curies of cesium-137 (1.8% of the cesium-137 in the feed) sent to the single-shell tanks (ARH-N-82, pages 146 and 147). The discrepancy in the amounts of cesium-137 in the feed to the ion exchange process and the product is thought to be related to the sampling and analyses system accuracy.

Tank 241-B-111 continued to receive waste from the cesium ion exchange process operating within B-Plant from October 1969 through June 1970 (ARH-1200 D, page 5, ARH-1666 A, page 5 and ARH-1666 B, page 5). No other tanks received B-Plant cesium ion exchange waste during this period. The supernatant in tank 241-B-111 was periodically transferred to other single-shell tanks (241-B-103, 241-B-108, 241-B-109, 241-B-112, and 241-BY-112) while tank 241-B-111 was receiving B-Plant cesium ion exchange waste.

B-Plant process records indicate that forty-four cesium ion exchange batches were conducted from October 1, 1969 through June 30, 1970 (ARH-N-82, page 146 through 149). These ion exchange batches contained approximately 22.8 million curies of cesium-137 (See Appendix A, Table A-2). B-Plant process records indicate that the amount of cesium-137 separated from these forty-four ion exchange batches was 23.2 million curies of cesium-137, with 0.60 million curies of cesium-137 (2.6 percent of the cesium-137 in the feed) sent to the single-shell tank 241-B-111 (ARH-N-82, pages 146 through 149). The discrepancy in the amounts of cesium-137 in the feed to the ion exchange process and the product is thought to be related to the sampling and analyses system accuracy.

Table 1. Volume of B-Plant Cesium Ion Exchange Waste Transferred to Tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111.

Year	Month	Reference Document	Page	Tank 241-B-110,	'Lank 241-B-111
1969	July through September	ARH-1200 C	5	199,000-gallons	214,000-gallons
	October through December	ARH 1200 D	5	None	1,119,000-gallons
1970	January through March	ARH 1666 A	5	None	276,000-gallons
	April through June	ARH 1666 B	5	None	265,000-gallons

# 2.2.10 Removal of Pumpable Liquids from Tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111

From July 1970 through June 1971, no waste was added or removed from tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, or 241-B-112 (ARH-1666 C, page 5, ARH-1666 D, page 5, ARH-2074 A, page 5, and ARH-2074 B, page 5).

Between July and September 1971, 223,000-gallons of supernatant was transferred from tank 241-B-110 to tank 241-B-102 (ARH-2074 C, page 5), from tank 241-B-102 to tank 241-TX-101, then to tank 241-TX-118 (ARH-2074 D, page 5), and eventually processing in the 242-T Evaporator (ARH-2074 D, page 8). An estimated 2,000-gallons of supernatant remained in tank 241-B-110 at the end of September 1971.

Tank 241-B-110 received periodic transfers of flush water from July 1972 through March 1973, with the flush water transferred to tank 241-B-102 (ARH-2456 C, page 4, ARH-2456 D, page 4, and ARH-2794 A, page 4). In October 1973, tank 241-B-110 was identified as potentially leaking, but no information on the nature of the leak was provided (ARH-2974 D, page 4). From April 1974 (ARH-CD-133 B, page 4) through April 30, 1978 (60410-78-092), liquid was pumped from tank 241-B-110 into tank 241-B-102 to minimize the potential for additional waste leakage.

Between January and March 1972, 239,000-gallons of supernatant was transferred from tank 241-B-111 to tank 241-B-103 (ARH-2456 A, page 4), from tank 241-B-103 to tank 241-TX-101 (ARH-2456 A, page 5), then to tank 241-TX-118 and eventually processing in the 242-T Evaporator (ARH-2456 A, page 7). Tank 241-B-111 was estimated to contain no supernatant at the end of March 1972.

Between October and December 1971, 490,000-gallons of supernatant was transferred from tank 241-B-112 to tank 241-B-103 (ARH-2074 D, page 5), from tank 241-B-103 to tank 241-TX-101 (ARH-2074 D, page 5), then to tank 241-TX-118 and eventually processing in the 242-T Evaporator (ARH-2074 D, page 8). An estimated 50,000-gallons of supernatant remained in tank 241-B-112 at the end of December 1971. Tank 241-B-112 was subsequently used from January 1973 (ARH-2794 A, page 4) through June 1974 (ARH-CD-133 B, page 4) to receive evaporator bottoms from the in-tank solidification unit (heat exchanger used to evaporate waste) that was installed in tank 241-BY-112.

#### 2.2.11 Comparison with Other Reports

Waste transfers into and waste removals from tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 were summarized in A History of the 200 Area Tank Farms (WHC-MR-0132), Supporting Document for the Historical Tank Content Estimate for B-Tank Farm (WHC-SD-WM-ER-310), and Waste Status and Transaction Record Summary (WSTRS) Rev. 4 (LA-UR-97-311). In general, the information cited in Sections 2.2.1 through 2.2.10 is in agreement with these previous reports.

These previous reports accurately state the volume of waste transferred into and removed from tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111, as well as the volume of solids and total waste stored in each tank. However, there are two discrepancies between the information reported in these previous reports and this report.

These previous reports indicate that only 2C waste was transferred into the cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 from February 1945 through June 1952. As discussed in Section 2.2.2, these tanks received low-activity cell drainage from tank 5-6 in B-Plant combined with 2C waste from June 1951 through July 1952 (see Section 2.2.2). Furthermore, WHC-MR-0132 erroneously reports that tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 received low-activity cell drainage waste (5-6 waste), 1C, and 2C waste from July 1952 through September 1954, which in reality these tanks received flush water and waste from equipment cleaning in B-Plant from July 1952 through September 1954 (see Section 2.2.3).

# 3.0 TYPES OF TANK WASTE GENERATED AT THE HANFORD SITE CHEMICAL PROCESSING PLANTS

There were numerous irradiated nuclear fuel reprocessing, research and development, and waste management activities conducted at the Hanford Site starting in 1944. These irradiated nuclear fuel reprocessing, research and development, and waste management activities conducted in the processing plants are discussed further in the DOE/RL-97-02, National Register of Historic Places Multiple Property Document Form - Historic, Archaeological and Traditional Cultural Properties of the Hanford Site, Washington February 1997.

It has been established in Section 2.0 that second decontamination cycle (2C) wastes and tank 5-6 cell drainage wastes from the 221-B Bismuth Phosphate plant were transferred into tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112. Additionally, these tanks received evaporator bottoms from the evaporator in cell 23 of the 221-B Plant and waste from fission product processing conducted in the 221-B Plant. The following sections provide a discussion of the wastes originating from these operations.

#### 3.1 B AND T BISMUTH PHOSPHATE PROCESS PLANTS

B- and T-Plants were constructed in 1944 through 1945 to separate plutonium from irradiated nuclear fuel using the bismuth phosphate process. Figure 2 shows a summary of the 221-B/T Plant bismuth phosphate process, which is referred to throughout this discussion.

In the bismuth phosphate process, the aluminum cladding of spent nuclear fuel elements was dissolved in boiling sodium nitrate solution, to which sodium hydroxide was slowly added (HW-10475-C, page 403). The cladding removal waste, sometimes referred to as coating waste (CW), was transferred to single-shell underground storage tanks (see item [1] in Figure 2).

The fuel element uranium cores (see item [2] in Figure 2) were then dissolved in nitric acid (HW-10475-C, chapter IV, page 405). Water and sulfuric acid were added to the dissolved uranium metal solution and the mixture was then transferred to the plutonium extraction section. The sulfuric acid formed a uranyl sulfate complex that prevented its precipitation as a phosphate in the subsequent plutonium extraction step (HW-10475-C, page 418).

Plutonium was extracted from the acid solution by addition of bismuth nitrate and phosphoric acid to form a bismuth phosphate carrier precipitate (HW-10475-C, page 503). The plutonium and bismuth phosphate carrier precipitate was centrifuged and washed with water to separate the acidic supernatant from the precipitate (see item [3] in Figure 2). The acidic solution remaining after the plutonium precipitation contained about 99 percent of the uranium, about 90 percent of the fission products. This separation process also removed and reduced the gamma radiation activity level in the plutonium precipitate by a factor of 10. However, zirconium is phosphate insoluble and zirconium-95 (10 percent of the activity) stayed with the plutonium product. The acidic uranium solution was then neutralized and transferred to the underground single-shell tanks as metal waste (MW).

Recent laboratory testing of the bismuth phosphate flowsheet confirms this partitioning of radionuclides (internal letter 7G300-02-NWK-024, "Bismuth Phosphate Process Radionuclide Partition Factors for the Hanford Defined Waste Model"). The laboratory tests indicate the percentage of cesium-137 and strontium-90 partitioned to the metal waste may have been as high as 100 percent and 89 percent, respectively. Additionally, the laboratory tests indicate that approximately 99.7 percent of the uranium partitioned to the metal waste, 0.3 percent of the uranium partitioned to the 1C waste, and 0.008 percent of the uranium partitioned to the 2C waste.

The plutonium-bearing cake was then dissolved in nitric acid and further decontamination of the plutonium to separate fission products was conducted (HW-10475-C, chapter VI). Sodium bismuthate, sodium dichromate, or potassium permanganate was added to oxidize the plutonium to the +6 valence-state. This step caused the bismuth phosphate to precipitate phosphate insoluble fission products ("by-product precipitation"), leaving the plutonium in solution. The precipitate was separated from the plutonium-bearing solution using centrifuges and washed to remove soluble plutonium. The plutonium was reduced to the +4 valence state to form a precipitate that could be separated from the remaining soluble fission products by centrifugation.

The fission products separated from the plutonium product during this first cycle of the decontamination process (designated as 1C) were combined with the coating removal waste and transferred to single-shell tanks. The 1C waste (see item [4] in Figure 2), contained approximately 10 percent of all fission products and approximately 1.4 percent of the plutonium present in the original fuel charged to the plant (HW-23043, pages 20 and 22). After 1951, the Bismuth Phosphate process flowsheet was modified to include cerium and zirconium scavenger precipitation in the 1C by-product step to remove lanthanide and zirconium radionuclides from the plutonium product (HW-23043, page 16).

The plutonium solids were again dissolved in nitric acid. A second decontamination cycle (see item [5] in Figure 2) was conducted to reduced the gamma activity level by a factor of 10,000 from that in the previous dissolved metal solution, giving an overall process decontamination factor of 100,000 below that of the original solution (HW-10475-C, page 627). The second decontamination step essentially repeated the steps previously described for the first cycle decontamination. The second decontamination cycle wastes (designated as 2C) were also transferred to the single-shell tanks. The 2C waste contained less than 0.1 percent of the uranium and fission products and about 0.4 percent of the plutonium present in the original fuel charged to the plant (HW-23043, pages 26 and 28). The plutonium product from the bismuth phosphate process was subsequently concentrated in the 224-T and 224-B buildings using a lanthanum fluoride precipitation process.

Table 2 provides the flowsheet estimated compositions of the neutralized CW, MW, 1C, and 2C waste solutions generated from the 221-B/T bismuth phosphate plants based on the October 1, 1951 flowsheet (HW-23043). Additional analyses of the supernatant fraction of MW, 1C, and 2C that was stored in single-shell tanks are provided in Tables 3 and 4. The CW was combined with the 1C waste in the same tanks in the Bismuth Phosphate process. Note that the coating waste (CW) batch size shown in Table 2 is based on 6,600-lbs uranium, but that the metal waste (MW) dissolution batch size is based on 2,200-lbs uranium.

Figure 2. Bismuth Phosphate Process Diagram

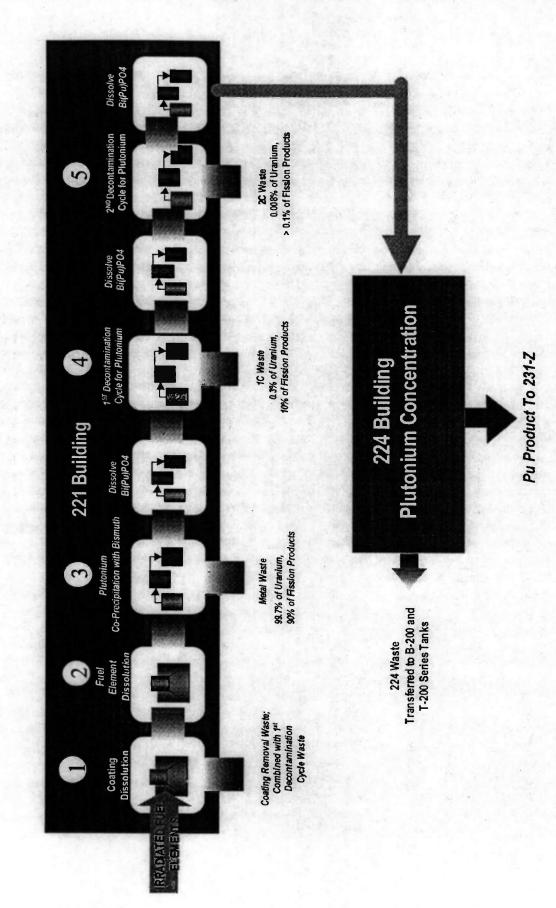


Table 2. Estimated Composition of Bismuth Phosphate Plant Wastes
From October 1. 1951 Flowsheet (1)

Analyte (2)	Coating Removal Waste	Metal Waste	First Decontamination Cycle (1C) Waste	Second Decontamination Gycle (2G) Waste	Building Waste
Plutonium	3.3E-04	2.0E-04	6.0E-07 <sup>(4)</sup>	1.6E-07 (5)	1.68E-04 <sup>(6)</sup>
Uranium	0.15		0.235 (4)	Not reported	2.04E-05
Gamma	6.6E+04	1.3E+07	2.3E+06 (4)	1.13E+04 (5)	1.13E+02 <sup>(6)</sup>
Sodium Aluminate (NaAlO <sub>2</sub> )	95.1		N & -594 8_1		9
Sodium Hydroxide (NaOH)	43.6				
Sodium Nitrate (NaNO <sub>3</sub> )	61.8				
Sodium Nitrite (NaNO <sub>2</sub> )	56.0		Markey Markey		
Sodium Silicate (NaSiO <sub>3</sub> )	4.3				
Uranyl nitrate (UHN) (3)		132	A SHARL AND THE RESERVE		
Fluorine (F)					5.6
Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> )	Delle dell	9.7	93.1	61.3	42.4
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )	La company	24.4	4.73	3.61	0.35
Phosphate (PO <sub>4</sub> )		25.2	26.2	23.0	3.05
Sodium (Na)		83.2	47.3	36.7	36.8
Bismuth (Bi)		T 52-18 612	2.59	1.31	1.18
Cerium (Ce)			0.030		
Lanthanum (La)		124 3751			0.49
Manganese (Mn)				AND THE STATE OF T	0.33
Zirconium (Zr)			0.030		
Iron (Fe)			1.37	1.82	
Chrome (Cr)			0.16	0.06	0.17
Ammonia (NH <sub>4</sub> )			1.98	1.71	0.12
Silicon Hexa-Fluoride (SiF <sub>6</sub> )			4.35	3.67	
Volume per Batch (gallons)	795	2,380	2,040	2,090	2,200

#### Notes:

These sample analyses support that the 2C waste contained less than 0.1 percent of the fission products. Analyses of the combined 2C / 224 building / tank 5-6 waste supernatant stored in tank 241-T-112 conducted on August 6, 1952 and September 24, 1952 indicate that the total beta emitters was comprised of 35 to 50 percent ruthenium, 35 to 50 percent cesium, 4 to 8 percent cerium, yttrium, and other rare earths, and 6 to 11 percent undetermined (HW-27035, page 8).

<sup>(1)</sup> See HW-23043

<sup>(2)</sup> Analyses are reported in grams per liter, except for gamma activity, which is counts per minute per mL.

<sup>(3)</sup> HW-23043, page 31, notes that uranium is not actually present in this form, but is probably as NaUO<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> and Na<sub>4</sub>(11O<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>.

<sup>(4)</sup> Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks 13-4 and 14-3 (HW-23043, pages 20 and 22).

<sup>(5)</sup> Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks 18-4 and 19-3 (HW-23043, pages 26 and 28).

<sup>(6)</sup> Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks A-4, D-4, B-3, and F-8 (HW-23043, pages 39, 44, 48, and 54).

Table 3. Analyses of Bismuth Phosphate Process Supernatants Stored (1,2)

Table 5. Analyses of Dismuth Thosphate Trocess Supernatants Stored							
Waste Type	Tank	pН	Pu ug/liter	Gross Beta millicuries/lifer	Gross Gamma millicuries/liter	Date Sampled	
Metal Waste	T-101	10.1	70	200(5)	70 <sup>(5)</sup>	12-12-1946	
Metal Waste	T-101	10	35	110 <sup>(5)</sup>	25 <sup>(5)</sup>	7-01-1947	
Metal Waste	T-102	9.9	60	120	20	7-01-1947	
Metal Waste	T-103	9.8	60	150	20	7-01-1947	
1C/CW	B-109	9.9	40	0.65	0.28	3-18-1947	
1C/CW	C-112	9.9	12	12	4.4	3-18-1947	
2C	B-111	6.9	7.2E-02	2.0E-03	3.0E-03	7-1-1947	
2C	B-112	6.8	4.32E?? (3)	1.5E-03	3.0E-03	7-1-1947	
Waste Type	Tank	рH	Pu uz/liter	Gross Ben Counts/minute/ce	Gross Gamma Counts//minute/ cc	Date Sampled	
2C	T-110	Not reported (4)	15	4.9E+04	30	7-13-1945	
2C	T-110	9.8 <sup>(4)</sup>	19	6.9E+04	55	7-25-1945	
2C	B-110	9.6 <sup>(4)</sup>	85	7.0E+04	55	7-25-1945	

#### Notes:

(3) The reported Pu sample analyses for tank B-112 seems to be in error and lacking an exponent in HW-10728.

(5) Decrease in gross beta and gross gamma concentrations shown for the tank T-101 waste samples is due to decay of fission products with short half-lives.

<sup>(1)</sup> See HW-10728 and HW-3-3220.

<sup>(2)</sup> Solids formed in each of wastes, settling to the bottom of each tanks. These sample analyses are for the supernatant only and are not representative of the sludges.

<sup>(4)</sup> Prior to October 1945, the 2C waste was neutralized to a pH of approximately 10. The wastes collected in tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, 241-B-112, 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 were neutralized to about pH 7 after October 1945 to precipitate bismuth and plutonium (HW-3-3220, page 13).

Tent	Date Filled	Pu	Gross		ွ	ٿ	Bu	Earths + 1	ర	N.	<b>ż</b> .	. <b>L</b>
4		oo/Bri	nC/cc	) hCI/ce	пСГес	hGi/kc	sylje i	C) D(I)Ge	hCl/ec	55/jOrd	oo/jori	hOlice
		Analy	lyses of	'ses of Metal Waste Supernatant Following Uranium Extraction	te Supern	atant Foll	owing Ura	anium Ext	traction 0	0		
C-106	Not specified				0.44	54.2						
BX-108	Not specified				0.26	132.4						
BX-109	Not				1.08	56.3						
C-112	Not specified				1.20	25.8						
C-109	Not specified				0.46	40.7						
C-111	Not specified				0.10	34.5						
verage Concen	Average Concentrations for Metal Waste	il Waste			0.59	57.3						
	Analyse	Analyses of First D		econtamination (	Cycle (1C)	-	Waste Mixed with	Coating F	Removal V	Coating Removal Waste (CW) (2)	N) (2)	
B-107	8-1945	1.7E-02	0.135	0.055	0.011	0.10						
T-107	9-1945	1.5E-03	0.170	0.093	0.0013	0.20						
B-108	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.183	0.044	0.022	0.12						Selection of
T-108 (Top)	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.25	0.073	0.12	0.17	9900.0	0.047	0.007	0.0018	0	1.2E-05
T-108 (Bottom)	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.25	0.070	0.12	Not	0.0065	0.029	9900'0	0.0024	0	3E-05
T-109	3-1946	2.6E-03	0.14	0.082	0.00038	0.15						15 1 Sept.
B-109	4-1946	1.8E-02	0.16	0.051	0.01	0.11						
T-104 (Top)	7-1946	3E-03	0.51	0.130	0.00013	0.13	0.058	0.004	0.051	0.028	0.010	2.4E-05
T-104	7-1946	3E-03	0.52	0.160	0.00037	Not	0.059	0.003	0.050	0.028	0.015	3.6E-05
(Bottom)						reported						
C-110	8-1946	2E-03	0.14	0.0067	0.00026	0.11						
111.5	11-1946	4.2E-03	0.16	0.069	0.01	0.13						
C-112	4-1947	3.1E-03	0.14	0.064	0.003	0.13						
U-110	4-1947	2.1E-04	0.13	0.069	0.00011	0.17						
U-111	10-1947	3.4E-04	0.12	0.060	0.00023	0.14						
TX-109 (3)	9-1949	2.7E-05	2.8	2.2	0.00087	0.27	0.34	0.0085	0.0035	0.34	1.2	8E-05
		**	-			****						

Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> HW-36717, Decontamination of Uranium Recovery Process Stored Wastes Interim Report, May 16, 1955, W. W. Schulz, General Electric Company, Richland, Washington.
(2) HW-20195, Radiocative Content of Stored Bismuth Phosphate First Cycle Waste Supernaturis, February 5, 1951, General Electric Company, Richland, Washington.
(3) Tank TX-109 exhibits higher gross beta and gross gamma radioactivity since this tank was sampled shortly after filling and the short-lived fission products (e.g., Ru, Nb, and Zr) had not decayed appreciably.

#### 3.1.1 221-B Cell Drainage (5-6) Waste

During the operation of the 221-B Bismuth Phosphate plant, failure of process equipment, cooling jackets on process vessels, and piping occurred periodically, resulting in the discharge of cooling water, chemical solutions, and process solutions (e.g., MW, 1C, 2C wastes and plutonium product solutions) to the process cells. Each of the 40 process cells in the 221-B Plant contained a sump that was equipped with a conductivity probe beginning in August 1946 to detect a liquid leak in the process cell (HW-7-4739-DEL, page 21). The sumps gravity drained to a 24-inch diameter vitrified clay pipe that traversed under each cell and discharged to a deep, open top, stainless steel tank, number 5-7 in section 5 (cell 10) (HW-10475-C, page 914).

Cell drainage collected in tank 5-7 was jetted to tank 5-6 or tank 5-9, which were used for sampling and chemical treatment of the cell drainage solution. Waste in tanks 5-6 and 5-9 could be jetted between these two tanks. High-activity waste collected in 221-B Plant tank 5-9 could be jetted to single-shell tank 241-B-107 (HW-10475-C, page 918). Alternatively, the waste could be transferred to process vessels with the 221-B Plant and processed to recover plutonium. An example of this practice is cited in the January 1948 monthly report for the Hanford Works (HW-8931-DEL, page 28).

From April 1945 through September 4, 1947 (HW-33591, page 3), low-activity cell drainage waste collected in tank 5-6 was transferred to tank 241-B-361, which gravity drained to reverse well number 241-B-361 (also referred to as 216-B-5). Tank 241-B-361 also received waste from the 224-B Concentration building from May 1945 to October 1946.

Crib number 5-6 was used to dispose of the cell drainage waste from August 12, 1948 through July 4, 1951 (HW-33591, page 3). Cell drainage waste was routed to cribs 241-B-1 and 241-B-2 from October 3, 1947 through August 12, 1948 (HW-44784, page 27). After July 4, 1951, cell drainage waste was transferred along with 2C waste to the cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 (HW-21506-DEL, pages 56 and 57) and discharged to the 241-B-3 (also referred to as crib 216-B-8) until July 1953 and then the 241-B-1 and 241-B-2 cribs from December 1954 through October 1955 (HW-44784, page 27).

Table 5 provides analyses of cell drainage waste that was collected in tank 5-6 and transferred to either directly to a crib or to the cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112. As evident from the analyses provided in Table 5, the neutralized, low-activity cell drainage waste contained soluble beta emitting radionuclides and plutonium. The plutonium, along with other metals, precipitated in the cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112, while soluble compounds were discharged to the crib.

Table 5. Composition of Tank 5-6 Cell Drainage Waste from 221-B Plant. (2 Sheets)

Year	Manth	Lite s	Pu Grams	Total Beta Activity Curies	Comment
Tank 5-6	Cell Drainage	Fransferred to Cri	b (1,2)		
1948	January	No records			Total beta activity does not include
	February	No records radioactive iodine. Sa	radioactive iodine. Samples were measured		
	March	No records	2001年5月3日		for total alpha activity. Calculated Pu mass
	April	April No records	assumes that all alpha activity measured in		
	May No records		samples was Pu. Uranium activity in samples		
	June	No records		contributed less than 8% of the total alpha	
or North	July	No records	Vitte a cities		activity (1).
	August	807,344	4	110	Tank 5-6, cell drainage waste routed to 5-6 Crib and tile field from 8/12/1948 through 7/04/1951 (HW-33591, page 3).
	September	945,276	9	590	
	October	1,284,019	8	225	
	November	1,278,568	16	185	
No recor	ds could be locate	ed for December 19	48 through Au	igust 1949.	
1949	September	1.1E+06	3.8	78	
	October	1.05E+06	6.1	157	
	November	8.6E+05	2.8	64	
	December	8.3E+05	2.6	83	
1950	January	8.7E+05	2.7	83	
	February	9.0E+05	1.9	64	
	March	1.05E+06	2.0	46	
	April	9.4E+05	2.0	61	
LU No.	May	1.02E+06	4.8	301	
	June	9.9E+05	5.2	394	
	July	1.3E+06	4.9	682	
	August	1.5E+06	6.7	1,807	
	September	1.2E+06	10.8	630	
	October	1.1E+06	7.4	226	
SESS.	November	9.5E+05	6.8	272	
1.0	December	1.0E+06	6.4	358	

No records could be located for January 1951 through December 1951. Beginning in July 1951, Tank 5-6 cell drainage waste along with 2C waste was routed to the cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112.

Tank 5-6 Cell Drainage Waste Discharged to the Cascade of Tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112.

Year	Month	Liters	Pu Grams	Total Beta Activity Curies	Comment
1952	January	8.95E+05	7.1	1,150	
	February	8.20E+05	3.4	230	
	March	8.22E+05	4.8	335	
	April	3.08E+05	1.1	111	
	May	2.34E+05	1.1	30	
	June	3.17E+05	1.1	35	
	July	2.64E+05	1.1	55	
	August	3.28E+05	1.0	26	
	September	2.30E+05	1.1	13	
	October	2.12E+05	7.1	344	Cleanout of 221-B Plant process equipment and cells conducted from October 1952 through July 1953.

Table 5. Composition of Tank 5-6 Cell Drainage Waste from 221-R Plant. (2 Sheets)

Fag. 1	1000000	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY.	Рu	Total Beta	
Year	Month	Liters	Grams	Activity Curles	Comment
1952	November	5.15E+05	38.4	1,295	
139 32	December	4.21E+05	35.4	1,825	
1953	January	3.65E+05	9.1	880	
	February	2.82E+05	3.2	88	
	March	1.77E+05	5.0	76	
T. Mail	April	1.64E+05	1.7	15	
	May	1.49E+05	6.4	39	
	June	1.90E+05	2.0	18	
	July	1.65E+05	5.5	5	
	August		Alter and the		No tank 5-6 cell drainage discharges reported
19.4	September		Victoria de la Constantina del Constantina de la	And the same	for August 1953 through November 1954.
robbien	October		11125	<b>大学</b>   内心主要   日	
	November				
	December	8.6 - 1.9	are at the		
1954	January			EDECKE STAND	
	February	E-76-11-11-11-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-	102 300		
	March	The sample of			
	April				
	May			L W. Brief	
100	June		CALLES AND DESCRIPTION OF STREET		
	July			Lange State Service	
	August			332 1000	
	September	Tel Wellington			
9 10 10 10	October				
	November				
	December	0.57E+05	0.02	0.09	Tank 5-6, cell drainage waste routed to 241-B-1 and 241-B-2 cribs beginning in December 1954. December 1954 through June 1955 values reported in HW-38562, page 9.
1955	January	0	0	0	
	February	0.36E+05	0.16	4.75	
	March	1.52E+05	4.27	45.6	
	April	2.74E+05	0.486	8.2	
	May	1.26E+05	0.648	10.3	
	June	1.05E+05	0.28	9.46	
	July	2.51E+05	0.321	4.77	July 1955 through October 1955 values reported in HW-44784, page 27.
	August	2.27E+05	4.48	32.0	
-919019	September	1.75E+05	1.46	12.8	
		1.26E+05	11.5		

No discharge of tank 5-6, cell drainage waste or any waste from tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, or 241-B-112 was made to a crib after October 1955.

Notes:
(1) HW-11908, page 1
(2) HW-20583, page 7
(3) HW-25301, page 3
(4) HW-33591, page 8

#### 3.2 221-B PLANT FISSION PRODUCTS PROCESSING

From August 1963 through June 1966, B-Plant was used in conjunction with the PUREX facility, 244-CR Vault, and the 201-C Hot Semiworks (renamed Strontium Semiworks in 1963) to separate strontium-90 and rare earths (i.e., cerium-144 and promethium-147) from high-level waste solutions. Then, from July 1966 through December 1967, equipment was replaced within B-Plant to expand the processing capability to include cesium removal from fission high-level waste solutions using ion exchange equipment. The strontium and rare earths processing equipment was also replaced to include only strontium removal using a solvent extraction equipment, followed by precipitation and centrifugation equipment for purifying the strontium. Each of the fission products processing events in the B-Plant is discussed in more detail in the following sections.

#### 3.2.1 STRONTIUM AND RARE EARTHS PROCESSING

On September 18, 1961 (HW-71187-DEL, page F-2), renovation of cells 5 through 12 within B-Plant canyon was initiated to use these cells for separating strontium and rare earths from a mixed fission product solution (HW-69011). Construction activities were completed, and the facility was accepted by operations on January 31, 1963 (HW-76848-DEL, page B-2). Processing of radioactive waste in cells 5 through 12 at the B-Plant commenced on August 2, 1963 (HW-78817-DEL, page B-2 and G-2).

B-Plant was used in conjunction with the PUREX facility, 244-CR Vault and the 201-C Hot Semiworks to separate strontium-90, cerium-144 and promethium-147 from high-level waste solutions. The PUREX facility generated a first cycle raffinate solution from the solvent extraction reprocessing of irradiated reactor fuel (i.e., high-level waste). The first cycle raffinate solution was highly acidic and contained most of the fission products (e.g., strontium-89/90, cerium-144, promethium-147, cesium-137) that were separated from the uranium and plutonium during the reprocessing of irradiated reactor fuel. The acidity of the first cycle raffinate solution was reduced by addition of sugar and digestion at elevated temperature to decompose the nitric acid solution.

In a section of the PUREX facility known as the head-end, first cycle raffinate solution was reacted with sodium sulfate and lead nitrate to precipitate strontium and rare earth (i.e., cerium and promethium) fission products (HW-63051 and HW-69534). Lead co-precipitated with strontium and increased the amount of strontium precipitated from the first cycle raffinate solution. The resulting strontium and rare earth precipitate was centrifuged and washed to separate the supernatant, which contained soluble fission products such as cesium-137, zirconium-niobium-95, and ruthenium-rhodium-106. The supernatant containing the soluble fission products (e.g., cesium-137, zirconium-niobium-95, and ruthenium-rhodium-106) was neutralized and transferred to underground storage tanks. The strontium and rare earth precipitate was metathesized to soluble carbonates by addition of sodium carbonate. The strontium and rare earth carbonate precipitates were then dissolved in nitric acid and transferred to B-Plant via 244-CR Vault for further processing.

In B-Plant, the strontium nitrate / rare earth nitrate solution were processed to form separate solutions containing strontium and rare earths (HW-77016). The strontium nitrate / rare earth nitrate solution was reacted with oxalic acid to precipitate the rare earths along with lead, leaving strontium in solution. The precipitate was centrifuged to separate the strontium solution from the rare earth precipitate. The strontium solution was stored in B-Plant and transferred periodically to the 201-C Hot Semiworks for purification. The rare earth precipitate was dissolved in nitric acid and stored in B-Plant for further processing.

Lead was removed from the rare earth solution by adding sodium hydroxide solution to form soluble plumbite and insoluble rare earth hydroxide precipitates (HW-81373, RL-SEP-197, page G-2, and HAN-90907, page 21). The plumbite was separated from the rare earth hydroxide precipitate by centrifugation and discarded to the single-shell tanks. The rare earth hydroxide precipitate was washed with sodium hydroxide solution to remove soluble lead and the wash solution was also discarded to the single-shell tanks. The rare earth hydroxide precipitate was dissolved in nitric acid, stored in B-Plant, and eventually transferred to the 201-C Hot Semiworks for purification.

Processing of strontium and rare earth solutions within B-Plant continued until June 1966 (HAN-95105-DEL, page 15). Separations of strontium and rare earths from the first cycle raffinate solution continued to be conducted in the head-end section of the PUREX facility through February 8, 1967 (HAN-96805-DEL, page AIII-4). The strontium and rare earth solution was transferred from PUREX to the 244-CR Vault for storage from July 1966 through February 1967, while equipment modifications were conducted at B-Plant.

#### 3.2.2 CESIUM AND STRONTIUM PROCESSING

From July 1966 (HAN-95284-DEL, page 13) through October 1967 (HAN-98918-DEL, page AIII-2), equipment within the 221-B Plant was flushed and replaced with new equipment for separating cesium and strontium from high-level waste. In January 1967 (HAN-96590-DEL, page AIII-4) and in March 1967 (HAN-97066-DEL, page AIII-4), testing was conducted of a new centrifuge and a precipitation-decantation-centrifugation technique for separating iron and aluminum from PUREX sludge waste. Construction activities continued to be conducted in the 221-B Plant throughout 1967.

On December 27, 1967 (HAN-99396-DEL, page AIII-3), alkaline supernatants stored in the single-shell tanks were transferred to B-Plant, and cesium was separated using an ion exchange process. Cesium ion exchange processing continued at B-Plant until October 1983 using at first inorganic and later organic ion exchange materials (RHO-RE-SA-169). Cesium was also precipitated from acidic, PUREX high-level waste (known as CAW) using phosphotungstic acid (PTA), with the cesium precipitate dissolved in sodium hydroxide solution and processed through the ion exchange equipment for cesium recovery (ARH-CD-917).

On January 31, 1968, the solvent extraction equipment installed in B-Plant was operated to purify the inventory of rare earth solutions stored at B-Plant (HAN-99604-DEL, page AIII-3). The semi-purified promethium - cerium solution was stored in B-Plant process tank 6-2 (HAN-100127-DEL, page AIII-3). Separation of strontium from the strontium and rare earths solutions stored in the 244-CR Vault was then conducted in March 1968 using the solvent extraction equipment (HAN-100127-DEL, page AIII-3).

The B-Plant solvent extraction equipment began processing the PUREX first cycle raffinate solution to separate strontium on April 20, 1968 (HAN-100357-DEL, page AIII-3). The processing of PUREX first cycle raffinate solution was completed on August 30, 1968 (PRD-SEP-68-DEL, page AIII-3). The B-Plant solvent extraction equipment was then used to separate strontium from PUREX high-level waste sludges that had been acidified (known as PAS) in 244-AR Vault and transferred to B-Plant for centrifugation to separate solids and strontium removal (PRD-SEP-68-DEL, page AIII-4). In addition, the B-Plant solvent extraction equipment was operated periodically to separate strontium from CAW solutions following the PTA processing to separate cesium. Strontium separation from high-level waste solutions using the solvent extraction equipment continued at B-Plant until 1977.

# 4.0 RADIONUCLIDE ANALYSES OF WASTE IN TANKS 241-B-110 AND 241-B-111

The U.S. Department of Energy uses several factors to determine the disposition of radioactive wastes (DOE M 435.1). One of these factors is the concentration of alpha-emitting transuranic isotopes with half-life greater than 20 years present in the radioactive waste. Table 6 provides the concentrations of transuranic elements present in the wastes stored in tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 as reported on March 31, 2003 from the Tank Waste Information Network (TWINS) database; <a href="http://twins.pnl.gov:8001/twins.htm">http://twins.pnl.gov:8001/twins.htm</a>. It is apparent from the information reported in Table 6 that the concentrations of transuranic elements in the wastes stored in tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 both exceed 100 nanocuries per gram of waste. The concentration of transuranic elements present in the 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 wastes is consistent with these tanks having received 2C waste.

The concentrations of cesium-137 and strontium-90 present in the wastes stored in tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 are also provided in Table 6. The concentrations of the fission products (Cs-137 and Sr-90) in these wastes is consistent with these tanks having received wastes from the strontium and rare earths and cesium ion exchange processes conducted at B-Plant.

Table 6. Concentrations of Radionuclides Present in Tank 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 Wastes

Tank	Np-237	Pu-239	Pu+240 ηCi/g	Am 241 nCi/e	Sum of TRU	Cs-137	Sr-90 µCi/g
241-B-110	0.11	100	11	72.7	183.8	11.64	83.8
241-B-111	0.07	83	14.2	85.5	182.8	132.6	206.7

#### 5.0 SUMMARY

The wastes transferred into tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 are summarized in Table 7. Tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 generally received waste from operations conducted in the 221-B Plant.

Tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 received second decontamination cycle (2C) waste from spent nuclear fuel reprocessing (Bismuth Phosphate process) conducted in the 221-B Plant from May 1945 through June 1952. Low-activity cell drainage (5-6) waste was also transferred from B-Plant into these three tanks from June 1951 through June 1952. After cessation of the Bismuth Phosphate process in June 1952, tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 received wastes from cleanout of B-Plant from July 1952 through September 1954. The 2C, 5-6, and equipment cleaning wastes were purposely precipitated in tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 to separate transuranic elements (primarily plutonium and americium), with supernatant cascading into tank 241-B-112. The soluble fractions of these wastes were transferred from tank 241-B-112 to an underground crib.

Following the shutdown of B-Plant, tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 received evaporator bottoms from the 242-B Evaporator in April 1954. The evaporator bottoms waste was subsequently transferred to other single-shell tanks as part of plans to reactivate B-Plant. Reactivation of B-Plant for spent nuclear fuel reprocessing was conducted from October 1955 through March 1957. Equipment and process cells were flushed as part of these reactivation activities. These flush solutions were routed to tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112, with the supernatant discharged from tank 241-B-112 to an underground crib. No spent nuclear fuel was reprocessed in B-Plant during this period. Plans to reactivate B-Plant for spent fuel reprocessing were cancelled in March 1957, and the plant was idled.

B-Plant was then reactivated for separating fission products (e.g., strontium-90, rare earth elements, and cesium-137) from PUREX high-level waste and stored tank wastes. From September 1961 through June 1970, tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 received wastes from construction activities conducted at B-Plant, strontium and rare earth (Sr/RE) elements separations, cell 23 evaporator bottoms, and cesium ion exchange processing. Tank 241-B-112 also received from January 1973 through June 1974 evaporator bottoms from the in-tank solidification unit that was operated in tank 241-BY-112.

The Sr/RE waste, cell 23 evaporator bottoms, and cesium ion exchange process wastes were all transferred from tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 to other single-shell tanks from 1965 through March 1972. Following these transfers, tanks 241-B-110 and 241-B-111 contained principally sludges formed from precipitation of the 2C waste and the Sr/RE waste, along with precipitated salts from the B-Plant cesium ion exchange waste. Tank 241-B-112 did not receive a measurable quantity of 2C sludge based on the cascade operating mode and sludge level measurements, but instead contains precipitated salts from B-Plant cesium ion exchange waste and evaporator bottoms from the in-tank solidification unit that was operated in tank 241-BY-112.

Table 7. Waste Types Added to Tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112

Waste Type	Tank 241-B-110	241-B-111	241-B-112
2C (2)	5/1945 - 8/1946	5/1945 - 8/1946	5/1945 - 8/1946
	5/1948 - 1/1949	5/1948 - 1/1949	5/1948 - 1/1949
	5/1950 - 5/1951	5/1950 - 5/1951	5/1950 - 5/1951
2C + 5-6	6/1951 - 7/1952	6/1951 - 7/1952	6/1951 - 7/1952
B-Plant Equipment Cleaning Waste	7/1952 - 9/1954	7/1952 - 9/1954	7/1952 - 9/1954
EB from 242-B Evaporator	4/1954	4/1954	In advertent addition of some EB to this tank
B-Plant Reactivation for 4X Program (cancelled in 3/1957)	10/1955 – 4/1957	10/1955 – 4/1957	Not added to tank
B-Plant Construction for Sr/RE Process	9/1961 - 12/1962	9/1961 - 12/1962	9/1961 - 12/1962
B-Plant Sr/RE Processing	8/1963 - 6/1966	8/1963 - 6/1966	8/1963 - 6/1966
B-Plant equipment flushing	7/1966 - 1Q/1968	7/1966 - 10/1967	7/1966 – 10/1967
EB from B-Plant Cell 23 evaporator	1Q/1968	10/1967	Not added to tank
B-Plant IX	3Q/1969	3Q/1969 - 2Q/1970	3Q/1969 - 2Q/1970
EB from ITS	Not added to tank	Not added to tank	1/1973 - 6/1974

# Notes:

(1) Waste Type Definitions:

2C: Second decontamination cycle waste from B-Plant Bismuth Phosphate process

5-6: B-Plant low-activity cell drainage

EB: Evaporator bottoms

ITS: In-Tank Solidification unit installed in tank 241-BY-112

IX: Waste from B-Plant cesium ion exchange process

Q: calendar year quarter Sr/RE: Strontium / Rare Earths

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> 2C waste routed to tanks 241-B-104, 241-B-105, and 241-B-106 during period when tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112 were filled.

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## APPENDIX A

VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112

January 1945 through September 1976

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Year 1945	Month January	Tabl B-110 Not Reported	B-111 Not Reported	B-112 Not Reported	Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112   Page   Page   Not Reported   Not R	1-B-111, A Page	Comments  No waste transferred into these tanks.
	February	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Keported	HW-/-1388-DEL	19	Operations assumed responsibility for E-rault with construction completion on February 10, 1945.  Dunnny runs with water were underway at monthend for February 1945.
	March April	Not Reported Not Reported	Not Reported Not Reported	Not Reported Not Reported	HW-7-1544-DEL HW-7-1649-DEL	22 21	Conducted chemical runs and testing of dissolvers using rejected aluminum cans.  First irradiated fuel slugs were placed in process at
	May		6.5%		HW-7-1793-DEL	22	B-Plant on April 15, 1945. B-110, B-111, and B-112 operated as a cascade. Second decontamination cycle (2C) waste transferred from 221-B into B-110, which when filled overflows to B-111. B-111 overflows to B-112 when filled
	June		8.1%		HW-7-1981-DEL	23	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B.
	July		11.1%		HW-7-2177-DEL	22	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B.
	August				HW-7-2361-DEL	21	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B.
	September		22.1%		HW-7-2548-DEL	22	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B. 2C sludge being neutralized to nH 7 instead of pH 9-10 as
							previously conducted. More Pu carried into sludge at pH 7.
	October		29.6%		HW-7-2706-DEL	21	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B.
	November		35.8%		HW-7-2957-DEL	21	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B.
	December		44.7%		HW-7-3171-DEL	21	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B.
2701	1		/000		UW 7 2279 DEI	24	Parairing 2C waste from 771-R
1740	February		59.2%		HW-7-3566-DEL	21	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B
	March		63.6%		HW-7-3751_DEL	21	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B
	April		72.3%		HW-7-4004-DEL	21	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B
	May		80.5%		HW-7-4193-DEL	21	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B
	June		88.2%		HW-7-4343-DEL	23	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B
	July		93.3%		HW-7-4542-DEL	22	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B

Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112 (1)

Month August September October December January February March	Tabl	100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	B-112	March   Marc	28 28 28 28 28 25 26 26 26 26 26 26 26	Comments  B-110, B-111, and B-112 full.  Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade. B-110, B-111, and B-112 full.  Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade. B-110, B-111, and B-112 full.  Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade. B-110, B-111, and B-112 full.  Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade. B-110, B-111, and B-112 full.  Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade. B-110, B-111, and B-112 full. Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade. B-110, B-111, and B-112 full. Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade. B-110, B-111, and B-112 full. Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade. B-110, B-111, and B-112 full. Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade. B-110, B-111, and B-112 full. Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade. B-110, B-111, and B-112 full. Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade. B-110, B-111, and B-112 full.
May		100%		HW-7-6391-DEL	23 - 24	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full. Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade. Started excavation for crib and tile field for disposal of 2C supernatant.

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Voor	Month	D 110	D 111	D 111 D 117 Defeating Done	Deference	Родо	Commonts
i a	Tune	D-170	100%	D-114	HW-7-7454 DEI	7 ye	R-110 B-111 and R-112 full
	amme		100/0		777-464/-/-WII	3	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104.
							B-105, and B-106 cascade.
	July		100%		HW-7283-DEL	56	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full.
	•						Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104,
							B-105, and B-106 cascade.
	August		100%		HW-7504-DEL	26 - 27	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full.
							Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104,  B 105 and B 106 cascade. Crib and tile field for
						_	b-105, and b-100 cascade. Citto and tile item for disposal of 2C supernatant about 65% complete.
	September		%001		HW-7795-DEL	27	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full.
							Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade.
	October		100%		HW-7997-DEL	25 - 27	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full.
							Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104,
							B-105, and B-106 cascade. Continued work on
							crib and tile field for disposal of 2C supernatant.
	November		100%		HW-8267-DEL	28 – 29	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full.
							Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104,
							B-105, and B-106 cascade. Completed crib and
							tile field for disposal of 2C supernatant.
	December		100%		HW-8438-DEL	27	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full.
							Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105 and B-106 cases de-
							D-100) mis D-100 custous:
1948	January		100%		HW-8931-DEL	28	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full.
	•						Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104,
							B-105, and B-106 cascade.
	February		%00I		HW-9191-DEL	28 - 30	Cribbed 39,000-gallons of 2C supernatant from B-112. Liquid inadvertently entered test shaft
							adjacent to crib and needs to be removed before
							cribbing can resume.
							B-110 and B-111 full.
	-						Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104,
							D-102, and D-100 cascade.

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ND 241-B-112 ( <sup>(1)</sup>	Comments	Cribbed 28,350-gallons (total to date 67,350-gallons) of 2C supernatant from B-112. B-110 and B-111 full.	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade.	Cribbed 246,650-gallons (total to date 314,000-gallons) of 2C supernatant from B-112.	B-110 and B-111 full.  Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade.	Additional cribbing of 2C supernatant will be	dependent on measurements of underground radionuclide movement. De 110 and De 111 & 11	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104,	B-105, and B-106 cascade. Cascade at 100%.	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110,	B-111, and B-112 cascade.	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111 and B-112 cascade	Resumed cribbing of 2C supernatant. Started cribbing 2C supernatant in tank B-104.	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110,	B-111, and B-112 cascade.  Commleted cribbing 2C supernatant in tank B-104	on August 2, 1948. Flow from crib became	restricted after receiving only 312,000-gallons	from B-104; suspect that 2C solids plugged crib	drain lines. Started cribbing 2C supernatant from B-105, but drainage from crib remains slow.
41-B-111, A	Page	30 - 32		31 - 32		31 - 32				30	00	32		35-36					
Table A-1, VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112 <sup>(1)</sup>	Reference	HW-9595-DEL		HW-9922-DEL		HW-10166-DEL				HW-10378-DEL		HW-10714-DEL		HW-10993-DEL					
E OF WASTES I	B-112																		
le A-1. VOLUM	B-111	%96		80.2%		%8.69				%9 <i>L</i>		81.2%		85.4%					
Tab	B-110																		
	Month	March		April		May				June	;	July		August		-			
	Year											_							

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•	17 34	- 1	le A-I. VOLUME	OF WASIES IF	Table A-I. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-6-110, 241-6-111, AND 241-6-112	41-b-111, A	-
Year	Monte	B-110	B-111	8-112	Keierence	Fage	Comments
	September		88.9%		HW-11226-DEL	32 - 33	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110,
							B-111, and B-112 cascade.
							Cribbed about 130,000-gailons of 2C supernatant
							from B-105, but drainage from crib remains slow.
							Attempted several 10wt% acid flushes of crib to
							remove restriction, but drain remains slow.
	October		92.2%		HW-11499-DEL	33 – 34	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110,
							B-111, and B-112 cascade.
							Cribbed about 81,000-gallons of 2C supernatant
							from B-105, but drainage from crib remains slow,
							limiting jetting rate to about 6,000-gallons per day.
	November		96.3%		HW-11835-DEL	35 - 36	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110,
							B-111, and B-112 cascade.
	_						Cribbed about 207,300-gallons (total to date
							418,300) of 2C supernatant from B-105. Crib
							permitted to overflow into associated tile field on
							November 12, 1948.
	December		100%		HW-12086-DEL	37	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110,
							B-111, and B-112 cascade.
							Completed crib disposal of 2C supernatant from
							B-105 on December 8, 1948. Disposed of a total
							of 522,800-gallons. Started crib disposal of 2C
							supernatant from B-106. Disposed of
		•					235,100-gallons to date.
1949	January		100%		HW-12391-DEL	38 - 39	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full.
							Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104,
							B-105, and B-106 cascade.
							Continued crib disposal of 2C supernatant from
							B-106. Disposed of 458,000-gallons to date.
	February		100%		HW-12666-DEL	34 - 35	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full.
							Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104,
							B-105, and B-106 cascade.
							Completed crib disposal of 2C supernatant from
							B-106. Disposed of a total of 531,250-gallons.

ND 241-B-112 <sup>(1)</sup>	Comments	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full. Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade.	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full. Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade.	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full. Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade.	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full. Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade.	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full. Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade.	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full. Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade.	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full. Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade.	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full. Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade.	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full. Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade.	B-110, B-111, and B-112 full. Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade. Started crib disposal of 2C supernatant from tank B-112.
11-B-111, A	Page	40	40	42	41	42	43	43	43	44	42
DLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112 (1)	Reference	HW-12937-DEL	HW-13190-DEL	HW-13561-DEL	HW-13793-DEL	HW-14043-DEL	HW-14338-DEL	HW-14596-DEL	HW-14916-DEL	HW-15267-DEL	HW-15550-DEL
OF WASTES II	B-112										
Table A-1. VOLUME	B-111	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	,100%
Ta	B-110										
	Month	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
	Year										

Year 1950	Month January	B-110	B-111         B-112         Reference         Page           77.3%         HW-15843-DEL         44 -         Receiving 2C wr	Reference HW-15843-DEL	Page 44 -	Comments Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104,
		***·				B-105, and B-106 cascade.  Continued crib disposal of 2C supernatant from tank B-112. Disposed of 360,000-gallons to date.
	February		67.4%	HW-17056-DEL	44	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade. Completed crib disposal of 2C supernatant from tank B-112. Disposed of 497,000-gallons in total.
	March		67.4%	HW-17410-DEL	47 – 48	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade. Started crib disposal of 2C supernatant from tank B-106. Disposed of 165,000-gallons to date.
	April		40.3%	HW-17660-DEL	46 - 47	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-104, B-105, and B-106 cascade. Conducted crib disposal of 2C supernatant from tanks B-106 and B-110. Disposed of 489,500-gallons in total from both tanks.
	May		.28%	HW-17971-DEL	44	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade. Conducted crib disposal of 2C supernatant from ranks B-106 and B-110. Disposed of 328,000-gallons in total from both tanks.
i i	June	Note: The value reported in to be in error, since no 2C s being discharged from B-1.	31%  Note: The value reported in HW-18221-DEL seems to be in error, since no 2C supernatant is reported as being discharged from B-112.	HW-18221-DEL	43 - 44	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade. Conducted crib disposal of 486,000-gallons of 2C supernatant from tank B-105. All 2C supernatant emptied from tanks B-104, B-105, and B-106.
	July		73.3%	HW-18473-DEL	46	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade.
	August		83.3%	HW-18740-DEL HW-19021-DEL	49	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade.  Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110,
	September		97.070	11W-12021-W11	}	B-111, and B-112 cascade.

ND 241-B-112 <sup>(1)</sup> Comments	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade. Conducted crib disposal of 507,700-gallons of 2C supernatant from tank B-112.	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade.	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade. Conducted crib disposal of 249,000-gallons of 2C supernatant from tank B-112.	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade.	Conducted crib disposal of 119,000-gallons of 2C supernatant from tank B-112.	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade.	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade.	Conducted crib disposal of 377,072-gallons of 2C supernatant from tank B-112.	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade.	Conducted crib disposal of 123,052-gallons of 2C supernatant from tank B-112.	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade. No crib disposal	conducted in May 1951.
11-B-111, A Page	49 - 50	49	90	49 - 50		49	53		15		55	
OLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112 (1)  11 B-112 Reference Page	HW-19325-DEL	HW-19622-DEL	HW-19842-DEL	HW-20161-DEL		HW-20438-DEL	HW-20671-DEL		HW-20991-DEL		HW-21260-DEL	
OF WASTES IN												
Table A-1. VOLUME	1,127,000-gallons	1,275,000-gallons	1,200,000-gallons	1,294,000-gallons		1,431,000-gallons	1,195,000-gallons		1,250,000-gallons		1,428,000-gallons	
Ta R-110												
Month	October	November	December	January		February	March		April		May	
Vegr				1951								

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VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS
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AND 241-B-112 (*)	Comments	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110,	B-111, and B-112 cascade. No crib disposal	conducted in June 1951. Completed process pipe	alterations, which allow overflow of 2C	supernatant to the crib. Previously, waste was	jetted to crib.	Completed piping modifications that collect low-	activity cell drainage with 2C waste in B-110,	B-11, and B-112 cascade.	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110,	B-111, and B-112, which cascades to crib.	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110,	B-111, and B-112, which cascades to crib.	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110,	B-111, and B-112, which cascades to crib.	"Slightly contaminated water" jetted from catch	tank for diversion box 154-B to second cycle	waste cascade (HAN-68671-DEL, page 84)	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110,	B-111, and B-112, which cascades to crib.	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110,	B-111, and B-112, which cascades to crib.	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110,	B-111, and B-112, which cascades to crib.	
41-B-111,	Page	54 - 56									41															
Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112 **	Reference	HW-21506-DEL									HW-21802-DEL		HW-22075-DEL		HW-22304-DEL					HW-22610-DEL		HW-22875-DEL		HW-23140-DEL		
E OF WASTES IN	B-112																									
le A-1. VOLUMI	B-111	1,555,000-gallons	İ								1,621,000-gallons		Not Reported	•	Not Reported	•				Not Reported		Not Reported	•	Not Reported	•	
- i	B-110																									
	Month	June								-	July		August	)	September				-	October		November		December		
	Year																									

ND 241-B-112	Comments	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade. B-112 discharges to crib.	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade. B-112 discharges to crib.	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade. B-112 discharges to crib.	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade. B-112 discharges to crib. Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks as of 5-1-1952 is 401,000-gallons	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade. B-112 discharges to crib. Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks as of 5-31-1952 is 403,000-gallons	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade. B-112 discharges to crib. Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is 407,000-gallons	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade. B-112 discharges to crib. Estimated shudge volume in all three tanks is 409,000-gallons
11-B-111, A	Page			-	6-9	17 - 20	28 - 31	6-9
<b>OLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112</b>	Reference	HW-23437-DEL	HW-23698-DEL	HW-23982-DEL	HW-27838	HW-27838	HW-27838	HW-27839
OF WASTES IN	B-112	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	542,000- gallons	542,000- gallons	542,000- gallons	542,000- gallons
Fable A-1. VOLUME	B-111	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	530,000- gallons	530,000- gallons	530,000- gallons	530,000- gallons
Tabl	B-110	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	530,000- gallons	530,000- gallons	530,000- gallons	530,000- gallons
	Month	January	February	March	April	Мау	June	July
	Year	1952						

Year	Month August	Table B-110 530,000-	8 A-1. VOLUME B-111 530,000-	B-112 542,000-	Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112   Reference   Page   B-112   Receiving 2C   17 - 20   Receiving 2C   17	11-B-111, Al Page 17 - 20	ND 241-B-112  Comments  Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111 and B-112 cascade B-112 discharges to	
		KAHOIIS	ganons	K4110113			crib.  Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is 411,000-gallons	
	September	530,000- gallons	530,000- gallons	542,000- gallons	HW-27839	28 - 31	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade. B-112 discharges to crib. Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is 414,000-gallons	
	October	530,000- gallons	530,000- gailons	542,000- gallons	HW-27840	6-9	Receiving 2C waste from 221-B into B-110, B-111, and B-112 cascade. B-112 discharges to crib. Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is 414,000-gallons	
	November	530,000- gallons	530,000- gallons	542,000- gallons	HW-27840	17 - 20	Receiving flushes from 221-B Plant cleanout of section 5, 1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> cycle lines into cascade.  B-112 discharges to crib.  Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is 414,000-gallons	
	December	530,000- gallons	530,000- gallons	542,000- gallons	HW-27840	28 - 31	Receiving flushes from 221-B Plant cleanout of section 5, 1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> cycle lines into cascade.  B-112 discharges to crib.  Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is 414,000-gallons	
1953	January	530,000- gallons	530,000- gallons	542,000- gallons	HW-27841	6-9	Receiving flushes from 221-B Plant cleanout of section 5, 1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> cycle lines into cascade.  B-112 discharges to crib.  Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is 414,000-gallons	
	February	530,000- gallons	530,000- gallons	542,000- gallons	HW-27842	6-9	Receiving flushes from 221-B Plant cleanout of section 5, 1st and 2sd cycle lines into cascade.  B-112 discharges to crib.  Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is 414,000-gallons	

	Comments	Receiving flushes from 221-B Plant cleanout of	section 5, 1 and 2 cycle lines into cascade.	B-112 discharges to crib.	Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is	414,000-gallons	Receiving flushes from 221-B Plant cleanout of	section 5, 1st and 2nd cycle lines into cascade.	B-112 discharges to crib.	Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is	414,000-gallons	Receiving flushes from 221-B Plant cleanout of	section 5, 1" and 2" cycle lines into cascade.	B-112 discharges to crib.	Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is	414,000-gallons	Receiving flushes from 221-B Plant cleanout of	section 5, 1st and 2st cycle lines into cascade.	B-112 discharges to crib.	Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is	414,000-gallons	Receiving flushes from 221-B Plant cleanout of	section 5, 1st and 2nd cycle lines into cascade.	B-112 discharges to crib.	Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is	414,000-gallons	Receiving flushes from 221-B Plant cleanout of	section 5, 1* and 2* cycle lines into cascade.	B-112 discharges to crib.	Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is	414,000-gailons
41-B-111, A	rage	6-9					4					4					4					4					4				
Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112	жегегепсе	HW-27775					HW-28043					HW-28377					HW-28712					HW-29054					HW-29242				
E OF WASTES IN	D-117	542,000-	gallons				542,000-	gallons				542,000-	gallons				542,000-	gallons	-			542,000-	gallons				542,000-	gallons			
le A-1. VOLUMI	D-111	530,000-	gallons				-000,000	gallons				530,000-	gallons				530,000-	gallons				530,000-	gallons				530,000-	gallons			
Tab	D-110	530,000-	ganons				530,000-	gallons				230,000-	gallons				530,000-	gallons				530,000-	gallons				-000'085	gallons			
Month	TATORITI	March					April					May					June					July					August				
Voor	1 541						_						_											_							-

,		- i	e A-1. VOLUME	OF WASTES IN	Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112	11-B-111, A	
rear	Month	D-110	D-111	B-112	Reference	rage	Comments
	September	530,000-	530,000-	542,000-	HW-29624	4	Receiving flushes from 221-B Plant cleanout of
		gallons	gallons	gallons			section 5, 1st and 2nd cycle lines into cascade.
_							B-112 discharges to crib.
							Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is
							378,000-gallons in B-110, 237,000-gallons in
			•				B-111 and no sludge in B-112.
	October	530,000-	530,000-	542,000-	HW-29905	4	Receiving flushes from 221-B Plant cleanout of
		gallons	gallons	gallons			section 5, 1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> cycle lines into cascade.
		ı		•			B-112 discharges to crib.
							Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is
							378,000-gallons in B-110, 237,000-gallons in
							B-111 and no sludge in B-112.
	November	530,000-	530,000-	542,000-	HW-30250	4	Receiving flushes from 221-B Plant cleanout of
		gallons	gallons	gallons			section 5, 1st and 2nd cycle lines into cascade.
		•	,	ţ			B-112 discharges to crib.
		-				_	Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is
							378,000-gallons in B-110, 237,000-gallons in
							B-111 and no sludge in B-112.
	December	425,000-	530,000-	542,000-	HW-30498	4	Pumped B-110 to C-111.
		gallons	gallons	gallons			Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is
			1				243,000-gallons in B-110, 161,000-gallons in
							B-111 and no sludge in B-112.
1954	January	425,000-	530,000-	542,000-	HW-30851	4	Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is
		gallons	gallons	gallons			243,000-gallons in B-110, 161,000-gallons in
							B-111 and no sludge in B-112.
	February	Not legible	530,000-	542,000-	HW-31126	4	B-110 supernatant purmed to B-112, which
		,	gallons	gallons			discharges to crib.
				_			Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is
		-					243,000-gallons in B-110, 161,000-gallons in
							B-111 and no sludge in B-112.
	March	421,000-	530,000-	542,000-	HW-31374	4	B-110 received 221-B Plant section 5 waste.
		gallons	gallons	gallons			Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is
				1			243,000-gallons in B-110, 161,000-gallons in
							B-111 and no sludge in B-112.
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ND 241-B-112	Comments	Supernatant in B-110 and B-111 transferred to B-112 and then cribbed.	B-110 and B-111 received evaporator bottoms (FR) from tank B-105 FB volume in B-110 and	B-111 estimated at 155,000-gallons and	335,000-gallons, respectively.	Tanks receive 221-B section 5 and 15 flushes.	Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is	243,000-gallons in B-110, 161,000-gallons in B-111 and no sludoe in B-112	Tanks receive 221-B section 5 and 15 flushes.	B-112 cascades to crib.	Same as above.		No comments in monthly report.		No comments in monthly report.	375,000-gallons sludge in B-110 and	175,000-gailons situage in D-111.	Same as above.							
41-B-111, A	Page	4							4		4		4		4		4		4		4		,	4	
VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112	Reference	HW-31811							HW-32110		HW-32389		HW-32697		HW-33002		HW-33396		HW-33544		HW-33904		C1777 1141	HW-34412	
OF WASTES IN	B-112	542,000- gallons							542,000-	gallons	542,000-	gallons	542,000-	gallons	542,000-	gallons	542,000-	gallons	542,000-	gallons	542,000-	gallons	000	542,000-	gallons
Table A-1. VOLUMI	B-111	530,000- gallons							-000'025	gallons	-000'085	gallons	-000'025	gallons	-000'085	gallons	530,000-	gallons	530,000-	gallons	530,000-	gallons	200 000	-530,000-	ganons
	B-110	530,000- gallons							530,000-	gallons	-000'085	gallons	530,000-	gallons	-000'085	gallons	530,000-	gallons	-000'065	gallons	530,000-	gallons	000 002	530,000-	gallons
	Month	April							May		June		July		August		September		October		November		-	December	
į	Year																								

	Comments		No comments in monthly report.	Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is 375,000-gallons in B-110, 195,000-gallons in	B-111 and no studge in B-112.	Transferred 182,000-gallons of Evaporator	Bottoms waste from B-110 to B-107 and B-108.	Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is	348,000-gallons in B-110, 195,000-gallons in B-111 and no sludge in B-112.	No comments in monthly report.		No comments in monthly report.	And the second s	No comments in monthly report.		Transferred 281,000-gallons of Evaporator	Bottoms waste from B-111 to B-108.	Estimated sludge volume in all three tanks is	243.000-gallons in B-110, 249.000-gallons in	B-111 and no sludge in B-112.	Same as above.		Same as above.	221-B Plant being readied for restart to process	irradiated reactor fuel. However, restart was not	conducted.	221-B Plant flushes routed to tank B-110. No	change in sludge volumes.	221-B Plant flushes routed to tank B-110. No change in sludge volumes.
41-B-111, A	age	4	4			4		_		4		4		4		4					4		4	4					4
OLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-8-110, 241-8-111, AND 241-8-112	Keierence	HW-35022	HW-35628			HW-36001				HW-36553		HW-37143		HW-38000		HW-38401					HW-38926		HW-39216	HW-39850					HW-40208
OF WASTES IN	D-112	Not legible	542,000-	gailons		542,000-	gallons		-	542,000-	gallons	542,000-	gallons	542,000-	gallons	542,000-	gallons				542,000-	gallons	542,000-	542,000-	gallons				542,000- gallons
Table A-1. VOLUME	B-111	Not legible	530,000-	gallons		-000'085	gallons			530,000-	gallons	530,000-	gallons	530,000-	gallons	249,000-	gallons				249,000-	gallons	249,000-	249.000-	gallons				249,000- gallons
Tabl	D-110	Not legible	530,000-	gallons		348,000-	gallons			348,000-	gallons	348,000-	gallons	348,000-	gallons	348,000-	gallons				348,000-	gallons	348,000-	356,000-	gallons				361,000- gallons
Month	INTOUN	January	February			March				April	•	May		June		July					August		September	October					November
Your	I Car	1955										-													-				

11, AND 241-B-112	Comments	221-B Plant flushes routed to tank B-110.		221-B Plant flushes routed to tank B-110.		221-B Plant flushes routed to tank B-110.		221-B Plant flushes routed to tank B-110.		221-B Plant flushes routed to tank B-110.		221-B Plant flushes routed to tank B-110.		221-B Plant flushes routed to tank B-110.		221-B Plant flushes routed to tank B-110.		221-B Plant flushes routed to tank B-110.		221-B Plant flushes routed to tank B-110.			Tank B-112 noted as being contaminated with	evaporator bottoms waste.	221-B Plant flushes routed to tank B-110.	Tank B-112 noted as being contaminated with	evaporator bottoms waste.	221-B Plant flushes routed to tank B-110.	Tank B-112 noted as being contaminated with	evaporator bottoms waste.		Estimated sludge volume is 243,000-gallons in B-110, 161,000-gallons in B-111 and no sludge in	B-112.
41-B-1	Page	4		4		4		4		4		4		4		4		4		4		4	_		4			4			4		
Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112	Reference	HW-40816		HW-41038		HW-41812		HW-42394		HW-42993		HW-43490		HW-43895		HW-44860		HW-45140		HW-45738		HW-46382			HW-47052			HW-47460			HW-48144		
OF WASTES IN	B-112	542,000-	gailons	542,000-	ganons	542,000-	gallons	542,000-	gallons		542,000-	gallons		542,000-	gallons		540,000-	gallons															
le A-1. VOLUMI	B-111	249,000-	gallons	249,000-	ganons	249,000-	gallons	249,000-	gallons	249,000-	gallons	249,000-	gallons	251,000-	gallons	251,000-	gallons	265,000-	gallons	265,000-	gallons	268,000-	gallons		268,000-	gallons		270,000-	gallons		270,000-	gallons	
	B-110	451,000-	gailons	486,000-	gallolls	496,000-	gallons	501,000-	gallons	-000'085	gallons	-000'085	gallons	-000'085	gallons	-000'085	gallons	530,000-	gallons	-000'085	gallons	-000'085	gallons		-000'025	gallons		530,000-	gallons		533,000-	gallons	
	Month	December		January		February		March		April		May		June		July		August		September		October			November			December			January		
	Year			1956																											1957		

Fable A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111         AND 241-B-112         Comments	4 Same as above.		HW-49523 4 Same as above.	HW-50127 4 Same as above.	HW-50617 4 No comments. 241-B-110 no longer receiving	221-B Plant flush solutions.	Estimated sludge volume is 243,000-gallons in	B-110, 161,000-gallons in B-111, and	23,000-gallons in B-112.	HW-51348 4 Same as above.		HW-51858 4 Same as above.		HW-52414 4 Same as above.		HW-52932 4 Same as above.		4	.RD,	page 88 and Cs-137 precipitation in CR Vault).	B-110, 161,000-gallons in B-111, and	43,000-gallons in B-112.	HW-54067 4 243,000-gallons in B-110, 161,000-gallons in	B-111, and 43,000-gallons sludge in B-112.	HW-54519 4 Same as above.		HW-54916 4 No comments.	HW-55264 4 No comments.	
OLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 2	540,000-	gallons	538,000-	538,000-	538,000-	ons gallons				538,000-	gallons	538,000-	ons gallons	538,000-	ons gallons	538,000-	ons gallons	43,000-gallons		bal			43,000-gallons		43,000-gallons	SUC	43,000-gallons	43,000-gallons	ons
Table A-1. VC B-110 B-11			532,000- 270,0	532,000- 268,000-												535,000-	gallons	535,000- 279,000-					535,000-	gallons	535,000-			535,000- 279,000-	
Year Month	February		March	April	May					June		July		August		September		October					November		December		1958 January	February	

OLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112	Reference Page Comments	HW-55630 4 Latest electrode reading for B-111.	HW-55997 4 No comments.		HW-56357 4 Latest electrode reading for B-112.	Estimated studge volune is 243,000-gallons in B-110, 161,000-gallons in B-111, and 43,000-gallons in B-112.	HW-56761 4 No comments.		HW-57122 4 No comments.	HW-57550 4 Latest electrode reading for B-111.		HW-57711 4 No comments.		HW-58201 4 No comments.		HW-58579 4 No comments.		HW-58831 4 No comments.		HW-59204 4 New electrode reading in B-111.		HW-59586 4 No comments.		HW-60065 4 No comments.		HW-60419 4 No comments.		HW-60738 4 No comments.		HW-61095 4 No comments.
OF WASTES IN TAI	B-112	43,000-gallons	43,000-gallons		46,000-gallons		46,000-gallons		46,000-gailons	46 000-gallons	9 226	46,000-gallons		46,000-gallons		46,000-gallons		46,000-gallons		48,000-gallons		46,000-gallons								
Table A-1. VOLUME	B-111	282,000- gallons	282,000-	gallons	282,000-	gallons	282,000-	gallons	282,000-	279 000-	gallons	279,000-	gallons	279,000-	gallons	279,000-	gallons	279,000-	gallons	334,000-	gallons	334,000-	ganons	334,000-	gallons	334,000-	gallons	334,000-	gallons	334,000- gallons
Tabk	B-110	535,000- gallons	535,000-	gallons	535,000-	gallons	535,000-	gallons	535,000-	535 000	gallons	535,000-	gallons	535,000-	gallons	535,000-	gallons	-000'585	gallons	535,000-	gallons	535,000-	gations	532,000-	gallons	532,000-	gallons	532,000-	gallons	532,000- gallons
	Month	March	April		May		June		July	Anmiet	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	September		October		November		December		January		February		March		April		May		June
	Year																			1959										

Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112	B-112 Reference Page Comments			45,000-gallons HW-61952 4 No comments.		45,000-gallons HW-62421 4 No comments.	43 000 callons HW 62723 4 Latest electrode reading for B-112		43,000-gallons HW-63083 4 No comments.		43,000-gallons HW-63559 4 No comments.		43,000-gallons HW-63896 4 No comments.		43,000-gallons HW-64373 4 No comments.		43,000-gallons HW-64810 4 No comments.		43,000-gallons HW-65272 4 No comments.		43,000-gallons HW-65643 4 No comments.		43,000-gallons HW-66187 4 No comments.		43,000-gallons HW-66557 4 No comments.		43,000-gallons HW-66827 4 No comments.		43,000-gallons HW-67696 4 No comments.		43,000-gallons HW-67705 4 No comments.		32,000-gallons HW-68291 4 Tank B-112 shows an unexplained decrease of
A-1. VOLUME OF W.	B-111 B	_	gallons		gallons	334,000- 45,000	$\dagger$					gallons		gallons	_	gallons		gallons		gallons						gallons				gallons		gallons	334,000- 32,000
Table	B-110	532,000-	gallons	532,000-	gallons	532,000-	\$32 000	sallons	532,000-	gallons	532,000-																						
	Month	July		August		September	October	13000	November		December		January		February		March		April		May		June		] July		August		September		October		November
	Year												1960											_				_			_		

	Comments	No comments.	No comments.	Sludge volumes estimated as 243,000-gallons in B-110 161 000-pallons in B-111, and	29,000-gallons in B-112.	Received 8,000-gallons into B-110 and	148,000-gallons into B-111 from 221-B Flant. Latest electrode reading for B-112.	Sludge volumes estimated as 243,000-gallons in	B-110, 161,000-gallons in B-111, and	29,000-gallons in B-112.	Received 68,000-gallons from 221-B Plant into	B-1111.	D 110 161 000 collection in D 111 and	D-110, 101,000-gamons in D-111, and   35 000-oallons in B-112	Received 5,000-gallons into B-112 from	221-B Plant.	Sludge volumes estimated as 243,000-gallons in	B-110, 161,000-gallons in B-111, and	Purming R. 110 and B. 111 to R. 112	Sludge volumes estimated as 282,000-gallons in	B-110, 300,000-gallons in B-111, and	35,000-gallons in B-112.	Receiving waste from fission product processing at	221-B Plant into B-110 and pumping from B-110	and B-111 to B-112.	Sludge volumes estimated as 282,000-gallons in	B-110, 300,000-gallons in B-111, and 35,000-gallons in B-112.
11-B-111, A	Page	4	4			4					4				4					r 			4				
Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112	Reference	HW-68292	HW-71610		:	HW-72625					HW-74647				HW-76223				07.097 11.11	61781-MTT			HW-80379				
E OF WASTES IN	B-112	32,000-gallons	29,000-gallons			40,000-gallons	_				35,000-gallons				40,000-gallons	)			271 000	sallons	<b>b</b>		524,000-	gallons	•		
le A-1. VOLUMI	B-111	334,000- gallons	332,000-	gallons		480,000-	gallons			4	554,000-	gallons			554,000-	gallons	ì		242 000	-callons	0		337,000-	gallons	•		
٠ ١	B-110	532,000- gallons	530,000-	gallons		538,000-	gallons				532,000-	gallons			532,000-	gallons	•		630,000	-500,000-	<u>.</u>		365,000-	gallons			
	Month	December	January thru	June		July	thru December				January thru	June		,	July	thrú	December		Tomas them.	January unu			July	thru	December		
	Year		1961								1962								1062	COKI						_	

ND 241-B-112	Receiving waste from fission product processing at 221-B Plant into B-110 and pumping from B-110 and B-111 to B-112.  Sludge volumes estimated as 282,000-gallons in B-110, 300,000-gallons in B-111, and 35,000-gallons in B-112.	Receiving waste from fission product processing at 221-B Plant into B-110 and pumping from B-110 and B-111 to B-112.  Sludge volumes estimated as 282,000-gallons in B-110, 300,000-gallons in B-111, and 35,000-gallons in B-112.	Received 166,000-galloons of waste from fission product processing at 221-B Plant into B-111.  Transferred 177,000-gallons of waste from B-111 to B-112.  Transferred 263,000-gallons of waste from B-112 to AX-101.  Sludge volumes estimated as 332,000-gallons in B-110, 310,000-gallons in B-111, and 35,000-gallons in B-112.	Received 61,000-galloons of waste from fission product processing at 221-B Plant into B-111.  Transferred 137,000-gallons of waste from B-112 to AX-101.  Sludge volumes estimated as 332,000-gallons in B-110, 310,000-gallons in B-111, and 35,000-gallons in B-112.	Received 35,000-galloons of waste from fission product processing at 221-B Plant into B-111.  Transferred 207,000-gallons of waste from B-112 to AX-101.  Sludge volumes estimated as 332,000-gallons in B-110, 310,000-gallons in B-111, and 35,000-gallons in B-112.
41-B-111,	4	4	4	4	4
OLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112	HW-83308	RL-SEP-260	RL-SEP-659	RL-SEP-821	RL-SEP-923
OF WASTES IN	536,000- gallons	536,000- gallons	450,000- gallons	313,000- gallons	106,000- gallons
Table A-1. VOLUME	338,000- gallons	392,000- gallons	381,000. gallons	442,000- gallons	477,000- gallons
Tabl	528,000-gallons	528,000- gallons	543,000- gallons	543,000- gallons	543,000- gallons
Mo=41.	January thru June	July thru December	January thru June	July thru September	October thru December
Voor	1964		1965		

	Comments	Received 997,000-galloons of waste from fission product processing at 221-B Plant into B-111. [Note: Volume received into B-111 seems to be in error and is likely only 97,000-gallons based on previous monthly report and waste inventories reported for B-111 and B-112.]  Transferred 105,000-gallons of waste from B-111 to B-112.	Sludge volumes estimated as 332,000-gallons in B-110, 310,000-gallons in B-111, and 35,000-gallons in B-112.	Report could not be located.	Received 39,000-gallons of waste from fission product processing at 221-B Plant into B-111. Transferred 33,000 callons of waste from B-111 to	B-112. Sludge volumes estimated as 332,000-gallons in B-110, 310,000-gallons in B-111, and 35,000-gallons in B-112.	Received 19,000-gallons of waste from fission product processing at 221-B Plant into B-111.	Received 36,000-gallons of waste from fission product processing at 221-B Plant into B-111.	Received 89,000-gallons of waste from fission product processing at 221-B Plant into B-111.  Transferred 191,000-gallons from B-111 to B-112.	Received 31,000-gallons of waste from fission product (FP) processing at 221-B Plant into B-111. Sludge volumes estimated as 243,000-gallons in B-110, 161,000-gallons in B-111, and 40,000-gallons in B-112.
41-B-111, A	Page	4			4		4	4	4	\$
Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112	Reference	ISO-226		ISO-404	ISO-538		ISO-674	ISO-806	180-967	ARH-95
OF WASTES IN	B-112	gallons			337,000- gallons		337,000- gallons	337,000- gallons	528,000- gallons	528,000- gallons
le A-1. VOLUME	B-111	469,000- gallons			442,000- gallons		461,000- gallons	497,000- gallons	395,000- gallons	426,000- gallons
Tab	B-110	541,000- gallons			541,000- gallons		541,000- gallons	541,000- gallons	541,000- gallons	536,000- gallons
	Month	January thru March		April thru June	July	eptemor	October thru December	January thru March	April thru June	July thru September
	Year	1966						1961		

;	,	- 1	e A-1. VOLUME	OF WASTES IN	Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112	I-B-111, A	
Year	Month	B-110	B-111	B-112	Keference	Page	Comments
	October thru	466,000-	243,000-	120,000-	ARH-326	\$	153,000-gallons from B-110 transferred to B-112.
	December	gallons	gallons (FP)	gallons (FP)			Received 115,000-gallons from tank 9-2 in
			280,000-	49,000-gallons			221-B Plant into B-111.
			gallons (EB)	(EB)			221-B Plant cell 23 evaporator received feed from
							B-112 and transferred evaporator bottoms (EB) to
							B-111.
1968	January thru	390,000-	241,000-	331,000-	ARH-534	5	Received 311,000-gallons from 221-B Plant cell
	March	gallons (FP)	gallons (FP)	gallons (FP)			23 evaporator bottoms (EB) into B-110. Tank
		156,000-	280,000-	204,000-			B-110 received 135,000-gallons from 221-B Plant
		gallons (EB)	gallons (EB)	gallons (EB)			tank 9-2.
_							B-112 received 366,000-gallons of waste from
							tank B-110.
		-					Sludge volumes estimated as 243,000-gallons in
							B-110, 161,000-gallons in B-111, and 40,000-
				,			gallons in B-112.
	April thru	390,000-	239,000-	343,000-	ARH-721	9-5	No waste received into B-110, B-111, or B-112.
	June	gallons (FP)	gallons (FP)	gallons (FP)			221-B Plant waste routed to BX-101 and BX-104.
		156,000-	280,000-	204,000-			Sludge volumes estimated as 297,000-gallons in
		gallons (EB)	gallons (EB)	gallons (EB)			B-110, 241,000-gallons in B-111, and
						į	18,000-gallons in B-112.
	July thru	390,000-	239,000-	343,000-	ARH-871	2-6	Same as above.
	September	gallons (FP)	gallons (FP)	gallons (FP)			
		156,000-	280,000-	204,000-			
		gallons (EB)	gallons (EB)	gallons (EB)			
	October thru	93,000 (FP),	276,000 (EB),	325,000 (FP),	ARH-1061	S	No waste received into B-110, B-111, or B-112.
	December	155,000 (EB),	241,000-	204,000 (EB),			221-B Plant waste routed to BX-101 and AX-101.
<del></del>		297,000-	gallons sludge	18,000-gallons			
_		gallons sludge		sludge			
1969	January thru	93,000 (FP),	272,000 (EB),	325,000 (FP),	ARH-1200 A	5	No waste received into B-110, B-111, or B-112.
	March	152,000 (EB),	241,000-	207,000 (EB),			221-B Plant waste routed to BX-Farm, AX-101,
		297,000-	gallons sludge	18,000-gallons			AX-103, and AX-104.
		gallons sludge		sludge			B-112 received 3,000-gallons of waste from pump
							wating variabiliti

	_						_			_			_		—,		_												_		
	Comments	No waste received into B-110 or B-111.  Transferred 127,000-gallons from B-111 to B-112.	Received 21,000-gallons of waste from catch tank	241-B-301-B into B-112, Catch tank 241-B-301-B receives desirance from diversion boves B-151	B-152. B-153, and B-252.	Transferred 597,000-gallons from B-112 to B-103.	Transferred 206,000-gallons of waste from B-110	to B-112.	Received 199,000-gallons of ion exchange (IX)	column wash waste from 221-B Plant into B-110	and 214,000-gailons of LX waste into B-1111.	Transferred 312,000-gailons of waste from B-111	to BY-112.	Transferred 339,000-gallons of waste from B-112	to B-103.	Received 1,119,000-gallons of ion exchange (IX)	column wash waste from 221-B Plant into B-111.	Transferred 275,000-gallons of waste from B-111	to B-112, 428,000-gallons of waste to B-108, and	367,000-gallons of waste to B-109.	Received 276,000-gallons of ion exchange (IX)	column wash waste from 221-B Plant into B-111.	Transferred 208,000-gallons of waste from B-111	to B-103.	Received 265,000-gallons of ion exchange (IX)	column waste from processing PUREX	Supernatant Neutralized (PSN) waste at	221-B Plant into B-111. Transferred	279,000-gallons of waste from B-111 to B-103.	B-111 received 11,000-gallons water flush and	7,000-gallons of waste from catch tank 301-B.
41-B-111, A	Page	8					\$									S	_			•	S				S	_					
Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112	Keierence	ARH-1200 B					ARH-1200 C									ARH-1200 D					ARH-1666 A				ARH-1666 B						
OF WASTES IN	B-112	83,000 (EB), 18,000-gallons	sludge			į	82,000 (EB),	(XI) 000'6L1	18,000-gallons	sludge						106,000 (EB),	430,000 (IX)	18,000-gallons	sludge		106,000 (EB),	429,000 (IX)	18,000-gallons	sludge	106,000 (EB),	434,000 (IX)	18,000-gallons	sludge			
le A-1. VOLUME	B-111	147,000 (EB), 241,000-	gallons sludge				24,000 (EB),	35,000 (IX)	241,000-	galions sludge						349,000 (IX)	241,000-	gallons sludge	1		(XI) 000,661	232,000-	gallons sludge		Z259,000 (IX)	244,000-	gallons sludge				
1	B-110	93,000 (FP), 151,000 (EB),	297,000-	gallons sludge			38,000 (EB),	(XI) 000,661	297,000-	gallons sludge						38,000 (EB),	(XI) 000,661	297,000-	gallons sludge		38,000 (EB),	196,000 (IX)	297,000-	gallons sludge	38,000 (EB),	195,000 (IX)	297,000-	gallons sludge		•	
	Month	April thru June		,			July thru	September								October thru	December				January thru	March			April thru	June					
	Year																				1970										

110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112	B-112 Reference Page			18,0	sludge	_	6	sludge 18,000-gallons	sludge		- 00	słudge   18,0	sludge		-00	sludge 18,0	sludge	106,000 (EB), ARH-2074 C 5	00- 433,000 (IX)	sludge   18,0	sludge	10,000 (EB), ARH-2074 D 5	100- 40,000 (IX)	sludge   18,(		14,000 (EB), ARH-2456 A 4	55,000 (IX)	18,000-gallons	sludge			000- 11:12:	studge studge
2 A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES	B-111 B-112	(2)		gallons studge 18,000-gallons	$\dashv$	<u></u>	6	gallons sludge   18,000-gallons		୍ଦ	- 00	gailons sludge   18,000-gallons		Ġ	-00	gallons sludge   18,000-gallon		258,000 (IX) 106,000 (EB)		gallons sludge   18,000-gallon		() 		gallons sludge   18,000-gallon	sludge				gallons sludge sludge		+ <u>t</u>	-00	gallons studge studge
Table /	B-110	-	<u>~</u>		e S	_	<u>~</u>	297,000-	gallons sludge	38,000 (EB),	<u>~</u>		gallons sludge	38,000 (EB),	<u> </u>	297,000-	gallons sludge	1,000 (EB),	_	297,000-	_	1,000 (EB),	_		gallons sludge	2,000 (IX)	-000,762	gallons sludge		6,000 (IX)	282,000-	gallons sludge	
	Month	July thru	September			October thru	December			January thru	March			April thru	June			July thru	September			October thru	December			January thru	March			April thru	June	_	
	Year		•				-			1971																1972	_						

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ND 241-B-112	Comments	B-110 received 6,000-gallons of flush water and	transferred 24,000-gallons of waste to B-102.			B-110 received 3,000-gallons of flush water and	transferred 14,000-gallons of waste to B-102.			B-110 received 1,000-gallons of flush water and	transferred 3,000-gallons of waste to B-102.	B-112 being used to receive evaporator bottoms	(EB) from In-Tank Solidification (ITS) unit	No waste received into B-110 or B-111.	B-112 being used to receive evaporator bottoms	(EB) from In-Tank Solidification (ITS) unit		No waste received into B-110 or B-111.	B-112 being used to receive evaporator bottoms	(EB) from In-Tank Solidification (ITS) unit		No waste received into B-110 or B-111.	Suspect B-110 tank as leaking.	B-112 being used to receive evaporator bottoms	(EB) from In-Tank Solidification (ITS) unit	No waste received into B-110 or B-111.	Suspect B-110 tank as leaking.	B-112 being used to receive evaporator bottoms	(EB) from In-Tank Solidification (ITS) unit
41-B-111, A	Page	4				4				4	_			4				4				4				4			
Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112	Reference	ARH-2456 C				ARH-2456 D				ARH-2794 A				ARH-2974 B				ARH-2974 C				ARH-2974 D				ARH-CD-133 A			
OF WASTES IN	B-112	13,000 (EB),	50,000 (IX)	14,000-gallons	sludge	13,000 (EB),	50,000 (IX)	14,000-gallons	sludge	288,000	supernatant	14,000-gallons	sludge	289,000	supernatant	14,000-gallons	sludge	291,000	supernatant	14,000-gallons	sludge	291,000	supernatant	14,000-gallons	sludge	291,000	supernatant	14,000-gallons	sludge
le A-1. VOLUME	B-111	17,000 (IX),	246,000-	gallons sludge		3,000 (IX),	246,000-	gallons sludge	_	0-gallons	supernatant,	249,000-	gallons sludge	0-gallons	supernatant,	249,000-	gallons sludge	0-gallons	supernatant,	249,000-	gallons sludge	0-gallons	supernatant,	249,000-	gallons sludge	0-gallons	supernatant,	249,000-	gallons sludge
	B-110	0-gallons	supernatant,	282,000-	gallons sludge	0-gallons	supernatant,	282,000-	gallons sludge	0-gallons	supernatant,	282,000-	gallons sludge	0-gallons	supernatant,	282,000-	gallons sludge	0-gallons	supernatant,	282,000-	gallons sludge	0-gallons	supernatant,	282,000-	gallons sludge	0-gallons	supernatant,	282,000-	gallons sludge
	Month	July thru	September			October thru	December	_		January thru	March	_		April thru	June			July thru	September			October thru	December	-		January thru	March		
	Year									1973																1974			

Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112	Reference Page Comments		Suspect B-110 tank as leaking. Transferred	8,000-gallons of waste from B-110 to B-102.	B-112 being used to receive evaporator bottoms	(EB) from In-Tank Solidification (ITS) unit.	B-112 received 23,000-gallons of waste from	BY.107.	ARH-CD-133 C 4 No waste received into B-110 or B-111.	Suspect B-110 tank as leaking. Transferred	15,000-gallons of waste from B-110 to B-102.	B-112 being used to receive evaporator bottoms	(EB) from In-Tank Solidification (ITS) unit.	ARH-CD-133 D 4 No waste received into B-110 or B-111.	Suspect B-110 tank as leaking. Added	4,000-gallons of water to B-110, then transferred	7,000-gallons of waste to B-102.	B-112 being used to receive evaporator bottoms	(EB) from In-Tank Solidification (ITS) unit.	ARH-CD-336 A 4 No waste received into B-110 or B-111.	Suspect B-110 tank as leaking. Transferred	2,000-gallons of waste from B-110 to B-102.	B-112 being used to receive evaporator bottoms	(EB) from In-Tank Solidification (ITS) unit.	ARH-CD-336 B 4 No waste received into B-110 or B-111.	B-110 removed from service. Transferred	3,000-gallons of waste from B-110 to B-102.	B-112 being used to receive evaporator bottoms	(EB) from In-Tank Solidification (ITS) unit.	ARH-CD-336 C 4 No waste received into B-110 or B-111.	B-110 removed from service. Transferred	5,000-gallons of waste from B-110 to B-102.	B-112 being used to receive evaporator bottoms (EB) from In-Tank Solidification (ITS) unit.
OF WASTES IN 1	B-112	314,000	supernatant	14,000-gallons	sludge				315,000	supernatant	14,000-gallons	sludge		294,000	supernatant	35,000-gallons	sludge			294,000	supernatant	35,000-gallons	sludge		294,000	supernatant	35,000-gallons	sludge		294,000	supernatant	35,000-gallons	sludge
e A-1. VOLUME	B-111	0-gallons	supernatant,	249,000-	gallons sludge				0-gallons	supernatant,	249,000-	gallons sludge		3,000-gallons	supernatant,	246,000-	gallons sludge			3,000-gallons	supernatant,	246,000-	gallons sludge		3,000-gailons	supernatant,	246,000-	gallons sludge		3,000-gallons	supernatant,	246,000-	gallons sludge
Tabl	B-110	0-gallons	supernatant,	282,000-	gallons sludge				0-gallons	supernatant,	282,000-	gallons sludge		0-gallons	supernatant,	282,000-	gallons sludge			0-gallons	supernatant,	282,000-	gallons sludge		0-gallons	supernatant,	282,000-	gallons sludge		0-gallons	supernatant,	282,000-	gallons sludge
	Month	April thru	June						July thru	September				October thru	December					January thru	March				April thru	June				July thru	September		
	Year																			1975													

	,	- 1	le A-1. VOLUME	OF WASTES IN	Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANKS 241-B-110, 241-B-111, AND 241-B-112	I-B-111, A	İ	Г
Year	Month	B-110	B-111	B-112	Reference	Page	Comments	_
	October thru	0-gallons	3,000-gallons	294,000	ARH-CD-336 D	4	No waste received into B-110 or B-111.	
	December	supernatant,	supernatant,	supernatant			B-110 removed from service. Transferred	
		282,000-	246,000-	35,000-gallons			5,000-gallons of waste from B-110 to B-102.	
		gallons sludge	gallons sludge	sludge			B-112 being used to receive evaporator bottoms	
							(EB) from In-Tank Solidification (ITS) unit.	
1976	January thru	0-gallons	3,000-gallons	294,000	ARH-CD-702 A	4	No waste received into B-110 or B-111.	_
	March	supernatant,	supernatant,	supernatant			B-110 removed from service. Transferred	
		282,000-	246,000-	35,000-gallons			2,000-gallons of waste from B-110 to B-102.	
		gallons sludge	gallons sludge	shudge			B-112 being used to receive evaporator bottoms	
		•	)	)			(EB) from In-Tank Solidification (ITS) unit.	
	April thru	0-gallons	3,000-gallons	294,000	ARH-CD-702 B	4	No waste received into B-110 or B-111.	г
	June	supernatant,	supernatant,	supernatant			B-110 and B-111 removed from service.	
		282,000-	246,000-	35,000-gallons			Transferred 1,000-gallons of waste from B-110 to	
		gallons sludge	gallons sludge	sludge			B-102.	
							B-112 being used to receive evaporator bottoms	
							(EB) from In-Tank Solidification (ITS) unit.	-
	September	0-gallons	3,000-gallons	297,000	ARH-CD-702 I	7	No waste received into B-110 or B-111.	
		supernatant,	supernatant,	supernatant			B-110 and B-111 removed from service. Saltwell	
		282,000-	246,000-	35,000-gallons			purmping B-110 to B-102.	
		gallons sludge	gallons sludge	sludge			B-112 being used to receive evaporator bottoms	
							(EB) from In-Tank Solidification (ITS) unit.	
(1) Perce	ntages refer to th	(1) Percentages refer to the volume of waste present	present in all three tanks.	e tanks.				

Table A-2. Cesium Ion Exchange Batch Processing Information for B-Plant

July 1969 Through June 1970 1

		Τ-	July	1969 Throug	h June 1970	•		
İ				Cs-137		Cs-137	1 1	
<b>  .</b>	<b>.</b>	l	Total Cs-137	Recovered		Loss to		
Batch	Start	Finish	In	in TK-20-1	Percentage	<u>Waste</u>	Percentage	Waste Type <sup>2</sup>
Number	Date	Date	Curies	Curies	Recovered	Curies	Loss	
112	1-Jul	3-Jul	319,800	355,175	111.06%	6,487	2.0%	PSN
113	3-Jul	5-Jul	344,520	382,745	111.10%	1,942	0.6%	PSN
114	5-Jul	7-Jul	340,600	378,280	111.06%	3,425	1.0%	PSN
115	7-Jul	9-Jul	335,916	324,645	96.64%	528	0.2%	PSN
116	9-Jul	17-Jul	340,600	329,156	96.64%	2,159	0.6%	PSN
117	17-Jul	20-Jul	338,000	326,704	96.66%	16,547	4.9%	PSN
118	20-Jul	24-Jul	451,500	544,336	120.56%	5,189	1.1%	PSN
119	24-Jul	27-Jul	392,600	473,304	120.56%	8,993	2.3%	PSN
120	27-Jul	28-Jul	522,126	515,000	98.64%	6,953	1.3%	CAW
121	28-Jul	31-Jul	408,200	400,920	98.22%	6,128	1.5%	PSN
122	31-Jul	2-Aug	351,000	344,728	98.21%	5,536	1.6%	PSN
123	2-Aug	8-Aug	619,353	608,352	98.22%	10,055	1.6%	PSN
124	8-Aug	12-Aug	691,254	658,620	95.28%	1,752	0.3%	CAW
125	12-Aug	15-Aug	535,500	510,287	95.29%	4,625	0.9%	PSN
126	15-Aug	15-Aug	600,400	572,093	95.29%	5,810	1.0%	PSN
127	15-Aug	21-Aug	493,770	442,079	89.53%	2,310	0.5%	PSN
128	21-Aug	23-Aug	296,000	265,021	89.53%	11,381	3.8%	PSN
129	23-Aug	26-Aug	514,500	425,439	82.69%	4,811	0.9%	PSN
130	26-Aug	29-Aug	740,000	611,886	82.69%	19,663	2.7%	
131	29-Aug	2-Sep	298,797	247,108	82.70%			PSN
132	2-Sep	5-Sep	900,000	744,367	<del></del>	1,280	0.4%	CAW
133	5-Sep	8-Sep	502,326		82.71%	1,476	0.2%	CAW
134	8-Sep	12-Sep	576,704	673,597	134.10%	15,006	3.0%	PSN
135	12-Sep	12-Sep 15-Sep		773,443	134.11%	4,733	0.8%	PSN
136	15-Sep	13-Sep	516,675	724,210	140.17%	17,227	3.3%	PSN
137	13-Sep 18-Sep		452,430	634,124	140.16%	9,332	2.1%	PSN
138	22-Sep	22-Sep	539,396	755,881	140.13%	15,451	2.9%	PSN
139		25-Sep	538,153	754,122	140.13%	36,025	6.7%	PSN
140	25-Sep	28-Sep	464,407	650,663	140.11%	15,928	3.4%	PSN
<del></del>	28-Sep	30-Sep	510,808	555,764	108.80%	21,758	4.3%	PSN
141	30-Sep	3-Oct	864,283	940,236	108.79%	173	0.0%	CAW
· -		Subtotal	14,799,618	15,922,285	107.59%	262,683	1.8%	
142	3-Oct	6-Oct	556 400	400 040	90 650/	16 701	2.004	7000
			556,600	498,968	89.65%	16,701	3.0%	PSN
143 144	6-Oct	9-Oct	554,625	497,312	89.67%	10,459	1.9%	PSN
	9-Oct	14-Oct	722,680	647,632	89.62%	72	0.0%	CAW
145	14-Oct	17-Oct	626,750	561,877	89.65%	6,153	1.0%	PSN
146	17-Oct	20-Oct	547,500	490,690	89.62%	17,017	3.1%	PSN
147	20-Oct	22-Oct	685,410	614,521	89.66%	15,094	2.2%	PSN
148	22-Oct	26-Oct	773,938	1,133,437	146.45%	1,088	0.1%	<u>CAW</u>
149	26-Oct	3-Nov	403,832	591,494	146.47%	1,544	0.4%	CAW
150	3-Nov	6-Nov	602,915	883,069	146.47%	3,913	0.6%	PSN
151	6-Nov	9-Nov	576,000	497,719	86.41%	5,755	1.0%	PSN
152	9-Nov	13-Nov	364,800	315,281	86.43%	12,200	3.3%	PSN

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Table A-2. Cesium Ion Exchange Batch Processing Information for B-Plant

July 1969 Through June 1976 1

			July	1969 Throug	h June 1970			
				Cs-137		Cs-137		
Dotah	Ctont	Timbah	Total Cs-137	Recovered		Loss to		· 2
Batch	Start	Finish	In	in TK-20-1			Percentage	Waste Type <sup>2</sup>
Number 153	Date	Date 17 Nov	Curies	Curies	Recovered	Curies	Loss	
	13-Nov		663,348	<del></del>	+	5,780	_	PSN
154	17-Nov				<del></del>	5,100	_	PSN
155	21-Nov					7,400		PSN
156	28-Nov					9,440		PSN
157	29-Nov					0	*****	CAW
158	2-Dec				<del></del>	14,300		PSS
159	6-Dec					15,000		PSS
160	11-Dec				+	5,000	1.4%	PSN
161	16-Dec	20-Dec	597,520	861,084	144.11%	2,000	0.3%	CAW
162A	20-Dec	23-Jan	193,800	279,174	144.05%	0	0.0%	CAW
162B	20-Dec	23-Jan	81,342	117,632	144.61%	0	0.0%	PSN
163	23-Jan	13-Feb	563,115	589,683	104.72%	2,800	0.5%	CAW
164A	13-Feb	5-Mar	369,132	386,562	104.72%	544	0.1%	CAW
164B	13-Feb	5-Mar	129,383	135,525	104.75%	190	0.1%	CAW
165	5-Mar	15-Mar	492,800	701,000	142.25%	223	0.0%	PSN
166	15-Маг	18-Mar	315,448	251,100	79.60%	33,298	10.6%	PSN
167	18-Mar	21-Mar	659,848	525,312	79.61%	33,377	5.1%	PSN
168	21-Mar	15-Apr				9,707		PSN
169	15-Apr					20,240		PSN
170	19-Apr				<del></del>	5,330		PSN
171	22-Apr					34,300		PSN
172	25-Apr					51,860		PSN
173	28-Apr					79,420		PSN
174	8-May		218,191			33,790		PSN
175	13-May					7,000		PSN
176	19-May	_				2,070		CAW
177R	24-May		020,500	211,711	117.0070			ches 173, 174, 175
178	25-May		499,366	583,778	116.90%	22,400		PSN
179	29-May					37,900		PSN
180	2-Jun	<b>.</b>				120		CAW
181	4-Jun			400,970		14,970		PSN
182	7-Jun			395,289		16,900		PSN
183	12-Jun					15,600		PSN
184	14-Jun		378,600			13,500		
185	17-Jun			831,449		14,000		PSN + CO
103		Subtotal						PSN + CO
			22,828,819			604,175		
		Total	37,628,437	39,145,753	104.03%	866,858	2.3%	
LABITATOS	146.3							·
<sup>l</sup> ARH-N-82, p	ages 140 info	ugn 149.						

<sup>2</sup> Definitions of Waste Type CAW: Current Acid Waste, HLW from PUREX

PSN: PUREX Supernatant Neutralized. Neutralized to pH 10 PUREX HLW from tank farms. PSN + CO: Recovered Cs-137 inventory is from PSN and Cs-137 from cleanout of equipment.

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# ORIGIN OF WASTE IN SINGLE-SHELL TANK 241-T-104

M. E. Johnson

CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc.

Richland, WA 99352

U.S. Department of Energy Contract DE-AC27-99RL14047

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Abstract: A review of waste transfer documentation was conducted to determine the origin of waste transferred into single-shell tank 241-T-104. This review was conducted to support decisions concerning disposition of the waste present in this tank.

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# Tank Farm Contractor (TFC) RECORD OF REVISION

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Page 1

(2) Title

	Change Control	Record	
(3) Revision	(4) Description of Change - Replace, Add, and Delete Pages	Authorized for Release	
	(1) 2000, part of the part of t	(5) Resp. Engr. (print/sign/date)	(6) Resp. Mrg. (print/sign/date
<b>₹5</b> 1	Add - Executive Summary and Section 4: Discussion that the radionuclide inventory is based on analyses of two core samples and used 10-11-2004 best basis inventory.	Michael E. Johnson	SHadeas 12/15/04
	Add - Section 2: Expanded discussion on types of records reviewed and information available in each of these records.		
	Add - Sections 2.2 & 3.1: Added discussion that plutonium precipitate separated from uranium and fission products was washed three times and the wash water combined with the uranium and fission product solution.		
	Add - Section 2.2.5: Discussed that 1C/CW waste was transferred to tank 241-T-104 from February through September 1954.		
	Change - Section 2.2.5: Date that 1C/CW waste was transferred to tanks 241-TY-101 and 241-TY-103 from November 1954 to October 20, 1954.		
	Add - Section 3.1: Spent nuclear fuel reprocessing completed in the 221 BiPO4 process when plutonium was separated from the metal waste.		
	Change - Table 3: Sr concentrations reported for samples from tanks T-108 (top), T-108 (bottom), C-112 and average for 1C/CW were incorrectly transcribed from the reference document. Error was corrected.	·	
	Add - Section 3.1.1: Included discussion on off-gas scrubbers and silver chemical reactors that were installed in the 221 BiPO4 Plants.		

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# ORIGIN OF WASTE IN SINGLE-SHELL TANK 241-T-104

M. E. Johnson CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc.

Date Published October 2004



Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy Office of River Protection

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited

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# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

A review of waste transfer documentation was conducted to determine the origin of waste transferred into single-shell tank 241-T-104. This review was conducted to support decisions concerning disposition of the waste present in this tank.

Tank 241-T-104 was used to periodically receive first decontamination cycle (1C) waste and coating removal waste (CW) from the 221-T Bismuth Phosphate Plant from March 11, 1946, through October 19, 1954. No other waste types were received and stored in tank 241-T-104.

In the bismuth phosphate process, irradiated nuclear fuel elements were processed to recover plutonium. The aluminum coating on the fuel elements was first dissolved and separated from the uranium fuel elements. Then, the uranium fuel elements were dissolved. The plutonium was separated from the uranium and the majority of the fission products by carrier precipitation using bismuth phosphate. The uranium and fission product waste (so-called metal waste) was neutralized and transferred to various single-shell tanks. The plutonium and bismuth precipitate were processed through two additional precipitation steps to separate phosphate insoluble fission products (e.g., cerium, niobium, ruthenium, and zirconium) from the plutonium. These two precipitation steps were known as the first decontamination cycle (1C) and second decontamination cycle (2C). The coating removal waste (CW) was transferred with the 1C waste to various single-shell tanks. Similarly, the 2C waste was also transferred to various single-shell tanks.

During storage in the single-shell tanks, the IC/CW waste precipitated solids which contained primarily bismuth, plutonium, americium, uranium, sodium, phosphate, sulfate, and metals. The IC/CW supernatant contained primarily aluminum, sodium, nitrate, and cesium-137. As a result, tank 241-T-104 contained settled IC/CW solids (i.e., bismuth and plutonium precipitate) and IC/CW supernatant. The IC/CW supernatant was removed from tank 241-T-104 and processed in the 242-T Evaporator (April through July 1951) or disposed in the east section of trench 216-T-14 (January 14, 1954). The interstitial liquid was removed from the IC/CW sludge present in tank 241-T-104 and transferred to other underground storage tanks in two campaigns conducted February 1976 to August 1977 and March 24, 1996 to May 30, 1999.

Core samples of the sludge stored in tank 241-T-104 were obtained in 1992 and analyzed to determine chemical and radiochemical constituent concentrations. The concentration of transuranic elements present in the 1C/CW sludge contained in tank 241-T-104 is approximately 159.8  $\eta$ Ci/g, based on the analytical results of the core samples for Pu-238, Pu-239, Pu-240 and Am-241. The average concentrations of cesium-137 and strontium-90 in the 1C/CW sludge as analyzed in the tank 241-T-104 core samples are approximately 0.155  $\mu$ Ci/g and 2.03  $\mu$ Ci/g, decay corrected to January 1, 2004.

# ' ≥ RPP-16129 Rev. 1

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# LIST OF TERMS

IC	first cycle of the bismuth phosphate plutonium decontamination process
2C	second cycle of the bismuth phosphate plutonium decontamination process
5-6	low activity cell drainage waste
cc	cubic centimeters
Ci	Curies
CW	Coating waste
DOE	U.S. Department of Energy
HLW	high-level waste

HLWhigh-level wastekgkilogramskLkilolitersLLWlow-level wasteMWMetal wasteTRUtransuranic

ηCi/g nanocuries per gram

μCi/cc microcuries per cubic centimeters

μCi/g microcuries per gram

μg/cc micrograms per cubic centimeters

μg/g micrograms per gram

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The origin of the waste in tank 241-T-104 has been reviewed to provide information for determining the disposition of this waste. Section 2.0 discusses the origin of waste transferred into and removed from single-shell tank 241-T-104. Section 3.0 provides a description of the different types of wastes that were generated at the Hanford Site chemical processing plants and transferred to single-shell tank 241-T-104. Section 4.0 provides a discussion on the radionuclide analyses of the waste in single-shell tank 241-T-104. Section 5 summarizes the waste types that were transferred into single-shell tank 241-T-104.

#### 2.0 WASTE TRANSFER INTO AND WASTE REMOVAL FROM TANK 241-T-104

This section provides a brief description of single-shell tank 241-T-104 and summarizes waste transfers into and waste removal from these tanks. In order to determine the origins of the waste presently stored in single-shell tank 241-T-104, publicly available reports for the Hanford Site were reviewed. Documents reviewed included the Hanford site contractors' monthly reports (1945 through 1975), Army Corp of Engineers monthly reports (December 1944 through December 1946), U. S. Atomic Energy Commission monthly reports (1947 through 1954), waste disposal reports (1948 through 1975), tank farm waste status summary reports, and miscellaneous letters and technical reports.

The Hanford site contractors' monthly reports for January 1945 through July 1951 list the volume of waste stored in the single-shell tanks, with the exception of the B-200 and T-200 series single-shell tanks. No records were located that provided the volume of wastes stored in the single-shell tanks from August 1951 through February 1952. Beginning in March 1952, waste transfers and the volume of waste stored in each single-shell tank were reported for each tank in a waste status summary report.

With the exception of the waste status summary reports, all reports cited in this section are available electronically from the Hanford Declassified Document Retrieval System at <a href="http://www2.hanford.gov/declass/">http://www2.hanford.gov/declass/</a> or the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Information Bridge at <a href="http://www.osti.gov/bridge/">http://www.osti.gov/bridge/</a>. The waste status summary reports are available only as photocopies from Hanford Site Records Information Management Services organization.

#### 2.1 DESCRIPTION OF TANK 241-T-104

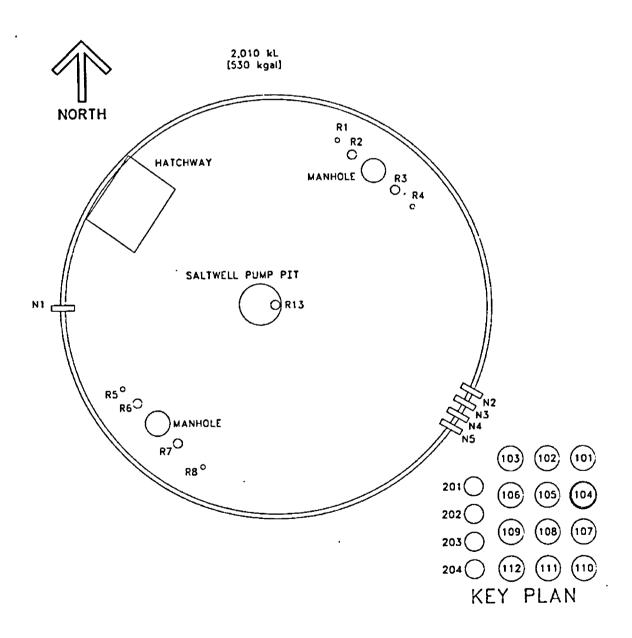
Single-shell tank 241-T-104 was originally constructed in 1944 as part of the Manhattan Project (HW-10475-C, chapter IX) and is one of the twelve, 100-series tanks in 241-T Tank Farm. Figure 1 provides a plan view of tank 241-T-104. The 100-series tanks are seventy-five-foot diameter underground tanks made of reinforced concrete with a steel liner on the bottom and sides. The steel liner extends to a height of nineteen-foot. Each 100-series tank has a design capacity of 530,000 gallons at a liquid depth of sixteen-feet, eight-inches. The 241-T Tank Farm also includes four 200-series tanks that are of similar construction as the 100-series tanks, but are only twenty-foot diameter, and each has a capacity of 55,000-gallons.

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Single-shell tank 241-T-104 has five nozzles identified as N1 through N5. Tank 241-T-105 was connected via an underground overflow pipeline (nozzle N1 in Figure 1) to allow waste to cascade to tank 241-T-105. Tank 241-T-105 was also connected via a separate underground overflow pipeline to tank 241-T-106, which allowed waste to cascade from tank 241-T-104 into tank 241-T-105 and then into tank 241-T-106. In addition to the overflow piping, each tank is equipped with four, 3-inch diameter stainless steel inlet pipes.

Originally, three of the four inlet pipes (nozzles N2 through N4 in Figure 1) on tank 241-T-104 were connected to diversion box 241-T-153. The four inlet pipes for tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 were blanked off close to each tank (HW-10475-C, page 907 and 908). However, on July 23, 1946, piping modifications were conducted to allow the direct transfer of waste from 221-T Plant through diversion box 241-T-153 to tank 241-T-105 (H-2-578, H-2-755, and HAN-45762, pages 26 and 32). This allowed tank 241-T-105 to be independently filled with waste that could then cascade through the overflow pipeline to tank 241-T-106. Waste transfers into tank 241-T-104 and the operation of the tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 as a cascade are discussed in more detail in Section 2.2.

Figure 1. Tank 241-T-104 Plan View



### 2.2 WASTE TRANSFERS FOR TANK 241-T-104

The following sections describe in chronological order the waste transferred into tank 241-T-104 and the waste disposition. Appendix A provides a listing of the waste volume present in tank 241-T-104 from 1945 through 1977. The only types of waste transferred into tank 241-T-104 were coating removal waste and first decontamination cycle waste from the bismuth phosphate process conducted in the 221-T Plant.

In the bismuth phosphate process, irradiated nuclear fuel was processed to separate plutonium using the bismuth phosphate process. The coating on the irradiated nuclear fuel was initially dissolved and separated from the uranium fuel elements. The dissolved fuel coating was referred to as coating removal waste. The uranium fuel elements were then dissolved. Plutonium was separated from the dissolved uranium by precipitation and centrifugation of the plutonium precipitate. The plutonium precipitate was washed three times and the wash solution combined with the uranium and fission products that remained in solution. The uranium and fission products that remained in solution were discarded as waste to the single-shell tanks. The plutonium precipitate was dissolved and processed through two successive precipitation steps to separate fission products from the plutonium. These precipitation steps were referred to as the first and second decontamination cycles. The waste from each decontamination cycle was referred to as 1C and 2C waste. The plutonium was further processed in the 224-T Concentration Building and the 231-Z Isolation Plant before shipment from the Hanford Site. Section 3.0 discusses the bismuth phosphate process in greater detail.

# 2.2.1 1C/CW Waste Storage (March 1946 - July 1946)

Irradiated nuclear fuel was first processed in 221-T Plant beginning on December 26, 1944 (HW-7-1293-DEL, page 19). The first decontamination cycle (1C) waste was combined with the coating removal waste (CW) and transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109. The combined 1C/CW waste was reported as being collected in tank 241-T-107 in February 1945 (HW-7-1338-DEL, page 22). Tanks 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109 continued to receive the combined 1C/CW waste until March 10, 1946, when these tanks were reported as being filled (HW-7-3751-DEL, pages 20 and 21).

On March 11, 1946, a pipeline was established to transfer the combined 1C/CW waste from the 221-T Plant to tank 241-U-110 in the 241-U Tank Farm. However, this transfer line developed a plug shortly after first being used and the combined 1C/CW waste was transferred to tank 241-T-104 (HW-7-3751-DEL, pages 20 and 21). Tank 241-T-104 was filled with the combined 1C/CW waste in July 1946.(HW-7-4542-DEL, pages 21-22).

Tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 were originally designated as a spare set of tanks for receipt of second decontamination cycle (2C) waste from the 221-T Plant. Collection of the combined 1C/CW waste in tank 241-T-104 was considered at the time to be a temporary measure. In order to allow the collection of 2C waste from 221-T Plant in tanks 241-T-105 and

241-T-106, a separate transfer pipeline was established to the inlet of tank 241-T-105 on July 17, 1946 (H-2-578 and HAN-45762, pages 27 and 32). Tank 241-T-105 was used to store 2C waste from the 221-T Plant from July 23, 1946 (HW-7-4542-DEL, page 22) through April 1948, after which the 2C supernatant waste was discharged to a crib (HW-9922-DEL, page 31). Tank 241-T-106 began to receive 2C waste through the overflow line from tank 241-T-105 in June 1947 (HW-7-7454-DEL, page 26) and was filled in March 1948 (HW-9595-DEL, page 32). The 2C supernatant waste contained in tank 241-T-106 was discharged to a crib from July 1948 (HW-10714-DEL, page 32) through August 3, 1948 (HW-10993-DEL, page 35).

The plug in the transfer line from 221-T Plant to the 241-U Tank Farm was successfully removed in April 1946 (HW-7-4004-DEL, page 20). The combined 1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant was diverted to the cascade of tanks 241-U-110, 241-U-111, and 241-U-112 on July 22, 1946 (HW-7-4542-DEL, page 21-22). The cascade of tanks 241-U-110, 241-U-111, and 241-U-112 were filled with the 1C/CW waste from the 221-T Plant in May 1948 (HW-10166-DEL, page 33).

After emptying the 2C supernatant waste from tank 241-T-105, the combined 1C/CW waste was transferred from 221-T Plant to tank 241-T-105 beginning in May 1948 (HAN-45807-DEL, page 55). Waste began to cascade from tank 241-T-105 into tank 241-T-106 in August 1948. Tank 241-T-105 continued to receive 1C/CW waste through January 1949, at which tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 were all filled with 1C/CW waste (HW-12391-DEL, page 38). The 1C/CW waste generated at the 221-T Plant was then transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-TX-109 through 241-TX-112 (HW-12391-DEL, page 38).

# 2.2.2 1C/CW Supernatant Evaporation (March 1951 – July 1951)

The pH of the 1C/CW waste was adjusted to approximately pH 7 in the 221-T Plant before transfer to the single-shell tanks. This pH adjustment was conducted to cause the precipitation of bismuth and plutonium in the 1C/CW waste so that the supernatant would contain a lower concentration of plutonium (HW-7-2706-DEL, page 21). As a result, tank 241-T-104 contained settled 1C/CW solids (i.e., bismuth and plutonium precipitate) and 1C/CW supernatant (HW-20991-DEL, page 53).

The 1C/CW supernatant contained in tank 241-T-104, along with that contained in the other tanks in 241-T Farm were transferred to tanks 241-TX-117 and 241-TX-118 from March 1951 (HW-20671-Del, page 56) through July 1951 (HW-21802-DEL, page 42). The 1C/CW supernatant was transferred from tanks 241-TX-117 and 241-TX-118 to the 242-T Evaporator for evaporation. Processing of the 1C/CW supernatant from the 241-T Farm tanks in the 242-T Evaporator was conducted from April 28, 1951 (HW-20991-DEL page 54 and HAN-63671, page 40) through July 1951 (HW-21802-DEL, page 42). The concentrated 1C/CW supernatant waste (i.e., evaporator bottoms) was stored in tanks 241-TX-116 and 241-TX-117. The evaporator bottoms in tanks 241-TX-116 and 241-TX-117 were eventually processed again through the 242-T Evaporator to further concentrate these wastes for storage in tanks 241-TX-110 and 241-TX-111.

# 2.2.3 1C/CW Waste Cascade Filling (August 1951 - December 1951)

After evaporating the 1C/CW supernatant, tank 241-T-104 was again used to store 1C/CW waste from the bismuth phosphate process conducted in 221-T Plant. Tank 241-T-104 was operated as a cascade with tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106. Tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 were reported as being filled with 1C/CW waste in August 1951, October 26, 1951, and December 22, 1951, respectively (HW-33591, page 12).

# 2.2.4 Trench Disposal of 1C/CW Supernatant (January 1954)

Plans were made to allow the 1C/CW waste to remain in the cascade of tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 for one-year to allow for the decay of short-lived fission products, after which the supernatant was to be processed in the 242-T Evaporator (HW-27838, page 32). However, evaporation of the supernatant contained in these tanks was not conducted.

Instead, the 1C/CW supernatant contained in tank 241-T-104 was discharged to the east section of trench 241-T-1 (later renamed to trench 216-T-14) on January 14, 1954 (HW-33591, page 12). The 1C/CW supernatant contained in tanks 241-BX-110, 241-BX-111, 241-BX-112, 241-BY-106, 241-BY-110, 241-T-105, 241-T-106, 241-TX-109, 241-TX-110, and 241-TX-111 and 1C/CW evaporator bottoms contained in tanks 241-B-107, 241-B-108, 241-B-109, 241-TY-101 and 241-TY-102 were also discharged to trenches from January 1954 through November 1954 (HW-33591, pages 11 and 12 and HW-38562, pages 10, 28 and 29). The disposal of 1C/CW supernatant to these trenches was based on the concept of retaining fission products, plutonium, and uranium in the soil column. Trench disposal of the 1C/CW supernatant and evaporator bottoms was thought to be an economical method for providing additional capacity in the single-shell tanks for storage of wastes with higher radioactivity (HW-34281).

# 2.2.5 1C/CW Waste Cascade Filling (February 1954 – October 1954)

Beginning on February 23, 1954, 1C/CW waste was again transferred to tank 241-T-104 (HW-31126, page 5). The tank was filled to approximately 6-inches above the cascade overflow line and waste began to cascade to tank 241-T-105 in March 1954 and to tank 241-T-106 in June 1954. The cascade of tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 was filled by the end of September 1954 (HW-33396, page 5) and did not receive any additional 1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant.

On October 20, 1954, modifications to the bismuth phosphate process were conducted in 221-T Plant to segregate the coating removal waste (CW) from the first decontamination cycle (1C) waste (HW-33585-DEL, page Ed-8 and HW-33544, page 5). The coating removal waste was transferred directly to tank 241-T-105, which cascaded through the overflow line into tank 241-T-106. Additional storage space for the coating removal waste was provided in tank 241-T-105 by pumping some of the supernatant from tank 241-T-105 to tank 241-TX-118 for processing in the 242-T Evaporator (HW-33904, page 5).

The 1C waste was treated in 221-T Plant with potassium ferrocyanide, nickel sulfate, and sodium hydroxide to precipitate nickel ferrocyanide, which scavenged cesium-137 and strontium-90 from the supernatant (HW-33184 and HW-33499). The treated 1C waste was discharged to tanks 241-TY-101 and 241-TY-103 from October 20, 1954 (HW-33544, page 7) through March 20, 1956, when the final processing of irradiated fuels for plutonium recovery was completed in the 221-T Plant (HW-42219-DEL, page Ed-5). The nickel ferrocyanide precipitate and the scavenged fission products settled in these tanks, with the supernatant transferred in March 1955 to tank 241-TX-118 for processing in the 242-T Evaporator (HW-36001, page 7) and disposal in 216-TY trenches from October 1955 (HW-44784, page 42) through November 1956 (HW-48518, page 34).

After October 20, 1954, tank 241-T-104 was no longer used to receive waste from the 221-T Plant. No other transfers of waste into tank 241-T-104 have occurred.

# 2.2.6 Saltwell Pumping / Interim Stabilization

The 1C/CW waste remained undisturbed in tank 241-T-104 until July 1969, when approximately 48,000-gallons of supernatant were transferred from tank 241-T-104 to tank 241-TY-103 (ARH-1200 C, page 7).

Removal of additional liquid from tank 241-T-104 was conducted from February 27, 1976 through August 17, 1977 as part of the program to remove interstitial liquid (i.e., saltwell pumping) from the single-shell tanks (letter 60410-78-092 and DS-022676). A total of 38,200 gallons of liquid waste was reported as being pumped from tank 241-T-104 to tank 241-T-101 during this period. In May 1978, saltwell pumping of liquids from tank 241-T-104 was attempted again. However, the pump was reported as inoperable. Saltwell pumping of liquids from tank 241-T-104 was resumed on September 11, 1978 and concluded on December 26, 1978 (DS-022676). An additional 7,420 gallons of liquid waste were transferred from tank 241-T-104 to tank 241-T-101. The height of waste in tank 241-T-104 was reported as 13-feet and 1.25-inches following saltwell pumping. The volume of waste in tank 241-T-104 was approximately 412,000 gallons based on the waste height measurement.

Interim stabilization of tank 241-T-104 was conducted from March 24, 1996 through May 30, 1999 (HNF-EP-0182 revision 172, page B-15). Approximately 150,000 gallons of liquid were pumped from tank 241-T-104 to the double-shell tank system, leaving an estimated 316,800 gallons of sludge in this tank (HNF-SD-RE-TI-178, page 200). Tank 241-T-104 was declared having been interim stabilized on November 19, 1999 (HNF-EP-0182 revision 172, page B-13).

# 2.2.7 Comparison with Other Reports

Waste transfers into and waste removals from tank 241-T-104 are summarized in A History of the 200 Area Tank Farms (WHC-MR-0132) for 1945 through 1980, Historical Tank Content Estimate for the Northwest Quadrant of the Hanford 200 West Area (HNF-SD-WM-ER-351), and Waste Status and Transaction Record Summary (WSTRS) Rev. 4 (LA-UR-97-311). The information cited in Sections 2.2.1 through 2.2.10 is in agreement with these previous reports. These previous reports accurately state the volume of waste transferred into and removed from tank 241-T-104, as well as the volume of solids and total waste stored.

# 3.0 TYPES OF TANK WASTE GENERATED AT THE HANFORD SITE CHEMICAL PROCESSING PLANTS

There were numerous irradiated nuclear fuel reprocessing, research and development, plutonium processing, and waste management activities conducted at the Hanford Site starting in 1944. These irradiated nuclear fuel reprocessing, research and development, plutonium processing, and waste management activities conducted in the processing plants are discussed further in the DOE/RL-97-02, National Register of Historic Places Multiple Property Document Form - Historic, Archaeological and Traditional Cultural Properties of the Hanford Site, Washington February 1997.

It has been established in Section 2.0 that first decontamination cycle (1C) waste mixed with coating removal waste (CW) from the 221-T Bismuth Phosphate plant was transferred into tank 241-T-104. The following sections provide a discussion of the wastes originating from the bismuth phosphate plant operations.

# 3.1 B AND T BISMUTH PHOSPHATE PROCESS PLANTS

B- and T-Plants were constructed in 1944 through 1945 to separate plutonium from irradiated nuclear fuel using the bismuth phosphate process. Figure 2 shows a summary of the 221-B/T Plant bismuth phosphate process, which is referred to throughout this discussion. The bismuth phosphate process was operated in B-Plant from April 1945 (HW-7-1649-DEL, page 21) through June 1952 (HW-25227-DEL, pages Ed-5 and Ed-6), after which the inventory of radioactive materials was removed from the facility from July 1952 through March 1953 (HW-27774). The bismuth phosphate process was operated in T-Plant from December 1944 (HAN-45800-DEL, page 4) through March 1956, after which the inventory of radioactive materials was removed from the facility from March 1956 (HW-42219-DEL, page ED-5) through September 1956 (HW-45707-DEL, page D-5). T-Plant was placed in layaway status in October 1956 (HW-46432-DEL, page D-5). T-Plant was re-activated in 1960 and is currently in use for equipment decontamination and storage of commercial irradiated nuclear fuel elements.

In the bismuth phosphate process, the aluminum cladding of spent nuclear fuel elements was dissolved in boiling sodium nitrate solution, to which sodium hydroxide was slowly added. (HW-10475-C, page 403). The cladding removal waste sometimes referred to as coating waste (CW) was transferred to single-shell underground storage tanks (see item [1] in Figure 2).

Reprocessing of the spent nuclear fuel commenced with the dissolution of the uranium fuel elements. The uranium fuel elements (see item [2] in Figure 2) were dissolved in nitric acid (HW-10475-C, chapter IV, page 405). Water and sulfuric acid were added to the dissolved uranium metal solution and the mixture was then transferred to the plutonium extraction section. The sulfuric acid formed a uranyl sulfate complex that prevented uranium precipitation as a phosphate in the subsequent plutonium extraction step (HW-10475-C, page 418).

Plutonium was extracted from the acid solution by addition of bismuth nitrate and phosphoric acid to form a bismuth phosphate carrier precipitate (HW-10475-C, page 503). The plutonium

and bismuth phosphate carrier precipitate was centrifuged and washed three times with water to separate the acidic supernatant from the plutonium precipitate (see item [3] in Figure 2). The acidic solution remaining after the plutonium precipitation contained about 99 percent of the uranium, about 90 percent of the fission products. This separation process also removed and reduced the gamma radiation activity level in the plutonium precipitate by a factor of 10. However, zirconium is phosphate insoluble and zirconium-95 (10 percent of the activity) stayed with the plutonium product. The acidic uranium solution was then neutralized and transferred to the underground single-shell tanks as metal waste (MW). Recent laboratory testing of the bismuth phosphate flowsheet confirms this partitioning of radionuclides (internal letter 7G300-02-NWK-024, "Bismuth Phosphate Process Radionuclide Partition Factors for the Hanford Defined Waste Model"). The laboratory tests indicate the percentage of cesium-137 and strontium-90 partitioned to the metal waste may have been as high as 100 percent and 89 percent, respectively.

After separating and washing the plutonium precipitate from the metal waste, reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel was completed in the 221 Plant Bismuth Phosphate process. Plutonium decontamination was conducted in the remainder of the 221 Plant Bismuth Phosphate process. The plutonium-bearing cake was dissolved in nitric acid and further decontamination of the plutonium to separate fission products was conducted (HW-10475-C, chapter VI). Sodium bismuthate, sodium dichromate, or potassium permanganate was added to oxidize the plutonium to the +6 valence-state. This step caused the bismuth phosphate to precipitate phosphate insoluble fission products (e.g., cerium, niobium, ruthenium, and zirconium), leaving the plutonium in solution. The precipitate was separated from the plutonium-bearing solution using centrifuges and washed to remove soluble plutonium. The plutonium was reduced to the +4 valence state to form a precipitate that could be separated from the remaining soluble fission products by centrifugation.

The fission products separated from the plutonium product during this first cycle of the decontamination process (designated as 1C waste) were transferred to the single-shell tanks. The 1C waste (see item [4] in Figure 2), contained approximately 10 percent of all fission products and approximately 1.4 percent of the plutonium present in the original fuel charged to the plant (HW-23043, pages 20 and 22). After 1951, the bismuth phosphate process flowsheet was modified to include cerium and zirconium scavenger precipitation in the 1C by-product step to remove lanthanide and zirconium radionuclides from the plutonium product (HW-23043, page 16).

The plutonium solids from the first decontamination cycle were again dissolved in nitric acid. A second decontamination cycle (see item [5] in Figure 2) was conducted to reduce the gamma activity level by a factor of 10,000 from that in the previous dissolved metal solution, giving an overall process decontamination factor of 100,000 below that of the original solution (HW-10475-C, page 627). The second decontamination step essentially repeated the steps previously described for the first cycle decontamination. The plutonium product from the bismuth phosphate process was subsequently concentrated in the 224-T and 224-B buildings using a lanthanum fluoride precipitation process.

The second decontamination cycle wastes (designated as 2C) were also transferred to the

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single-shell tanks. The 2C waste contained less than 0.1 percent of the uranium and fission products and about 0.4 percent of the plutonium present in the original fuel charged to the plant (HW-23043, pages 26 and 28).

During operation of B-Plant, the 1C waste was combined with the coating removal waste and transferred to the same single-shell tank. This same practice was conducted in T-Plant from December 1944 through October 19, 1954. Beginning on October 20, 1954, nickel ferrocyanide scavenging of the 1C waste was conducted in T-Plant to precipitate cesium-137 and strontium-90 (HW-33585-DEL, page Ed-8, and HW-33184). The precipitated 1C waste slurry was transferred separate from the coating removal waste to separate single-shell tanks for settling of the precipitate and discharge of the scavenged (i.e., cesium and strontium depleted) supernatant to a crib.

Table 1 provides the flowsheet estimated compositions of the neutralized CW, MW, 1C, and 2C waste solutions generated from the 221-B/T bismuth phosphate plants based on the October 1, 1951 flowsheet (HW-23043). Additional analyses of the supernatant fraction of MW, 1C/CW, and 2C that was stored in single-shell tanks are provided in Tables 2 and 3.

These sample analyses support that the 2C waste contained less than 0.1 percent of the fission products. Analyses of the combined 2C / 224 building / tank 5-6 waste supernatant stored in tank 241-T-112 conducted on August 6, 1952 and September 24, 1952 indicate that the total beta emitters was comprised of 35 to 50 percent ruthenium, 35 to 50 percent cesium, 4 to 8 percent cerium, yttrium, and other rare earths, and 6 to 11 percent undetermined (HW-27035, page 8).

Figure 2. Bismuth Phosphate Process Diagram

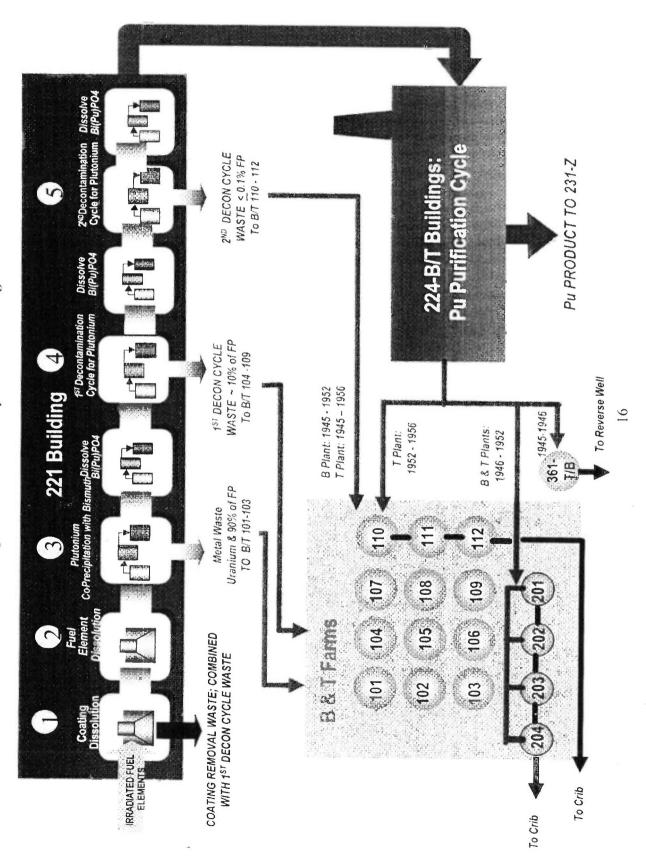


Table 1. Estimated Composition of Bismuth Phosphate Plant Wastes
From October 1, 1951 Flowsheet (1)

Analyte (2)	Coating Removal Waste	Metal Waste	First Decontamination Cycle (1C) Waste	Second Decontamination Cycle (2C) Waste	224 Building Waste
Plutonium	3.3E-04	2.0E-04	6.0E-07 <sup>(1)</sup>	1.6E-07 (5)	1.68E-04 <sup>(6)</sup>
Uranium	0.15		0.235 (4)	Not reported	2.04E-05
Gamma	6.6E+04	1.3E+07	2.3E+06 (4)	1.13E+04 (5)	1.13E+02 <sup>(6)</sup>
Sodium Aluminate (NaAlO <sub>2</sub> )	95.1				
Sodium Hydroxide (NaOH)	43.6			† — <del>— —</del>	
Sodium Nitrate (NaNO <sub>3</sub> )	61.8				
Sodium Nitrite (NaNO <sub>2</sub> )	56.0				
Sodium Silicate (NaSiO <sub>3</sub> )	4.3				
Uranyl nitrate (UHN) (3)		132			
Fluorine (F)			· ·		5.6
Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> )		9.7	93.1	61.3	42.4
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )		24.4	4.73	3.61	0.35
Phosphate (PO <sub>4</sub> )		25.2	26.2	23.0	3.05
Sodium (Na)		83.2	47.3 .	36.7	36.8
Bismuth (Bi)			2.59	1.31	1.18
Cerium (Ce)			0.030		
Lanthanum (La)					0.49
Manganese (Mn)					0.33
Zirconium (Zr)			0.030		
Iron (Fe)			1.37	1.82	
Chrome (Cr)			0.16	0.06	0.17
Ammonia (NH <sub>4</sub> )			1.98	1.71	0.12
Silicon Hexa-Fluoride (SiF <sub>6</sub> )			4.35	3.67	
Volume per Batch (gallons)	795	2,380	2,040	2,090	2,200

#### Notes:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> See HW-23043.

<sup>(2)</sup> Analyses are reported in grams per liter, except for gamma activity, which is counts per minute per mL.
(3) HW-23043, page 31, notes that uranium is not actually present in this form, but is probably as NaUO<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> and Na<sub>4</sub>(UO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>.

<sup>(4)</sup> Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks 13-4 and 14-3 (HW-23043, pages 20 and

<sup>(5)</sup> Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks 18-4 and 19-3 (HW-23043, pages 26 and 28).

<sup>(6)</sup> Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks A-4, D-4, B-3, and F-8 (HW-23043, pages 39, 44, 48, and 54).

Table 2. Analyses of Rismuth Phoenhate Process Supermedents Security (12)

	ſ	1		spnate Process Supe		
Waste Type	Tank	pН	Pu	Gross Beta	Gross Gamma	Date
			µg per Liter	Millicuries per Liter	Millicuries per Liter	Sampled
Metal Waste	T-101	10.1	<u>7</u> 0	200(5)	70 <sup>(5)</sup>	12-12-1946
Metal Waste	T-101	10	35	110(5)	25(5)	7-01-1947
Metal Waste	T-102	9.9	60	120	20	7-01-1947
Metal Waste	T-103	9.8	60	150	20	7-01-1947
1C/CW	B-109	9.9	.40	0.65	0.28	3-18-1947
1C/CW	C-112	9.9	12	12	4.4	3-18-1947
2C	B-111	6.9	7.2E-02	2.0E-03	3.0E-03	7-1-1947
2C	B-112	6.8	4.32E?? (3)	1.5E-03	3.0E-03	7-1-1947
Waste Type	Tank	рН	Pu µg per Liter	Gross Beta Counts per minute per cc	Gross Gamma Counts per minute per cc	Date Sampled
2C	T-110	Not reported	15	4.9E+04	30	7-13-1945
2C	T-110	9.8 <sup>(4)</sup>	19	6.9E+04	55	7-25-1945
2C	B-110	9.6(4)	8.5	7.0E+04	55	7-25-1945

#### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> See HW-10728 and HW-3-3220.

<sup>(2)</sup> Solids formed in each of wastes, settling to the bottom of each tanks. These sample analyses are for the supernatant only and are not representative of the sludges.
(3) The reported Pu sample analyses for tank B-112 seem to be in error and lacking an exponent in HW-10728.
(4) Prior to October 1945, the 1C and 2C wastes were neutralized to a pl1 of approximately 10. The waste collected in tanks

<sup>241-</sup>B-110, 241-B-111, 241-B-112, 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 were neutralized to about pH 7 after October 1945

to precipitate bismuth and plutonium (HW-3-3220, page 13).

(5) Decreases in gross beta and gross gamma concentrations shown for the T-101 waste samples are due to decay of fission products with short half-lives.

	Table 3	Table 3. Analyses of	s of Meta	l Waste an	d First De	Metal Waste and First Decontamination Cycle / Coating Waste Supernatant.	ation Cyc	le / Coati	ng Waste	Supernat	ant.	
Tank	Date Filled	Pu Pu	Gross Bets FCVce	Gross Gamma µCl/cc	Sr pCVcc	S Cyc	Ru µCVcc	Rare Earths + V - Ce	וני ש	N.P.	Zr	Te µCivee
		Ana	lyses of N	fetal Wast	e Superna	Analyses of Metal Waste Supernatant Following Uranium Extraction (1	wing Ura	nium Ext	raction (1			
C-106	Not specified				0.44	54.2						
BX-108	Not specified				0.26	132.4						
BX-109	Not specified				1.08	56.3						
C-112	Not specified				1.20	258						
C-109	Not specified				0.46	40.7						
C-111	Not specified				0.10	34.5						
Average Concentrations for Metal Waste	tions for Mets	I Wave			0.59	57.3						
	Analyse	Analyses of First	Decontan	vination C	vcle (1C)	Decontamination Cycle (1C) Waste Mixed with Coating Removal Waste (CW) (3)	ced with C	Coating R	emoval V	/aste (CW	200	
B-107	8-1945		0.135	0055	1100	0.10						
T-107	9-1948	1.5E-03	0.170	0.093	0.0013	0.20						
13-108	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.183	7700	0.022	0.12						
T-108 (Top)	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.25	0073	0012	0.17	9900 0	0 047	0.007	0.0018	0	1.2E-05
T-108 (Bottom)	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.25	0.070	0.012	Not	0.0065	0.029	9900:0	0 0024	0	3E-05
T-109	3-1946	2 6E-03	0.14	0 082	0 00038	0.15						
B-109	4-1946	1.8E-02	0.16	0.051	100	110						
T-104 (Try)	7-1946	3E-03	0.51	0.130	0.00013	0.13	0.058	0.004	0.051	0 028	0010	2.4E-05
T-104 (Bottom)	7-1946	3E-03	0.52	0.160	0.00037	Not	0 0 0 5 9	0.003	0.050	0.028	0.015	3.6E-05
C-110	8-1946	2E-03	0.14	0 0067	0.00026	0.11						
C-III	11-1946	4.2E-03	0.16	6900	100	0 13						
C-112	4-1947	3.1E-03	0.14	0.064	9000	0.13						
U-110	4-1947	2.1E-04	0.13	690 0	0.0001	0.17						
U-113	10-1947	3.46-04	012	0 000	0 00023	0.14						I
TX-109 01	9-1949	2.7E-05	2.8	2.2	0 00087	0.27	0.34	0 0085	0 0035	0.34	1.2	8E-05
Average Concentrations for 1C	tions for 1C	7.67E03	0.39	0.22	0.0058	0.15						

Notes:

(1) HW-36717, 1955, Decontamination of Uranium Recovery Process Stored Wastes Interim Report, General Electric Company, Richland, Washington.
(2) HW-20195, 1951, Radioactive Content of Stored Bismuth Phosphate First Cycle Waste Supernatants, General Electric Company, Richland, Washington.
(3) Tank TX-109 exhibits higher gross beta and gross gamma radioactivity since this tank was sampled shortly after filling and the short-lived fission products (e.g., Ru, Nb, and Zt) had not decayed appreciably.

# 3.1.1 221-T and 221-B Plant Cell Drainage Waste

During the operation of the 221-B and 221-T Bismuth Phosphate plants, failure of process equipment, cooling jackets on process vessels, and piping occurred periodically, resulting in the discharge of cooling water, chemical solutions, and process solutions (e.g., MW, 1C, 2C wastes and plutonium product solutions) to the process cells. Each of the 40 process cells in the 221-B and 221-T Plants contained a sump that was equipped with a conductivity probe beginning in August 1946 to detect a liquid leak in the process cell (HW-7-4739-DEL, page 21). The sumps gravity drained to a 24-inch diameter vitrified clay pipe that traversed under each cell and discharged to a deep, open top, stainless steel tank, number 5-7 in section 5 (cell 10) (HW-10475-C, page 914).

Cell drainage collected in tank 5-7 was jetted to tank 5-6 or tank 5-9, which were used for sampling and chemical treatment of the cell drainage solution. Waste in tanks 5-6 and 5-9 could be jetted between these two tanks. High-activity waste collected in 221-T Plant and 221-B Plant tanks 5-9 could be jetted to single-shell tanks 241-T-107 and 241-B-107, respectively (HW-10475-C, page 918). Alternatively, the waste could be transferred to process vessels within the 221-T (or 221-B) Plant and processed to recover plutonium. An example of this practice is cited in the January 1948 monthly report for the Hanford Works (HW-8931-Del, page 28).

The T-Plant stack drainage waste was also collected as part of the cell drainage until May 28, 1951, after which the stack drainage was routed to the cascade of single-shell tanks 241-TX-113, 241-TX-114, and 241-TX-115 (HW-21260-DEL, page 58). Also, the dissolvers located in 221-B and 221-T Plant cells 5, 6 and 7 were equipped with off-gas scrubber towers in May 1948 (HAN-45807, pages 57). The dissolver off-gas scrubbers used water to adsorb iodine and remove particulates from the dissolver off-gases. The spent scrubber solution was combined with the low-activity cell drainage waste collected in tank 5-6 (HW-10728). The dissolver off-gas scrubbers were replaced with silver chemical reactors, thus eliminating the spent scrubber solution. The first silver reactor was installed in the 221-B Plant in October 24, 1950 (HW-19898 and HW-19325, page 52) and the remaining silver chemical reactors were installed in the 221-B and 221-T Plants by January 1951 (HW-20161, page 52 and HW-21826).

Waste collected in tank 5-6 was transferred to reverse well number 216-T-3 from January 1945 through August 1946. Crib number 216-T-6 was used to dispose of the cell drainage waste from August 1946 through June 1951. After June 1951, cell drainage waste was transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 (HW-55176, part V). The quantity and composition of the cell drainage solutions discharged from tank 5-6 varied (see HW-20583, page 4 and HW-33591, page 25). Table 4 provides analyses of cell drainage waste that was collected in tank 5-6 and transferred to either crib 216-T-6 or to the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112. As evident from the analyses provided in Table 5, the neutralized, low-activity cell drainage waste contained soluble beta emitting radionuclides and plutonium.

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## 3.1.2 221-T Equipment Decontamination Facility

In October 1958, plans were developed to convert the 221-T Plant for use as decontamination facility for equipment from the Reduction-Oxidation (REDOX) plant (HW-58051-DEL, page D-5). Work was conducted from February 1959 (HW-59434-DEL, page D-4) through June 1960 (HW-65935-DEL, page C-2) to convert the 221-T Plant. Equipment decontamination activities were initiated at the 221-T Plant in July 1960, with the receipt of a failed multipurpose dissolver from the REDOX plant (HW-66271-DEL, page C-2). Equipment decontamination waste was transferred to single-shell tanks 241-T-111 and 241-T-112 (RPP-13873, section 2.2.4). Tank 241-T-104 did not receive equipment decontamination waste.

Table 4. Composition of Tank 5-6 Cell Drainage Waste from 221-T Plant. (3 sheets)

Year	Month	Liters	Pu Grams	Total Beta Activity Curies	Comment
Tank 5-6	Cell Drainage T	ransferred to 216	-T-6 Crib (1,2)		
1948	January	839,900	49	88	Total beta activity does not include
	February	724,461	8	73	radioactive iodine. Samples were
-	March	586,188	3	789	measured for total alpha activity.
	April	842,778	9	461	Calculated Pu mass assumes that all
	May	918,007	5	72	alpha activity measured in samples
	June	971,810	9	295	was Pu. Uranium activity in
_	July	1,057,015	6	130	samples contributed less than 8% of
	August	831,662	4	248	the total alpha activity (1).
	September ·	857,327	5	361	
	October	830,083	4	116	
	November	980,411	6	214	
No record	ls could be located	for December 19	48 through Aug	ust 1949.	
1949	September	260,000	32	365	
	October	360,000	41	2800	
	November	340,000	38.2	333	<u> </u>
	December	430,000	48	250	
1950	January	410,000	44	210	
	February	330,000	28.5	No data	
				<u>reported</u>	
	March	370,000	35	No data	
				reported	
	April	450,000	35.6	294	
	May	370,000	33.9	363	_
	June	430,000	36.6	2142	
	July	520,000	43.6	600	
	August	590,000	44.9	741	
	September	480,000	42.3	850	
	October	620,000	47.3	858	
	November	540,000	50.9	600	
	December	590,000	42.1	850	

No records could be located for January 1951 through December 1951. Beginning in June 1951, Tank 5-6 cell drainage waste along with 2C waste was routed to the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112.

Table 4. Composition of Tank 5-6 Cell Drainage Waste from 221-T Plant. (3 sheets)

Year	Month	Liters	Pu Grams	Total Beta Activity Curies	Comment
Tank 5-6	Cell Drainage \	Vaste Discharged	to the Cascade	of Tanks 241-T-	110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 (3.4)
1952	January	595,000	5.2	440	
	February	498,000	6.9	850	
	March	643,000	8.2	920	
	April	623,000	8.8	660	
	May_	318,000	1.8	84	
	June	392,000	3.0	97	
	July	600,000	4.1	160	Beginning in July 1952, 224 building waste, along with tank 5-6 cell drainage and 2C wastes were routed to the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112. Values reported are for tank 5-6 cell drainage waste only.
	August	670,000	6.5	265	
	September	260,000	1.9	675	
	October	430,000	3.0	310	
	November	490,000	2.7	95	
	December	540,000	3.3	240	
1953	January	490,000	2.4	130	
	February	530,000	3.9	480	
	March	660,000	5.0	245	
-	April	390,000	2.0	180	
	May	490,000	1.8	220	
	June	660,000	3.5	590	
	July	280,000	0.9	65	
	August	490,000	2.4	100	
	September	560,000	7.8	195	
	October	560,000	6.8	1,840	
	November	710,000	8.7	1,085	
	December	740,000	8.8	885	
1954	January	830,000	10.4	1,680	
	February	820,000	14.2	16,420	
	March	860,000	18.6	5,305	
	April	540,000	8.4	2,175	
	May	790,000	10.6	1,760	
	June	810,000	9.5	2,390	
	July	1,030,000			Radionuclide content not reported separately for 5-6 Cell drainage waste from July 1954 through June 1955 (HW-38562, page 26).
	August	1,150,000			
	September	1,090,000			
	October	800,000			
	November	730,000			
	December	1,100,000			
1955	January	1,370,000			
	February	950,000			
	March	1,460,000			<u></u>

Table 4. Composition of Tank 5-6 Cell Drainage Waste from 221-T Plant. (3 sheets)

Year	Month	Liters	Pu Grams	Total Beta Activity Curies	Comment
1955	April	1,380,000			<u> </u>
	May	1,410,000			
	June	1,440,000			

The volume and radionuclide content of tank 5-6 cell drainage waste were not recorded separate from other wastes transferred into the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 after July 1954.

#### Notes:

- <sup>(1)</sup> HW-11908

- (2) HW-20583 (3) HW-25301 (4) HW-33591
- (5) Analyses of the combined 2C / 224 building / tank 5-6 waste supernatant stored in tank 241-T-112 conducted on August 6, 1952 and September 24, 1952 indicate that the total beta emitters was comprised of 35 to 50% ruthenium, 35 to 50% cesium, 4 to 8% cerium, yttrium, and other rare earths, and 6 to 11% undetermined (HW-27035, page 8).

## 4.0 RADIONUCLIDE ANALYSES OF WASTE IN TANK 241-T-104

The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) uses several factors to determine the disposition of radioactive wastes (DOE M 435.1). One of these factors is the concentration of alpha-emitting transuranic isotopes with half-life greater than 20 years present in the radioactive waste. Two core samples of the waste stored in tank 241-T-104 were obtained in 1992 for chemical and radiochemical analyses. The results of the chemical and radiochemical analyses along with process waste knowledge are were used to determine the inventory of key analytes and radionuclides present in the tank 241-T-104 waste (i.e. best basis inventory).

The inventories of transuranic elements, cesium-137, and strontium-90 present in tank 241-T-104 are also compared to the inventory of these radionuclides present in all 177 underground storage tanks at the Hanford Site in Table 6. The inventory of transuranic elements present in tank 241-T-104 is approximately 0.12 percent of the total inventory of transuranic elements present in all 177 underground storage tanks at the Hanford Site. The inventories of cesium-137 and strontium-90 present in tank 241-T-104 are approximately 0.00056% and 0.0061% of the total inventory of cesium-137 and strontium-90 present in all 177 underground storage tanks at the Hanford Site.

tació de pere pario suriente de també per tente de la concept	Table 5. Best-Basis Inve	entory for Tank	c 241-T-104 S	Sludge. 🖟	(3 sheets
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Analyte	Inventory		Basis	Concentration	age: (3 Bilotts)
106Ru	4.92E-11	Ci	TE	2.87E-14	μCi/g
113mCd	5.78E-02	Ci	TE	3.37E-05	μCi/g
125Sb	7.72E-04	Ci	TE	4.50E-07	μCi/g
126Sn	4.80E-03	Ci	TE	2.80E-06	μCi/g
1291	5.10E-04	Ci	TE_	2.98E-07	μCi/g
134Cs	5.89E-07	Ci	TE	3.43E-10	μCi/g
137Cs	2.40E+02	Ci	S	1.55E-01	μCi/g
137mBa	2.27E+02	Ci	C	1.47E-01	μCi/g
14C	< 6.9E-02	Ci	S	4.46E-05	μCi/g
151Sm	1.01E+02	Ci	TE	5.89E-02	μCi/g
152Eu	3.24E-03	Ci	TE	1.89E-06	μCi/g
154Eu	2.11E+00	Ci	S	1.37E-03	μCi/g
155Eu	1.09E+00	Ci	S	7.07E-04	μCi/g
226Ra	6.33E-06	Ci	TE	3.69E-09	μCi/g
227Ac	5.40E-05	Ci	TE	3.15E-08	μCi/g

Table 5. Best-Basis Inventory for Tank 241-T-104 Sludge. (3 sheets)

Table 5. Bes	t-Basis Inve	entory	for Tank	<u> 241-T-104 Slu</u>	dge. (3 sheets)
Analyte	Inventory		Basis	Concentration	
228Ra	7.10E-11	Ci	TE	4.14E-14	μCi/g
229Th	2.00E-08	Ci	TE	1.17E-11	μCi/g
231Pa	4.04E-04	Ci	TE	2.35E-07	μCi/g
232Th	1.68E-10	Ci	TE	9.80E-14	μCi/g
232U	5.66E-06	Ci	С	3.66E-09	μCi/g
233U	4.71E-07	Ci	C	3.04E-10	μCi/g
234U	6.28E-01	Ci	S	4.06E-04	μCi/g
235U	2.03E-02	Ci	S	1.31E-05	μCi/g
236U	6.06E-03	Ci	S	3.92E-06	μCi/g
237Np	2.20E-03	Ci	TE	1.28E-06	μCi/g
238Pu	2.51E+00	Ci	S	1.63E-03	μCi/g
238U	4.64E-01	Ci	S	3.00E-04	μCi/g
239Pu	1.93E+02	Ci	S	1.25E-01	μCi/g
240Pu	2.33E+01	Ci	S	1.51E-02	μCi/g
241Am	2.80E+01	Ci	S	1.81E-02	μCi/g
241Pu	7.84E+01	Ci	S	5.07E-02	μCi/g
242Cm	4.69E-03	Ci	C	3.04E-06	μCi/g
242Pu	1.15E-03	Ci	S	7.44E-07	μCi/g
243Am	2.76E-03	Ci	С	1.78E-06	μCi/g
243Cm	5.24E-05	Ci	С	3.39E-08	μCi/g
244Cm	1.18E-03	Ci	С	7.63E-07	μCi/g
311	3.75E-01	Ci	TS	2.19E-04	μCi/g
59Ni	1.24E-02	Ci	TE	7.25E-06	
60Co	7.91E-02	Ci	TE	4.61E-05	μCi/g
63Ni	1.72E+00	Ci	TE	1.01E-03	μCi/g
79Se	1.27E-03	Ci	TE	7.42E-07	μCi/g
90Sr	3.14E+03	Ci_	S	2.03E+00	μCi/g
90Y	3.14E+03	Ci	C	2.03E+00	μCi/g
93mNb	1.47E+00	Ci	TE	8.59E-04	μCi/g
93Zr	1.63E+00	Ci	TE	9.51E-04	
99Tc	9.74E-01	Ci	S	6.30E-04	μCi/g
Al	2.51E+04	kg	S	1.62E+04	μ <u>g</u> /g
Bi	2.92E+04	kg	S	1.89E+04	
Ca	2.24E+03		S	1.45E+03	µg/g
CI	1.04E+03	kg	S	6.70E+02	µg/g
Cr	1.39E+03	kg	S	9.01E+02	µg/g
F	1.33E+04	kg	S	8.57E+03	μ <u>ε</u> /g
Fe	1.39E+04	kg	S	9.02E+03	µg/g
Hg	1.94E-01	kg	S	1.25E-01	μg/g
<u>K</u>	1.38E+02	kg	S	8.90E+01	μg/g
La	1.69E+00	kg	TS	9.86E-01	µg/g
Mn	9.56E+01	kg	<u>S</u>	6.18E+01	μg/g
Na	9.98E+04	kg	S	6.45E+04	μg/g
Ni	1.75E+01	kg	S	1.13E+01	μg/g
NO2	6.55E+03	kg	<u>  S</u>	4.24E+03	μg/g

Table 5. Best-Basis Inventory for Tank 241-T-104 Sludge. (3 sheets)

Analyte	Inventory		Basis	Concentration	
NO3	8.97E+04	kg	S	5.80E+04	μg/g
Oxalate	1.01E+03	kg	С	5.88E+02	hō/ē
Pb	7.70E+01	kg	S	4.98E+01	µg/g
PO4	1.14E+05	kg	S	7.35E+04	µg/g
Si	1.01E+04	kg	S	6.52E+03	μg/g
SO4	5.92E+03	kg	S	3.83E+03	μg/g
Sr	1.53E+02	kg	S	9.91E+01	μg/g
TIC as CO3	7.73E+02	kg	S	5.00E+02	µg/g
TOC	_5.23E+02	kg	TS	3.05E+02	μg/g
UTOTAL	1.39E+03	kg	S	8.97E+02	μg/g
Zr	1.04E+02	kg	S	6.75E+01	μg/g

Notes:

Radionuclides are decay corrected to January 1, 2004 S – Sample based

C - Calculated

TE - Based on a Hanford Defined Waste model or engineering based waste template TS - Based on a sample based waste template

Table 6. Transuranic Elements and Fission Products in Tank 241-T-104.

74010 01 214	MANUAL AND	111411111111111111111111111111111111111	A 1331011 A 1 00	AGC13 III X MI	11C 2-V1- 1 - 1 U	7.
Tank	TR	U	Cs-	137	Sr	-90
	ηCi/g	Ci	μCi/g	Ci	μCi/g	Ci
241-T-104	159.8	246.8	0.155	240	2.03	3,140
All 177 Tanks	Not applicable	214,067	Not applicable	43,000,000	Not applicable	51,900,000
241-T-104 waste as a percentage of all 177 tanks		0.12%		5.6E-04%		6.1E-03%

Note:

TRU = transuranic

### 5.0 SUMMARY

Tank 241-T-104 received only first decontamination cycle (1C) waste and coating removal waste (CW) from operations of the bismuth phosphate process conducted in the 221-T Plant. The transfer of 1C/CW waste into tank 241-T-104 was conducted periodically from March 11, 1946 through October 19, 1956.

The pH of the 1C/CW waste was adjusted to approximately pH 7 in the 221-T Plant before transfer to the single-shell tanks. This was done to cause the precipitation of bismuth and plutonium in the 1C/CW waste so that the supernatant would contain a lower concentration of plutonium. As a result, tank 241-T-104 contained settled 1C/CW solids (i.e., bismuth and plutonium precipitate) and 1C/CW supernatant.

The 1C/CW sludge was allowed to settle in tank 241-T-104. The 1C/CW supernatant was removed from tank 241-T-104 and either processed in the 242-T Evaporator (April through July 1951) or disposed in the east section of trench 216-T-14 (January 14, 1954). The interstitial liquid was removed from the 1C/CW sludge present in tank 241-T-104 and transferred to other underground storage tanks in two campaigns conducted February 1976 to August 1977 and March 24, 1996 to May 30, 1999.

The concentration of transuranic elements present in the 1C/CW sludge contained in tank 241-T-104 is approximately 159.8  $\eta$ Ci/g. The concentrations of cesium-137 and strontium-90 in the 1C/CW sludge contained in tank 241-T-104 are approximately 0.155  $\mu$ Ci/g and 2.03  $\mu$ Ci/g, decay corrected to January 1, 2004.

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## APPENDIX A

## VOLUME OF WASTE IN TANK 241-T-104

January 1945 through May 1977

Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TANK 241-T-104

Comments	No waste transferred into tank 241-T-104.	No waste transferred into tank 241-T-104. IC/CW waste from 221-T Plant collected into cascade of tanks 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	No waste transferred into tank 241-T-104. 1C/CW waste being	adjusted to pil 7 before discharge to cascade of tanks 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Tanks 241-T-107, 241-T-108, and 241-T-109 are filled with 1C/CW waste. 1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant diverted to tank 241-U-110 on March 11, 1946. However, transfer line developed a plug. IC/CW waste was then diverted to tank 241-T-104.	1C/CW waste transfer line from 221-T Plant to 241-U Farm (tank 241-U-110) was unplugged. 1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant still being collected in tank 241-T-1104.	Receiving IC/CW waste from 221-T Plant into tank 241-T-104	Receiving IC/CW waste from 221-T Plant into tank 241-T-104	Receiving 1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant into tank 241-T-104.  Tank 241-T-104 filled and 1C/CW waste diverted to tank 241-U-110 on July 22, 1946.  Completed on July 22, 1946 the tie-in of new underground pipeline from diversion box 241-T-153 to tank 241-T-105, which permitted the diversion of 2C waste into tank 241-T-105.
Page		18	21	20	22	23	22	21	22	21		21	21		24	21	20 - 21	20 - 21	21	23	21 - 22
Reference	IIW-7-1293-DEL	HW-7-1388-DEL	11W-7-1544-DEL	11W-7-1649-DEL	IIW-7-1793-DEL	HW-7-1981-DEL	HW-7-2177-DEL	HW-7-2361-DEL	HW-7-2548-DEL	HW-7-2706-DEL		HW-7-2957-DEL	HW-7-3171-DEL		HW-7-3378-DEL	HW-7-3566-DEL	IIW-7-3751-DEL	HW-7-4004-DEL	HW-7-4193-DEL	IIW-7-4343-DEL	IIW-7-4542-DEL
Percentage filled	Empty	Empty	Empty	Empty	Empty	Empty	Empty	Empty	Empty	Empty		Empty	Empty		III %0	[1] %0	3.1% <sup>[1]</sup>	12.9% [1]	113%261	29.2% [1]	lzl %001
Month	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October		November	December		January	February	March	April	May	June	July
Year	1945	•													1946						

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Comments	٠	23   Tank 241-T-104 filled.   Tank 241-T-104 filled.   IC/CW waste from 221-T Plant diverted to cascade of tanks	241-U-110, 241-U-111, and 241-U-112.	Tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 being used to receive 2C waste	from 221-T Plant.	26 Same as above.	28 Same as above.	28 Same as above.	25 Same as above.	Same as above.	26 Same as above.	25 Same as above.	7	target value of pil 7.	26 Same as above. Reduced the amount of caustic solution added t the 1C/CW waste in 221-T Plant to lower the pH to the target value of all 7 which appeared initiation of hismuth and plutonium.	†	23 - 24   Tank 241-T-104 filled.  1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant diverted to cascade of tanks   241-T-110 241-T-111 and 241-T-112.	Tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 being used to receive 2C waste from 221-T Plant.	26 Same as above.	26 Same as above.	27 Same as above.	27 Same as above.	27 Same as above.	29 Same as above.	27 Same as above.	
E OF WA		IW-7-4739-DEL	_			HW-7-5194-DEL	HW-7-5362-DEL	IIW-7-5505-DEL	IIW-7-5630-DEL		HW-7-5802-DEL	HW-7-5944-DEL			HW-7-6184-DEL	$\frac{1}{1}$	HW-7-6391-DEL 2:		11W-7-7454-DEL	11W-7283-DEL	11W-7504-DEL	HW-7795-DEL	HW-7997-DEL	HW-8267-DEL	HW-8438-DEL	
	Percentage filled	100%				100% [2]	13%001	<sub>lzl</sub> %001	100%	100%	100% EI	100% [2]	100% [3]	•	121%001		100% <sup>[2]</sup>		100% [2]	100% [2]	100%121	100% [2]	100%	100% [2]	100% [5]	
	Year Month	August		* -		September	October	November	December		1947 January	╀	March		April		May		June	July	August	September	October	November	December	

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		١	ISBIGA-I. VOLUME OF WASTES IN TAIN 141-1-154	WASIES I.V	
Year	Month	Percentage filled	Keference	l'age	Commens
1948	January	100% [2]	HW-8931-DEL	78	Tank 241-T-104 filled.
	•				1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant diverted to cascade of tanks
		-			241-U-110, 241-U-111, and 241-U-112.
					Tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 being used to receive 2C waste
					from 221-T Plant.
	February	100% [2]	HW-9191-DEL	29 - 30	Same as above.
	March	100% [2]	HW-9595-DEL	32	Tank 241-T-104 filled.
					IC/CW waste from 221-T Plant diverted to cascade of tanks
					241-U-110, 241-U-111, and 241-U-112.
					Tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 filled with 2C waste from
					221-T Plant.
	Anril	[6] %1 29	HW-9922-DEL	31-32	Tank 241-T-104 filled.
					IC/CW waste from 221-T Plant diverted to cascade of tanks
			•		241-U-110, 241-U-111, and 241-U-112.
					Cribbed 360,000-gallons of 2C supernatant from tank 241-T-105.
				_	Tank 241-T-106 still contains 2C waste.
	May	76.2% [3]	HW-10166-DEL	33	241-U-110, 241-U-111, and 241-U-112 are filled with IC/CW
	•				waste.
					1C/CW waste from 221-T Plant diverted to tank 241-T-105.
					Tank 241-T-104 filled with 1C/CW waste.
•					Tank 241-T-106 still contains 2C waste.
	June	85.8% [3]	HW-10378-DEL	30	Same as above.
	July	M. %0.69	11W-10714-DEL	32-33	Same as above. Starting jetting 2C waste from tank 241-T-106 to
					cmb.
	August	70.3% [1]	HW-10993-DEL	35-36	Completed jetting 2C waste from tank 241-1-106 to crib on
-		•			August 3, 1948.
					Tank 241-T-105 receiving 1C/CW waste from 221-1 Plant.
	September	74.0% [1]	HW-11226-DEL	33	IC/CW waste from 221-T Plant diverted to tank 241-T-105, which
	•				cascades to tank 241-T-106.
					Tank 241-T-104 filled with 1C/CW waste.
	October	79.0%	HW-11499-DEL	34	Same as above.
	November	85.0% [1]	HW-11835-DEL	36	Same as above.
	December	94.0%[11]	IIW-12086-DEL	37	Same as above.

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Page Comments	Cascade of tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 filled with IC/CW waste from 221-T Plant.  Jumper changes made in diversion boxes 241-TX-153, 241-TX-154, and 241-TX-155 to divert IC/CW waste from 221-T Plant to cascade	of tanks 241-TX-109, 241-TX-110, 241-TX-111., and 241-TX-112.  Cascade of tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 filled with	IC/CW waste from 221-T Plant.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above,	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.		Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	Same as above.	
Page	38 - 39	35	4041	40	42	41	43	44	43	43	45	43		45	45	46	47	45	45	46	90	49	20	49	15	
Reference	IIW-12391-DEL	HW-12666-DEL	HW-12037_DEL	HW-13190-DEL	IIW-13561-DEL	HW-13793-DEL	HW-14043-DEL	HW-14338-DEL	HW-14596-DEL	HW-14916-DEL	HW-15267-DEL	IIW-15550-DEL		HW-15843-DEL	HW-17056-DEL	HW-17410-DEL	11W-17660-DEL	HW-17971-DEL	HW-18221-DEL	HW-18473-DEL	HW-18740-DEL	HW-19021-DEL	HW-19325-DEL	HW-19622-DEL	HW-19842-DEL	
Percentage filled	10%001	100% [1]	[1]	100%				100% [1]	1100%[11]	100% [1]	1100%	100% [1]		100% [1]	100%	100% [1]	100%[11]	100% [1]	111 %001	100% 111	111 %001	111 %001	3,170,000-gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109	3,170,000-gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109	3,170,000-gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109	
Month	January	February	March	Anril	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December		January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	
Year	1949													1950												

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Percentage filled   Reference   Page				Isble A-1. VOLUME OF WASIES IN LANK 241-1-104	WASIESIN	
January 3,170,000-gallons of IC/CW   IIW-20161-DEL 50	Year	Month	Percentage filled	Reference	Page	Comments
3,170,000-gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109 3,145,000-gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109 2,055,000-gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109 1,770,000-gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109 1,345,000-gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109 1,345,000-gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109 Waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109	1981	January	3,170,000-gallons of IC/CW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109	11W-20161-DEL	90	Same as above.
3,145,000-gallons of ICCW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109  2,055,000-gallons of ICCW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109  1,770,000-gallons of ICCW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109  1,345,000-gallons of ICCW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109  792,000-gallons of ICCW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109  792,000-gallons of ICCW Waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109		February	3,170,000-gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109	HW-20438-DEL	90	Same as above.
2,055,000-gallons of IC/CW IIW-20991-DEL 52 - 53  waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109  1,770,000-gallons of IC/CW IIW-21260-DEL 56 - 58  waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109  1,345,000-gallons of IC/CW IIW-21506-DEL 55 - 57  waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109  Waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109  Not Reported IIW-22075-DEL 41 - 42  Not Reported IIW-22304-DEL Not Reported IIW-22875-DEL IIW-22875-DEL Not Reported IIW-22875-DEL Not Reported IIW-22875-DEL Not Reported IIW-22875-DEL		March	3,145,000-gallons of IC/CW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109	IIW-20671-DEL	54 - 56	Transferred about 25,000-gallons of IC/CW waste from one of the T-Farm tanks to TX tank in preparation for evaporation in the 242-T Evaporator.
1,770,000-gallons of IC/CW		April	2,055,000-gallons of IC/CW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109	IIW-20991-DEL	52-53	Transferred about 1,115,000-gallons of IC/CW waste from tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106 to tanks 241-TX-117 and 241-TX-118 in preparation for evaporation in the 242-T Evaporator. An estimated 470,000-gallons of sludge remain in tanks 241-T-104, 241-T-105, and 241-T-106.
1,345,000-gallons of IC/CW   IIW-21506-DEL   55 - 57     waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109   IIW-21802-DEL   41 - 42     waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109   IIW-22075-DEL     Not Reported   IIW-22075-DEL     Not Reported   IIW-22610-DEL     Not Reported   IIW-22875-DEL     Not Reported   IIW-22610-DEL     Not Reported   IIW-22875-DEL		May	1,770,000-gallons of IC/CW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109	HW-21260-DEL	56 - 58	242-T Evaporator started up in later part of April 1951. A total of 189,046-gallons of IC/CW waste processed through May 1948. A total of 1,379,000-gallons of IC/CW waste transferred from 241-T Farm to 241-TX farm as feed for 242-T evaporator.
792,000-gallons of 1C/CW		June	1,345,000-gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109	HW-21506-DEL	55-57	A total of 406,568-gallons of IC/CW waste processed in June 1948 in the 242-T Evaporator. A total of 1,908,625-gallons of IC/CW waste transferred from 241-T Farm to 241-TX farm as feed for 242-T Evaporator.
Not Reported 11W-22304-DEL  Not Reported 11W-22304-DEL  Not Reported 11W-22815-DEL  Not Reported 11W-22875-DEL		yluly	792,000-gallons of 1C/CW waste in tanks T-104 thru T-109	IIW-21802-DEL	41 - 42	A total of 539,083-gallons of 1C/CW waste processed in July 1948 in the 242-T Evaporator. A total of 2,296,125-gallons of 1C/CW waste transferred from 241-T Farm to 241-TX farm as feed for 242-T Evaporator. This completes the processing of settled 1C/CW waste supernatant from 241-T farm in the 242-T Evaporator.
Not Reported Not Reported Not Reported Not Benorted		August	Not Reported	HW-22075-DEL		
Not Reported Not Reported Not Benorted		September	Not Reported	11W-22304-DEL	•	
Not Reported		October	Not Reported	HW-22610-DEL		
Not Described		November	Not Reported	IIW-22875-DEL		
ייטוויטין אין זיטני		December	Not Reported	HW-23140-DEL		

Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTE IN TANKS 241-T-104	Page   Comments   [In general, these are the comments reporting the reference document]		Et.	Па		21	32	filled on March 31, 1952. This is the next and last cascade of 1C/CW waste to be evaporated in the 200 West Area.	Evaporation is planned to occur after sufficient allowance for aging (radioactivity decay).	10	7.	;	evaporation will be started.	32	10 Same as above,	21 Same as above.	32 Same as above.	10 Sludge measurements taken.	10	10	3	\$		8	\$	\$	\$	
LUNE OF WAS	Reference	HW-23437-DEL	HW-23698-DEL	IIW-23982-DEL	HW-27838	HW-27838	HW-27838			HW-27839	11/V.27830	(CO17-111)		HW-27839	HW-27840	IIW-27840	11W-27840	11W-27841	HW-27842	11W-27775	HW-28043	11W-28377	HW-28712	11W-29054	11W-29242	11W-29624	HW-29905	HW-30250
Table A-1. VO	Sludge (Gallons)	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported			Not Reported	Not Reported	nandaman		Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	377,000	377,000	377,000	377,000	377,000	377,000	377,000	377,000	377,000	377,000
	Supernatant (Gallons)	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	530,000	530,000	530,000			530,000	\$30,000			530,000	530,000	530,000	\$30,000	530,000	153,000	153,000	153,000	153,000	153,000	153,000	153,000	153,000	153,000	153,000
	Month	January	February	March	April	May	June			July	Angust	10000		September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November
	Year	1952																1953										

		Cumernatent	Table A-1. VOI	Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTE IN TANKS 241-T-104	TANK	S 241-T-104 Comments
Year	Month	(Gallons)	(Callons)			[In general, these are the comments reporting the reference document]
	December	153.000	377.000	HW-30498	5	1
1954	January	153,000	377,000	HW-30851	٠	Instead of processing in the 242-T Evaporator, Iransferred approximately 121,687-gallons of supermatant from tank 241-T-104 to east portion of trench 241-T-1 (renumbered to 216-T-14) on January 15, 1954. Estimated inventories of Cs-137, Sr-90, Pu-239, and U disposed to trench were 230-curies, 1.0-curies, 0.36-grams, and 14,500-grams, respectively (HW-33591, page 12 and HW-38562, page 28). Supermatant in tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 were also discharged to trenches.
	February	000.99	377.000	HW-31126	5	Started receiving T-Plant 1C/CW waste on February 23, 1954.
	March	169,000	377,000	IIW-31374	'n	Tank 241-T-104 is filled to approximately o-incires above overflow. Started cascading to tank 241-T-105. Pump in tank 241-T-106 that discharges to trench has a broken shaft and needs to be repaired.
	April	104,000	442,000	HW-31811	<u>ر</u>	Tank 241-T-104 is filled to approximately 6-inches above overflow. T-Plant active 1C/CW waste cascade. 1C/CW waste scheduled to be pumped to trench in May 1954, but not conducted.
	Mari	000 89	478.000	11W-32110	5	Same as above.
	June	38,000	508,000	HW-32389	8	T-Plant active IC/CW waste cascade. Tank 241-1-100 started to receive IC/CW waste from cascade on June 17, 1954.
	Intv	104,000	442,000	HW-32697	5	T-Plant active IC/CW waste cascade.
	Aumst	5.000	525,000	HW-33002	S	
	September	\$,000	525,000	HW-33396	2	11 VT 116 June 1
	October	2,000	525,000	HW-33544	<b>.</b>	Plan to pump waste in cascade to tank 241-1/4-116.  Started scavenging 1C waste in T Plant on October 20, 1954 to precipitate Cs-137 and Sr-90 before discharge of supernatant to single-shell tanks (HW-33585-DEL, page Ed-8).
	November	2,000	525,000	HW-33904	2	Pumping supernatant from 241-T-105 to 241-TX-118 to provide space for storage of coating removal waste from T-Plant
	December	2,000	525,000	HW-34412	2	

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le A-1. VOLUME OF WASTE IN TANKS 241-T-104	
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	Comments [In general, these are the comments reporting the reference document]																								binois and state of the second	Latest electrode reading of studge and tiquid.	Latest electrode reading of studge and liquid.	Latest electrode reading of sludge and liquid.		Latest electrode reading of studge and liquid.			
TANKS	Page	5	5	5	S	2	S	S	S	5	1	S	^	~	2	5	S	S	2	2	~	\$	2	S	5	S	5	~	~	S	~	~	2
le A-1. VOLUME OF WASTE IN TANKS 241-1-104	Reference	HW-35022	HW-35628	HW-36001	HW-36553	HW-37143	HW-38000	HW-38401	HW-38926	HW-39216	11/V-39850	HW-40208	HW-40816	HW-41038	IIW-41812	HW-42394	HW-42993	HW-43490	11W-43895	HW-44860	IIW-45140	HW-45738	HW-46382	HW-47052	HW-47460	HW-48144	HW-48846	HW-49523	11W-50127	HW-50617	IIW-51348	HW-51858	HW-52414
Table A-1. VOI	Sludge (Gallons)	\$25,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	\$25,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	\$25,000	525,000	525,000	523,000	525,000	525,000	\$25,000	525,000
	Supernatant (Gallons)	5.000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	2,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	\$,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	15,000	13,000	16,000	18,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000
	Month	Tannary	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August
	Year	1055												1956												1957							

Sludge Reference Page [In general, these are the comments reporting the reference document]	IIW-52932 5	HW-53573	IIW-54067 5	HW-54519 S	HW-54916 5	HW-55264	HW-55630 5	-	HW-56357	HW-56761		11W-57550 S	IIW-57711 S	IIW-58201 5	IIW-58579 S	HW-58831 \$	HW-59204 5	FIW-59586 5	11W-60065 S	HW-60419 5	HW-60738 \$	11W-61095 S	HW-61582 \$		HW-62421 S	HW-62723 \$	IIW-63083 \$	HW-63559 5	IIW-63896 5	HW-64373 5	11W-64810 S	11W-65222 s
ge [In general, t	t																	<b>.</b>														
Pa	2	5	5	3	2	S	S	2	2	2	5	5	\$	5	5	2	5	5	5	5	S	5	5	S	\$	3	~	2	2	5	2	1
Reference	HW-52932	HW-53573	HW-54067	HW-54519	HW-54916	HW-55264	HW-55630	HW-55997	HW-56357	14W-56761	HW-57122	HW-57550	HW-57711	HW-58201	HW-58579	HW-58831	HW-59204	HW-59586	HW-60065	HW-60419	HW-60738	11W-61095	HW-61582	HW-61952	HW-62421	HW-62723	HW-63083	HW-63559	HW-63896	HW-64373	HW-64810	11W-65277
Studge (Gallons)	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	\$25,000	525,000	\$25,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	\$25,000	525,000	525,000	\$25,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	\$25,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000	\$25,000
Supernatant (Gallons)	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13.000
Month	September	October	November	December	January	February	· March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Јапиагу	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April
Year			-	1	1958			-		-	4	-	1	-	_	-	1959	-	-	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	-	1		4	-	-	-	1960	4	-	

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101 F-114 S	Comments	Lin general, mese are the comments reporting the reference document)												Latest electrode reading of sludge and liquid.						Sludge probably settled in the tank, resulting in reduced volume															
NAT V	Page		-	, ~	,   ·	, •	, •	\\ <del> </del>	1	\	, ,		7	,	۸,	7	1	1	S	S	~	S	~	S	5	7	7	1		1		0		<del> </del>	
Table A-1. VOLUME OF WASTE IN TANKS 241. T 101	Reference		HW-65643	HW-66187	HW-66557	IIW-66827	111/2-67696	11W-67705	HW-68291	HW-68292	11W-71610	1101/2-WII	HW-74647	HW-76233	11VV 70270	07500 MI	1111/02200	11 W-03508	RL-SEP-260	RL-SEP-659	KL-SEP-821	RL-SEP-923	077-051	150-404	150-538	150 905	150 051	A D11 05	ABIL 176	ADIV 624	A DIT 731	A DE 1 071	A D I 1001	A DIT 1200 A	AM1-17WA
Table A-1. VO	Sludge (Gallons)	,	\$25,000	525,000	525,000	\$25,000	525,000	\$25,000	525,000	525,000	525.000	\$25,000	\$25,000	525,000	\$25,000	\$75,000	\$25,000	200,000	723,000	400,000	133,000	488,000	400,000	488,000	488 000	488.000	488 000	488,000	488.000	488 000	488 000	488 000	488 000	488,000	222122
	Supernatant (Gallons)		13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10.000	10,000	10.000	44 000	44 000	44 000	44,000	44 000	44 000	44.000	44,000	44,000	44,000	44,000	44,000	44,000	44,000	44,000	43,000	
	Month		May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January thru June	July thru December	January thru June	July thru December	January thru June	July thru December	January thru June	July thru December	January thru June	July thru September	October thru December	January thru March	April thru June	July thru September	October thru December	January thru March	April thru June	July thru September	October thru December	January thru March	April thru June	July thru September	October thru December	January thru March	
	1631										1961		1962		1963		1961		1965			1966				1967				1968				1969	

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Comments	[In general, these are the comments reporting the reference document]		Transferred 48,000-gallons of supermatant to tank 241-TY-103. Waste from other T Farm tanks collected in tank 241-TY-103 was transferred to tank 241-TX-118 and then processed in the 242-T Evaporator.																					Quarterly report states tank 241-T-104 is "salt filled".	Quarterly report states tank 241-T-104 is "salt filled".		Quarterly report states tank 241-T-104 is "salt filled".	Quarterly report states tank 241-T-104 is "salt filled".	"Salt filled." Transferred 15,000-gallons of saltwell liquor to
Page		7	4	-	7	7	7	2	7	7	7	7	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Reference		ARH-1200 B	ARII-1200 C	ARII-1200 D	ARII-1666 A	ARII-1666 B	ARH-1666 C	ARH-1666 D	ARII-2074 A	ARH-2074 B	ARII-2074 C	ARH-2074 D	ARII-2456 A	ARJI-2456 B	ARH-2456 C	ARH-2456 D	ARH-2794 A	ARII-2974 B	ARII-2974 C	ARII-2974 D	ARH-CD-133 A	ARH-CD-133 B	ARH-CD-133 C	ARII-CD-133 D	ARII-CD-336 A	ARH-CD-336 B	ARH-CD-336 C	ARH-CD-336 D	ARJI-CD-702 A
Sludge	(Gallons)	488,000	483,000	483,000	483,000	483,000	482,000	483,000	482,000	483,000	483,000	483,000	483,000	483,000	483,000	483,000	483,000	483,000	483,000	483,000	483,000	483,000	483,000	483,000	483,000	483,000	483,000	483,000	483,000
Supernatant	(Gallons)	43,000		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Month		April thru June	July through September	October thru December	January thru March	April thru June	July thru September	October thru December	January thru March	April thru June	July thru September	October thru December	January thru March	April thru June	July thru September	October thru December	January thru March	April thru June	July thru September	October thru December	January thru March	April thru June	July thru September	October thru December	January thru March	April thru June	July thru September	October thru December	January thru March
Year					1970				161				1972				1973				1974				1975				9261

		Table A-1. VO	Table A-1, VOLUME OF WASTE IN TANKS 241-T-104	TANK	S 241-T-104
Month	Supernatant	Sludge	Reference	Page	Comments
	(Gallons)	(Gallons)		•	[In general, these are the comments reporting the re
April thru June	0	483,000	ARII-CD-702 B	٥	Removed from service. Salt filled.
September	0	483,000	ARH-CD-7021	14	Tank is inactive and salt filled. Saltwell pumping c
October	0	483,000	ARII-CD-822-OCT	15	Tank is inactive and salt filled. Saltwell pumping c
November	0	483,000	ARH-CD-822-NOV	15	Tank is inactive. Saltwell pumping conducted.
December	0	483,000	ARII-CD-822-DEC	17	Tank is inactive. Saltwell pumping conducted.
January	0	483,000	ARII-CD-822-JAN	12	Tank is inactive. Saltwell pumping conducted.
February	0	483,000	ARH-CD-822-FEB	17	Tank is inactive. Saltwell pumping conducted.
March	0	483,000	ARII-CD-822-MAR	11	Tank is inactive. Saltwell pumping conducted.
April	0	483,000	ARII-CD-822-APR	17	Tank is inactive. Saltwell pumping conducted.
May	0	483,000	ARII-CD-822-MAY	11	Tank is inactive. Saltwell pumping conducted.

Year

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# ORIGIN OF WASTES IN SINGLE-SHELL TANKS 241-T-110, 241-T-111 and 241-T-112

M. E. Johnson

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Abstract: A review of waste transfer documentation was conducted to determine the origin of wastes transferred into single-shell tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111 and 241-T-112. This review was conducted to support decisions concerning disposition of the waste present in this tank.

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# Tank Farm Contractor (TFC) RECORD OF REVISION

(1) Document Number RPP-13873

(2) Title

Origin of Wastes in Single-Shell Tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111 and 241-T-112

	Change Control	Record			
(3) Revision	(4) Description of Change - Replace, Add, and Delete Pages	Authorized for Release			
	(,, ===================================	(5) Resp. Engr. (print/sign/date)	(6) Resp. Mrg. (print/sign/date		
31	Included discussion on origin of equipment decontamination and coating removal waste.	Michael H. Johnson	Shadeay raisfor		
	Replace - Executive Summary: Replaced discussion on gross alpha concentrations measurements for tanks waste samples with sum of the transuranic elements with half-lives greater than 20-years.				
	Add - Section 2: Expanded discussion on types of records reviewed and information available in each of these records.				
	Add - Sections 2.2.1: Included discussion on prior waste types stored in tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106.				
	Add - Section 2.2.3: Discussed variation in sludge volume reported for tank 241-T-110 in historical records. Included discussion on saltwell pumping in 1978 and interim stabilization of tank 241-T-110 in 2000.				
	Add - Section 2.2.4: Indicated that analyses of the equipment decontamination waste solutions were not located during review of available records. Included discussion on saltwell pumping 1976-78 and interim stabilization of tank 241-T-111 in 1995.		<u>.</u>		
	Add - Section 2.2.5: New section added to expand discussion on cesium ion exchange process waste that was added to tank T-112 in 1973. Included discussion on prior waste types stored in tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106				
	Add - Section 2.2.6: Discussed that WHC-MR-0132 does support waste history described in RPP-13873 for tanks T-111				

# Tank Farm Contractor (TFC) RECORD OF REVISION (continued)

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(1) Document Number RPP-13873

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	Change Control	Record			
(3) Revision	(4) Description of Change - Replace, Add, and Delete Pages	Authorized for Release			
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	as other wastes.  Add - Section 4.0: Indicated analyses of core samples and waste templates are the basis for the gross alpha and transuranic elements concentrations reported.  Add - Section 5.0: Included summary of tank T-112 waste history and sum of transuranic elements concentrations.	·			
	transuranic elements concentrations.				

# ORIGIN OF WASTES IN SINGLE-SHELL TANKS 241-T-110, 241-T-111 AND 241-T-112

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

A review of waste transfer documentation was conducted to determine the origin of waste transferred into single-shell tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111 and 241-T-112. This review was conducted to support decisions concerning disposition of the waste present in these tanks.

Tank 241-T-110 received second decontamination cycle (2C) waste from processing plutonium solutions at the 221-T Bismuth Phosphate plant from January 1945 through December 1954, 221-T Plant low activity cell drainage waste from June 1951 through December 1954, and 224-T Concentration building wastes from May 1952 through December 1954. Tanks 241-T-111 and 241-T-112 received 2C waste from the 221-T Plant from January 1945 through October 1956, 221-T Plant low activity cell drainage waste from June 1951 through October 1956, 224-T Concentration building wastes from May 1952 through October 1956, and 221-T Plant equipment decontamination waste from December 1959 through June 1967. Tank 241-T-112 continued to receive 221-T Plant equipment decontamination waste until June 1973. Tank 241-T-112 also received a mixture of coating removal waste 221-B Plant cesium ion exchange process waste from tank 241-T-106 in March 1973.

The second decontamination cycle and 224-T building wastes originated from purification of plutonium solutions. The second decontamination cycle and 224-T building wastes are not waste originating from separating fission products from the uranium fraction of irradiated reactor fuel. Equipment decontamination wastes originated from removing residual radionuclides from failed process equipment to enable this equipment to be repaired and returned to service. Coating removal waste originated from dissolution of the aluminum coating present on irradiated fuel elements, prior to the dissolution of the fuel elements. Cesium ion exchange process waste originated from processing waste solutions at the 221-B Plant to separate cesium from these wastes.

The concentrations of the transuranic elements with half-lives greater than 20-years (i.e. sum of neptunium-237, plutonium-238, plutonium-240, plutonium-240 and americium-241) in the waste stored in tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111 and 241-T-112 (sludge fraction only) are approximately  $83.3\eta \text{Ci/g}$ ,  $186.5\eta \text{Ci/g}$  and  $255.2\eta \text{Ci/g}$ , as reported on October 11, 2004 from the TWINS database.

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### LIST OF TERMS

1C first cycle of the decontamination process

2C second decontamination cycle

CW Coating waste

DOE U.S. Department of Energy

lbs pounds MW Metal waste

REDOX Reduction-Oxidation ηCi/g nanocuries per gram

μCi/cc microcuries per cubic centimeters

μCi/g microcuries per gram

μg/cc micrograms per cubic centimeters

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The origin of the wastes in tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111 and 241-T-112 is important in determining the disposition of these wastes and the waste storage tanks. Section 2.0 discusses the origin of waste transferred into and removed from single-shell tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111 and 241-T-112. Section 3.0 provides a description of the different types of wastes that were generated at the Hanford Site chemical processing plants and transferred to these underground storage tanks. Section 4.0 provides a discussion on the transuranic radionuclide analyses of the wastes in these tanks. The concentration of transuranic radionuclides present in these wastes is important to determining the disposition of these wastes. Section 5 summarizes the waste types that were transferred into tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111 and 241-T-112.

# 2.0 WASTE TRANSFER INTO AND WASTE REMOVAL FROM TANKS 241-T-110, 241-T-111 AND 241-T-112

This section provides a brief description of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111 and 241-T-112 and summarizes waste transfers into and waste removal from these tanks. In order to determine the origins of the wastes presently stored in tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111 and 241-T-112, publicly available reports for the Hanford Site were reviewed.

Documents reviewed included the Hanford site contractors' monthly reports (1945 through 1975), Army Corp of Engineers monthly reports (December 1944 through December 1946), U. S. Atomic Energy Commission monthly reports (1947 through 1954), waste disposal reports (1948 through 1975), tank farm waste status summary reports, and miscellaneous letters and technical reports.

The Hanford site contractors' monthly reports for January 1945 through July 1951 list the volume of waste stored in the single-shell tanks, with the exception of the B-200 and T-200 series single-shell tanks. No records were located that provided the volume of wastes stored in the single-shell tanks from August 1951 through February 1952. Beginning in March 1952, waste transfers and the volume of waste stored in each single-shell tank were reported for each tank in a waste status summary report.

With the exception of the waste status summary reports, all reports cited in this section are available electronically from the Hanford Declassified Document Retrieval System at <a href="http://www2.hanford.gov/declass/">http://www2.hanford.gov/declass/</a> or the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Information Bridge at <a href="http://www.osti.gov/bridge/">http://www.osti.gov/bridge/</a>. The waste status summary reports are available only as photocopies from Hanford Site Records Information Management Services organization.

#### 2.1 DESCRIPTION OF TANKS 241-T-110, 241-T-111 AND 241-T-112

Single-shell tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111 and 241-T-112 were originally constructed in 1944 as part of the Manhattan Project (HW-10475-C, chapter IX) and are three of the twelve, 100-series tanks in 241-T Tank Farm. The 100-series tanks are seventy-five-foot diameter underground

tanks made of reinforced concrete with a steel liner on the bottom and sides. Each tank has a design capacity of 530,000 gallons at a liquid depth of sixteen-feet. The overflow pipe for tanks 241-T-110 and 241-T-111 is at an elevation that results in seventeen-feet of waste (~540,530 gallons) being retained in each tank. The overflow pipeline from tank 241-T-112 is at an elevation that results in eighteen-feet of waste (~573,530 gallons) being retained in this tank (HW-27035).

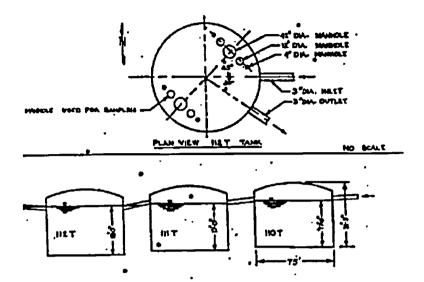
Tanks 241-T-110 and 241-T-111, along with tank 241-T-112, were connected together via underground piping to allow solution to cascade from the lead tank into the subsequent two tanks. Solids settled in each tank, with the supernatant discharged from tank 241-T-112 through an underground pipeline to a crib. In addition to the overflow piping, each tank is equipped with four, 3-inch diameter stainless steel inlet pipes. Originally, only the inlet pipes from tank 241-T-110 were connected to diversion box 241-T-153, with the inlet pipes for the other tanks blanked off close to each tank (HW-10475-C, page 907 –908).

#### 2.2 WASTE TRANSFERS

This section describes waste transfers into and waste removal from tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111 and 241-T-112. These tanks were operated for a number of years as a three-tank cascade. This section includes a discussion of waste discharge to underground cribs. The design of the tank cascade system is shown in Figure 1 and resulted in tanks 241-T-110 and 241-T-111 being filled with waste that then cascaded into tank 241-T-112. Figure 1 does not represent the current configuration of piping for these tanks. From 1947 through 1951, a jet was used to transfer waste from tank 241-T-112 to the crib. After modifying the disposal system in May 1951, waste was allowed to gravity overflow from tank 241-T-112 to the crib.

The volume and radioactive (plutonium, gross beta, and uranium) content of waste discharged from these tanks to underground cribs is summarized in references HW-17088, HW-20583, HW-25301, HW-28121, HW-33591, HW-38562, HW-44784, HW-72956, ISO-98, and ARH-1608. Appendix A provides a tabular listing of the volume of solids and total waste present in tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 for January 1945 through December 1975, after which these tanks were no longer used to receive wastes.

Figure 1. Tanks 241-T-110, 241T-111, 241-T-112 Waste Tank Cascade System



#### 2.2.1 Second Decontamination Cycle (2C) Waste

The 241-T Tank Farm was originally constructed to receive waste from the 221-T Bismuth Phosphate plant (see Section 3.0). Tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 were operated as a cascade. Chemical tracer runs (non-radioactive) were initiated in the 221-T Plant in December 19444, with the second decontamination cycle (designated as 2C) waste from these runs received into tank 241-T-110 (HAN-45800-DEL, page 1). According to the Army Corps of Engineers report for January 1945 (HAN-45800-DEL, page 4), the first radioactive waste was received into tank 241-T-110 from the processing of six charges of material from 100-B reactor in the 221-T Plant to separate plutonium.

Tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 continued to receive 2C waste through July 22, 1946, at which time these tanks were reported as being filled and 2C waste was diverted to tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 (HAN-45800-DEL, page 64 and HW-7-4542-DEL, page 21). Tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 were originally designated as a spare set of tanks for receipt of 2C waste from the 221-T Plant. In order to allow the collection of 2C waste in tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106, a separate transfer pipeline was established to the inlet of tank 241-T-105 on July 17, 1946 (H-2-578 and HAN-45762, pages 27 and 32).

While tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 remained filled with 2C waste, tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 continued to receive 2C waste from the 221-T Plant. Measurements of the solids depth in tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 were conducted in October 1946 using an ionization chamber indicated that only tank 241-T-110 contain solids, evenly distributed at a depth of approximately 38 inches, corresponding to ~84,030 gallons (H-7-5362-DEL, page 27).

Plans were initiated in October 1946 to dispose of the 2C supernatant contained in these tanks to an underground crib (HW-7-5362-DEL, page 27). A new underground crib (designated as 241-T-3) was constructed in 1947. Tank 241-T-110 would be used to settle solids that formed in the 2C waste, with the supernatant cascading by gravity flow into tank 241-T-111 and then into tank 241-T-112. The clarified 2C supernatant would be jetted from tank 241-T-112 to the underground crib. Crib disposal of the clarified 2C supernatant was authorized on an experimental basis (HW-10321). The 2C waste contained in tank 241-T-111 was jetted to this underground crib in September 1947 (HW-7795-DEL, page 26).

As part of the planned disposal of the 2C supernatant to the underground crib, separate waste transfer lines were routed to tanks 241-T-111 and 241-T-112 (see drawing H-2-578). This would enable filling these tanks directly with 2C waste when tank 241-T-110 filled with solids and was no longer suitable as a settling tank. Approximately 20,000-gallons of 2C supernatant were jetted from tank 241-T-112 to the underground crib in November 1947 to enable a waste transfer line tie-in from diversion box 241-T-153 to tanks 241-T-111 and 241-T-112 (HW-8267-DEL, page 27). Crib disposal of additional 2C supernatant was delayed until a means to sample the soil in dry wells that surround the crib area was developed.

A tool for sampling the soil in dry wells surrounding the 2C disposal crib area was designed, constructed, and tested in February 1948 (HW-9191-DEL, page 28), but this tool proved unsuccessful in obtaining soil samples when used in March 1948 (HW-9595-DEL, page 30). However, approval was given to resume limited crib disposal of 2C supernatant in April 1948, since tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 were nearly filled with 2C waste and additional storage space in the single-shell tanks was not available. Crib disposal of approximately 360,000 gallons of 2C waste from tank 241-T-105 was conducted in April 1948 (HW-9922-DEL, page 31).

Following extensive sampling of the soil surrounding the 2C waste disposal crib (HW-10166-DEL, page 31), crib disposal of 2C waste contained in tank 241-T-106 was conducted in July 1948 (HW-10714-DEL, page 32) and August 1948 (HW-10993-DEL, page 32). Crib disposal of approximately 450,000 gallons of the 2C waste in tank 241-T-112 was initiated on August 4, 1948 (HW-10993-DEL, page 35) and stopped in September 1948 (HW-11226-DEL, page 32) to allow installation of an experimental sand filter on the jet discharge from tank 241-T-112 to the crib. The experimental sand filter was installed to determine the feasibility of removing additional activity from the 2C supernatant being disposed to the crib. Crib disposal of the remainder of the 2C waste in tank 241-T-112 was completed in October 1948 (HW-11499, page 33).

With the emptying of tank 241-T-112 in August through October 1948, 2C waste was again routed from the 221-T Plant into the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 beginning in August 1948. Tank 241-T-110 was used to settle solids that formed in the 2C waste, with the supernatant cascading by gravity flow into tank 241-T-111 and then into tank 241-T-112. The clarified 2C supernatant was periodically jetted from tank 241-T-112 to the crib (HW-33591, pages 4 and 26) from August 1948 through May 1951. In May 1951, modifications were conducted that allowed the 2C supernatant waste to gravity overflow from tank 241-T-112 into the crib (HW-21260-DEL, page 57).

#### 2.2.2 2C Waste Combined with Cell Drainage Waste

Beginning in June 1951, the neutralized, cell drainage waste from the 221-T Plant (designated as 5-6 waste) was combined with the 2C waste in the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 (HW-21506-DEL, page 56 and H-2-1988). Tank 5-6 in the 221-T Plant was used to collect low activity drainage from the process cells. The generation of cell drainage waste was intermittent and dependent on the frequency of leaks that developed in the 221-T Plant process equipment. High-activity cell drainage waste was collected in tank 5-9 and either reworked or transferred to single-shell tank 241-T-107 (see Section 3.1.1).

The low activity cell drainage was transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 so "... that the major portion of the suspended plutonium carrying solids will settle out while the waste solution combines and cascades concurrently with the second decontamination cycle waste prior to underground cribbing by constant overflow" (HW-21506-DEL, page 56). The combined 2C waste and cell drainage waste from tank 5-6 were transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112. All three tanks were essentially filled with waste to the overflow pipeline. Solids gravity settled and supernatant gravity overflow from tank 241-T-112 into the crib.

### 2.2.3 2C, Cell Drainage, and 224-T Concentration Building Waste

Beginning on May 29, 1952, the waste from the 224-T Concentration building (designated as 224 waste) was discharged to the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 along with the cell drainage waste collected in tank 5-6 and the 2C waste from the 221-T Plant (HW-27838, page 17). Section 3.1 provides a description of the plutonium concentration process conducted in the 224-T Concentration building. These three waste streams (2C/224/5-6) continued to be collected in the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112. All three tanks were essentially filled with waste to the overflow pipeline. Solids gravity settled and supernatant gravity overflow from tank 241-T-112 into the crib.

In December 1954, tank 241-T-110 was reported as filled with sludge (530,000 gallons) and only tanks 241-T-111 and 241-T-112 were receiving the 2C/224/5-6 waste streams (HW-34412, page 6 and H-2-2398). A review of Hanford Site monthly reports and waste status summary reports from 1955 to the present indicate that no additional waste was transferred into tank 241-T-110. This review also observed that the documented, volume of solids contained in this tank was recorded generally as 530,000 gallons through July 1957and then reported as 46,000 gallons from August 1957 through June 1966. The tank 241-T-110 sludge volume was reported typically as 508,000 gallons from July 1966 through September 1969, then 293,000 gallons through September 1974, and 466,000 gallons from October 1974 through March 1982. Following completion of salt well pumping in 1978 (RMIS TFIC # D196235596), the tank 241-T-110 sludge level was reported at 370,000 gallons in April 1982 to the present. Supernatant and interstitial liquids were removed from tank 241-T-110 in 2000 as part of interim stabilization of the single-shell tanks (HNF-SD-RE-TI-178, pages 218-222).

The reason for the variations in the measured solids volume in tank 241-T-110 was not reported in the waste status summary reports, but could be due to inaccurate measurements. Sludge depth measurements were obtained by lowering a weight through a riser in the single-shell tank and attempting to determine the sludge interface with the supernatant. The distance from the riser bench-mark to the sludge interface was determined and the sludge depth was then calculated. The date when sludge measurements were actually obtained was not located in the available documentation. An erroneous measurement or calculation may have been recorded in August 1957 and the sludge depth not measured again until July 1967. Sludge removal from tank 241-T-110 has not been conducted as of June 2004 and is not the source for the variation in measured sludge volume.

Tanks 241-T-111 and 241-T-112 continued receiving the 2C / 224 / 5-6 waste streams and by March 1955, were reported as containing approximately 487,000-gallons and 33,000 gallons of sludge, respectively (HW-36001, page 6). This prompted the transfer in April 1955 of 115,000 to 133,000-gallons of sludge from tank 241-T-111 to tank 241-T-112 (HW-36553, page 6). Tank 241-T-111 was reported as containing approximately 362,000 gallons of solids after this transfer. Tank 241-T-112 was reported as having 33,000 gallons of solids before this transfer (HW-36001, page 6) and approximately 170,000 gallons of solids after this transfer (HW-37143, page 6). The solids were transferred from tank 241-T-111 into tank 241-T-112 to provide sufficient space in tank 241-T-111 for gravity settling of solids present in the 2C / 224 / 5-6

wastes before the clarified supernatant was overflowed to tank 241-T-112 and to the 241-T-3 crib (after 1958 referred to as the 216-T-7 crib).

The 241-T-3 crib continued to receive the supernatant overflowed from tank 241-T-112 until November 30, 1955, after which the 241-TX-153 crib (after 1958 referred to as the 216-T-19 crib) was used (HW-44784, pages 43 and 44). Additionally, approximately 700,000 gallons of waste was discharged from tank 241-T-112 to the 241-T trench number 5 on May 5, 1955, to empty this tank (HW-38562, page 28). Trench 241-T number 5 is also referred to as trench number 216-T-5 (HW-48518, page 42).

The 2C / 224 / 5-6 wastes continued to be transferred into the cascade of tanks 241-T-111 and 241-T-112 through March 20, 1956, when the final processing of irradiated fuels for plutonium recovery was completed in the 221-T Plant (HW-42219-DEL, page ED-5). Process equipment flushes using nitric acid and peroxide – caustic were conducted in the 221-T Plant from March 1956 (HW-42219-DEL, page ED-5) through September 1956 (HW-45707-DEL, page D-5) to recover plutonium and remove fission products from the equipment. The acid flushes were processed through the normal flowsheet, generating additional 2C and 224 wastes that were transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-T-111 and 241-T-112. The 221-T Plant was placed in standby status whereas the 224-T building was placed in lay-away status in October 1956 (HW-46432-DEL, page D-5). The volume of solids and liquid report in tanks 241-T-111 were 510,000 gallons and 20,000 gallons as of September 30, 1956 (HW-45738, page 6). The volume of solids and liquid report in tanks 241-T-112 were 170,000 gallons and 259,000 gallons as of September 30, 1956 (HW-45738, page 6).

Water transfers through the equipment in the 221-T Plant were conducted once per week beginning in October 1956 following chemical flushing to keep the gaskets installed in piping wetted (HW-46432-DEL, page D-5). If the gaskets dried out, leaks could develop if the equipment were restarted. Water transfers through the 221-T Plant equipment were continued through January 1957 (HW-48132-DEL, page D-6) and were terminated when the 221-T Plant was transitioned to final lay-away status in June 1957 (HW-51211-DEL, page D-6).

The disposition of the water transferred through process equipment in the 221-T Plant is not specified in the Hanford Site monthly reports or waste status summary reports. Reports that document radioactive liquid discharges to the ground for 1956 through 1959 do not indicate the discharge of any waste from tank 241-T-112 to the crib (number 241-TX-153 also known as the 216-T-19 crib) after August 1956 (HW-48518, page 35, HW-59359, page 7, and HW-63646, page 7). Tank 241-T-111 was filled to the overflow pipeline and the total waste volume in tank 241-T-112 fluctuated from 429,000 gallons (HW-45738, page 6) to 417,000 gallons (HW-50127, page 6) during this period, without any cause noted for the volume changes. Therefore, it cannot be determine with certainty whether the water used to wet equipment in 221-T Plant was discharged to tank 241-T-111 and 241-T-112.

#### 2.2.4 Equipment Decontamination Waste

The 221-U Plant was being used to decontaminate equipment from the Reduction-Oxidation (REDOX) plant, which processed spent nuclear fuels to recover uranium and plutonium. In October 1958, plans were developed to convert the 221-T Plant for use as decontamination facility for equipment from the REDOX plant (HW-58051-DEL, page D-5) and use the 221-U Plant for another purpose. Work was conducted from February 1959 (HW-59434-DEL, page D-4) through June 1960 (HW-65935-DEL, page C-2) to convert the 221-T Plant to an equipment decontamination facility. Equipment decontamination activities were initiated at the 221-T Plant in July 1960, with the receipt of a failed multipurpose dissolver from the REDOX plant (HW-66271-DEL, page C-2).

The Hanford Site monthly reports and waste status summary reports indicate that no waste was transferred into or out of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111 and 241-T-112 from August 1956 through November 1959 during modifications to the 221-T Plant. In December 1959, 2,750 gallons of waste were transferred from 221-T Plant into tank 241-T-111 (HW-83906-C-RD, page 92), presumably resulting from the equipment modifications conducted at 221-T Plant. The composition or specific source of the equipment modification waste was not found during review of available documentation. However, all 221-T Plant equipment had been flushed using nitric acid and peroxide – caustic solution during 1956 to recover plutonium and remove fission products (see section 2.2.3). Therefore, the waste transferred from 221-T Plant to tanks 241-T-111 and 241-T-112 would have contained only residual levels of fission products.

As part of readying 221-T Plant for this new mission, a route was established in November 1959 from the 221-T Plant to crib number 241-TY (later referred to as 216-TY-3 or 216-T-28) for disposal of low activity waste (HW-62864, page D-4). Low activity waste was transferred from 221-T Plant into the cascade of tanks 241-T-111 and 241-T-112 and then pumped from tank 241-T-112 to the underground crib. The waste status summary reports for the underground storage tanks at the Hanford Site indicate tank 241-T-112 received 3,000 gallons of waste from 221-T Plant in March 1960 (HW-64810, page 6 and HW-83906-C-RD, page 119) and 16,000 gallons in May 1960, with 44,000 gallons of waste pumped to the 241-TY-3 crib (HW-65643, page 6 and HW-83906-D-RD, page 131). Additional decontamination waste continued to be received periodically into the cascade of tanks 241-T-111 and 241-T-112 and was pumped to the underground crib (216-T-28; then 216-T-36 after May 1967) through June 1967 (HW-83906-D-RD, HW-83906-E-RD, ISO-538, and ISO-674).

After July 1967, equipment decontamination waste from 221-T Plant was transferred directly into tank 241-T-112, with the supernatant discharged to crib number 216-T-36 (ARH-95). Tank 241-T-111 no longer was used to receive waste. Supernatant and interstitial liquids were removed from tank 241-T-111 between 1976 and 1978 (RMIS TFIC #D196235379) and 1995 as part of isolation and interim stabilization of the single-shell tanks (HNF-SD-RE-TI-178, pages 223-225).

From July 1967 through June 1972, equipment decontamination waste was transferred from 221-T Plant into directly into tank 241-T-112. Waste was transferred from tank 241-T-112 to the

REDOX plant for evaporation, with the concentrated waste transferred to other single-shell tanks (ARH-1200 C, ARH-1200 D, ARH-1666 A, B, C, D, ARH-2074 A, B, C, D, and ARH-2456 A, B). From July 1972 through June 1973, equipment decontamination waste was transferred from 221-T Plant into tank 241-T-112, and then to single-shell tank 241-U-107 (ARH-2456 C, D, and ARH-2794 A, B). After June 1973, tank 241-T-112 was no longer used to receive 221-T Plant decontamination waste. The equipment decontamination waste was transferred from 221-T Plant into tank 241-U-107 beginning in October 1973 (ARH-2794 D).

#### 2.2.5 Cesium Ion Exchange Process Waste

Tank 241-T-112 received 350,000 gallons of a mixture of coating removal waste, B-Plant cesium ion exchange waste, and laboratory waste from tank 241-T-106 and 20,000 gallons of waste from diversion box catch tank 241-T-301 in January through March 1973 (ARH-2794A). No other waste was transferred into tank 241-T-112 after March 1973. Supernatant and interstitial liquids were removed from tank 241-T-112 in 1974, 1976 and 1981 as part of isolation and interim stabilization of the single-shell tanks (HNF-SD-RE-TI-178, page 6).

Prior to 1973, tank 241-T-106 was used to stored 2C waste, first decontamination cycle (1C) and coating removal waste (CW) from the 221-T Plant and coating removal waste from the REDOX Plant. As discussed in section 2.2.1, tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 were spare single-shell tanks that were placed in service to receive and stored 2C waste from the 221-T Plant beginning in July 1946. The 2C waste was received into tank 241-T-105 from July 23, 1946 (HW-7-4542-DEL, page 22) through April 1948, after which the 2C supernatant waste was discharged to a crib (HW-9922-DEL, page 31). Tank 241-T-106 began to receive 2C waste through the overflow line from tank 241-T-105 in June 1947 (HW-7-7454-DEL, page 26) and was filled in March 1948 (HW-9595-DEL, page 32). The 2C supernatant waste contained in tank 241-T-106 was discharged to a crib from July 1948 (HW-10714-DEL, page 32) through August 3, 1948 (HW-10993-DEL, page 35).

After emptying the 2C supernatant waste from tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106, the combined 1C/CW waste was transferred from 221-T Plant to tank 241-T-105 beginning in May 1948 (HAN-45807-DEL, page 55). Waste began to cascade from tank 241-T-105 into tank 241-T-106 in August 1948. Tank 241-T-105 continued to receive 1C/CW waste and cascade waste into tank 241-T-106 through January 1949, at which tanks 241-T-105 and 241-T-106 were filled with 1C/CW waste (HW-12391-DEL, page 38). The 1C/CW supernatant contained in tank 241-T-106 (along with other tanks in 241-T farm) was processed through the 242-T Evaporator from in 1951 with the concentrated 1C/CW supernatant waste (i.e., evaporator bottoms) stored in tanks 241-TX-116 and 241-TX-117. The evaporator bottoms in tanks 241-TX-116 and 241-TX-117 were eventually processed again through the 242-T Evaporator to further concentrate these wastes for storage in tanks 241-TX-110 and 241-TX-111 (RPP-16129, section 2.2.2). Tank 241-T-106 again was used as part of the cascade of tanks 241-T-104 and 241-T-105 to store 1C/CW waste from the 221-T Plant from August 1951 through September 1954, with some of the 1C/CW supernatant discharged from these tanks to a trench in early 1954 (RPP-16129, sections 2.2.3 and 2.2.4). All of the 1C/CW supernatant was transferred from tank 241-T-106 to 241-TX-

118 in January 1955 for processing in the 242-T Evaporator, leaving approximately 10,000 gallons of 2C and 1C/CW sludge in this tank (HW-35022, page 5).

Tank 241-T-106 then received ~221,000 gallons of REDOX Plant coating removal waste supernatant in May 1956 from tank 241-U-110 (HW-43490, page 5). Tank 241-T-106 next received 221,000 gallons of REDOX Plant coating removal waste supernatant from tank 241-S-107 via the cascade overflow line from tank 241-T-105 in June 1965 (HW-83906-E-RD, page 62c) and an additional 90,000 gallons of this same waste type in 1966 (ISO-226, page 5). The REDOX Plant coating removal waste was transferred from tank 241-T-106 to tank 241-TY-101 in the third quarter of 1969, leaving approximately 26,000 gallons of sludge and 42,000 gallons of supernatant in this tank (ARH-1200 C, page 7).

In January through March 1973, tank 241-T-106 received a mixture of supernatant wastes (~455,000 gallons) from tank 241-T-105 consisting of B-Plant cesium ion exchange waste and laboratory waste (ARH-2794A). Approximately 350,000 gallons of supernatant were then transferred from tank 241-T-106 to tank 241-T-112 in June 1973.

#### 2.2.6 Comparison with Other Reports

Waste transfers into and waste removals from tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111 and 241-T-112 were summarized in A History of the 200 Area Tank Farms (WHC-MR-0132), Waste Status and Transaction Record Summary for the Northwest Quadrant of the Hanford 200W Area (WHC-SD-WM-TI-669, Rev. 1), Historical Tank Waste Content Estimate for the Northwest Quadrant of the Hanford 200 West Area (HNF-SD-WM-ER-351, Rev. 1), and Waste Status and Transaction Record Summary (WSTRS) Rev. 4 (LA-UR-97-311). In general, the information cited in Sections 2.2.1 through 2.2.4 is in agreement with these previous reports.

These previous reports accurately state the volume of waste transferred into and removed from tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111 and 241-T-112, as well as the volume of solids and total waste stored in each tank. Specifically, these previous reports do indicate the waste transferred to this tank cascade from was 2C waste from January 1945 through May 1951, combined 2C / 5-6 waste from June 1951 (WHC-MR-0132, page 4) through 1st quarter 1952 and 2C / 224 / 5-6 waste from 2nd quarter 1952 through 1st quarter 1957. These previous reports do indicate that the source of waste transferred into tank 241-T-111 from December 1959 (4th quarter 1959) through June 1967 was from 221-T Plant, but do not describe these wastes as originating from equipment decontamination conducted in the 221-T Plant (see Section 2.2.4). These previous reports also accurately reflect the waste transfer history associated with tank 241-T-112, as described in this report.

# 3.0 TYPES OF TANK WASTE GENERATED AT THE HANFORD SITE CHEMICAL PROCESSING PLANTS

There were numerous spent nuclear fuel reprocessing, research and development, plutonium processing and waste management activities conducted at the Hanford Site starting in 1944. These spent nuclear fuel reprocessing, research and development, plutonium processing and waste management activities conducted in the processing plants are discussed further in the DOE/RL-97-02, National Register of Historic Places Multiple Property Document Form - Historic, Archaeological and Traditional Cultural Properties of the Hanford Site, Washington February 1997.

It has been established in Section 2.0 that second decontamination cycle (2C) wastes and tank 5-6 cell drainage wastes from the 221-T Bismuth Phosphate plant and 224-T building wastes were transferred into tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112. Additionally, tanks 241-T-111 and 241-T-112 received equipment decontamination waste and tank 241-T-112 received coating removal waste and 221-B Plant cesium ion exchange process waste. The following sections provide a discussion of the wastes originating from operation of the 221-T Bismuth Phosphate plant, 224-T Concentration building and 221-B Plant cesium ion exchange process waste. Equipment decontamination waste from the 221-T Plant was previously discussed in Section 2.2.4.

#### 3.1 B AND T BISMUTH PHOSPHATE PROCESS PLANTS

B- and T-Plants were constructed in 1944 through 1945 to separate plutonium from spent nuclear fuel using the bismuth phosphate process. Figure 2 shows a summary of the 221-B/T Plant bismuth phosphate process, which is referred to throughout this discussion.

In the bismuth phosphate process, the aluminum cladding of spent nuclear fuel elements was dissolved in boiling sodium nitrate solution, to which sodium hydroxide was slowly added (HW-10475-C, page 403). The cladding removal waste, sometimes referred to as coating waste (CW), was transferred to single-shell underground storage tanks (see item [1] in Figure 2).

Reprocessing of the spent nuclear fuel commenced with the dissolution of the uranium fuel elements. The uranium fuel elements (see item [2] in Figure 2) were then dissolved in nitric acid (HW-10475-C, chapter IV, page 405). Water and sulfuric acid were added to the dissolved uranium metal solution and the mixture was then transferred to the plutonium extraction section. The sulfuric acid formed a uranyl sulfate complex that prevented uranium precipitation as a phosphate in the subsequent plutonium extraction step (HW-10475-C, page 418).

Plutonium was extracted from the acid solution by addition of bismuth nitrate and phosphoric acid to form a bismuth phosphate carrier precipitate (HW-10475-C, page 503). The plutonium and bismuth phosphate carrier precipitate was centrifuged and washed three times with water to separate the acidic supernatant from the plutonium precipitate (see item [3] in Figure 2). The acidic solution remaining after the plutonium precipitation contained about 99 percent of the uranium, about 90 percent of the fission products. This separation process also removed and

reduced the gamma radiation activity level in the plutonium precipitate by a factor of 10. However, zirconium is phosphate insoluble and zirconium-95 (10 percent of the activity) stayed with the plutonium product. The acidic uranium solution was then neutralized and transferred to the underground single-shell tanks as metal waste (MW). Recent laboratory testing of the bismuth phosphate flowsheet confirms this partitioning of radionuclides (internal letter 7G300-02-NWK-024, "Bismuth Phosphate Process Radionuclide Partition Factors for the Hanford Defined Waste Model"). The laboratory tests indicate the percentage of cecium-137 and strontium-90 partitioned to the metal waste may have been as high as 100 percent and 89 percent, respectively.

After separating and washing the plutonium precipitate from the metal waste, reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel was completed in the 221 Plant Bismuth Phosphate process. Plutonium decontamination was conducted in the remainder of the 221 Plant Bismuth Phosphate process. The plutonium bearing cake was dissolved in nitric acid and further decontamination of the plutonium to separate fission products was conducted (HW-10475-C, chapter VI). Sodium bismuthate, sodium dichromate, or potassium permanganate was added to oxidize the plutonium to the +6 valence-state. This step caused the bismuth phosphate to precipitate phosphate insoluble fission products ("by-product precipitation"), leaving the plutonium in solution. The precipitate was separated from the plutonium-bearing solution using centrifuges and washed to remove soluble plutonium. The plutonium was reduced to the +4 valence state to form a precipitate that could be separated from the remaining soluble fission products by centrifugation.

The fission products separated from the plutonium product during this first cycle of the decontamination process (designated as 1C) were transferred to single-shell tanks. The 1C waste (see item [4] in Figure 2), contained approximately 10 percent of all fission products and approximately 1.4 percent of the plutonium present in the original fuel charged to the plant (HW-23043, pages 20 and 22). After 1951, the Bismuth Phosphate process flowsheet was modified to include cerium and zirconium scavenger precipitation in the 1C by-product step to remove lanthanide and zirconium radionuclides from the plutonium product (HW-23043, page 16). During operation of 221-B Plant, the 1C waste was combined with the coating removal waste and transferred to the same single-shell tank. This same practice was conducted in 221-T Plant from December 1944 through October 19, 1954. Beginning on October 20, 1954, nickel ferrocyanide scavenging of the 1C waste was conducted in T-Plant (but not in B-Plant) to precipitate cesium-137 and strontium-90 (HW-33585-DEL, page Ed-8, and HW-33184). The precipitated 1C waste slurry was transferred separate from the coating removal waste to different single-shell tanks for settling of the precipitate and discharge of the scavenged (i.e., cesium and strontium depleted) supernatant to a crib.

The plutonium solids were again dissolved in nitric acid. A second decontamination cycle (see item [5] in Figure 2) was conducted to reduced the gamma activity level by a factor of 10,000 from that in the previous dissolved metal solution, giving an overall process decontamination factor of 100,000 below that of the original solution (HW-10475-C, page 627). The second decontamination step essentially repeated the steps previously described for the first cycle decontamination. The second decontamination cycle wastes (designated as 2C) were also transferred to the single-shell tanks. The 2C waste contained less than 0.1 percent of the uranium and fission products and about 0.4 percent of the plutonium present in the original fuel charged

to the plant (HW-23043, pages 26 and 28). The plutonium product from the bismuth phosphate process was subsequently concentrated in the 224-T and 224-B buildings using a lanthanum fluoride precipitation process.

Table 1 provides the flowsheet estimated compositions of the neutralized CW, MW, 1C, and 2C waste solutions generated from the bismuth phosphate plants based on the October 1, 1951 flowsheet (HW-23043). Additional analyses of the supernatant fraction of MW, 1C, and 2C that was stored in single-shell tanks are provided in Tables 2 and 3. The CW was combined with the 1C waste in the same tanks in the Bismuth Phosphate process. Note that the coating waste batch size shown in Table 1 is based on 6,600-lbs uranium, but that the metal waste dissolution batch size is based on 2,200-lbs uranium. These sample analyses support that the 2C waste contained less than 0.1 percent of the fission products. Analyses of the combined 2C/224 building/tank 5-6 waste supernatant stored in tank 241-T-112 conducted on August 6, 1952 and September 24, 1952 indicate that the total beta emitters was comprised of 35 to 50 percent ruthenium, 35 to 50 percent cesium, 4 to 8 percent cerium, yttrium, and other rare earths, and 6 to 11 percent undetermined (HW-27035, page 8).

Figure 2. Bismuth Phosphate Process Diagram

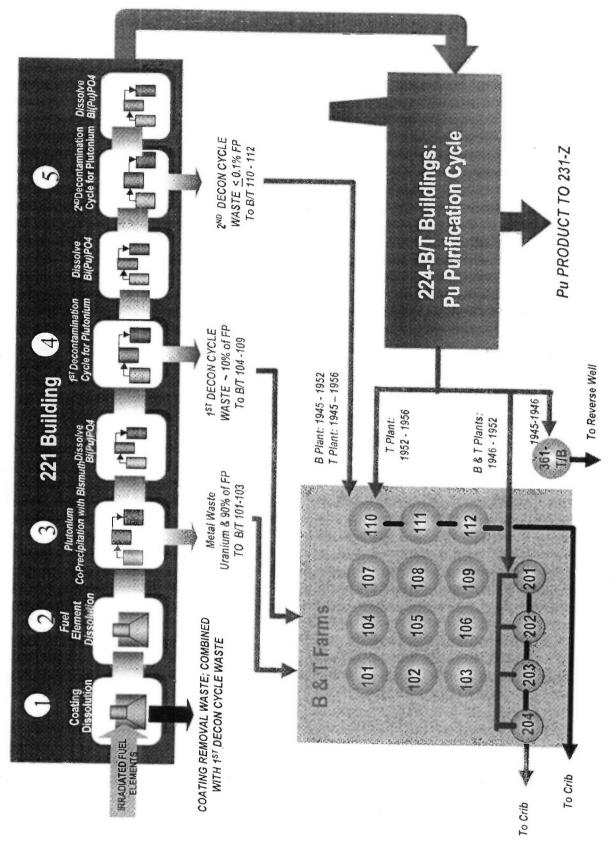


Table 1. Estimated Composition of Bismuth Phosphate Plant Wastes

From October 1, 1951 Flowsheet (1)							
Analyte <sup>(2)</sup>	Coating Removal Waste	Metal Waste	First Decontamination Cycle (1C) Waste	Second Decontamination Cycle (2C) Waste	224 Building Waste		
Plutonium	3.3E-04	2.0E-04	6.0E-07 <sup>(4)</sup>	1.6E-07 (5)	1.68E-04 <sup>(6)</sup>		
Uranium	0.15		0.235 (4)	Not reported	2.04E-05		
Gamma	6.6E+04	1.3E+07	2.3E+06 (4)	1.13E+04 (5)	1.13E+02 <sup>6</sup>		
Sodium Aluminate (NaAlO <sub>2</sub> )	95.1						
Sodium Hydroxide (NaOH)	43.6						
Sodium Nitrate (NaNO <sub>3</sub> )	61.8				The state of the s		
Sodium Nitrite (NaNO <sub>2</sub> )	56.0	,					
Sodium Silicate (NaSiO <sub>3</sub> )	4.3						
Uranyl nitrate (UHN) (3)		132					
Fluorine (F)					5.6		
Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> )		9.7	93.1	61.3	42.4		
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )		24.4	4.73	3.61	0.35		
Phosphate (PO <sub>4</sub> )		25.2	26.2	23.0	3.05		
Sodium (Na)		83.2	47.3	36.7	36.8		
Bismuth (Bi)			2.59	1.31	1.18		
Cerium (Ce)			0.030				
Lanthanum (La)					0.49		
Manganese (Mn)					0.33		
Zirconium (Zr)			0.030				
Iron (Fe)			1.37	1.82			
Chrome (Cr)			0.16	0.06	0.17		
Ammonia (NH <sub>4</sub> )			1.98	1.71	0.12		
Silicon Hexa-Fluoride (SiF <sub>6</sub> )			4.35	3.67			
Volume per Batch (gallons)	795	2,380	2,040	2,090	2,200		

#### Notes:

Note that the coating waste batch size shown in Table 1 is based on 6,600-lbs uranium, but that the metal waste dissolution batch size is based on 2,200-lbs uranium. These sample analyses support that the 2C waste contained less than 0.1 percent of the fission products.

<sup>(1)</sup> See HW-23043

<sup>(2)</sup> Analyses are reported in grams per liter, except for gamma activity, which is counts/minute/mL.

<sup>(3)</sup> HW-23043, page 31, notes that uranium is not actually present in this form, but is probably as NaUO<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> and Na<sub>4</sub>(UO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>.

<sup>(4)</sup> Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks 13-4 and 14-3 (HW-23043, pages 20 and 22)

<sup>(5)</sup> Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks 18-4 and 19-3 (HW-23043, pages 26 and 28).

<sup>(</sup>b) Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks A-4, D-4, B-3, and F-8 (HW-23043, pages 39, 44, 48, and 54).

#### 3.1.1 221-B and 221-T Cell Drainage Waste

During the operation of the 221-B and 221-T Bismuth Phosphate plants, failure of process equipment, cooling jackets on process vessels, and piping occurred periodically, resulting in the discharge of cooling water, chemical solutions, and process solutions (e.g., MW, 1C, 2C wastes and plutonium product solutions) to the process cells. Each of the 40 process cells in the 221-B and 221-T Plants contained a sump that was equipped with a conductivity probe beginning in August 1946 to detect a liquid leak in the process cell (HW-7-4739-DEL, page 21). The sumps gravity drained to a 24-inch diameter vitrified clay pipe that traversed under each cell and discharged to a deep, open top, stainless steel tank, number 5-7 in section 5 (cell 10) (HW-10475-C, page 914).

Cell drainage collected in tank 5-7 was jetted to tank 5-6 or tank 5-9, which were used for sampling and chemical treatment of the cell drainage solution. Waste in tanks 5-6 and 5-9 could be jetted between these two tanks. High activity waste collected in 221-T Plant and 221-B Plant tanks 5-9 could be jetted to single-shell tank 241-T-107 and 241-B-107, respectively (HW-10475-C, page 918). Alternatively, the waste could be transferred to process vessels with the 221-T (or 221-B) Plant and processed to recover plutonium. An example of this practice is cited in the January 1948 monthly report for the Hanford Works (HW-8931-Del, page 28).

The T-Plant stack drainage waste was also collected as part of the cell drainage until May 28, 1951, after which the stack drainage was routed to the cascade of single-shell tank 241-TX-113, 241-TX-114, and 241-TX-115 (HW-21260-DEL, page 58). Also, the dissolvers located in 221-B and 221-T Plant cells 5, 6 and 7 were equipped with off-gas scrubber towers in May 1948 (HAN-45807, pages 57). The dissolver off-gas scrubbers used water to adsorb iodine and remove particulates from the dissolver off-gases. The spent scrubber solution was combined with the low-activity cell drainage waste collected in tank 5-6 (HW-10728). The dissolver off-gas scrubbers were replaced with silver chemical reactors, thus eliminating the spent scrubber solution. The first silver reactor was installed in the 221-B Plant in October 24, 1950 (HW-19898 and HW-19325, page 52) and the remaining silver chemical reactors were installed in the 221-B and 221-T Plants by January 1951 (HW-20161, page 52 and HW-21826).

Waste collected in tank 5-6 was transferred to reverse well number 216-T-3 from January 1945 through August 1946. Crib number 216-T-6 was used to dispose of the cell drainage waste from August 1946 through June 1951. After June 1951, cell drainage waste was transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 (HW-55176, part V). The quantity and composition of the cell drainage solutions discharged from tank 5-6 varied (see HW-20583, page 4 and HW-33591, page 25). Table 4 provides analyses of cell drainage waste that was collected in tank 5-6 and transferred to either crib 216-T-6 or to the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112. As evident from the analyses provided in Table 4, the neutralized, low activity cell drainage waste contained soluble beta emitting radionuclides and plutonium.

#### 3.2 224-B AND 224-T CONCENTRATION BUILDINGS

The process steps executed in the 224 buildings were as follows:

- The starting batch size received from the 221 buildings was 330 gallons.
- Plutonium solution from the 221 buildings was oxidized with sodium bismuthate to convert the plutonium to the +6 valence state.
- Phosphoric acid was added to produce a bismuth phosphate (BiPO<sub>4</sub>) precipitate, with the plutonium still in solution. At this point, operators wanted to get rid of all the BiPO<sub>4</sub>.
- The solution and precipitate were separated by centrifugation.
- Nitric acid was added to dissolve the BiPO<sub>4</sub> precipitate, with this solution removed as waste.
- Potassium permanganate (KMnO<sub>4</sub>) was added to the plutonium solution to ensure all the plutonium was in the +6 valence state.
- Hydrogen fluoride and lanthanum salts were added to the plutonium solution producing a lanthanum fluoride precipitate. Fission products were carried with the lanthanum. This precipitate contained all the lanthanides (cerium, lanthanum, etc.) and residual ruthenium, samarium, europium, americium, and curium that the BiPO<sub>4</sub> could not carry out of the stream.
- The lanthanum fluoride precipitate was dissolved in nitric acid, neutralized with sodium hydroxide, and sent to waste storage tanks.
- Oxalic acid was added to the plutonium solution collected from the lanthanum fluoride precipitation step to reduce the plutonium to the +4 valence-state.
- Hydrogen fluoride and lanthanum salts were added to the plutonium solution producing a lanthanum fluoride and plutonium fluoride precipitate. The precipitate was centrifuged to collect the solids.
- Potassium hydroxide was added to convert the plutonium fluoride / lanthanum fluoride precipitate into lanthanum hydroxide and plutonium hydroxide solids.
- After centrifuging to separate the lanthanum hydroxide and plutonium hydroxide solids, these solids are reacted with nitric acid solution to dissolve the lanthanum and plutonium.
   The plutonium nitrate / lanthanum nitrate solution product was now ready for transfer to the 231-Z building or 234-5 building.

By this time, each original 330-gallon batch of plutonium-bearing solution that had entered the 224 Buildings was concentrated down to eight gallons. The liquid waste (designated as 224) from the lanthanum fluoride precipitation process was neutralized and transferred to the single-shell underground storage tanks. The resulting purified plutonium material was transferred to the 231-Z building and subsequently to the 234-5 building (Z Plant) beginning in 1949 for further processing.

Table 2 Analyses of Rismuth Phoenhate Process Supernatants Stored (1,2)

Waste Type	Tank	pH	Pu µg/liter	Gross Beta millicuries/liter	Gross Gamma millicuries/liter	Date Sampled
Metal Waste	T-101	10.1	70	200(5)	70 <sup>(5)</sup>	12-12-1946
Metal Waste	T-101	10	35	110(5)	25 <sup>(5)</sup>	7-01-1947
Metal Waste	T-102	9.9	60	120	20	7-01-1947
Metal Waste	T-103	9.8	60	150	20	7-01-1947
1C/CW	B-109	9.9	40	0.65	0.28	3-18-1947
1C/CW	C-112	9.9	12	12	4.4	3-18-1947
2C	B-111	6.9	7.2E-02	2.0E-03	3.0E-03	7-1-1947
2C	B-112	6.8	4.32E?? (3)	1.5E-03	3.0E-03	7-1-1947
Waste Type	Tank	рН	Pu µg/liter	Gross Beta Counts / minute/ co	Gross Gamma Counts / minute/ cc	Date Sampled
2C	T-110	Not reported (4)	15	4.9E+04	30	7-13-1945
2C	T-110	9.8(4)	19	6.9E+04	55	7-25-1945
2C	B-110	9.6 <sup>(4)</sup>	8.5	7.0E+04	55	7-25-1945

#### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> See HW-10728 and HW-3-3220.
(2) Solids formed in each of wastes, settling to the bottom of each tanks. These sample analyses are for the supernatant only and

are not representative of the sludges.

(3) The reported Pu sample analyses for tank B-112 seems to be in error and lacking an exponent in HW-10728.

(4) Prior to October 1945, the 2C waste was neutralized to a pH of approximately 10. The waste collected in tanks 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 were neutralized to about pH 7 after October 1945 to precipitate bismuth and plutonium

<sup>(</sup>HW-3-3220, page 13).

(5) Decreases in gross beta and gross gamma concentrations shown for the T-101 waste samples are due to decay of fission products with short half-lives.

Tank	Date Filled	£	Gross	Gress	2.5	Gross Gross Sr Cs Ra Earths+Y Ce Nb	Ru	Rare Earths + Y	ತ	2	Z	å,
		просс	μζίζες	hCl/ce	исиск П	pC//cc	псисе	3/J	חכתכב	hC/cc	polyec	μενε
		Analy	lyses of N	ses of Metal Waste Supernatant Following Uranium Extraction	e Superna	atant Follo	wing Ura	nium Ext	raction (1			
C-106	Not specified				0.44	54.2					Assembly in practice, in one particular distribution of the pa	
BX-108	Not specified	manufacture de construction de la construction de l	The state of the s		0.26	132.4						
BX-109	Not	Addition de contraction et autorité de la propriété par une management de la contraction de la contrac		The state of the s	1.08	56.3	era dilina a popologica della manta della dilina di indica di indica di indica di indica di indica di indica di	and the states of extending contract the contract contract to the contract contract to the contract contract to the contract contract to the contract contract to the contract contract to the contract contract to the contract contract to the contract contract to the contract contract to the contract contract to the contract contract to the contract contract to the contract contract to the contract contract to the contract contract to the contract contract contract contract to the contract contr		ilassilas status attasilas status persistas pe		
C-112	Not specified				1.20	25.8						
C-109	Not specified	Manager of the control of the contro			0.46	40.7						
CEL	Not specified				0.10	34.5						
Average Concentrations for Metal Waste	ations for Met:	al Waste			0.59	57.3			And the second s			
	Analyse	Analyses of First	Decontan	econtamination Cycle (1C) Waste Mixed with Coating Removal Waste (CW) (3)	ycle (1C)	Waste Mi	xed with	Coating R	emoval V	Vaste (CV	V) (3)	
B-107	8-1945	1.7E-02	0.135	0.055	0.011	0.10						
T-107	9-1945	1.5E-03	0.170	0.093	0.0013	0.20						
13-108	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.183	0.044	0.022	0.12						
T-108 (Top)	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.25	0.073	0.012	0.17	0.0066	0.047	0.007	0.0018	0	1.2E-05
T-108 (Bottom)	12-1945	2.0E-02	0.25	0.070	0.012	Not	0.0065	0.029	0.0066	0.0024	0	3E-05
T-109	3-1946	2.6E-03	0.14	0.082	0.00038	0.15						
B-109	4-1946	1.8E-02	0.16	0.051	10.0	0.11						
T-104 (Top)	7-1946	3E-03	0.51	0.130	0.00013	0.13	0.058	0.004	0.051	0.028	0.010	2.4E-05
T-104 (Bottom)	7-1946	3E-03	0.52	091.0	0.00037	Not	0.059	0.003	0.050	0.028	0.015	3.6E-05
C-110	8-1946	2E-03	0.14	0.0067	0.00026	0.11						
C-1111	11-1946	4.2E-03	0.16	0.069	0.01	0.13						
C-112	4-1947	3.1E-03	0.14	0.064	9000	0.13						
U-110	4-1947	2.1E-04	0.13	690.0	0.00011	0.17						
U-111	10-1947	3.4E-04	0.12	090.0	0.00023	0.14				Name and the second sec		
TX-100 %	9-1949	2.7E-05	2.8	2.2	0.00087	0.27	0.34	0.0085	0.0035	0.34	1.2	8E-05
Average Concentrations for 1C	ations for 1C	7.67E-03	0.39	0.22	0.0058	0.15						

Notes:

(1) HW-36717, Decontamination of Uranium Recovery Process Stored Wastes Interim Report, May 16, 1955, W. W. Schulz, General Electric Company, Richland. Washington.
(2) HW-20195, Radioactive Content of Stored Bismuth Phosphate First Cycle Waste Supernaturis, February 5, 1951, General Electric Company, Richland, Washington.
(3) Tank TX-109 exhibits higher gross beta and gross gamma radioactivity since this tank was sampled shortly after filling and the short-lived fission products (e.g., Ru, Nb, and Zr) had not

decayed appreciably.

Table 4. Composition of Tank 5-6 Cell Drainage Waste from 221-T Plant

Year	Month	Liters	Pu Grams	Total Beta Activity Curies	Comment
Tank 5-6	Cell Drainage T	ransferred to 216	-T-6 Crib (1.2)		
1948	January	839,900	49	88	Total beta activity does not include
	February	724,461	8	73	radioactive iodine. Samples were
	March	586,188	3	789	measured for total alpha activity.
- All All Marie and All All All All All All All All All Al	April	842,778	9	461	Calculated Pu mass assumes that all
	May	918,007	5	72	alpha activity measured in samples
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	June	971,810	9	295	was Pu. Uranium activity in
	July	1,057,015	6	130	samples contributed less than 8% of
	August	831,662	4	248	the total alpha activity (1).
	September	857,327	5	361	
	October	830,083	4	116	
	November	980,411	6	214	
No record	ls could be located	l for December 19	48 through Aug	ust 1949.	
1949	September	260,000	32	365	
	October	360,000	41	2800	
	November	340,000	38.2	333	
	December	430,000	48	250	
1950	January	410,000	44	210	
	February	330,000	28.5	No data	
				reported	
	March	370,000	35	No data	
				reported	
	April	450,000	35.6	294	
	May	370,000	33.9	363	
	June	430,000	36.6	2142	
	July	520,000	43.6	600	
	August	590,000	44.9	741	
	September	480,000	42.3	850	
	October	620,000	47.3	858	
	November	540,000	50.9	600	
	December	590,000   1 for January 1951	42.1	850	4

drainage waste along with 2C waste was routed to the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112.

Table 4. Composition of Tank 5-6 Cell Drainage Waste from 221-T Plant

Tank 5-9 Cell Drainage Waste Discharged to the Cascade of Tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112   1952   Jameary   595,000   5.2   440		T 4171C T. C.C	inposition of	Tank 5-0 Cen	Diamage wa	ste from 221-T Plant
Tank 5-0 Cell Drainage Waste Discharged to the Cascade of Tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112   1952   January   595,000   5.2   440	Year	Month	Liters	1	Activity	Comment
1952   January   595,000   5.2   440	Tank 5-6	Cell Drainage	Waste Discharge	I to the Cascade		110 241-T-111 and 2.11 T-112 (5.4)
February	1952	January				110, 241-1-111, and 241-1-112
March			<del></del>			
April   623,000   8.8   660     May   318,000   1.8   84     June   302,000   3.0   97     July   600,000   4.1   160     Beginning in July 1952, 224     building waste, along with tank 5-6 cell drainage and 2C wastes were routed to the cascade of tanks 5-6 cell drainage waste only.    August   670,000   6.5   265     September   260,000   1.9   675     October   430,000   3.0   310     November   490,000   2.7   95     December   540,000   3.3   240     February   530,000   3.9   480     March   660,000   5.0   2.4     April   390,000   2.0   180     August   490,000   2.1     June   660,000   3.5   590     July   280,000   0.9   65     August   490,000   2.4   100     September   560,000   7.8   195     October   560,000   6.8   1.840     November   740,000   8.7   1.085     December   740,000   8.7   1.085     December   740,000   8.8   885     December   740,000   8.8   885     December   740,000   8.6   1.840     April   540,000   1.4   1.680     February   830,000   10.4   1.680     February   800,000   10.6   1.760     June   810,000   9.5   2.390     August   1.150,000   1.5   2.390     December   1.000,000   1.5   2.390     December   1.000,0			<del></del>	+		
May				+		A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
June	ļ					
July		<del></del>				
Building waste, along with tank 5-6 cell drainage and 2C wastes were routed to the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-1111, and 241-T-112. Values reported are for tank 5-6 cell drainage waste only.    August			<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	D : 11 10-2 22
September					160	building waste, along with tank 5-6 cell drainage and 2C wastes were routed to the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112. Values reported are for tank 5-6 cell
October			670,000	6.5	265	
November			+	<del></del>	675	
December   540,000   3,3   240	**************************************			3.0	310	
1953			490,000	2.7	95	
February   \$30,000   3.9   480		<del></del>		3.3	240	
March	1953		490,000	2.4	130	
April   390,000   2.0   180			<del></del>	3.9	480	A CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT OF
May		March		5.0	245	
June		April	390,000	2.0	180	
July   280,000   0.9   65		May	490,000	1.8	220	
August		June	660,000	3.5	590	
September   560,000   7.8   195		July	280,000	0.9	65	
October         560,000         6.8         1,840           November         710,000         8.7         1,085           December         740,000         8.8         885           1954         January         830,000         10.4         1,680           February         820,000         14.2         16,420           March         860,000         18.6         5,305           April         540,000         8.4         2,175           May         790,000         10.6         1,760           June         810,000         9.5         2,390           July         1,030,000         Radionuclide content not reported separately for 5-6 Cell drainage waste from July 1954 thru June 1955 (HW-38562, page 26).           August         1,150,000         Respermber         1,090,000           October         800,000         Respermber         1,090,000           November         730,000         Total content of the properties of the propertie		August	490,000	2.4	100	
November   710,000   8.7   1.085		September	560,000	7.8	195	
December   740,000   8.8   885		October	560,000	6.8	1.840	
1954   January   830,000   10.4   1,680		November	710,000	8.7	1,085	
February   820,000   14.2   16,420     March   860,000   18.6   5,305     April   540,000   8.4   2,175     May   790,000   10.6   1,760     June   810,000   9.5   2,390     July   1,030,000   Radionuclide content not reported separately for 5-6 Cell drainage waste from July 1954 thru June 1955 (HW-38562, page 26).    August   1,150,000   September   1,090,000     October   800,000   November   730,000     December   1,100,000     1955   January   1,370,000     February   950,000     March   1,460,000		December	740,000	8.8	885	
February   820,000   14.2   16,420	1954	January	830,000	10.4	1,680	
March         860,000         18.6         5,305           April         540,000         8.4         2,175           May         790,000         10.6         1,760           June         810,000         9.5         2,390           July         1,030,000         Radionuclide content not reported separately for 5-6 Cell drainage waste from July 1954 thru June 1955 (HW-38562, page 26).           August         1,150,000         5eptember         1,090,000           October         800,000         5eptember         1,100,000           November         730,000         730,000         730,000           December         1,100,000         750,000         750,000           March         1,460,000         750,000         750,000		February	820,000	14.2		
April   540,000   8.4   2,175		March	860,000	18.6		
May         790,000         10.6         1,760           June         810,000         9.5         2,390           July         1,030,000         Radionuclide content not reported separately for 5-6 Cell drainage waste from July 1954 thru June 1955 (HW-38562, page 26).           August         1,150,000         9.5           September         1,090,000         9.5           October         800,000         9.5           November         730,000         9.5           December         1,100,000         9.5           1955         January         1,370,000         9.5           February         950,000         9.5           March         1,460,000         9.5		April	540,000	8.4	·	
July   1,030,000   Radiomuclide content not reported separately for 5-6 Cell drainage waste from July 1954 thru June 1955 (HW-38562, page 26).     August		May	790,000	10.6	The second secon	
Separately for 5-6 Cell drainage waste from July 1954 thru June 1955 (HW-38562, page 26).		June	810.000	9.5	2,390	
September         1,090,000           October         800,000           November         730,000           December         1,100,000           1955         January         1,370,000           February         950,000           March         1,460,000		July	1,030,000			separately for 5-6 Cell drainage waste from July 1954 thru June
October         800,000           November         730,000           December         1,100,000           1955         January         1,370,000           February         950,000           March         1,460,000			1,150,000			
November   730,000			1,090,000		0.000	
December   1,100,000			800,000			
1955 January 1,370,000 February 950,000 March 1,460,000		November	730,000			
February 950,000 March 1,460,000		December	1,100,000			
March 1.460,000	1955	January	1,370,000			
			950,000		-	
April 1,380,000	1 Marie 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
		April	1,380,000		111 men man tal da da da da da da da da da da da da da	

Table 4. Composition of Tank 5-6 Cell Drainage Waste from 221-T Plant

Year	Month	Liters	Pu Grams	Total Beta Activity Curies	Comment
	May	1,410,000			
	June	1,440,000	V 200 - 200		

The volume and radionuclide content of tank 5-6 cell drainage waste were not recorded separate from other wastes transferred into the cascade of tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 after July 1954.

#### Notes:

- <sup>(1)</sup> HW-11908
- (2) HW-20583
- (3) HW-25301
- (4) HW-33591
- (5) Analyses of the combined 2C / 224 building / tank 5-6 waste supernatant stored in tank 241-T-112 conducted on August 6, 1952 and September 24, 1952 indicate that the total beta emitters was comprised of 35 to 50% ruthenium, 35 to 50% cesium, 4 to 8% cerium, yttrium, and other rare earths, and 6 to 11% undetermined (HW-27035, page 8).

#### 3.3 221-B PLANT FISSION PRODUCTS PROCESSING

From August 1963 through June 1966, B-Plant was used in conjunction with the PUREX facility, 244-CR Vault, and the 201-C Hot Semiworks (renamed Strontium Semiworks in 1963) to separate strontium-90 and rare earths (i.e., cerium-144 and promethium-147) from high-level waste solutions. Then, from July 1966 through December 1967, equipment was replaced within B-Plant to expand the processing capability to include cesium removal from fission high-level waste solutions using ion exchange equipment. The strontium and rare earths processing equipment was also replaced to include only strontium removal using a solvent extraction equipment, followed by precipitation and centrifugation equipment for purifying the strontium. Each of the fission products processing events in the B-Plant is discussed in more detail in the following sections.

#### 3.3.1 STRONTIUM AND RARE EARTHS PROCESSING

On September 18, 1961 (HW-71187-DEL, page F-2), renovation of cells 5 through 12 within B-Plant canyon was initiated to use these cells for separating strontium and rare earths from a mixed fission product solution (HW-69011). Construction activities were completed, and the facility was accepted by operations on January 31, 1963 (HW-76848-DEL, page B-2). Processing of radioactive waste in cells 5 through 12 at the B-Plant commenced on August 2, 1963 (HW-78817-DEL, pages B-2 and G-2).

B-Plant was used in conjunction with the PUREX facility, 244-CR Vault and the 201-C Hot Semiworks to separate strontium-90, cerium-144 and promethium-147 from high-level waste solutions. The PUREX facility generated a first cycle raffinate solution from the solvent extraction reprocessing of irradiated reactor fuel (i.e., high-level waste). The first cycle raffinate solution was highly acidic and contained most of the fission products (e.g., strontium-89.90, cerium-144, promethium-147, and cesium-137) that were separated from the uranium and plutonium during the reprocessing of irradiated reactor fuel. The acidity of the first cycle

raffinate solution was reduced by addition of sugar and digestion at elevated temperature to decompose the nitric acid solution.

In a section of the PUREX facility known as the head-end, first cycle raffinate solution was reacted with sodium sulfate and lead nitrate to precipitate strontium and rare earth (i.e., cerium and promethium) fission products (HW-63051 and HW-69534). Lead co-precipitated with strontium and increased the amount of strontium precipitated from the first cycle raffinate solution. The resulting strontium and rare earth precipitate was centrifuged and washed to separate the supernatant, which contained soluble fission products such as cesium-137, zirconium-niobium-95, and ruthenium-rhodium-106. The supernatant containing the soluble fission products (e.g., cesium-137, zirconium-niobium-95, and ruthenium-rhodium-106) was neutralized and transferred to underground storage tanks. The strontium and rare earth precipitate was metathesized to soluble carbonates by addition of sodium carbonate. The strontium and rare earth carbonate precipitates were then dissolved in nitric acid and transferred to B-Plant via 244-CR Vault for further processing.

In B-Plant, the strontium nitrate / rare earth nitrate solution were processed to form separate solutions containing strontium and rare earths (HW-77016). The strontium nitrate / rare earth nitrate solution was reacted with oxalic acid to precipitate the rare earths along with lead, leaving strontium in solution. The precipitate was centrifuged to separate the strontium solution from the rare earth precipitate. The strontium solution was stored in B-Plant and transferred periodically to the 201-C Hot Semiworks for purification. The rare earth precipitate was dissolved in nitric acid and stored in B-Plant for further processing.

Lead was removed from the rare earth solution by adding sodium hydroxide solution to form soluble plumbite and insoluble rare earth hydroxide precipitates (HW-81373, RL-SEP-197, page G-2, and HAN-90907, page 21). The plumbite was separated from the rare earth hydroxide precipitate by centrifugation and discarded to the single-shell tanks. The rare earth hydroxide precipitate was washed with sodium hydroxide solution to remove soluble lead and the wash solution was also discarded to the single-shell tanks. The rare earth hydroxide precipitate was dissolved in nitric acid, stored in B-Plant, and eventually transferred to the 201-C Hot Semiworks for purification.

Processing of strontium and rare earth solutions within B-Plant continued until June 1966 (HAN-95105-DEL, page 15). Separations of strontium and rare earths from the first cycle raffinate solution continued to be conducted in the head-end section of the PUREX facility through February 8, 1967 (HAN-96805-DEL, page AIII-4). The strontium and rare earth solution was transferred from PUREX to the 244-CR Vault for storage from July 1966 through February 1967, while equipment modifications were conducted at B-Plant.

# 3.3.2 CESIUM AND STRONTIUM PROCESSING

From July 1966 (HAN-95284-DEL, page 13) through October 1967 (HAN-98918-DEL, page AIII-2), equipment within the 221-B Plant was flushed and replaced with new equipment for separating cesium and strontium from high-level waste. In January 1967 (HAN-96590-DEL, page AIII-4) and in March 1967 (HAN-97066-DEL, page AIII-4), testing was conducted of a new centrifuge and a precipitation-decantation-centrifugation technique for separating iron and aluminum from PUREX sludge waste. Construction activities continued to be conducted in the 221-B Plant throughout 1967.

On December 27, 1967 (HAN-99396-DEL, page AIII-3), alkaline supernatants stored in the single-shell tanks were transferred to B-Plant, and cesium was separated using an ion exchange process. Cesium ion exchange processing continued at B-Plant until October 1983 using at first inorganic and later organic ion exchange materials (RHO-RE-SA-169). Cesium was also precipitated from acidic, PUREX high-level waste (known as CAW) using phosphotungstic acid (PTA), with the cesium precipitate dissolved in sodium hydroxide solution and processed through the ion exchange equipment for cesium recovery (ARH-CD-917). After separation of cesium, the alkaline supernatants were transferred directly to underground storage tanks. The ion exchange process used an ammonium carbonate / ammonium hydroxide solution to separate sodium from cesium on the ion exchange media. The aqueous wastes that contained ammonium were processed in the Cell 23 evaporator to concentrate these wastes and volatilize ammonia before transferred to underground storage tanks.

On January 31, 1968, the solvent extraction equipment installed in B-Plant was operated to purify the inventory of rare earth solutions stored at B-Plant (HAN-99604-DEL, page AIII-3). The semi-purified promethium - cerium solution was stored in B-Plant process tank 6-2 (HAN-100127-DEL, page AIII-3). Separation of strontium from the strontium and rare earths solutions stored in the 244-CR Vault was then conducted in March 1968 using the solvent extraction equipment (HAN-100127-DEL, page AIII-3).

The B-Plant solvent extraction equipment began processing the PUREX first cycle raffinate solution to separate strontium on April 20, 1968 (HAN-100357-DEL, page AIII-3). The processing of PUREX first cycle raffinate solution was completed on August 30, 1968 (PR-REPORT-SEP68-DEL, page AIII-3). The B-Plant solvent extraction equipment was then used to separate strontium from PUREX high-level waste sludges. The PUREX high-level waste sludges were dissolved in nitric acid (known as PAS) in the 244-AR Vault and transferred to B-Plant for centrifugation to separate solids. The clarified solution was process in the solvent extraction equipment to separate strontium (PR-REPORT-SEP-68-DEL, page AIII-4). In addition, the B-Plant solvent extraction equipment was operated periodically to separate strontium from CAW solutions following the PTA processing to separate cesium. Strontium separation from high-level waste solutions using the solvent extraction equipment continued at B-Plant until 1977. The aqueous waste from the solvent extraction process was evaporated in the Cell 23 evaporator and transferred to underground storage tanks.

# 4.0 TRANSURANIC ANALYSES OF WASTE IN TANKS 241-T-110, 241-T-111 AND 241-T-112

The Hanford Site prepares a Best Basis Inventory (BBI) estimate of the composition of the wastes stored in all 177 Hanford Site underground storage tanks. The BBI effort involves developing and maintaining waste tank inventories comprising 25 chemical and 46 radionuclide components in the 177 Hanford Site underground storage tanks. Waste sample analyses, process knowledge, and waste templates are used to create the BBIs. These BBIs provide waste composition data necessary as part of the River Protection Project (RPP) process flowsheet modeling work, safety analyses, risk assessments, and system design for retrieval, treatment, and disposal operations. Development and maintenance of the BBI is an on-going effort, with the current BBIs available electronically through TWINS, <a href="http://twins.pnl.gov/data/datamenu.htm">http://twins.pnl.gov/data/datamenu.htm</a>.

The BBI for the tank 241-T-110 waste is based on the analyses of two core samples obtained in 1996. Composites of these core samples were analyzed for non-radioactive components and total alpha concentrations. A re-analysis of a composite sample was conducted in 2003 to determine the concentrations cesium-137, strontium-90 and individual transuranic elements with half-life greater than 20-years (i.e. neptunium-237, plutonium-238, plutonium-239, plutonium-240 and americium-241). The analytical results were reviewed and used along with engineering judgment to determine the best basis inventory for the waste stored in tank 241-T-110. The mean, total alpha analysis for the waste stored in tank 241-T-110 is 53 nCi/g. The uncertainty estimates for the total alpha analyses for the waste stored in tank 241-T-110 were evaluated (RPP-10983). The upper 95% confidence limit for the gross alpha analyses of the waste stored in tank 241-T-110 is 62nCi/g. The sum of the neptunium-237, plutonium-238, plutonium-239, plutonium-240 and americium-241 concentrations analyzed in the composite core sample is approximately 83.3nCi/g, as reported on October 11, 2004 from the Tank Waste Information Network (TWINS) database; http://twins.pnl.gov/. These analyses indicate that the concentration of alpha-emitting transuranic isotopes with half-life greater than 20 years is less than 100nCi/g in the waste stored in tank 241-T-110.

The BBI for the tank 241-T-111 waste is based on two core samples obtained in 1991. Composite of these core samples were analyzed for non-radioactive components, select radionuclides, total alpha and transuranic element concentrations. The analytical results were reviewed and used along with engineering judgment to determine the best basis inventory for the waste stored in tank 241-T-111. The mean total alpha analyses and lower 95% confidence limit for the waste stored in tank 241-T-111 are 371nCi/g and 289nCi/g (7G300-02-JGF-009). The total alpha analyses of the waste in tank 241-T-111 are support by analyses of this waste for neptunium-237, plutonium-238, plutonium-240, plutonium-240 and americium-241. The sum of these transuranic elements is approximately 186.5nCi/g in the waste stored in tank 241-T-111, as reported on October 11, 2004 from the Tank Waste Information Network (TWINS) database; http://twins.pnl.gov/.

The BBI for the tank 241-T-112 waste is based on two core samples obtained in 1997. These two core samples were analyzed to determine gross alpha and non-radioactive constituents in the liquid and solids portions of these samples. Template values were used for constituents below

the detection limits for sample data or constituents not measured from the sampling event. Templates are based on sampling data from tanks that contain the same waste type as tank 241-T-112, supplemented with Revision 5 of the HDW model data (RPP-19822). The mean, total alpha analysis for the sludge fraction of the waste stored in tank 241-T-112 is 255 $\eta$ Ci/g. The template based sum of neptunium-237, plutonium-238, plutonium-240, plutonium-240 and americium-241 concentrations in the sludge fraction of the waste stored in tank 241-T-112 is approximately 255.2 $\eta$ Ci/g.

# 5.0 SUMMARY

Tanks 241-T-110 received 2C waste from reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel at the 221-T Plant from January 1945 through December 1954, low-activity cell drainage waste from June 1951 through December 1954, and 224 wastes from May 1952 through December 1954. Tank 241-T-111 received 2C waste from the 221-T Plant from January 1945 through October 1956, low-activity cell drainage waste from June 1951 through October 1956, 224 wastes from May 1952 through October 1956, and equipment decontamination waste from December 1959 through June 1967. Tank 241-T-112 continued to receive 221-T Plant equipment decontamination waste until June 1973. Tank 241-T-112 also received a mixture of coating removal waste 221-B Plant cesium ion exchange process waste from tank 241-T-106 in March 1973.

The concentrations of the transuranic elements (i.e. sum of neptunium-237, plutonium-238, plutonium-240, plutonium-240 and americium-241) in the waste stored in tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111 and 241-T-112 (sludge only) are approximately  $83.3\eta \text{Ci/g}$ ,  $186.5\eta \text{Ci/g}$  and  $255.2\eta \text{Ci/g}$ , as reported on October 11, 2004 from the TWINS database.

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# APPENDIX A

VOLUME OF SOLIDS AND TOTAL WASTE IN TANKS 241-T-110, 241-T-111, AND 241-T-112

January 1945 through December 1975

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			Connecte of Tarity 17, 111 and T. 113	
Reference	Year Period	Percent Filled	Comments from Reference Document	птел
IIW-7-1293- DEL	티	Not		
11W-7-1388- DFL, page 18	Feb	7.8%		
HW-7-1544- DEL, page 21	March	9.7%		
11W-7-1649. DEL, page 20	April	12 0%		
HW-7-1793- DFL, page 22	Мау	15 4%		
IIW-7-1981- DEL, page 23	June	17 6%		
HW-7-2177. DEL, page 22	July	21.2%		
HW-7-2361- DEL, page 21	August	26.4%		
IIW-7-2548- DEL, page 22	September	32 6%	"Technical Department work has demonstrated that the precipitate formed on neutralization will carry more residual product into the sludge at pH of 7 than at the pH of 9 to 10 previously used. Consequently, the second cycle wastes are now being neutralized to a pH of about 7. This may permit disposal of the supernatant solution through dry-wells at some future date"	formed on neutralization will carry to 10 previously used. Consequently, t 7. This may permit disposal of the
11W-7-2706- DFL, page 21	October	38.7%	The second decontamination cycle waste in tank (110) in the T Plant waste storage area was filled and begin to cascade into the second tank of the series on about October 15."	ant waste storage area was filled and er 15."
IIW-7-2957- DFL, page 21	November	49 0%		
IIW-7-3171- DEL, page 21	December	\$8 5%		
HW-7-3378- DEL_page 24 1946 Jan	1946 Jan	67.1%		
HW-7-3566- DFL, page 21	Fcb	74.3%		
HW-7-3751- DFL, page 21	March	78.4%		
11W-7-4004. DEL, page 21	April	86.1%		
HW-7-4193- DFL, page 21	May	91.3%		

£	;			Cascade of Tanks T-110, T-111, and T-112	
Keierence	Ē	renod	Percent Filled		( Omments from Reference Document
HW-7-4343- DEL, page 23		June	%5'.76		
IIW-7-4542- DEL, page 21-22		July	100 0%		"The installation of a new underground line from diversion box 153 in the T Waste Area to the second cascade tank in the X104 series permitted the diversion, on 7-22-46, of second cycle waste and stack drainage from T Plant to the remaining two tanks in this series."
HW-7-4739. DFI, page 23		August	100 0%		2C waste transferred from 221-T into T-105, which cascades to T-106.
HW-7-5194- DFL, page 26		September	100.0%		
HW-7-5362- DEL page 27-28		October	100.0%		Tanks X-110-T, X-111-T and X-112-T in T Plant were checked by means of ionization chambers and it was determined that while the sludge level in the first tank was evenly distributed on the bottom of the tank to a depth of 38", there was no indication of sludge in the second and third tanks in the series." 38" of sludge corresponds to ~84,030-gallons.
11W-7-5505- DFL, page 28		November	100 0%		
HW-7-5630- DFL, page 25		December	100 0%		
HW-7-5802- DEL page 26 1947 Jan	187	an	100.0%		
HW-7-5944- DFL, page 25		Fcb	100.0%		"Excavation for an underground onb system and tile file adjacent to the 241 T Waste Storage Tank Farm in T Plant for the proposed handling of second cycle waste supernatants was started in February."
HW-7-6048. DFI., page 24		March	100 0%		
ITW-7-6184- DEL, page 26		April	100.0%		
IIW-7-6391- DEL, page 24		May	100 0%		
11W-7-7454- DEL, page 26		June	100.0%		
HEW-7283- DFL, page 26		July	100.0%		
HEW-7504- DEL, page 27		Avgust	1000%		
HW-7795- DEL, page 26-27	S	September	71.0%		"In T Plant, one tank, X-111-T, containing second cycle waste was disposed of to the recently installed underground crib system (Project C-120)."

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Reference	Year	Period	Percent Filled	SALE I TO SOE WE'N	. Comments from Reference Document
HW-7997- DEL, page 27		October	67.0%		2C waste transferred from 221-T into T-105, which cascades to T-106.
11W-8267- DEL page 29		November	67.0%		"In order to safely complete the tie-in of the two lines from the 153-T diversion box to the X-111T and X-112T underground waste storage tanks, 20,000-gallons of second cycle waste were jetted from X-112T tank to the second cycle waste crib in T Plant. No further jetting of second cycle waste will be done until the perforating device mentioned in last month's report is available."
HW-8438- DEL, page 27		December	67.0%		2C waste transferred from 221-T into T-105, which cascades to T-106.
IIW-8931. DF1, page 28 1948 Jan	1948	Jan	67.0%		2C waste transferred from 221-T into T-105, which cascades to T-106.
HW-9191- DFL, page 30		Fcb	67 0%		2C waste transferred from 221-T into T-105, which cascades to T-106.
HW-9595-		March	70 8%		Tanks T-105 and T-106 are filled with 2C waste. 2C waste transferred from 221-T into cascade of T- 110, T-111, and T-112.
HW-9922- DEL, page 31-32		April	75.1%		~360,000-gallons of 2C waste jetted from T-105 to erib.
HW-10166- DEL, page 33		May	79.3%		
IIW-10378- DFL, page 30		June	84.1%		
HW-10714- DEL page 32-33		Juty	89.0%		2C waste jetted from tank T-106 to crib.
ItW-10993- DEL, page 35-36		August	67.5%		The cribbing of tank X-112-T was started on August 4, 1948 and was nearing completion at menth end."
IIW-11226- DEL, page 32-33		September	%0 9Y		*At T Plant the cribbing of the X-112-T tank was discontinued after approximately 450,000 gallons of waste had been jetted to the crib to permit installation of an experimental sand filter for the purpose of determining the feasibility of removing the activity from the waste supernaturity this method prior to discharging it to the ground."
HW-11499. DEL, page 33-34		October	%8 99		"At T Plant, the cribbing of second cycle wastes in tank X.112-T was completed."
HW-11835- DEL, page 36		November	71.0%		
HW-12086- DEL, page 38		December	77.3%		

Deference	7	Darias		Caccade of Tanks T-110, T-111, and T-112	
HW-12391-			ובונבון ביוונם		
DEL. page 39 1949 Jan	676	Jan	84.4%		
HW-12666- DFL, page 35		Fcb	89.7%		
HW-12937- DEL page 40-41		March	87.2%		"The cribbing of second cycle waste supernatant from X-I12-T tank was started on March 17, 1949. At month end 151,250-gallons of this material has been jetted to the crib. Average age of material being cribbed is estimated to be nine months. Analysis of a sample of the waste being cribbed is as follows: AT 100 c/m/ml, Reta's 1730 c/m/ml, Garman's 10 c/m/ml, plf 7.1, suspended solids 0.1%, Uranium nit.
HW-13190- DEL, page 39-40		April	71.0%		"The cribbing of second cycle waste from X-112-T tank which was started on March 17, 1949, was continued with a total of 319,000-gallons being jetted to the crib during this month."
IIW-13561- DEL, page 41-41		May	71.9%		"The cribbing of second cycle waste from X-112-T tank, which was started in March, was completed with 55,000-gallons being enabled during this month."
IIW-13793- DFL, page 41		June	87.2%		Reported percent fill may be error.
11W-14043- DEL page 43		July	77.6%		
HW-14338- DFL, page 44		August	81.9%		
11W-14596- DEL, page 43		September	86.2%		
11W-14916- DEL, page 44		October	92.4%		
IIW-15267- DEL, page 43-45		November	82.6%		"In order to provide additional space for the storage and settling of second decontamination cycle wastes in the X-110-T series of tanks in the 241-T area, eribbing of supernatant from X-112-T (final tank in 110-T series) was resumed on November 18". "Cribbing of 215,000-gallons of supernatant was completed during the month."
HW-1550- DEL, page 42-43		December	69 <b>4%</b>		"Cribbing of 578,000-gallons of second cycle waste from X-112-T tank in the 200 West Area was concluded on December 19, for a total of 2,955,000-gallons of this type waste cribbed in the 200 West Area since cribbing of second cycle supernatant was first initiated."
HW-15843- DFL, page 45 1950 Jan	1950	Jan	76.2%		
IIW-17056- DEL, page 45		Fcb	81.8%		
IIW-17410- DEL, page 47-49		March	89.9%		"A total of 27,300-gallons of second cycle decontamination waste having its origin from the bismuth phosphate process semi-works, which was formerly operated in the 300 Area, was placed in the X-112-T waste storage tank during this month."

	ļ -		Cascade of Tanks T-110, T-111, and T-112	
Reference Year	fear Period	d Percent Filled	Filled	Comments from Reference Document
11W-17660-				
DEL page				"Cribbing of supernatant from X-112-T second cycle waste storage tank in the 200 West Area was started
16-47	April	92.0%	2	late in the month when this tank became 85% filled".
11W-17971-				
DEL, page				"In 200 West Area, the cribbing of supematant from X-112-T second cycle waste storage tank, started
44-45	May	71.9%	,	late in April, has totaled 462,000-gallons to date".
HW-18221-				
DEL, page				"Approximately 129,000-gallons of second cycle waste supernatant were cribbed during the month from
43.45	June	70.8%	9/	the 112-T tank in 200 West Area".
IIW-18473-				
DFI, page 46	July	79.5%	9	
HW-18740-				
OFL, page 50	August	89.4%	9	
HW-19021-	-			
DEL, page 49	September	r 97.2%	9/	

		F						
•	Reference	, i	Period	Carcadeo	Cascade of Tanks T-110, T-111,	T-111,	and T-112	Comments from Reference Document
	HW-19325- DEL page 49-50		October	1382				"With the X-112-B and X-112-T tanks each becoming half full during the month, cribbing of the second decontamination cycle waste from each was resumed. A total of 327,250-gallons in T Plant and 507,700 gallons in B Plant had been cribbed by month end without incident."
	11W-19622- DFL, page 49		November	1154				"A total of 349,250-gallons of second decontamination cycle waste supernatant was cribbed from X-112-T tank in the 200 West Area during the month."
¥,	HW-19842- DEL, page 50-51		December	1073				"Disposal of second decontamination cycle waste to underground cribs was made in December as tabulated below: 200 East Area from tank X-112-B: 249,000-gallons 200 West Area from tank X-112-T: 118,200-gallons
	HW-20161- DFL, page 50 1951 Jan	1961	lan	1297				
	HW-20438- DFL, page 50		Feb	1448				"Cribbed as necessary."
	HW-20671- DEL_page 54		March	1467				"143,000-gallons cribbed from 112.T."
A-8	HW-20991- DEL, page \$2-53		, Ppril	15%				"Cribbed when necessary."  "The tie-line from tank 241-T-112 to the 241-T crib was completed during the month on Project C-415, which will allow constant overflow of settled second decontamination cycle waste in conjunction with Section 5 waste." [Section 5 waste is low-activity cell drainage from T Plant tank 5-6]
	IIW-21250- DEL, page 56-57		Мау	1629				"185,600-gallons estimated cribbed by cascade."  The settled second cycle decontamination cycle waste started to overflow constantly from the 241-T-112 lank on May 8, 1951 and has continued uneventfully since that time. It is expected that Section 5 waste effluents, originating in the Canyon Buildings, will be combined with second cycle decontamination wastes at both B and T Plants, during June."
	IIW-21506- DEL page 55		June	1629				"Cascades to Crib". " parallel changes were completed in both the 200 East and West Areas, whereby the Section 5 waste effluents, originating in the Canyon Buildings, were combined with the second decontamination cycle waste facilities, rather than being discharged directly to underground cribs."
_	11W-21802- DEL, page 41		July	1629				"Cascades to Crib".
_	HW-22075- DFL		August	Nor				
	HW-22304- DEL		September	Not				
_	HW-22610- DEL	Ŭ	October	Not reported				
_	HW-22875- DEL		November	Not				
	IIW-23140- DEL		December	Nor				

	L			ı					
Reference	Ver	Period							Comments from Reference Document
	<u> </u>		Total	Cludge	Total	Total Cludge	Total	Cludas	
no renort	1952 lan	lan.		all notice		Manke		Again.	Hanford Site monthly reports only list percent filled for cascade prior to 1952.
11W-27897	_	re-							No information on individual tanks
HW-27898		March	530	530 Not reported	530	Not reported \$69	\$69	Not reported	Not reported [T-110, T-111, T-112 operate as cascade and receive 2C waste. T-112 cascades to crib.
IIW-27838		Arril to June	\$30	530 Not reported	530	Not reported 569	898	On 5-29-52 Not reported [24]-T-152.	On 5-29-52, 224-T wastes were tied into 5-6 stream feeding to 110-111-112-T at diversion box 241-T-152.
HW-27839		July to Sept.	530	530 Not reported	530	Not reported 569	569	Not reported	Not reported 5-6, 2C and 224 waste routed to these tanks. T-112 cascades to crib.
HW-27840		Oct. to Dec.	530	530 Not reported	530	Not reported 569	869	Not reported	
11W-27841	1953 Jan	Jan	530	530 530	530	191	569	28	
HW-27842		Feb	\$30	530 530	530	161	519	28	
11W-27775		March	530	530 530	530	161	695	29	
11W-28043		April	530	530 530	530	233	695	34	
IIW-28377		May	530	530 530	539	235	869	35	
11W-28712		June	530	530 530	530	246	569	45	
HW-29054		July	530	530 530	530	252	569	50	
HW-29242	·	August	530	530 521	\$30	981	569	2	
HW-29624		September	530	530 521	530	213	569	2	
HW-29905		October	530	530 522	530	220	564	5	
HW-30250		November	530	530 523	530	229	\$69	6	
HW-30498		December	530	530 530	530	230	569	7	
HW-30851	1954 Jan	Jan	530	530 530	530	245	569	12	
HW-31126		Fcb	530	530 530	530	277	569	22	
HW-31374		March	530	530 530	530	599	569	33	
HW-31811		April	530	530 530	530	299	\$69	33	
HW-32110		May	530	530 530	530	299	569	33	
HW-32389		June	530	530 530	530	312	995	33	
HW-32697		July	530	530 530	530	345	869	33	
HW-33002		August	530	530 530	530	355	695	33	
HW-33396		September	Megible	Megible Megible	Hegible	llegible	Hegible	Illegible Illegible	
HW-33544		October	530	530 530	530	377	569	33	
HW-33904		November	530	530 530	530	417	969	33	
HW-34412		Occember	530	530 530	530	439	\$69	33	T-110 full of studge. T-111 and T-112 active 2C and 224 waste cascade to crib.
HW-35022	1955 Jan	Jan	530	530 530	530	<del>1</del> 64	\$69	33	
!IW-35628		Feb	530	530 530	530		999	33	T-111 and T-112 active 2C and 224 waste cascade to crib.

			T-110 T-110	T-111	T-1111	T-112	T-112	
Reference	Year	Period		Waste Volume	(x 1000 gallons)	(E		Comments from Reference Document
	_		Total Sludge	Total	Studge	Total	Studge	
11W-36001	March	÷	530 530	530	187	869	33	T-111 and T-112 active 2C and 224 waste cascade to crib.
HW-36553	April		530 530	398	362	322	991	T-111 pumping to T-112 at month end, 833,000-gallons supernatant pumped to open disch.
HW-37143	May		530 530	530	387	869	170	T-112 cascades to crib.
HW-38000	June		530 530	530	402	\$69	170	T-112 cascades to crib.
HW-38401	July		530 530	530	408	695	170	
HW-38926	August	ıst	530 530	530	417	695	170	
HW-39216	Septe	September	530 530	530	430	898	170	
HW-39850	October	ber	530 530	530	440	898	170	
11W-40208	Nove	November	530 530	530	465	698	170	
HW-40816	December	mber	530 530	530	165	869	170	T-112 pumps to crib at intervals.
ITW-41038 1	1956 Jan		530 530	530	482	442	170	T-112 pumps to crib at intervals.
ITW-41812	Feb		530 530	530	499	472	170	
HW-42394	March	۽	530 530	530	507	439	170	
IIW-42993	Amil		530 530	530	910	141	170	
IIW-43490	May		530 530	530	810	435	170	
HW-43895	June		530 530	530	\$10	429	170	T-111 Receives from T Plant. T-112 purms to crib at intervals.
HW-44860	July		530 530	530	510	429	170	
IIW-45140	August	72	530 530	530	510	429	170	
HW-45738	September	mber	530 530	530	810	429	170	
11W-46382	October	Į.	530 530	530	Not reported	439	Not reported	
11W-47052	November	mher	530 530	530	510	151	170	
IIW-47640	December	mber	530 530	530	510	170	170	
IIW-48144	1957 Jan		481 530	343	510	475	170	T-112 estimated reading.
11W-48846	Fcb		481 530	554	510	475	170	T-112 estimated reading.
IIW-49523	March	£	481 530	095	510	422	170	T-112 latest electrode reading.
11W-S0127	April		483 530	995	510	417	170	
11W-50617	May		527 530	260	510		170	IfW-50617 not legible. Values from ITW-83906-C-RD, page 46. Corrected T-110 reading.
HW-51348	June		527 530	260	510	448	170	
IIW-51858	Ynl		527 530	557	510	414	170	
HW-52414	August	31	527 46	557	510	417	170	
IIW-52932	September	ajer.	527 46	557	510	417	170	
HW-53573	October	ţ	527 46	557	510	417	170	
IIW-54067	November	mber	527 46	557	510	417	071	

			T-110	T-110	T-111	T-1111	T-112	T-112	
Reference	Year	Period		W	Waste Volume (x 1000 gallons)	x 1000 gallon	(5)		Comments from Reference Document
			Total	Sludge	Total	Sludge	Total	Sludge	
HW-54519		December	527 46		557	510	417	170	
HW-54916	1958 Jan	San	527 46	16	557	810	417	170	
HW-55264		Fcb	527 46	46	557	510	420	170	
HW-55630		March	527 46	16	557	015	420	0/1	
11W-55997		April	527 46	16	557	510	420	170	
IIW-56357		May	227 46	16	524	210	420	170	Corrected calculation for T-111 waste volume.
HW-56761		June	527 46	91	524	910		021	
FIW-57122		July	227 46	16		018	420	170	
HW-57550		August	91 225	. 91		018	420	170	
11775-WH		September	527 46	46	527	810	120	170	
HW-58201		October	527 46	919	527	\$10	422	170	
HW-58579		November	527 46	46	527	510	425	170	
11W-58831		December	527 46	46	527	510	425	170	
11W-59204	1959 Jan	Jan	527 46	46	527	510	425	170	
11W-59586		Feb	527 46	46	524	510	439	170	
11W-6006S		March	524 46	46	524	510	439	170	
FIW-60419		April	524 46	<b>\$</b> 6	524	510	439	170	
IIW-60738		May	524 46	<b>16</b>	524	510	142	170	
11W-6109\$		June	\$24 46	16	524	510	777	170	
IIW-61582		July	524,46	\$\$	524	510	141	170	
HW-61952		August	524 46	95	524	510	111	170	
HW-62421		September	524 46	16	524	510	442	170	
HW-62723	Ĭ	October	524 46	9;	524	510	442	170	
HW-63083		November	524 46	£	524	510	142	170	
HW-63559		December	524 46	9	527	510	442	170	T-111 received 2,750-gallons of waste from 221-T (IIW-83906-D-RD, page 92).
11W-63896	1960 Jan	lan	524 46	91	527	510	442	170	
IIW-64373		Fcb	524 46	93	527	510	147	170	
HW-64810		March	524 46	9	527	510	450	170	T-112 received 3,000-gallons 221-T waste.
IIW-65272		April	524 46	91	527	510	450	170	
11W-65643	-	May	524 46	91	527	510	122	170	T-112 received 16,000-gallons from 221-T. Pumped out to TY crib 44,000-gallons.
11W-66187		June	524 46	92	527	510	429	170	T-112 received 7,000-gallons from 221-T.
HW-66557	7	July	524 46	92	Ī	510	461	170	T-112 received 32,000-gallons from 221-T.
11W-66827	٦	August	524 46	9	527	510	192	170	

			T-110	T-110	T-111	T-1111	T-112	T-11.2	
Reference	Year	Period		Wa	Waste Volume (	ne (x 1000 gallons)	3		Comments from Reference Document
			Total	Sludge	Total	Sludge	Total	Sludge	
11W-67696		September	524	524 46	527	510	461	170	
11W-6770S		October	524	524 46	527	510	1981	170	
11W-68291		November	524	524 46	527	510	461	170	
IFW-68292		December	524	524 46	529	510	403	0.1	T-112 jetted 58,000-gallons to TY cmb.
IIW-71610	38	1961 Jan. to June	524	524 46	527	018	395	0/1	T-112 received 221-T waste and pumped to TY crib.
1114-83906-D- RD pg. 197	1961	1961 Jan. to June	524	524 530	527	018	396	170	T-111 cascades to T-112. T-112 receives 221-Terib waste and numns to TV erib
HW-72625	1961	1961 Jul to Dec.	524	524 46	527	510	395	170	
IIW-83906-E-	1961	1961 Jul to Dec.	254	524 530	527	810	395	021	1-11 provines wate from 221.7 Coccades to T.113 which is numeral to TY crit
HW-74647	1962	1962 Jan. to June	524 46	9	524	510	142	170	221-T waste cascades from T-111 to T-112 and then numbed to cribs.
HW-76223	1962	1962 Jul to Dec.	524 46	46	524	510	395	170	221-T waste cascades from T-111 to T-112 and then purmed to cribs.
HW-78279	1963	1963 Jan. to June	524	524 46	524	510	395	170	221-T waste cascades from T-111 to T-112 and then pumped to cribs.
11W-80379	1963	1963 Jul to Dec.	524	524 46	524	910	430	170	T-111 received wastes from 221-T cascades to T-112, which is pumped to TY crib.
HW-83308	3	1964 Jan. to June	524 46	46	524	910	430	170	221-T waste cascades from T-111 to T-112 and then purryed to embs.
HW-83906-E- RD pg. 58	3	1964 Jul to Dec.	524 46	16	524	510	433	170	T-111 received wastes from 221-T cascades to T-112, which is pumped to TY crib.
HW-83906-E- RD pg. 64	1965	1965 Jan. to June	530 46	46	541	510	442	170	T-111 received wastes from 221-T cascades to T-112, which is purmed to TY crib.
HW-83906-E- RD pg. 70	1965	1965 July to Sept.	530 46	46	537	\$10	447	170	T-111 receives waste from 221-T. cascades to T-112, which is numned to the TV crib.
HW-83906-E- RD pg. 78	1965	1965 Oct. to Dec.	530 46	9\$	540	510	408	170	I-111 receives waste from 221-T. T-112 waste nummed to TY enh.
no report	9,61	1966 Jan. to March							
HW-83906-E- RD pg. 86	1961	1966 April to June	530 46	46	539	510	425	021	T-111 receives waste from 221-T. Cascades to 112-T. purmed to TY crib.
150-538	38	1966 July to Sept.	532 508		538	442	392	40	221-T waste cascades from T-111 to T-112, then pumps to cribs.
150-674	9861	1966 Oct. to Dec.	532 508		538	142	392	40	221-T waste cascades from T-111 to T-112, then pumps to embs.
150-806	1867	1967 Jan. to March	532 508		538	442	808	-05	221-T waste cascades from T-111 to T-112, then purmps to cribs.
180-967	1867	1967 April to June	534 508		538	442	362	40	Transferred 146,000-gallons from T-112 to TX-118.
									Beginaing in July 1967, waste status summary reports indicate that equipment decontamination waste from 221-T Plant was routed to T-112.
	1987	1967 July to Sept.	534 508		538	442	73	0\$	289,000-gallons transferred from T-112 to TX-118
ARII-326	1%7	1967 Oct. to Dec.	534 508		240	442	371		T-112 Received 298,000-gallons from 221-T

			T-110	T-110	T-111	T:III	T-112	T-112	
Reference	Year	Period		,W	ste Volume (	Waste Volume (x 1000 gailons)	<u>ء</u>		Comments from Reference Document
			Total	Studge	Total	Sludge	Total	Studge	
ARII-534	1968	1968 Jan. to March	91 585	76	538	510	808	170	T-112 Received 141,000-gallons from 221-T
ARH-721	1968	1968 April to June	534	534 508	538	442	237	40	T-112 Transferred 382,000-gallons to REDOX Evaporator. Received 111,000-gallons from 221-T.
ARH-871	1968	1968 July to Sept.	534	534 508	538	442	365	04	T-112 Transferred 125,000-gallons to REDOX Evaporator. Received 253,000-gallons from 221-T.
ARII-1061	1968	1968 Oct. to Dec.	534	534 508	538	447	266	24	T-112 Transferred 354,000-gallons to REDOX Evaporator. Received 255,000-gallons from 221-T.
ARH-1200 A	1969	1969 Jan. to March	534	534 508	538	447	406	24	T-112 Transferred 86,000-gallons to REIXOX Evaporator. Received 226,000-gallons from 221-T.
ARH-1200 B	6961	1969 April to June	534	534 508	538	147	165	24	T-112 Transferred 20,000-gallons to REDOX Evaporator. Received 227,000-gallons from 221-T. Transferred 448,000 to 103-TY.
ARIE-1200 C	1969	1969 July to Sept.	534	534 508	538	447	354	24	T-112 received 189,000-gallons of decontamination waste from 221-T Plant.
ARH-1200 D	1969	1969 Oct. to Dec.	534	534 293	537	233	174	33	T-112 received 232,000-gallons of decontamination waste from 221-T Plant. T-112 transferred 413,000-gallons to REDOX evaporators.
ARH-1666 A	1970	1970 Jan. to March	534	534 293	539	233	290	33	T-112 Transferred 111,000-gallons to RFDOX Evaporator. Received 228,000-gallons from 221-T.
ARII-1666 B	0261	1970 April to June	534	534 293	538	233	343	32	T-112 Transferred 109,000-gallons to REDOX Evaporator. Received 161,000-gallons from 221-T.
ARH-1666 C	1970	1970 July to Sept.	534 293	293	539	233	351	32	T-112 Transferred 132,000-gallons to RFIXOX Evaporator. Received 140,000-gallons from 221-T.
ARI3-1666 D	1970	1970 Oct. to Dec.	534 293	293	539	233	370	32	T-112 Transferred 119,000-gallons to REDOX Evaporator. Received 138,000-gallons from 221-T.
ARII-2074 A	1971	1971 Jan. to March	534 293	293	540	233	395	32	T-112 Transferred 76,000-gallons to RFDOX Evaporator. Received 100,000-gallons from 221-T.
ARII-2074 B	1071	1971 April to June	534 293	293	545	233	298	32	T-112 Transferred 244,000-gallons to RFDOX Evaporator. Received 147,000-gallons from 221-T.
AR11-2074 C	1971	1971 July to Sept.	534 293	293	539	233	342	32	T-112 Transferred 116,000-gallons to REDOX Evaporator. Received 160,000-gallons from 221-T.
ARII-2074 D	107.1	1971 Oct. to Dec.	534 293	293	541	233	3%	32	T-112 Transferred 87,000-gallons to REDOX Evaporator. Received 144,000-gallons from 221-T.
ARII-2456 A	1972	1972 Jan. to March	535 293	293	538	233	378	32	T-112 Transferred 260,000-gallons to REDOX Evaporator. Received 237,000-gallons from 221-T.
ARH-2456 B	1972	1972 April to June	535 293	293	540	233	404	32	T-112 Transferred 146,000-gallons to REDOX Evaporator. Received 174,000-gallons from 221-T.

4 17

			1.110	T-110	T-111	T-111	T-112	T-112	
Reference	Year	Period		W	ste Volume	Waste Volume (x 1000 gallons)	<u> </u>		Comments from Reference Document
		-	Total	Sludge	Total	Sludge	Total	Sludge	
PPD-493-7- DFL									REDOX Evaporators shutdown 7-5-1972. Waste to be stored in tanks and processed in 242-T or 242-S evaporators.
ARII-2456 C	1972	1972 July to Sept.	535 293	293	539	233	468	32	T-112 received 136,000-gallons of decontamination waste from 221-T Plant. T-112 transferred 71,000-gallons to U-107.
ARII-2456 D	1972	1972 Oct. to Dec.	535 293	293	539	233	329	32	T-112 received 148,000-gallons of decontamination waste from 221-T Plant. T-112 transferred 286,000-gallons to U-107.
ARH-2794A	1973	1973 Jan. to March	536 293	293	536	233	217	32	T-112 Transferred 332,000-gallons to 107-U. T-112 received 199,000-gallons from 221-T and 20,000-gallons from 301-T catch tank
ARH-2794 B	1973	1973 April to June	536 293	293	536	233	808	32	T-112 Transferred 180,000-gallons to 107-U. T-112 Received 120,000-gallons from 221-T and 350,000-gallons from 106-T.
ARH-2794 C	1973	1973 July to Sept.	531 293	293	535	233	505	32	
ARH-2794 D	1973	1973 Oct. to Dec.	531 293	293	534	233	505	32	221-T Decontamination solution routed to U-107
ARII-CD- 133A	1974	1974 Jan. to March	531 293	293	534	233	505	32	
ARH-CD- 133B	1974	1974 April to June	475 293	293	100	233	236	32	Transferred 59,000-gallons from T-110 to S-110, 28,000-gallons from T-111 to S-110, 14,000 from T-111 to T-109, and 273,000 from T-112 to S-110.
ARH-CD- 133C	1974	1974 July to Sept.	483 293	293	485	485	101	32	Transferred 8.000-gallons of water into T-110. Transferred 136.000-gallons from T-112 to S-110.
ARH-CD- 133D	1974	974 Oct. to Dec.	483 466	166	188	488	101	32	T-111 removed from service.
ARH-CD- 336A	1975	1975 Jan. to March	483 466	166	488	488	101	32	
ARH-CD- 336B	1975	1975 April to June	483 466	991	488	488	101	32	
ARH-CD- 336C	1975	1975 July to Sept.	483 466	166	488	488	101	32	
ARII-CD- 336D	1975	1975 Oct. to Dec.	483 466	166	488	488	101	32	

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# ORIGIN OF WASTES IN THE B-200 AND T-200 SERIES SINGLE-SHELL TANKS

M. E. Johnson

CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc.

Richland, WA 99352

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Abstract: Tanks B-201 through B-204 and T-201 through T-204 received waste from the plutonium concentration activities conducted in the 224-B and 224-T buildings from October 1946 through June 1952. Tanks B-201 through B-204 also received miscellaneous flush solutions from deactivation activities conducted in the 221-B Bismuth Phosphate Plant and the 224-B building.

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क्र <sup>1</sup>	Add - Section 2.1: Added discussion that plutonium precipitate separated from uranium and fission products was washed three times and the wash water combined with the uranium and fission product solution.  Add - Section 2.1: Spent nuclear fuel reprocessing completed in the 221 BiPO4 process when plutonium was separated from the metal waste.  Add: Figure 1: Added "Wastes Streams from" Bismuth Phosphate Process to figure title.  Add: Section 2.2.1: Included the word "Plant" after "221" designation.  Included the word "building" after "224" designation.  Add - Section 3: Expanded discussion on types of records reviewed and information available in each of these records.  Add - Section 3.2: Discussed the dissolvers metal waste equipment and other equipment in the 221-B Plant were flushed with nitric acid from July 1952 through September 1952, which would have removed any residual high-levle waset present in this equipment. Therefore, equipment flushing conducted after the nitric acid flushing would not have generated high-level waste. Discussed the water flushes of equipment conducted during 1954 through 1955 were discharged to cribs and cited reference documents.  Add - Sections 3.4.1.1 & 3.4.2: Discussed certain historical records were not declassified until the 1990's which would have prevented the authors of WHC-MR-0132 and LA-UR-97-311 from knowing that the B-200 and T-200 series tanks were actually placed in service in 1946 instead of 1952.	Michael E. Johnson	
	Add - Section 4.0: Discussed Hanford Site best basis inventories (BBIs) for tank		

## (1) Document Number Tank Farm Contractor (TFC) RECORD OF REVISION (continued) RPP-13300 Page 2 Change Control Record Authorized for Release (3) Revision (4) Description of Change - Replace, Add, and Delete Pages (5) Resp. Engr. (print/sign/date) (6) Resp. Mrg. (print/sign/date) wastes. Indicated analyses of core samples and waste templates are the basis for the gross alpha and transuranic elements concentrations reported. Replaced the B-201 and B-202 inventories for transuranic elements with the B-200 and T-200 series tanks BBIs for transuranic elements.

# ORIGIN OF WASTES IN THE B-200 AND T-200 SERIES SINGLE-SHELL TANKS

M. E. Johnson CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc.

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### **SUMMARY**

A review of historical documents was conducted to determine the origin of the wastes stored in single-shell tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 and 241-T-201 through 241-T-204. This review was conducted to support disposition of the wastes in these tanks.

The wastes stored in tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 and tanks 241-T-201 through 241-T-204 were determined to originate from plutonium concentration activities conducted from October 1946 through June 1952 in the 224-B and 224-T Concentration buildings. The 224-B and 224-T Concentration buildings received the plutonium nitrate solution that was separated from the irradiated reactor fuel as part of reprocessing activities conducted in the 221-B and 221-T Bismuth Phosphate plants. Tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 also received miscellaneous flush solutions from deactivation activities conducted at the 221-B Bismuth Phosphate Plant and 224-B Concentration building. No other types of waste were transferred to these tanks.

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## LIST OF TERMS

1C first cycle of the decontamination process
 2C second decontamination cycle wastes

Ci Curies

CW coating waste kg kilograms

ηCi/g nanocuries per gram

MW metal waste

NCRW neutralized cladding waste
PAS PUREX acidified sludge
PSN PUREX supernate neutralized
PSS PUREX sludge supernate
PUREX plutonium-uranium extraction

REDOX reduction-oxidation

RSN REDOX supernate neutralized

TBP tri-butyl phosphate
TIC total inorganic carbon
TOC total organic carbon

WSTRS Waste Status and Transaction Record Summary

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mu \text{Ci/g} & \text{microcuries per gram} \\ \mu \text{g/g} & \text{micrograms per gram} \end{array}$ 

## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This document discusses the origins of wastes presently stored in single-shell tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 and tanks 241-T-201 through 241-T-204. Section 2.0 provides a description of the different types of wastes that were generated at the Hanford Site chemical processing plants and transferred to the underground storage tanks. A basic understanding of the different types of wastes that were generated at the Hanford Site is provided for the reader to comprehend the waste types transferred to tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 and tanks 241-T-201 through 241-T-204, as discussed in Section 3.0. Section 4.0 summarizes the waste types that were transferred into these tanks.

## 2.0 TYPES OF TANK WASTE GENERATED AT THE HANFORD SITE CHEMICAL PROCESSING PLANTS

There are 149 single-shell tanks and 28 double-shell underground storage tanks located at the Hanford Site. These tanks received supernatants and precipitated sludges originating from the reprocessing of spent nuclear fuels, research and development, plutonium processing, and waste management activities.

There were numerous spent nuclear fuel reprocessing, research, and development, plutonium processing, and waste management activities conducted at the Hanford Site starting in 1944. 221-T Plant (T-Plant), first used for reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel in December 1944, operated until March 1956 using the bismuth phosphate process. The 221-B Plant (B-Plant) reprocessed spent nuclear fuel from April 1945 to June 1952 using the bismuth phosphate process. The bismuth phosphate process was based on carrier precipitation batch chemistry. The plutonium product solutions from the B-Plant and T-Plant were transferred to the 224-B and 224-T buildings for concentration. B-Plant was later renovated and used from 1963 through 1986 to recover the fission products cesium and strontium from the wastes stored in single-shell tanks.

Later, B- and T-Plants were replaced by the REDOX (reduction-oxidation) and PUREX (plutonium-uranium extraction) plants using continuous solvent extraction processes for separating uranium and plutonium from dissolved, spent nuclear fuels. The REDOX plant operated from January 1952 through November 1966 and PUREX operated intermittently from January 1956 to early 1990). Uranium was recovered from the wastes stored in the single-shell tanks from operation of the bismuth phosphate plants using a tributyl phosphate solvent extraction process in the tri-butyl phosphate (TBP) Plant (221-U building). The Hot Semiworks, building 201-C, was operated from 1949 through 1967 as a research and development facility for many of the Hanford Site chemical processes (e.g., REDOX, TBP, B-Plant strontium separations, PUREX process tests). All of these facilities generated numerous sources of radioactive mixed wastes that are stored in the single-shell tanks and double-shell tanks.

In addition to the operations conducted in the processing plants, there were numerous activities conducted within the underground storage tanks, including evaporation, cesium precipitation using ferrocyanide, and discharge of supernatants to underground cribs. These spent nuclear fuel reprocessing, research and development, plutonium processing, and waste management activities resulted in the mixing and alteration of the different waste types within several (but not all) of the 149 single-shell tanks and 28 double-shell tanks.

The spent nuclear fuel reprocessing, research and development, plutonium processing, and waste management activities conducted in the processing plants are described in the following sections. Refer to DOE/RL-97-02; National Register of Historic Places Multiple Property Document Form - Historic, Archaeological and Traditional Cultural Properties of the Hanford Site, Washington February for additional details on these processes.

As will be shown in Section 3.0, none of the spent nuclear fuel processing wastes from these operations were received into tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 or 241-T-201 through 241-T-204. These tanks only received waste from the 224-B and 224-T plutonium concentration buildings. The B-200 series tanks also receive wastes from equipment cleaning. The process operations conducted in the 221-B, 224-B, 221-T and 224-T are discussed in the following subsections to provide an understanding of the waste types generated in these facilities.

## 2.1 BISMUTH PHOSPHATE PROCESS: B- AND T-PLANTS

B- and T-Plants were constructed in 1944 through 1945 to separate plutonium from spent nuclear fuel using the bismuth phosphate process. Figure 1 shows a summary of the 221-B and 221-T Plant bismuth phosphate process, which is referred to throughout this discussion.

In the bismuth phosphate process, the aluminum cladding of spent nuclear fuel elements was dissolved in boiling sodium nitrate solution, to which sodium hydroxide was slowly added (HW-10475-C, page 403). The cladding removal waste, sometimes referred to as Coating Waste (CW), was transferred to single-shell underground storage tanks. (See item [1] in Figure 1)

Reprocessing of the spent nuclear fuel commenced with the dissolution of the uranium fuel. The fuel element uranium cores (see item [2] in Figure 1) were dissolved in nitric acid (HW-10475-C, chapter IV, page 405). Water and sulfuric acid were added to the dissolved uranium metal solution and the mixture was then transferred to the plutonium extraction section. The sulfuric acid formed a uranyl sulfate complex that prevented uranium precipitation as a phosphate in the subsequent plutonium extraction step (HW-10475-C, page 418).

Plutonium was extracted from the acid solution by addition of bismuth nitrate and phosphoric acid to form a bismuth phosphate carrier precipitate (HW-10475-C, page 503). The plutonium and bismuth phosphate carrier precipitate was centrifuged and washed three times with water to separate the acidic supernatant from the plutonium precipitate, (see item [3] in Figure 1). The acidic solution remaining after the plutonium precipitation contained about 99 percent of the uranium, about 90% of the fission products. This separation process also removed and reduced the gamma radiation activity level in the plutonium precipitate by a factor of 10. However,

zirconium is phosphate insoluble and zirconium-95 (10 percent of the activity) stayed with the plutonium product. The acidic uranium solution was then neutralized and transferred to the underground single-shell tanks as Metal Waste (MW). Recent laboratory testing of the bismuth phosphate flowsheet confirms this partitioning of radionuclides (internal letter 7G300-02-NWK-024, "Bismuth Phosphate Process Radionuclide Partition Factors for the Hanford Defined Waste Model"). The laboratory tests indicate the percentage of cecium-137 and strontium-90 partitioned to the metal waste may have been as high as 100 percent and 89 percent respectively.

After separating and washing the plutonium precipitate from the metal waste, reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel was completed in the 221 Plant Bismuth Phosphate process. Plutonium decontamination was conducted in the remainder of the 221 Plant Bismuth Phosphate process. The plutonium bearing cake was dissolved in nitric acid and further decontamination of the plutonium to separate fission products was conducted (HW-10475-C, chapter VI). Sodium bismuthate, sodium dichromate, or potassium permanganate was added to oxidize the plutonium to the +6 valence-state. This step caused the bismuth phosphate to precipitate phosphate insoluble fission products ("by-product precipitation"), leaving the plutonium in solution. The precipitate was separated from the plutonium-bearing solution using centrifuges and washed to remove soluble plutonium. The plutonium was reduced to the +4 valence state to form a precipitate that could be separated from the remaining soluble fission products by centrifugation.

The fission products separated from the plutonium product during this first cycle of the decontamination process (designated as 1C) were combined with the coating removal waste and transferred to single-shell tanks. The 1C waste (see item [4] in Figure 1), contained approximately 10 percent of all fission products and approximately 1.4 percent of the plutonium present in the original fuel charged to the plant (HW-23043, pages 20 and 22). After 1951, the Bismuth Phosphate process flowsheet was modified to include cerium and zirconium scavenger precipitation in the 1C by-product step to remove lanthanide and zirconium radionuclides from the plutonium product (HW-23043, page 16).

The plutonium solids from the first decontamination cycle were dissolved in nitric acid. A second decontamination cycle (see item [5] in Figure 1) was conducted to reduced the gamma activity level by a factor of 10,000 from that in the previous dissolved metal solution, giving an overall process decontamination factor of 100,000 below that of the original solution (HW-10475-C, page 627). The second decontamination step essentially repeated the steps previously described for the first cycle decontamination. The second decontamination cycle wastes (designated as 2C) were also transferred to the single-shell tanks. The 2C waste contained less than 0.1 percent of the uranium and fission products and about 0.4 percent of the plutonium present in the original fuel charged to the plant (HW-23043, pages 26 and 28). The plutonium product from the bismuth phosphate process was subsequently transferred to the 224-B or 224-T building for concentration.

Table 1 provides the estimated compositions of the neutralized CW, MW, 1C, and 2C waste solutions generated from the bismuth phosphate plants based on the October 1, 1951 flowsheet (HW-23043). Additional analyses of the supernatant fraction of MW, IC, and 2C that was stored in single-shell tanks are provided in Tables 2 and 3. These sample analyses support previous statements regarding the partitioning of fission products to the various Bismuth Phosphate Plant

Waste Streams. Specifically, 90% of the fission products were partitioned to the metal waste as evident by the Cs-137 concentration provided in Table 3. About 10% of the fission products partitioned to the 1C waste, as demonstrated by the gross beta and gross gamma radionuclides analyses provided in Table 2 and the Cs-137 analyses provided in Table 2. The 2C waste contained less than 0.1% of the fission products, as evident from information provided in Table 2.

Figure 1 Waste Streams from Bismuth Phosphate Process

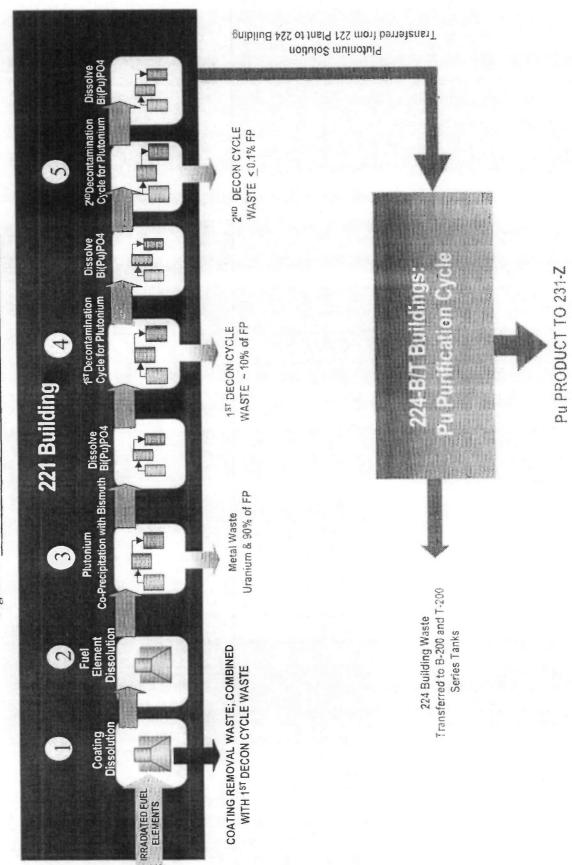


Table 1 Estimated Composition of Bismuth Phosphate Plant Wastes
From October 1, 1951 Flowsheet (1)

Analyte <sup>(2)</sup>	Coating Removal Waste <sup>(7)</sup>	Metal Waste <sup>(7)</sup>	First Decontamination Cycle (1C) Waste	Second Decontamination Cycle (2C) Waste	224 Building Waste
Plutonium	3.3E-04	2.0E-04	6.0E-07 <sup>(4)</sup>	1.6E-07 (5)	1.68E-04 <sup>(6)</sup>
Uranium	0.15		0.235 (4)	Not reported	2.04E-05
Gamma	6.6E+04	1.3E+07	2.3E+06 (4)	1.13E+04 (5)	1.13E+02 <sup>(6)</sup>
Sodium Aluminate (NaAlO <sub>2</sub> )	95.1	• •			
Sodium Hydroxide (NaOH)	43.6				
Sodium Nitrate (NaNO <sub>3</sub> )	61.8			-	
Sodium Nitrite (NaNO <sub>2</sub> )	56.0				
Sodium Silicate (NaSiO <sub>3</sub> )	4.3				
Uranyl nitrate (UHN) (3)		132			_
Fluorine (F)					5.6
Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> )		9.7	93.1	61.3	42.4
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )		24.4	4.73	3.61	0.35
Phosphate (PO <sub>4</sub> )		25.2	26.2	23.0	3.05
Sodium (Na)		83.2	47.3	36.7	36.8
Bismuth (Bi)			2.59	1.31	1.18
Cerium (Ce)			0.030		
Lanthanum (La)					0.49
Manganese (Mn)					0.33
Zirconium (Zr)			0.030		
Iron (Fe)			1.37	1.82	
Chrome (Cr)			0.16	0.06	0.17
Ammonia (NII4)			1.98	1.71	0.12
Silicon Hexa-Fluoride (SiF <sub>6</sub> )			4.35	3.67	
Volume per Batch (gallons)	795	2,380	2,040	2,090	2,200

#### Notes:

<sup>(</sup>I) See HW-23043

<sup>(2)</sup> Analyses are reported in grams per liter, except for gamma activity, which is counts/minute/mL.

<sup>(3)</sup> HW-23043 page 31 notes that uranium is not actually present in this form, but is probably as NaUO<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> and Na<sub>4</sub>(UO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>.

<sup>(4)</sup> Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks 13-4 and 14-3 (HW-23043 pages 20 and 22)

<sup>(5)</sup> Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks 18-4 and 19-3 (HW-23043 pages 26 and 28).

<sup>(6)</sup> Pu and Gamma concentrations were calculated from the compositions of tanks A-4, D-4, B-3, and F-8 (HW-23043 pages 39, 44, 48, and 54)

<sup>(7)</sup> The coating waste batch size is based on 6,600-lbs uranium, but that the metal waste dissolution batch size is based on 2,200-lbs uranium.

Table 2 Analyses of Rismuth Phosphate Process Supernatants

Waste Type(1,2)	Tank	pН	Pu µGm/liter	Gross Beta millicuries/liter	Gross Gamma millicuries/liter	Date Sampled		
Metal Waste	T-101	10.1	70	200(5)	70 <sup>(5)</sup>	12-12-1946		
Mctal Waste	T-101	10	35	110	25	7-01-1947		
Metal Waste	T-102	9.9	60	120	20	7-01-1947		
Metal Waste	T-103	9.8	60	150	20	7-01-1947		
IC/CW	B-109	9.9	40	0.65	0.28	3-18-1947		
IC/CW	C-112	9.9	12	12	4.4	3-18-1947		
2C	B-111	6.9	7.2E-02	2.0E-03	3.0E-03	7-1-1947		
2C	B-112	6.8	4.32E?? (3)	1.5E-03	3.0E-03	7-1-1947		
Waste Type	Tank	pH	Pu μGm/liter	Gross Beta Counts/minute/cc	Gross Gamma Counts/minute/cc	Date Sampled		
2C	T-110	Not reported (4)	15	4.9E+04	30	7-13-1945		
2C	T-110	9.8(4)	19	6.9E+04	55	7-25-1945		
2C	B-110	9.6(4)	8.5	7.0E+04	55	7-25-1945		

Notes: (1) See HW-10728 and HW-3-3220.

<sup>(1)</sup> Solids formed in each of wastes, settling to the bottom of each tanks. These sample analyses are for the supernatant only and are not representative of the

The reported Pu sample analyses for tank B-112 seems to be in error and lacking an exponent in HW-10728.

Prior to October 1945, the 2C waste was neutralized to a pH of approximately 10. The waste collected in tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 were neutralized to about pH 7 after October 1945 to precipitate bismuth and plutonium (HW-3-3220, page 13).

<sup>(5)</sup> Reduction in the gross gamma and beta analyses for the metal waste in tank T-101 from sampling in 12-12-1946 to 07-01-1947 is due to decay of short-lived fission products.

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	Te	pCi/cc										-				1 2E-05	3E-05			2.4E-05	3.6E-05						8E-03		
	Zr	µCi/cc														0	0			010.0	0.015						1.2		
Sic	N.b	μζίζες										ıt <sup>(2)</sup>				0 0018	0 0024			0.028	0.028						0.34		
Cycle W	ပင	pCi/cc										Supernata				0 000	9900 0			0.051	0 0 0 0 0						0.0035		
Table 3 Radionuclide Analyses of Metal Waste and First Decontamination Cycle Waste	Rare Earths	+ Y - Ce	μζί/ες	yses of Metal Waste Supernatant Following Uranium Extraction (1)								econtamination Cycle Waste Mixed with Coating Removal Waste Supernatant (1)				0.047	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			700	0 003						0.0085		
rirst Dece	Ru	nCi/cc		ing Uraniu								Coating R				0.0066	0.0065			0.058	0 0 0 0 9 9						0.34		
vaste and	သ	μCi/cc		tant Follow	54.2	132.4	56.3	25.8	40.1	34.5	57.3	Mixed with	010	0 20	0.12	0.17		0.15	0.11	0.13		0 11	0.13	0.13	0.17	0.14	0.27	0.15	
or Metal	Sr	ηCi/cc		ste Superna	0.44	0 26	1.08	1 20	0.46	0.10	0.59	Sycle Waste	0 011	0 0013	0.022	0 0 12	0.012	0.00038	0 01	0.00013	0.00037	0.00026	001	0.005	0 00011	0.00023	0.00087	0.0058	
: Analyses	Gross	Gamma	μζίνες	f Metal Wa								amination (	0.055	0 093	0.044	0.073	0.070	0.082	0.051	0.130	0.160	0.0067	690.0	190:0	0.069	0.060	2.2	0.22	
dionuclide	Gross	Beta	µCi/cc	Analyses o								100		0.170	0 183	0.25	0 25	0.14	91.0	0.51	0 52	0 14	91.0	0 14	0 13	0.12	2.8	0.39	
able 3 Ka	Pu	mgm/cc	)								r Metal Wa	Analyses of First D	1.7E-02	1.5E-03	2 0E-02	2 OE-02	2 0E-02	2 6E-03	1 8E-02	3E-03	36-03	2E-03	4 2E-03	3 1E-03	2 1E-04	3 4E-04	2.7E-05	7.67E-03	
	Date	Filled			Not specified	Not specified	Not specified	Not specified	Not specified	Not specified	entrations fo		8-1945	81918	12-1945	12-1945	12-1945	3-1946	4-1946	9561-2	7-196	9161-8	11-1946	4-1947	4-1947	10-1947	6-1949	centrations	
	Tank				Ç-106	BX-108	BX-109	C-112	C-109	CIII	Average Concentrations for Metal Waste		B-107	T-107	B-108	T-108 (Top)	T-108 (Bottom)	T-109	B-109	T-104 (Top)	T-104 (Bottom)	C-110	C-III	C-11.2	U-110	U-111	TX-109 <sup>(3)</sup>	Average Concentrations	for IC/CW

for IC/CW

Notes:

11 | Christon | Contamination of Uranium Recovery Process Stored Wastes Interim Report, May 16, 1955, W. W. Schulz, General Electric Company, Richland Washington.

22 | 11W-20195, Radioactive Content of Stored Bismuth Phosphate First Cycle Waste Supernaturits, February 5, 1951, General Electric Company, Richland Washington.

23 | 11W-20195, Radioactive Content of Stored Bismuth Phosphate First Cycle Waste Supernaturits, February 5, 1951, General Electric Company, Richland Washington.

24 | 11W-20195, Radioactive Content of Stored Bismuth Phosphate First Cycle Waste Supernaturity after filling and the short-lived fission products (e.g., Ru, Nb, and Zr) had not decayed appreciably.

## 2.1.1 224-B and 224-T Concentration Buildings

The process steps executed in the 224 Concentration buildings were as follows (HW-10475-C, chapter VII and HW-23043, pages 34 to 55):

- The starting batch size received from the 221 Plant was 330 gallons.
- Plutonium solution from the 221 Plant was oxidized with sodium bismuthate to convert the plutonium to the +6 valence state.
- Phosphoric acid was added to produce a bismuth phosphate (BiPO<sub>4</sub>) precipitate, with the plutonium still in solution. At this point, operators wanted to get rid of all the BiPO<sub>4</sub>.
- The solution and precipitate were separated by centrifugation.
- Nitric acid was added to dissolve the BiPO<sub>4</sub> precipitate, with this solution removed as waste.
- Potassium permanganate (KMnO<sub>4</sub>) was added to the plutonium solution to ensure all the plutonium was in the +6 valence state.
- Hydrogen fluoride and lanthanum salts were added to the plutonium solution producing a lanthanum fluoride precipitate. Fission products were carried with the lanthanum. This precipitate contained all the lanthanides (cerium, lanthanum, etc.) and residual ruthenium, samarium, europium, americium, and curium that the BiPO<sub>4</sub> could not carry out of the stream.
- The lanthanum fluoride precipitate was dissolved in nitric acid, neutralized with sodium hydroxide, and sent to waste storage tanks.
- Oxalic acid was added to the plutonium solution collected from the lanthanum fluoride precipitation step to reduce the plutonium to the +4 valence-state.
- Hydrogen fluoride and lanthanum salts were added to the plutonium solution producing a lanthanum fluoride and plutonium fluoride precipitate. The precipitate was centrifuged to collect the solids.
- Potassium hydroxide was added to convert the plutonium fluoride / lanthanum fluoride precipitate into lanthanum hydroxide and plutonium hydroxide solids.
- After centrifuging to separate the lanthanum hydroxide and plutonium hydroxide solids, these solids are reacted with nitric acid solution to dissolve the lanthanum and plutonium. The plutonium nitrate / lanthanum nitrate solution product was now ready for transfer to the 231-Z building or 234-5 building.

By this time, each original 330-gallon batch of plutonium-bearing solution that had entered the 224 buildings was concentrated down to eight gallons. The liquid waste (designated as "224") from the lanthanum fluoride and barium sulfate precipitation process was neutralized and transferred to the single-shell tanks. Table 1 provides the estimated compositions of the neutralized 224 waste solutions based on the October 1, 1951 flowsheet (HW-23043).

## 3.0 ORIGINS OF WASTE IN TANKS 241-B-201 THROUGH 241-B-204 AND 241-T-201 THROUGH 241-T-204

This section provides a brief description of tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 and 241-T-201 through 241-T-204, and a summary of the documented waste transfers into these tanks. In order to determine the origins of the wastes presently stored in these tanks, declassified historical reports for the Hanford Site were reviewed. Documents reviewed included the Hanford site contractors' monthly reports (1945 through 1975), Army Corp of Engineers monthly reports (December 1944 through December 1946), U. S. Atomic Energy Commission monthly reports (1947 through 1954), waste disposal reports (1948 through 1975), tank farm waste status summary reports, and miscellaneous letters and technical reports. While no records were located that identify individual transfers of waste, the above cited reports do provide a compendium of information that supports the discussion of historical waste types transferred into the B-200 and T-200 series tanks.

The Hanford site contractors' monthly reports for January 1945 through July 1951 list the volume of waste stored in the single-shell tanks, with the exception of the B-200 and T-200 series single-shell tanks. No records were located that provided the volume of wastes stored in the single-shell tanks from August 1951 through February 1952. Beginning in March 1952, waste transfers and the volume of waste stored in each single-shell tank were reported for each tank in a waste status summary report. Evidence of the waste types transferred to the B-200 and T-200 series single-shell tanks is provided in the Hanford site contractors' monthly reports, waste disposal reports, and miscellaneous letters and technical reports cited in the following sections.

With the exception of the waste status summary reports, all reports cited in this section are available electronically from the Hanford Declassified Document Retrieval System at http://www2.hanford.gov/declass/. Full-text copies of the waste status summary reports cited in this section are provided in Appendix A. The results of the present review of historical records are compared with a previous review of historical report that was conducted in 1980 as part of WHC-MR-0132, A History of the 200 Area Tank Farms.

# 3.1 DESCRIPTION OF TANKS 241-B-201 THROUGH 241-B-204 AND 241-T-201 THROUGH 241-T-204

Single-shell tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 (B-200 series) and tanks 241-T-201 through 2410T-204 (T-200 series) were originally constructed in 1944 as part of the Manhattan Project (HW-10475-C, chapter IX). The B-200 and T-200 series tanks are twenty-foot diameter underground tanks made of reinforced concrete with a steel liner on the bottom and sides, as depicted in Figure 2. Each tank has a design capacity of 55,000 gallons at a liquid depth of twenty-four feet. The 200 series tanks are grouped together with twelve larger capacity single-shell tanks (100 series) to comprise a tank farm.

THERMOCOUPLE TREE LIQUID LEVEL REEL DIP TUBES/FLANGE OBSERVATION PORT/FLANGE SPARE/FLANCE SPARE / FLANCE -SPARE/FLANGE BREATHER FILTER-(R4)(R3) (R2)(R1) (R8) (R7) (R6) (R5) JUHUH numum 3.97 m for B-203 and B-204 3.51m [11.5ff] 3.97 m to 4.04 m for T-200 series tanks N3-N4) (N1-N2) 0.33m [1.08f1] -6.35mm [1/4in] -STEEL LINER 7.77m [25.5ft] LINER HEIGHT 6.10m [20.00ff] 210 kL [55 kgal]

Figure 2 Cross Section of 200 Series Single-Shell Tank.

## 3.2 WASTE TRANSFERS INTO TANKS 241-B-201 THROUGH 241-B-204

This section discusses the date and source of wastes that were transferred into tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204. Tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 did not receive any high-level wastes. These tanks received transuranic waste from operations conducted at the 224-B plutonium concentration building and equipment decontamination waste. According to the *Hanford Technical Manual Section C* for the bismuth phosphate process (HW-10475-C, pages 909 - 911), the metal waste solution from the bismuth phosphate processing plant (B-Plant) was originally planned to be decontaminated to separate fission products from the uranium using seavenger precipitation processes. This decontamination process was to be conducted in B-Plant with the precipitates being transferred to the 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 tanks. However, the metal waste decontamination process was never implemented and metal waste solution was *not* transferred into these tanks. Tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 were unused until October 1, 1946.

Beginning in October 1946, tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 were used as settling tanks for the solids that were contained in the 224-B Concentration building waste, with the liquid waste discharged to the 241-B-1 and 241-B-2 cribs. Prior to October 1946, the waste from the 224-B Concentration building was transferred to the 361-B settling tank and the liquid portion discharged to the 241-B-361, reverse-well. By September 1946, solids had accumulated in the 361-B settling tank to a point where the tank had reached its storage capacity, causing shutdown of 221-B and 224-B building operations, as reported in the Army Corp of Engineers monthly report for September 1946 (HAN-45800, page 77). A project was initiated in August 1946 to divert the 224-B Concentration building waste to tank 241-B-201 (HW-7-4640). The Army Corp of Engineers monthly report for October 1946 reports this project was completed on October 1, 1946, at which time a connection was made from the 224-B building waste transfer line to tank 241-B-201 (HAN-45800, page 87). A similar connection was also completed on October 14, 1946 from the 224-T Concentration building waste transfer line to tank 241-T-201. The Hanford Engineering Works Monthly Report for October 1946 (HW-7-5362-DEL, pages 27 and 28) confirms that the 224-B building waste was routed to tank 241-B-201 in October 1946.

Tank 241-B-201 received waste from the 224-B Concentration building from October 2, 1946 through October 1948, after which the tank was considered filled with solids and the 224-B Concentration building waste was diverted to tank 241-B-204 (HW-11499, page 34). Tank 241-B-204 was connected in a cascade with tanks 241-B-203 and 241-B-202 (HW-10714-DEL, page 31). Liquid was gravity discharged from the last tank in the cascade, 241-B-202 to the 241-B-1 and 241-B-2 cribs. Solids contained in the 224-B building waste were allowed to settle in tanks 241-B-204 through 241-B-202. The cascade of tanks 241-B-204, 241-B-203, and 241-B-202 continued to receive 224-B Concentration building wastes until September 1952. The discharge of 224-B Concentration building waste from the B-202 tank to the 241-B-1 and 241-B-2 cribs is documented in HW-20583, *Process Waste Disposal Summary - 200 Areas September 1949 through December 1950*, HW-25301, *Process Waste Disposal Summary - 200 Areas January 1952 through June 1952*, HW-28121, *Release of Radioactive Wastes to Ground*, and HW-33591, *Summary of Liquid Radioactive Wastes Discharged to the Ground - 200 Areas July 1952 through June 1954*.

In addition to waste from the 224-B Concentration building, tanks 241-B-202 through 241-B-204 also received low-activity waste from tank 5-6 in 221-B Plant from October 3, 1947 through August 12, 1948 (HW-17088, page 31 and HW-38562, page 9). Tank 5-6 received low activity cell drainage as well as scrubber solution from the dissolvers in 221-B Plant (HW-10728, page 2). Tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 were reported to have received a total of 22,300,000 liters of waste containing 2180 grams of plutonium and 4000 curies of fission products from May 1947 through January 1, 1950 (HW-17088, page 57). Approximately 7,400,000 liters of the waste transferred to tank 241-B-201 was low-activity waste from tank 5-6 in 221-B Plant (HW-17088, page 57). The low concentration of fission products in the 224 building and tank 5-6 waste, ~180 micro-curies per liter supports that no high-level waste was transferred along with the tank 5-6 waste to tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204.

In July 1952, B-Plant and the 224-B Concentration building were shut down because their processing capability was no longer needed and had been replaced by the 202-S REDOX facility. Beginning in July 1952, cleanout of B-Plant and the 224-B Concentration building was initiated, with the spent nuclear fuel dissolver heels removed from equipment in the 221-B building (HW-25227-DEL, pages Ed-1 and Ed-6). The dissolvers, metal waste equipment and other process equipment in the 221-B Plant were flushed with nitric acid solution from July 1952 through September 1952 to remove fission products and plutonium. The recovered plutonium solutions were processed through the normal bismuth phosphate flowsheet and wastes transferred to their normal disposal pathways (HW-25227-DEL page Ed-1 and Ed-6, HW-25533-DEL, pages Ed-1 and Ed-6, HW-25781-DEL, page Ed-1, and HW-26047-DEL, pages Ed-1 and Ed-5). Plutonium solutions derived from equipment cleanout activities in the 221-B Plant were processed in the 224-B Concentration building to recover the plutonium, with waste from the 224-B Concentration building transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-B-204, 241-B-203, and 241-B-202.

The waste solutions generated from nitric acid flushing of the 221-B Plant equipment were transferred to their normal disposal pathways. The B-200 series single-shell tanks only received waste from the 224-B Concentration building during the nitric acid flushing of the 221-B Plant equipment. Monthly reports for the 200 Area tank farms for April 1952 through September 1952 (HW-27838 and HW-27839) substantiate that only 224-B Concentration building waste was discharged to the cascade of tanks 241-B-204, 241-B-203, and 241-B-202 during the nitric acid flushing of 221-B Plant equipment.

High-level waste was removed from affected 221-B Plant equipment as a result of removing the heels from the dissolvers and nitric acid flushing of the equipment. Additional cleaning of the internal surfaces of piping and equipment in 221-B Plant and 224-B building was conducted using various chemical solutions and water, as described in HW-27774. This cleaning occurred from October 1952 through March 1953.

Flushes of metal waste, first decontamination cycle, and second decontamination cycle equipment were transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112, as documented in waste status summary reports for the 200 Area tanks farms for this period (HW-27840, HW-27841, HW-27842, and HW-27775). In November 1952, the cascade of tanks 241-B-204, 241-B-203, and 241-B-202 received flushes of 224-B building equipment and metal waste lines (HW-27840, page 20). In December 1952, they received flushes of 224-B building equipment and 221-B Plant section 9 metal waste tanks (HW-27840, page 28). In January, February and March 1953 they received flushes of 224-B building equipment and 221-B Plant sections 7 and 8 extraction equipment (HW-27841, page 9, HW-27842, page 9, HW-27775, page 9). As previously discussed, the dissolvers, metal waste equipment and other equipment in the 221-B Plant had been flushed with nitric acid from July through September 1952 and removed the high level waste from affected equipment. Therefore, the 221-B Plant equipment flushing conducted from October 1952 through March 1953 did not generated high-level waste.

Flushing of the B-Plant cells and wetting of process equipment with water was conducted in April 1953 through June 1, 1953 (HW-27932-DEL, page Ed-5; HW-28267-DEL, page Ed-5; and HW-28576-DEL, page Ed-5). These flush solutions were transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111, and 241-B-112, as documented in waste status summary reports for the 200 Area tanks farms for this period (HW-28043, HW-28377, and HW-28712). Additional decontamination of equipment in the 224-B Concentration building was also conducted in May through July 1953 with the flush solutions processed through T-Plant to recover plutonium (HW-28267-DEL, page Ed-5, HW-28576-DEL, page Ed-5).

In October 1954, approximately 50,000-gallons of water were transferred from the 221-B Plant through the cascade of tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 (HW-33544, page 4 and HW-38562, page 9). In December 1954, tank 5-6 (low activity cell drainage in 221-B Plant) was reported as being routed to the cascade of tanks 241-B-204, 241-B-203, and 241-B-202, but no volume of waste was reported as being discharged to these tanks in the tank farm monthly waste status summary report (HW-34412, page 4). However, the June 1955 report for discharge of wastes to the ground (HW-38562, page 9) indicates approximately 750,000 liters (~198,000 gallons) of low-activity waste were discharged from 221-B Plant tank 5-6 from December 1954 through June 1955 to tanks 241-B-202 through 241-B-204 to the 241-B-1 and 241-B-2 cribs.

In July 1955, 224-B Concentration building flush water was reported as being routed to the cascade of tanks 241-B-204, 241-B-203, and 241-B-202, but no volume of waste was reported as being discharged to these tanks in the tank farm monthly waste status summary report (HW-38401, page 4). However, the June 1956 report for discharge of wastes to the ground (HW-44784, page 27) indicates approximately 653,000 liters (~172,500 gallons) of low-activity waste were discharged from 221-B Plant tank 5-6 from July 1955 through September 1955 to tanks 241-B-202 through 241-B-204 to the 241-B-1 and 241-B-2 cribs. Beginning in October 1955, the

low activity waste from 221-B Plant tank 5-6 was routed to the cascade of tanks 241-B-110, 241-B-111 and 241-B-112 and then to the 241-B-1 and 241-B-2 cribs (HW-44784, page 27).

During the period of 1954 through 1955, the 221-B Plant and 224-B Concentration building were being modified for restart as part of the so-called "4X Program" (HW-33903). The 4X Program was a program to operate all four separation facilities (221-B, 221-T, 202-S REDOX and 202-A PUREX Plants) simultaneously. The modifications conducted in the 221-B Plant and 224-B Concentration building resulted in the transfer of low-activity waste to tanks 241-B-202 through 241-B-204. However, the 4X Program was cancelled in March 1957 and the 221-B Separations Plant and 224-B Concentration building were placed in lay-away status (DDTS-Generated-491, "Lay-Away of the Bismuth Phosphate – TBP Plants and the Metal Waste Removal Facilities").

From 1957 through 1963, the 221-B Plant was converted for separating fission products of cesium-137 and strontium-90 from PUREX plant wastes. A flush of 7,500-gallons was transferred from the 221-B Plant to the cascade of tanks 241-B-204, 241-B-203, and 241-B-202 sometime January 1, 1962 through June 30, 1962 (HW-74647, page 4). This is the last transfer of any waste solutions into tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204. The 221-B Plant did not receive any waste for fission product separation until August 2, 1963 (HW-78817, page 5) and did not discharge fission product waste to tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204.

Tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 did not receive any liquid wastes originating from the operation of the first cycle solvent extraction system, or equivalent, or the concentrated wastes from subsequent extraction cycles, or equivalent, in a spent fuel reprocessing facility. Rather, the wastes received into tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 were from a plutonium concentration process (not a subsequent extraction process) performed in a separate facility and wastes from equipment decontamination activities conducted in the 221-B Bismuth Phosphate Plant and 224-B Concentration building.

# 3.3 WASTE TRANSFERS INTO TANKS 241-T-201 THROUGH 241-T-204

This section discusses the date and source of wastes that were transferred into tanks 241-T-201 through 241-T204. These tanks did not receive any high-level waste but did receive transuranic waste from operations conducted at the 224-T plutonium concentration building. According to the Hanford Technical Manual Section C for the bismuth phosphate process (HW-10475-C, chapter X, pages 909 - 911) the metal waste solution from T-Plant was originally planned to be decontaminated to separate fission products from the uranium using scavenger precipitation processes. This decontamination process was to be conducted in T-Plant with the precipitates being transferred to the 241-T-201 through 241-T-204 tanks. However, the metal waste decontamination process was never implemented and metal waste solution was not transferred into these tanks. Tanks 241-T-201 through 241-T-204 were unused until November 4, 1946.

Beginning on November 4, 1946, tank 241-T-201 was used as a settling tank for the solids that were contained in the 224-T Concentration building waste, with the liquid discharged to the 241-T-1 and 241-T-2 cribs (HW-33591, page 4). The waste from the 224-T Concentration building had been previously transferred to the 361-T settling tank and the liquid portion

discharged to the 241-T-361, reverse-well. By July 1946, solids had accumulated in the 361-T, settling tank to a point where the tank had reached its storage capacity (HAN-45800, page 67). A project was initiated in August 1946 to divert the 224-T Concentration building waste to tank 241-T-201 (HW-7-4640). The Army Corp of Engineers monthly report for October 1946 reports this project was completed on October 14, 1946, at which time a connection was made from the 224-T building waste transfer line to tank 241-T-201 (HAN-45800, page 87). The Hanford Engineering Works monthly report for October 1946 (HW-7-5362-DEL, page 27 to 28) confirms that a route was established for transfer of the 224-T building waste to tank 241-T-201 in October 1946, with waste transfer initiated on November 4, 1946.

Tank 241-T-201 received waste from the 224-T Concentration building from November 4, 1946 through May 24, 1949, after which the tank was considered filled with solids and the 224-T Concentration building waste was routed to tank 241-T-204 (HW-13561-DEL, page 41). The solids depth in tank 241-T-201 was reported as "twenty feet of rather compact sludge and approximately three feet of a light sludge" (HW-13561-DEL, page 41).

Tank 241-T-204 was connected in a cascade with tanks 241-T-203 and 241-T-202, (HW-10714-DEL, page 31). Liquid was gravity discharged from the last tank in the cascade, tank 241-T-202, to the 241-T-1 and 241-T-2 cribs. Solids contained in the 224-T Concentration building waste were allowed to settle in tanks 241-T-204 through 241-T-202.

The tanks 241-T-204, 241-T-203, and 241-T-202 cascade continued to receive 224-T Concentration building wastes until May 29, 1952, after which this waste was transferred to the cascade of single-shell tanks 241-T-110, 241-T-111, and 241-T-112 (HW-27838, page 17). Tanks 241-T-201 through 241-T-204 were considered filled with solids and taken out of service effect on May 29, 1952 (HW-27838, page 12).

Tanks 241-T-201 through 241-T-204 did not receive any liquid wastes originating from the operation of the first cycle solvent extraction system, or equivalent, or the concentrated wastes from subsequent extraction cycles, or equivalent, in a spent fuel reprocessing facility. Rather, the wastes are either from a *plutonium concentration* process (not a subsequent *extraction* process) performed in a *separate* facility (224-T Concentration building).

# 3.4 CURRENT REVIEW OF WASTE TRANSFER RECORDS COMPARED WITH OTHER REVIEWS

Historical records of waste transfers into, from and among the 200 Area tank farms were compiled and reported in WHC-MR-0132, LA-UR-96-3860, and LA-UR-97-311. Additional waste transfer records have been summarized for the B-200 series tanks in WHC-SD-WM-ER-310. These documents were reviewed and compared with the current analysis documented in this report to determine if significant discrepancies exist.

#### 3.4.1 B-200 Series Tanks

These previous reviews to determine the tank contents for tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 generally refer to WHC-MR-0132 and provide no new references regarding waste transfers into these tanks. Therefore, the current review of waste transfer records for tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 was compared to that of WHC-MR-0132. Appendix B provides copies of the tabulated waste transfer records for tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 from WHC-MR-0132.

In general, the waste transfer records summarized in WHC-MR-0132 are consistent with the information present in this document. However, there are three significant discrepancies that are discussed in the following sections.

#### 3.4.1.1 Date Tanks Used to Receive Waste

The waste transfer records summarized in WHC-MR-0132 for tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 do not indicate the presence of any waste in tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 until the first quarter of 1952. This is inconsistent with historical documents discussed in this document, which indicates that these tanks received waste from the 224-B Concentration building beginning in October 1946. The Hanford site contractors' monthly reports for January 1945 through July 1951 list the volume of waste stored in the single-shell tanks, with the exception of the B-200 and T-200 series single-shell tanks. Evidence of the waste types transferred to the B-200 and T-200 series single-shell tanks is provided in the Hanford site contractors' monthly reports, waste disposal reports, and miscellaneous letters and technical reports cited in the following sections. These documents were classified until the early 1990's, which would have limited their availability. It is likely that these documents were unavailable to the authors of WHC-MR-0132 and LA-UR-97-311.

#### 3.4.1.2 Cascade Operation of Tanks

Beginning in the first quarter of 1952, WHC-MR-0132 indicates that 224-B Concentration building waste (designated as "224") was transferred into tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204, which were operated as a cascade to a crib. However, this contradicts information published in HW-33591(Summary of Liquid Radioactive Wastes Discharged to the Ground – 200 Areas July 1952 through June 1954), which states that tank 241-B-201 received waste from the 224-B Concentration building only from October 2, 1946 through October 1948, after which the tank was considered filled with solids and the 224-B Concentration building waste was diverted to tank 241-B-204.

Tank 241-B-204 was connected in a cascade with tanks 241-B-203 and 241-B-202. Liquid was gravity discharged from the last tank in the cascade, tank 241-B-202, to the 241-B-1 and 241-B-2 cribs. Furthermore, tank farm waste status summary records for April through June 1952 (HW-27838) and July through September 1952 (HW-27839) indicate that only tanks 241-B-204

through 241-B-202 were active in a cascade with discharge to the crib. Again, this inconsistency in records does not affect the classification of the wastes in tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204.

#### 3.4.1.3 Metal Waste Not Transferred to Tanks

WHC-MR-0132 identifies that metal waste (designated as "MW") was transferred into tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 in the fourth quarter of 1952. WHC-MR-0132 indicates that metal waste was present in tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 through the third quarter of 1953, after which time WHC-MR-0132 indicates that only "224" waste is present in these tanks. There is no explanation provided in WHC-MR-0132 to indicate that metal waste was removed from these tanks or that the earlier designation of metal waste being present in these tanks was incorrect.

It is highly unlikely that metal waste was transferred into tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204, since these tanks were active as a cascade that overflowed to the ground via a crib. Metal waste was not discharged to the ground because of the concentration of fission products and the economic value of the uranium. Because of the economic value of uranium, metal waste was kept segregated from other wastes. Document HW-33591 (Summary of Liquid Radioactive Wastes Discharged to the Ground – 200 Areas July 1952 through June 1954) does not indicate the disposal of any metal waste to these tanks or the ground (i.e. cribs).

Process records for waste transfers to the 200 Area tank farms indicate that metal waste generated from spent nuclear fuel reprocessing at 221-B Plant was transferred to tank 241-BY-112 in BY Tank Farm for the period of April 1952 through September 1952 (HW-27838, pages 9, 21, and 32 and HW-27839, pages 10, 21, 32). These same historical records indicate that only flushes of the metal waste lines and 221-B and 224-B building equipment were transferred to the cascade of tanks 241-B-204 through 241-B-202 during October 1952 through March 1953. Based on this information, WHC-MR-0132 incorrectly stated the presence of metal waste in tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204.

Further evidence that metal waste was not transferred into tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 is provided by the analyzed composition of the sludges presently stored in these tanks, as reported in the Tank Waste Information Network (http://twins.pnl.gov/twins.htm). Key analytes present in the wastes stored in tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 are summarized in Tables 4.

The inventory of key analytes (e.g., Pu-239, Cl, Fe, Na, NO<sub>3</sub>, PO<sub>4</sub>, SO<sub>4</sub>, CO<sub>3</sub>, and U) in the sludge phase of tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 has been divided by the mass of the sludge in each tank and reported in the upper half of Table 4. The composition of metal waste that was contained in single-shell tanks 241-T-101, 241-U-101 and 241-U-102 is provided in the lower half of Table 4. It is evident from the analyses in Table 4 that the concentrations of Pu-239, Cl, and Fe in the sludges present in tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 are one order of magnitude higher than the metal waste sludges. Also, the concentration of uranium in the sludges present in tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 is three orders of magnitude lower than the metal waste sludges. This comparison clearly shows that metal waste sludge contained a higher uranium concentration and a lower plutonium concentration than the sludges present in tanks 241-B-201

to 241-B-204. The sludges present in tanks 241-B-201 to 241-B-204 do not have the characteristics of metal waste sludge. Furthermore, the concentrations of cesium-137 and strontium-90 sludge present in tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B204 are less than 2E-04 Ci/l and 4E-03 Ci/l, respectively. Metal waste or other high-level waste would have cesium-137 and strontium-90 concentration several orders of magnitude higher, as reported in Table 3.

#### 3.4.2 T-200 Series Tanks

In general, the waste transfer records summarized in WHC-MR-0132 are consistent with the information present in this document. The waste transfer records summarized in WHC-MR-0132 (see Appendix B) and the Waste Status and Transaction Record Summary (LA-UR-97-311) report for tanks 241-T-201 through 241-T-204 do not indicate the presence of any waste in these tanks until the first quarter of 1952. This is inconsistent with historical documents discussed in the previous section, which indicate that these tanks received waste from the 224-T Concentration building beginning in November 1946. The Hanford site contractors' monthly reports for January 1945 through July 1951 list the volume of waste stored in the single-shell tanks, with the exception of the B-200 and T-200 series single-shell tanks. Evidence of the waste types transferred to the B-200 and T-200 series single-shell tanks is provided in the Hanford site contractors' monthly reports, waste disposal reports, and miscellaneous letters and technical reports cited in the following sections. These documents were classified until the early 1990's, which would have limited their availability. It is likely that these documents were unavailable to the authors of WHC-MR-0132 and LA-UR-97-311.

WHC-MR-0132 and LA-UR-97-311 both indicate that only 224-T building waste was received in these tanks and that these four tanks were removed from service in May 29, 1952. This is consistent with the current review of waste transfer records for these tanks.

..... Toute 241-R.201 to 241-R.204 Shidges

	Reference	3	3	3	3	3		_	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	7		2	2	2		
rison of Metal Waste and Tanks 241-B-201 to 241-B-204 Sludges.	Sample Event Description		5.05E+04 1.45E+04 3.48E+02 1.61E+04 1.56E+02 Composite analysis of core sample	6.15E+041, 12E+049,81E+039,81E+033.23E+02Composite analysis of core sample	6.22E+04,6,65E+03 2.67E+02 3.34E+03 1.78E+02 Composite analysis of core sample	4.94E+047.06E+032.81E+026.73E+031.61E+02Composite analysis of core sample		5.30E+04 1.10E+03 1.57E+05 2.88E+05 Near tank inlet, near top of sludge	3.30E+044,10E+032.08E+05 3.63E+05 Near tank outlet, 1-ft from bottom	5 10E+04 1.11E+052.40E+043.00E+031.12E+056/1948, Near tank inlet, depth unknown	1 60E+04 1 34E+05 2 20E+04 1 00E+03 1 34E+05 8/1948, Near tank inlet, depth unknown	28E+05 1,90E+04 1,58E+04 1,62E+05 11/1948, Near tank inlet, 3-ft from bottom	1.02E+05 1.20E+04 2.56E+04 2.04E+05 11/1948, Near tank inlet, 2-ft from bottom	4.80E+048.00E+03 1.15E+05 3.63E+05 11/1948, Near tank inlet, 1-st from bottom	1.60E+04 8.00E+03 2.55E+05 3.46E+05 11/1948, Near tank outlet, 1-st from bottom	.50E+04/6.00E+03/2.63E+05/3.65E+05/11/1948, Near tank outlet, just off bottom	2.00E+036.10E+042.80E+031.81E+053.29E+052/1949, Near tank inlet, 4-st from bottom	3.00E+034.90E+042.05E+031.66E+052.63E+052/1949, Near tank inlet, 3-ft from bottom	2/1949, Near tank inlet, 2-ft, 7-inches from	bottom	2.00E+035.20E+043.03E+034.10E+042.66E+052/1949, Near tank outlet, 3-ft from bottom	3.00E+031.36E+055.08E+036.90E+041.06E+052/1949, Near tank inlet, 1-inch from bottom	2.00E+03 1.05E+05 9.26E+03 9.00E+04 1.52E+052/1949, Near tank outlet, 1-inch from bottom		
241-B-	U Total	3/3n	1.56E+02	3.23E+02	1.78E+02	1.61E+02	alyses	2.88E+05	3.63E+05	1.12E+05	1.34E+05	1.62E+05	2.04E+05	3.63E+05	3.46E+05	3.65E+05	3.29E+05	2.63E+05		3.50E+03 5.30E+04 2.54E+03 1.62E+05 2.73E+05bottom	2.66E+05	1.06E+05	1.52E+05		
d Tanks	CO3	3/3ท	1.61E+04	9.81E+03	3.34E+03	6.73E+03	Metal Waste Sample Analyses	1.57E+05	2.08E+05	3.00E+03	1.00E+03	1.58E+04	2.56E+04	1.15E+05	2.55E+05	2.63E+05	1.81E+05	1.66E+05		1.62E+05	4.10E+04	6.90E+04	9.00E+04		
aste an	SO,	3/311	3.48E+02	9.81E+03	2.67E+02	2.81E+02	I Waste S	1.10E+03	4,10E+03	2.40E+04	2.20E+04	1,90E+04	1.20E+04	8.00E+03	8.00E+03	6.00E+03	2.80E+03	2.05E+03		2.54E+03	3.03E+03	5.08E+03	9.26E+03		
Metal W	PO,	3/311	1.45E+04	1.12E+04	5.65E+03	7.06E+03	Meta	S.30E+04	3.30E+04	1.11E+05	1.34E+05	1.28E+05	1.02E+05	4.80E+04	1.60E+04	1.50E+04	6.10E+04	4.90E+04		5.30E+04	5.20E+04	1.36E+05	1.05E+05		
rison of	NO	a/an	05E+04	5.15E+04	5.22E+04	1.94E+04				S.10E+04	1 60E+04						2.00E+03	3 00E+03		3.50E+03	2.00E+03	3.00E+03	2.00E+03		
	Z.	a/an	_					.18E+05		16E+05			16E+05	37E+05	.51E+05	1.46E+05				1.23E+05	1.08E+05	1 09F+05	8.50E+04		
Table 4. Compa	Fe	ο/οπ	15F+043	19F+04	1 30E+03	1.72E+03		\$ 80E+02	1 DOE+02																
•	Ü	110/0	68F+031	64F+07	39F+02	,46E+02		: 00F+02	7 00F+01																
	Pu-239	"Ci/a	7 51F-011	1 28F-018	91F-018	2.39E-016		\$ 75F.00	2 OIE A	3							2 70E-02	1 20E 02	7,777	2.11E-02	2 SOF 02	1 8 1 E 0 0	661E-03		
			21-R-201 7 51E-011 68E+031 15E+043 42E+04	11-B-202   28E-018 64E+02   19E+043.93E+04	341-B-203   94E-018 39E+023 30E+032 89E+04	211-11-201 2 39E-016 46E+023.72E+032.63E+04		11-101 (SINS 75E-02/5 00F+02/3 80E+02/1.18E+05	1-101 (S2) 2 91E-02 7 00E+011 00E+02	T 101 (a)	4	101 (2)	T-101 (3)	T-101 (3)	7-101 (5)	7,101,6	11 101 (13) 70F-07	11 101 (1 1) 1 29E-02	101-0	11-101 (15)2.11E-02	11-101 (16) 59E-02	11 102 (17) 181E-07	11-102 (18) 6.61E-03	7-1-1-2	

Notes:

Ref. 1: 11W-18492, Settling and Dissolution Characteristics and Composition of Hanford Waste Metal Sludge.
Ref. 2: Letter 11W-14157, "Compilation of Data on Composition of Bismuth Phosphate Process Metal Wastes."
Ref. 3: Best Basis Inventory obtained from the Tank Waste Information System on October 7, 2002. Seehttp://wins.pnl.gov/twins.htm

#### 4.0 TRANSURANIC ANALYSES OF WASTES

The Hanford Site prepares a Best Basis Inventory (BBI) estimate of the composition of the wastes stored in all 177 Hanford Site underground storage tanks. The BBI effort involves developing and maintaining waste tank inventories comprising 25 chemical and 46 radionuclide components in the 177 Hanford Site underground storage tanks. Waste sample analyses, process knowledge, and waste templates are used to create the BBIs. These BBIs provide waste composition data necessary as part of the River Protection Project (RPP) process flowsheet modeling work, safety analyses, risk assessments, and system design for retrieval, treatment, and disposal operations. Development and maintenance of the BBI is an on-going effort, with the current BBIs available electronically through TWINS, <a href="http://twins.pnl.gov/data/datamenu.htm">http://twins.pnl.gov/data/datamenu.htm</a>.

The BBIs for the wastes contained in tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 and 241-T-201 through 241-T-204 are based on analyses of core samples and templates. Template values were used for constituents below the detection limits for sample data or constituents not measured from the sampling event. Templates are based on sampling data from tanks that contain the same waste type, supplemented with Revision 5 of the HDW model data (RPP-19822). Table 5 provides the best basis inventory concentration estimate for Np<sup>237</sup>, Pu<sup>238</sup>, Pu<sup>239</sup>, Pu<sup>240</sup>, and Am<sup>241</sup> in the sludges stored in these tanks. These five radionuclides comprise the majority of the transurance elements with half-lives greater than 20-years present in these wastes. In general, the concentrations of Np<sup>237</sup>, Pu<sup>238</sup>, Pu<sup>239</sup> and Pu<sup>240</sup>, in the sludges stored in tanks 241-B-203, 241-B-204 and 241-T-201 through 241-T-204 are calculated from the analyzed total alpha concentrations for these wastes using an alpha isotope distribution template.

Core samples of the wastes in tanks 241-B-201 and 241-B-202 were obtained in 1991. Core samples of the wastes in tanks 241-B-203 and 241-B-204 were obtained in 1995. Core samples of the wastes in tanks 241-T-201 through 241-T-204 were obtained in 1997. The sludges collected in these core samples were analyzed to determine the composition of these wastes as well as the concentration of alpha emitting radionuclides (gross alpha analysis).

The analyzed, mean gross alpha analyses, 95% lower confidence limit and 95% upper confidence limit for the wastes in tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 and tanks 241-T-201 through 241-T-204 are provided in Table 6 (Wilmarth 2002). Uranium-238, which is not a transuranic element, would be included in the gross alpha analysis. The gross alpha analysis would tend to over estimate the sum of the concentrations of alpha-emitting transuranic isotopes with half-life greater than 20 years. This is substantiated by the analyses of the core samples from tank 241-B-201 and 241-B-202, which were also analyzed to determine the concentrations of  $Pu^{238}$ ,  $Pu^{239}$ ,  $Pu^{240}$ , and  $\Delta m^{241}$  in these sludges (see Table 5). The sums of the concentrations of alpha-emitting transuranic isotopes with half-life greater than 20 years are ~829 $\eta$ Ci/g and ~218 $\eta$ Ci/g, respectively for tanks 241-B-201 and 241-B-202.

The analyzed gross alpha analyses for the waste in each tank are in excess of  $100\eta \text{Ci/g}$ . The sum of the concentrations of Np<sup>237</sup>, Pu<sup>238</sup>, Pu<sup>239</sup>, Pu<sup>240</sup>, and Am<sup>241</sup> for the sludges in tanks 241-B-201 and 241-B-202 also indicate that the concentration of transuranic elements with half-life greater than 20-years is also in excess of  $100\eta \text{Ci/g}$ .

Table 5. Transuranic Element Analytical Results for Sludges

Tank Name	Analyte	Basis	Concentration, μCi/g
241-B-201	237Np	TE	1.45E-07
241-B-201	238Pu	S	6.29E-03
241-B-201	239Pu	S	7.51E-01
241-B-201	240Pu	S	4.32E-02
241-B-201	241Am	S	2.84E-02
241-B-202	237Np	TE	2.26E-07
241-B-202	238Pu	S	· 2.03E-03
241-B-202	239Pu	S	1.28E-01
241-B-202	240Pu	S	2.17E-02
241-B-202	241Am	S	6.67E-02
241-B-203	237Np	S	8.17E-07
241-B-203	238Pu	С	2.02E-03
241-B-203	239Pu	С	2.34E-01
241-B-203	240Pu	С	2.94E-02
241-B-203	241Am	S	3.46E-02
241-B-204	237Np	TE	2.08E-07
241-B-204	238Pu	С	1.72E-03
241-B-204	239Pu	С	1.99E-01
241-B-204	240Pu	С	2.51E-02
241-B-204	241Am	С	3.84E-02
241-T-201	237Np	TE	1.37E-07
241-T-201	238Pu	С	2.26E-03
241-T-201	239Pu	С	6.69E-01
241-T-201	240Pu	С	4.51E-02
241-T-201	241Am	С	3.96E-02
241-T-202	237Np	TE	2.20E-07
241-T-202	238Pu	С	1.45E-03
241-T-202	239Pu	С	1.67E-01
241-T-202	240Pu	С	2.11E-02
241-T-202	241Am	С	3.23E-02
241-T-203	237Np	S	6.20E-07
241-T-203	238Pu	С	1.73E-03
241-T-203	239Pu	С	2.00E-01
241-T-203	240Pu	c	2.53E-02
241-T-203	241Am	s	3.36E-02
241-T-204	237Np	S	5.35E-07
241-T-204	238Pu	c	1.46E-03
241-T-204	239Pu	c	1.68E-01
241-T-204	240Pu	c	2.12E-02
241-T-204	241Am	S	2.01E-02

Notes: Radionuclides are decay corrected to January 1, 2004

S - Sample based

C - Calculated

TE - Based on a Hanford Defined Waste model or engineering based waste template

RPP-13300 Rev. 1

	Table 6. Gross Alpha Analyses for Sludges.												
Tank	Mean (ηCi/g)	Relative Standard Deviation	95% Low Confidence Limit	95% Upper Confidence Limit									
B-201	1,310	13%	1,030	1,590									
B-202	398	9%	338	457									
B-203	215	9%	184	245									
B-204	265	9%	226	303									
T-201	757	21%	490	1,024									
T-202	223	12%	180	265									
T-203	196	12%	157	234									
T-204	144	10%	120	169									

#### 5.0 SUMMARY

Tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 received waste from the plutonium concentration activities conducted from October 1946 through June 1952 in the 224-B Concentration building. Following cessation of spent nuclear fuel processing activities in the 221-B Bismuth Phosphate Plant and cleanout of the plant inventory, tanks 241-B-201 through 241-B-204 received flush solutions from equipment cleanout in the 221-B and 224-B buildings and metal waste transfer lines.

Tanks 241-T-201 received waste from plutonium concentration activities conducted from November 4, 1946 through May 24, 1949 in the 224-T Concentration building. Tanks 241-T-202 through 241-T-204 received wastes from plutonium concentration activities conducted from May 24, 1949 through May 29, 1952 in the 224-T Concentration building.

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# APPENDIX A

# WASTE STATUS SUMMARY REPORTS

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HW- 27838 Page 1

Distribution

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SPECIAL RE-REVIEW

A.C. Morganthaler Planning & Scheduling Group

Waste Centrol

Manufacturing Department

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As of 4/30/52

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As of 1/30/52

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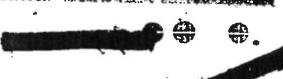
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10=		530	F30	-		
100		1.30	F2E			
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108	-1c_i	530 F	245	285		Reserved for 717
100	1C	530 530	-13	157	- 20 0	The second secon
£7	-	- Lil	4-1	52		The state of the s

\* MW - Metal Waste 10 - First Oyele Waste 20 - Second Cycle Waste

5 Treat Wate

H-: ', 1) 1-52

72L = 22L Eldg. Waste TBF = TBP Waste

DEA- 11

RPP-13300 Rev. 1 and the state of the first production of the **PPAPAAAII** •10a STATUS OF WASTE FARMS 0 10 (II) Typə Gallons x 103 · Reserve Capacity Remarks 01 . Callons | In Wast? Stored # 103 Batches I Farm 110 530 530 20 530. 530 111 • 20 Address and Tilant 112 20 509 560 Cascading to pribe 201 54.5 221 202 54.5 224 EL C 203 54.5 22/ 206 Caseading to calb 54.5 224 51.5 U Pare 530 530 530 101 1 530 102 MA 530 103 Cluicing for feet to ter Mr. 519 TOP 530 530 MU 530 105 KY 530 106 530 M. 500 107 530 \* -14 530 M 530 109 530 A. . 530 • 530 530 530 110 196 111 30 Down to dhales h/20/52 Peep sew installed here 112 10 32 LOR Stopped purpling 1/21/58 201 54.5 TAP 100 S Man ever ground filling with far waste 505 TRP 203 TEP 54.5 507 TSP Die IX Pair. 101 758 758 758 758 758 758 703 m; 758 103 **W**.1 758 104 750 105 758 758 BEST AVAILABLE COPY 100 Mis 758 107 758 XX 758 173 758 H 356 391 137 Mi bank nov filling - I flant 109 758 574 池 1-0 tank now filling - ? Flant 10 758 2 749 24 10 758 377 758 36 25/ - 55/ Blog. \* MW - Hetal Waste Waste > 1C - First Cycle Waste TBP - TBP Waster 2C - Second Cycle EB - Evaporator Bottons R - Redox Waste A-12

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	Waste	Capach ;	Stared.	Callons x 103	in Extanse	•	The war flower	
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		•		o esta-	× 11.18 10			i
<b>₹</b> ¶}			w # b	<b>→</b> == 1		8	BEST AVAIL	ABLE COPY
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			7 31			CARLO SELECTION		. 1

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WASTE SOUTH SOUTHERT .

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13

BEST AVAILABLE PAP

•		1952
	8 Frank	Prans
Reas of Hetal Varta to entte farm dorthy the south		
Calve incresses in Metal Visto volume		\$5,000
Onla./Run poerage Metal Manka volume	2.172	2.619 >
Reserve Cale. evallable for Note: Waste 5-10-52	3662001	
hans of first Cycle Waste sout to farm during the month		18
Calas Antonasa an Siras Cycle Maste volume		41.250
Cole-Anne descare Tiret Corte tente enterme		900
Reserve Calse exaliable for First Cycle Waste	¥_487,000	<b>2</b> <sub>9</sub> 625 <sub>9</sub> 000 (ii)
formakes a litter correction for ? M runs sent to stor	Constitution of the Consti	And the second s
averate parame see and 18 5 551 Calfous		
		137
	•	5 Plant
Birmeth Brengthan Brich Britaning		
Callons increase it is seeing product whole atorage	· ,	8/2.510
Tons of Uramium, (as charged), processed, to contri- buts to make-up of waste	· ·, · , .	78,73
Callons/batch squiralent to 6-3 MS	••	2.74.72
Callons ses ton of Urantum processed	* y	21.151
Reserve Callons available for Redox waste on6-1-52_	allerina di Propos	8.015.000
Remarks 1 1 ast month this figure was reported at 3.99	y gal/ton, on 5-19	
was found in the calculated amount of uranism charged t	to extraction, which	D STAG 9
corrected figure of 4.687 gal/ton. This month's figure	of 4 351 gal/ton	is based on pre-
liminary uranium inventory figures.		
and the second s		

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HW-27538

0 13

HASTE STORAGE STATUS

\$s of 5-31-52

# METRE WASTE

TART	IN States Dage No.	Motol Waste Rocelyca	To Storage	toerro Conacity.
FAST TREET			• •	
B	2,579		1,519	9
6	20374	•	- 33%	
* UR *	3,117	•.	1.117	2,
	4492	. 13	· NAX	595
\$470P	323,82		12,495	618
MEST MRES	\$ 579			
	421	. (2,579)	· have	5.4
TX	5-65U		5.709	10
TY	m			558
- тотат,	• 11,970	55 .	12,025	682

REMARKS: #Hoservs capacity at 2,700 Callons per batch

Netal waste in 101-102-103-11 sturrying for TBP feed

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11-2702.0% # 4-52

DECIMINATION

HW - 2783

15 0 = 15

VASTE STOP WILL WATER

Ap of 5-31-52

## URANIUM CONTENT METAL WASTE

The state of the s		TONS PUTE	URANTIM	THE REAL PROPERTY.
FARM.	Tag Storage	Racetyne •	* * To 75P	In Storage
EAST AREA	385			
		* .*		385 863
FIX	. 762	•	• 6	762
. 97	1.059	5	. •	1.06b
TOTAL	3,847	• •5		3,852
MEST AREA	375			175
O U	772	•	2 .	9.772
* * TX *	1,297			1 308
TX *-	••	•		and the second s
* TOTAL	2,444			2,455

REMARKS 44 Motal in tank 101-102-103 U equal to LCS tons has been credited to TBR.

May increase based on 0.622 tons of uranium per run. This is based on

600 MaD/ion averero.

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11-2702.03-x 1-52

A-16



HW. 27838

1994

18 05 5-22-52

# FIRST CYCLE WASTE

· ARR		1			
	Im George	Gallons x  Set Cycle  Vonta Recit	Feed To	In Steraph	Prores
EAST AREM					
* 3 ##	1,060		9	1,000	
Fa-1 Tank - 106 R	187	••	38	225	\$20
C	- Fa5li3	-	425	2.117	76
100				3.18	
ur .	2-108	55		2.1%	. 48
TOTAL	9-073	55	368	8.707	50/4 E
FEST AREA	* 1.910. *				
	898		516	1.910	1 (E
TX 8-8	1,336	42	44 4	1,377	859
fred Tank - 118 TX	249	******	- 187	536	79
17				. 2.	
TOTAL	16493	41 *	329	» 4 <sub>2</sub> 205	938

Thereive Capacity at 2,800 grallons per batch ) tot included in totaling

HFMANKS == Excluding 106-B and 118-TX-evaporator food tanks.

"A- 17

4-5005; 94-X P-45

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MASTE THE DECLASSIFIED

5-31-52

# SECOND SYCLE WASTES

• •	Coscação	<b>Callon</b>	Estimated :	
	989	cribbed	STORING THE	Capacity
EAST AREA	110-111-117.9	21	3.03	• 050
- HEST ATOM	.00-01-023	. 16	672	2 15 1001
JETOT.		59	7-07%	

REMARKS; as Roserie calculations based on 165 galfron combined 5 to and 2nd cycle and

volume of 350 cal/run

# 220 BUILDING WASTES

	Carcolo	Callor	Fotimated (1)	
0 d	000	Call photo	Stoire	Capacity In Patches
EAST AREA	201-203-202 B 203-202 T		:66	506
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	110411-1107	115	187	Combined with
TOTAL		24.5	*53	506

on 5-29-52, 220-1 westes were kied into 5-6 stream feeding to 110-111-112 at diversion box 211-152 T. Thus in 200 Ness free 5.6. 2nd eyels, and 22h mastes are at

sembined in these tanks, -

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11-2902-05-X 4-52

\*A-18

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0=17 18

TBP WASTE

	Control to the Control of the Contro				- Augustina	-	
	****			•	Gellon:	0 x 123 . 0 0	•
,	FARM	In Storage Bog. Mo.	)	Received		12 Storage 8 Eni Mo.	Brangvo Capacity
	EAST AREA		·		0 0	, , ,	
~	В		•	•			90
	C			. •		6 0	1
-	DX			. •	•	• •	
	n			. 2	•	• •	
the state of the s	TOTAL				-		2
. 3	WEST AREA				0 0	0 0000	0 0
*	T				00		ورور ورور ورور ورور ورور ورور ورور ورو
0	U			. 0	8	0	63 216
()	TX .			•		• • •	- •
	77			o •		000	
-	TOTAL			•	0 0	0 0	
				•	0 0		

Supernate tanks, 109 BY and 115 TX not included in the above.

Callona x 103 of condensate to crib

Ratio: \* Feed to Waster.

During fronth

Cumulative to date

\* Feed adjusted to metal waste equivalent.

REMARKS: Present plan is to store cold-start up wastes :: 10 m/live and under in 200-H tanks: if over 30 m/live to cold it to 115-TX supernatural tanks for mworking.

T Plant current MI cascade. H-2702.06-X 4-52

A- 19

### **SPECLASSIFIED**

44-2738

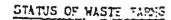
to ev

5-31-52

#### WASTE EVAFORATOR

O-13 K

		*)	*	0
•	0	Gallor	15 x 103	
YARY	Feed	Dottone	Condensate To Cribs	Reserve
EAST AREA	0		,	
3	•	• 93		761
≈ ĉ	380	0		
HX	•			· .
il o	•	9	personal control of the control of t	
» 7074C	j 588 <b>o</b>	93	295	761
** 108-3	filled with bottom	5-11-32a 109-म	nt.g. nervice 5-15-	20
7 T				* 3
T	929			
o TX		96		370
17	•	0	·	
TYPAL.	320	0 95	233	370
110,11 navinge, 200 We	1,112-0 tanks are nost area are 114-TX	ot emptied to slud and cascade $104_{\pi}10$	ige; tanks remaining 05,106-T which fill	g to evaporate in ? ? add 3-31-52.
promote and participated and participate		REDOX WASTE	0 0	•
The state of the s		Callona x 105°		пъ
• FARM •	In Storage	Wests Received o	In Storage	Reserve Capacita
S Yarm	° 681	343 0	1,024	2,905
A HIT May a	alle glippin grader description follows the description between the			
	651	3/13	1,021	2,905
Callons x 10 <sup>3</sup> o.	f condensate to crit	387		
4 4119 to conside	red as Fedox reserve	s capacity when em	pty. •	
	y a t <sup>3</sup> <u>२,7111</u> १:=11	long pre 6-3 aquiv		<u>.</u>
BETARKS: NC-3	tank manendad to 11	u_s_on_5_9-52	BEST AVAIL	ABLE COPY
	A - 20		COLACCIEIEN	
H-2702.07-X 4-	7- 90 V- 90	L	PECLAGOIFIED	, *5



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D	<del></del>				-		
	Туре	Gallons	× 103	Reserve	Can		7
9	30			Callons	In	• Romanka	
	Vante.	Capacity	Stored	x 10 <sup>3</sup>	Ratch-F		:213
i) Ferm			•				
101	l	(2n •	F0-				1
102		530 • 1 530	530	رے ، خور بیدادید		•	
:[0]	1 Part	510	530 533				
	-1						; • ;
1.011	70	530 530	530_			•	18
105	10	530	530				17.
10%	10	530	225	300		lat Cycle Evaporator - Fee	I Tank
107		520	222				
105	EB	530 530	550	310			
1:19	EB	الحسورة	530 74	451		Deltano tanis nos Cillina	The second second
	1	1.47.5	J. 4.	421		Bottons tark - now filling	
110	SC •	530	530			Active Caseade . B Flant	. 1:
111	5C	530 530	530				
uz.	5C	31.2	27.5			Cascading to crib	
•	1						٠٠ .
201	224	54.5	54.5			Active Cascade @ 221-3	
?03	224	54.5 54.5	54-5				
)= 2011	55/1	54.5	51.5		-	Guacading 200, 203, 202 to c	rib
			5/15			Idle .	•
C Farm	1						
	į				l .	• ,	
101.	752	530	530 530		<b>†</b> _	l +	',
10).	1-14	530	530		•		
	2 12/	5,10	519				
104	27,5	530	. 530		1	<b>=</b> ·	
105	130	530 *	530				
116	254	730	519				
			•		-	-	-
107	1C.	530	399	131	47.		,
703	1C	530	34	496 3	177		
7.65	. 1C	530	253				
110	1C+	S(20	510				
30	10	1530 1530	530 539				
	- 1C	530 ·	7.9	426	15.	Tank • list world	
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		1_505_			ļ		
7.74	: W	1 51.5	<u> 12-5</u>		J	<u></u>	

"" - Potal Waste

10 - First Gyole Waste 20 - Second Cycle Waste

E - Redox Wante

20% - 22% Bldg. Waste TBF - TBP Waste EB - Evaporator Notions

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## STATUS OF MASTE FA

\* MW - Metal Waste

1C - First Cycle Waste

2C - Second Cycle Waste

R - Redox Waste

n-2902.09-X 4-52

224 - 224 Bldg. haste

TOP - TBP Waste

ES - Evaporator Bottoms

DA-22

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1:

i.\*

- in.

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P

1.



## The second secon STATEL, CO PAGES

-						
.•	Type	Callon	n x 70 <sup>3</sup>	و پرسېد په او	12 - 2 - 3 - 3 · 3 ·	
	20			6211012		
•	Waste	Capacity	Stored	x 10.1	Patinher .	
Faim						
	2C	520	530_			Author couragio - I Flant
1:1	22.	500	530 559			Conding to solb a second
			annumber of the second			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
201	221	511.5	54.5			There is turbe out of sorving 5-29-5
	_221_	1_20.5	51 s 51 s 51 s 51 s 51 s 51 s 51 s 51 s			
203 201	23	51.5	5			
	??i:_	_2/4:2	511-5			The state of the s
Tarm						I to the second of the second
101		230	53C			
		335	53C			Simining for food to TBF
	_1N1	1-22.2	515.			The same of the sa
ach	144	530	53c	1.		
3.35	1:1	1 530	530			
1:6	15:1	5,13	515			
007	_١٠١٠_ ا	530	530			•
1(2)		+530	530			11
109	H4_	530	519			
	*					
1:0	13_	530	335.			1 / C 1 / C
1.2	13-	530 530 •	777	3		
	1					
231	TOP	511.5				Plan swam pround filling with TBP waste
503	TEP_	54.5	-		ii	<u> </u>
200	TEP	20.5		ماند. داد مانت داد	::	n n
•	-		1	1		to a 10 to 340 and and 5 to an analysis and 5 to 5 to 5 to 5 to 5 to 5 to 5 to 5 t
TX Fent						
				•	}	
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152	150	758 758 758	750			a to a device remain and a second and a seco
	1		1	• '		
	1	7:39	75			The state of the s
107	-!:>-	753 753	71.8			TE
165	- FW	7:8	111			in the same talling a t Plant k
•		1	•			* 1
109		758	\$25	1		* : 02. 1.77 (11712b.: = T Plant )
	].c	1.750 78				
112	- ;-	153-		• !		BEST AVAILABLE COPY
# 17 - Het	al hast	3	popilita e se section de	2. 1 772	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	A SEAL WINDSRITT OUL
1C - Fin	est Cycle	. Waste		7) 2 - 111 5' - Fa	7 - 51 -5	
2C - Sec R - Rec	ond Cyclian	141		neni	100121	A-23
11.2902.	10-X 1-5	2		VEVI	Hagairi	EN .
						<u></u>

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STATUS OF WASTE FERMS

				-		A contract of the contract of	13
•	Туро	Gallons	# 103		Capacity	Abmark®	30
	Veste	Capacity	Stored	0allons x 103 *	în Bathhan		N. C.
TX Farm (conto	ii)						
129	ខ្មា	756	388	370			
172 116	9C	758	BI		•		· 1.84
195	TBP	- ACCORDING AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND	-	-	•	Active - TEP supernate	
715	-E3	758	758	·			3
	. 58	758	758 756				. 4.
118 ·	16,	758	536	222	79.	Evaporator feed tank	, 'A'j'
Tr Farm					9:	•	
101	Mai	758		258	281	•	
102	200	1758		7/17	272		
203	TRP	158		758			
104	THP	758	-	1717			• !
105	TRP	738		<b>9</b> 58			ر د ا المريد . المريد .
106	TBP	758		71.7			- 1
S Farm		•	*		**		- 14 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12
901	l R	758		758	277		*
102	R	758 758		758	277		por production de la constant
10)	I &	758	4	71.7.	273		
104-	R	100		758	277		
105		758		758	277		magas=Affidia
106	R	758.		747	273		
107	R			758	272		
106		758	1	758	277		tunia album
109	n	750		747	273		
110	R	758 758	774				
	In	1758	249	1 500	186	latina tank	
315	R	JZ58	1	1242	273		

# MW = Motel Waste
IC = First Cycle Waste
IC = Second Cycle Waste

R - Redox Wasts

224 - 224 Mdg. Waste

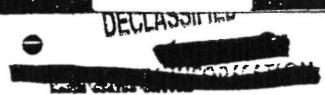
TEP . TBP Waste

EB - Eraporator Bottoms BEST AVAILABLE COPY

H-2902.11-X 4-52

A-24

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0=23 =7

	Menth of June	1052
and the second state of th	B Plant	T Plant
huns of Hetal Waste to waste farm during the month	5	15.
Caja. increase in Metal Waste volume	13.750	1,9,500
Cols./Run average Hetal Waste volume	2,292	3.094
Recerve Cals. available for Metal Waste on 7-1-52	1,655,000	1,792,000
Runs of First Cycle Waste sent to farm during the month	• 7	• 17
Cais. increase ir Tiret Cycle Maste volume	19,250	57,750
Cals./Run average First Cycle Waste volume	2,750	3,357
Neserve Gals. available for First Cycle Wante :	1,719,∞0	2,889,000
Persiks: Higher average volume per run on 1st cycle au	d MW for T Plant	in part due
to increased volumes for processing T.P. runs.		
•	•	
	•	SePlant
Bismuth Phosphate Batch Equivalent		90.57.
Callons increase in fission product waste storage	•	रुद्धे, <u>०००</u>
form of Branium, (as charged), processed, to contri-	•	54.84
Callons/batch equivalent to 6-3 MS	•	- + 2,917
Callons for ton of Vranium processed	• •	# 4,814
Reserve Callons available for Redox waste on 7-1-52	• •	7,781,000
Remarks: . The increase in waste volumes for the conth	of June was prin	cipally the
result of abnormal uranium rework.	PECT AV	WARLE CODY
•	DEG! KY	BENDEE OUL
· A-25		
H-2902.01-X 3-52	DECL	ASSIFIED
ACTION CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY		

HW-2793

• WASTE STORAGE STATUS

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63342

#### METAL WASTE

	<b>1</b> ————————————————————————————————————		1	
		Callons x 103	•	•
FARM *	In Storage Beg. Mo.	Metal Waste Received	In Storage End Ho.	Reserve Capacity
• EAST AREA	• •			- 52
8	1,579	,	1,579	
• c	3, \$76:		3,374	, <del>, , ,</del> ,
• 137	3,317		3,117	23
, Fr	4,425	24	1,1,39	580
- * TTTOTAL	- 12,495	ען	12,509	613
WEST AREA			•	
T *	1,579	•	1,579	
. <b>4</b>	4,737	· (2,579)	4,737	
rx	5.709 -	• 50	5,759	a fo6
TY.	, MX		Hr.	558
TOTAL	12:025	• 50	12,075	· 660L

REMARKS: \*Reserve capacity at 2,700 Callons per batch

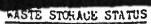
Yetal verta in 101-102-103-II alumnting for TBP feed.

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@2002.02-x 4-52

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1<sub>A-26</sub>



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of\_\_\_\_i-10-52

### WETAL WASTE

	TONS Uranium						
*FRN	In Storage • Beg. Mo.	Received	* To TBP	In Storage			
· EAST AREA	•	•		,			
. В 🔹	985			385	- 1		
C • •	8/17			841			
HX	762	•	and the state of t	762			
**************************************	1.000	<b>a</b> 6		1.070	: i.		
- TOTAL	3.052	6		3.058	• '		
WEST AREA		•	•	: .			
	375	•		375	. Commission of the Commission		
U	772	•		772			
12	1.308	13 45		• 1,326	). O		
TY	**				;		
TOTAL	2,455	• 13		2,473			

\* Tons of uranium transferred as metal waste to the Waste Removal Group for slurrying.

\*\*\* Netal in tanks 101-102-103 U equal to 405 tons of uranium has been

credited to Thy. This does not show as uranium present in totals.

June increase is for all runs having June serial numbers not necessarily

in storage at month end.

\*\*\* Cold wranium sent from TBP Building to 115 TX (see TB2 waste).

F.S.-A

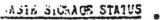
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H-0/03.03-X 4-52

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	THE STREET	DESTRUCTION OF THE PARTY OF THE	
-			ALC: UNK
100	No. of the last of	The same of the same of	
The state of the state of		4	

• FADI!			*		
TAL.	In Storage Beg. Mo.	Gallons x 10 lst Cycle Waste Rec'd	Feed To Evaporator	In Storage End Mo.	In Ratchest
eara teae	•	• , ,,	. <sub>% %</sub> ●,		•
* B **	1,060	• .	-	1,060	
Fred Tonk - 196 3	225	•	32	193	120
J *	• 2,117	-	57/1	1,903	452
TTK .	3,175	·	-	3,175	-
* DT *	2,130	• 19	-	2,149	la la
TOTAL	8,707 •	• 19.•	246	8,480	613
				• •	-
WELL AREA	1,910			- 1,910°	
. II	382	-		382 .	100
TX **	1,377	58	195*	1,240	838
Efuporator Food Tank - 118 TX	536	•	331	205	198
· 1X				-	
* TOTAL	4,205	• 58	526	3,737	1,036

\* Receive Capacity at 2,800 gallons per batch ( ) Not included in totals.

REWARD 1 4> Excluding 106-B and 118-TX evaporator feed tanks. Tank 113-TX containing

753,700 gal, 1st cycle waste will be designated as Evaporator Bottoms Storage Tank

when mentied.

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MASTE STORING STATUS DECLASSIFIED

2

ECUDITY-W

6-30-52

#### STAMPINE VAL.

978 T			•	
	Cascade	Callons	Estimated . Reserve	
	In Use	Cribbed	Sludra	Capacity In Batches
EAST AREA	110-111-112-B	15	107	3,0hl ** )
• WEST AREA	110-111-112-T	39	685 -	2,125 ***
TOTAL	•	24.	• • •	

REMARKS: \*\* Reserve calculations based on storage of combined 5-6 and 2nd cycle only

at 275 gallons per run.

\*\*\* Reserve calculation based on storage of combined 5-6, 2nd cycle, and 22h

wastes at 350 gellons per run.

#### 224 BUTLDING WASTES

	. C		Cascade	Gallon	s x 103	Estimated Reserve	
•	• .			In Use	Cribbed	Sludga	Capacity In Patches
	FAST	AREA	•	204-203-202-B	- 40 -	167	500
	West	AREA"	٠	201-501-1 501-501-1	Inactive Cascade	187 Sludge for 110-11	-I shown above.
		TOTAL			126 •	327	500

REMARKS

A-29

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H-2/02.05-X 4-52

# WASTE STURAGE STATUS DECLASSIFIED 7838

As of 6 5

#### 11a Sura

	•		Gallen	1\$ x 10 <sup>3</sup>	
· FA	RM	In Storage Beg. Mo.	TBP • Received	In Storage	Reserve Capacity
•	B B	•		•	
. 3	c •			•	
	EV .	•			, ce
	Бſ	•			
	TOTAL.		•		•
WEST.	T AREA				1,263
<b>Q</b>	U		•		
	TX •				
	TY			•	• 3 150
	TOTAL			1	* · i.589

Supernate tanks, 109 BY and 115 TX not included in the above.

Callons x 103 of condensate to crib (216-W) - This calculation is not complete - will be available for next month's report.

During Month \_\_\_\_

Cumulative to date

\* Feed\_adjusted\_to metal wasterequivalent

REMARKS: 10,991# cold manium sent to 115-TX talk equal to 193,992 gallons received

<u>"in 115-TX,</u>

28,766 gallons of waste to ditch equivalent to 149.8 # cold wranium.

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11-30

n # - 27838

#### CECUDITY INTODAY PROS

6-30-52

WASTE EVAPORATOR

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3

•	(allons x 10 <sup>3</sup>					
HSAY	Feed	Bettoms	Condensate To Cribe	Reserva Bottoms Space		
EAST AREA	•	•	• , .	,		
B		98°	3/18	. 663		
G .	21:6	•				
<u> </u>						
E <b>T</b>		•	•	•		
TOTAL	ટો√6 ●	98	1/18	663		
WEST PREA	•					
Ţ		•				
•	•					
T. •	526	2144	382	L21		
	•	•	•			
TOTAL	526	377	382	+ 421+		

\* Illi-TX now pumping; reclaimed space designated as Evap. bottoms reserve space.

#### REDCK WASTE

•		Callons x 10	3	
Ahy	In Storage		In Storage End Me.	Reserve Capacity In Batches
S Farm	1,024	264	1,288	2,668
भग हम्ह	* *			
TC	ur. 1,cel	364	1,288	* 2,668

Gallery a 103 of continuate to crib 292.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

# Wild ? - considered as Redox reserve capacity when mapty.

Reserve Capacity at 2,917 gallons per 6-3 equivalent batch

ZXARXS:

A-31

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#### DECLASSIFIED SECUDITY

-	·					
	*	6 33	- 303°	Tose-		
	इवर्	Callons.	X 100		The second second	Remarks
	Naste	Capacity	Stored	Callons x 10	In Batches	14.00
D Farm	N25 (-7	10apacity	Swred	X 10	Bacches	
n satu						
101	20	530	530			
102	157	530 530	530			13
103	K4_	530	519	•	•	
	CIR		- 11			•
• 7.0h	110	530	530	•		
LOS	1 C -	530	530		•	
106	110	530	193	337	120	lat Orcle eraporator - Fred tank,
	1	•				
107	E3	530	220	• 310_		
163	E3	130	530	-	-	
109	EB	1 530	172	353		Bottom tank - now filling.
	1	•	lander - No. 1 Constant		1	
110	2 C	530	รรก		ř	ACTION CASCALIN - A FIRM
111.	2 C	530	530			
115	12 C -	342	512	_		Cascading to crib.
	-	1				U SI
201	55/1	54.5	54.5			Active cascade = 22h-B.
202	221	54.5	51.5		.5	
203	224	54.5 .	51.5			Cascading 201, 203, 202 to crib.
20/1	221	54.5	50.5			Tdle
C Farm	Į		•			
				<b>→</b> 40:	1	
101	L Ma	530	530			
305	NW	530	530	•		
. 105	1.4	5,5	5.9			
	1	•		10		
1.04	MW	1 530	530			
105	MAN	५३७ व	530		•	
10.5	•! YA	. c = 0	1 519			
		•			:	
107 •		្លែ	399	131	1 1.7	-
100	110	530	34	1 495	377	
309	16	530	311	27!:	• 76	Tank - now pumping to 106-B.
	1	ì	1		1	To be reserved for TBP supernate.
112	1 C	<u> </u>	160	<u> </u>	j •	
11,1	1 C 1 C	1 530 ·	530	1		
1.2	10	1 530	1 39	1 425 +	1.72	Partially purpode to be finished at
	1	1	1	1		later dato. • •
	124	54.5	745			
	FS4	54.5	54.5	- N	DOLACO	elala.
. 4	Y.i	50.5	\$1.5 \$1.5	U	ECLASS	DICIEV
	324	F. 5	1 54.5	1		

But and market

Metal Wasto

1 - First Sycle Waste

1 - Second Cycle Waste

Redox Waste

224 - 224 Bldg. Waste

BEST AVAILABLE COP

			D.	PP-13300	Day 1	
	Martin T		Page 1	PP-13300	Rev. I	
				-		The same of the sa
					THE PROPERTY OF	11:30 つつべつくと割
* ~		4	-	30 M	WALTE FAR	Ms : 114 - 27838 副
	٠	•		OTATOS C	ANCIS FAR	21
				TECH		0.20
	1 +	:		TIC	No. of Contract of	
	Typo	Callons	× 102		Capacity	• > Ra larks
•	10		7. 24			DEAL AGUMAN
	Waste	Capacity	Stored	Calle T	7.5.6	. UECT ASSIFIED ASS
HX Faim		3.5	•		72.12.	THE THOUSAND
TAY T WE TH	•					
101 •	MM	530	530	•		
105	MA	530	530 157	63	23	·
103	I-W	530	530			·
<b></b> -7 <b></b>			_	•		
104	MM	530	530			•
105	MW	530	530		•	
105	MW	530	530		•	
				1811		
107	1 C	530	530			
• 100	i C	530	530 •			
199	1.0	530	530	•		
•		•			•	•
119	120	530	530			
_;11	1 C	1 530	525			7
112	1 00	5200	530			
					1_	- TO P.
SI Farm	•		•		1	%-{-}
			•	•		
101	- MI	758	758	•		
102	_WW	758	758			A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE
103	KM_	758	664	83	37	
			- 40 1 -		i	- 4
	1	75A	150			
105	MM	758	491	:267	. 99	
160	HA	758	-	747	277	
<b>9</b> 6	1 "	70	*		. •	· 48
107	1 C	758	758	<del> </del>	-	- 5
108	WT C	758	753			Company Aprile
109 3	TBP_	7700			•	Supermate tank,
_110	120	758	638	225	1.7	7 C tonk new 0/334mm D manh
	1 .c	758	758	115	1-41	1-C tank now filling - R Plant.
112 * *	- P	758		4.05	183	MW Cank now filling - B Plant.
3. W		758	252	477	107	LA CHUK HOW TITTING - W THUE
T.Fa.A		-			i	• * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
The second second		5.			1	
_101	10.7	520	530		• *	• .
705	124	530 -	530			
101	1 1	530	519		-	
	1	J-232	+		•	
- 10L	3.0	530	530	* *		Cascade filled 3-31-52 Next and leat
	110	530	530 530	1	1-	cascade of lat cycle waste to evaporate
	10	530	528			in West area. To take place after
		1	1		1.	rufficient alloyance for aging.
. 107 •	110	530	245 +			TBP - vaste - active cascado.
7. 12	110 .		73	1	1	

1 C 1 S

530 530 530

224 - 22h Hade. Wasto DECLASSIFIED BEST AVAILABLE COPY

ANGENTA OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

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			7		- vo d i -	
* *	•	4	•		The State of the Land	
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•						この DEOFUOOII IPD コン語
			SEC	10.1	STATE OF THE PARTY OF	一一一
•	# From	• 5-3300	103	Passan	W. Ditt	
	oft.	6.5 2.20.6	100		Capacity En	e Remarks
	haste	Capacity	Stored	7 703	d Irban	1724
T Fam			0		-	
€.		(B)				
110 22h :	nd S C	530	530 530	•		Active cascade - T Plant.
111 224	uq S C	530	. 530	3		
	nd 2 C	569	569		•	Cascading to crib.
201	224	54.5	54.5	.		
505	224	54.5	54.5			9
503 •	224	54.5	Silve	• •	•	
201	•22h	54.5	514.5			•
	-664				,	, i
U Farm	i	•		9		
		,			,	•
101 4*	Mil	530	530	000	9	Cascading now slurrying for feed
105	MY	530	530			to TBP plant.
103	_RM_	÷ 10	519			
****		2.0	••			1
	KiL_	530	530		-	A
105	HW	530 530	530			- J. 5
1004	MG	230	519	•		
J.07.		530	530		•	
	A A		730	3		
• 103 •		530		-	-5	
103	1111	530 • •	530			
103		530 • • 530	530 519			
110	1111	530 530	530 519	# 9/ <i>i</i>	•••	
110	10	530 530	530 519 336	<b>a</b> 9l₁ 516	•	
110	158 164 1 C	530 530	530 519	± 9/ı 516. ⊛1498		Cascade heing held at Redor reserve
110	1 C 1 C 1 C	530 530 530 530	530 519 336	516 01:98	3 -	Cascade heing held at Redor reserve
110	1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C	530 530 530 530 54.5	530 519 336	516 ●498		Tascade being held to Redor reserve  Apace  Plan overhead filling with TRP waste.
110 111 112 201 202	1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C TBP	530 530 530 530 54.5 54.5	530 519 336	516 • 198 • 52.5 • 51.5	3 -	Tascada being heles Fodor reserve  Apace  Plan overhead filling with TRP wasts.
110 111 112 201 202 203	1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C TBP TBP	530 530 530 530 54.5 54.5	530 519 336	516 • 198 • 52.5 • 51.5 • 54.5	3 -	Tascada being heles Fodor reserve
110 111 112 201 202- 203 204	1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C TBP TBP TBP	530 530 530 530 54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	530 519 336	516 • 198 • 52.5 • 51.5		Tascada being hel : Fodor reserve  Apace  Plan overhead filling with TRP wants.
201 203 204	1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C TBP TBP TBP	530 530 530 530 54.5 54.5	530 519 336	516 • 198 • 52.5 • 51.5 • 54.5	3 -	Plan overhead filling with TRP weater.
110 111 112 201 202- 203 204	1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C TBP TBP TBP	530 530 530 530 540 540 540 540 540 540 540 540 540 54	530 519 336 9 31: 32	516 ©198 • 52 5 • 54 5 54 5 61. 5		Tascada being hel : Fodor reserve  Apace  Plan overhead filling with TRP wants.
201 203 204	TBP TBP	530 530 530 530 54.5 54.5 54.5	530 519 336 311 32	516 ©198 • 52 5 • 54 5 54 5 61. 5		Tascada being hel : Fodor reserve  Apace  Plan overhead filling with TRP wants.
110 111 112 201 202 203 204	TBP TBP TBP	530 530 530 54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	\$30 \$19 336 211 32 32	516 • 198 • 52.5 • 51.5 • 54.5		Tascada being hel : Fodor reserve  Apace  Plan overhead filling with TRP wants.
110 111 112 201 203 204 TX Farm	TBP TBP	530 530 530 54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	530 519 336 311 312 312 313 314 315 315 315 315 315 315 315 315 315 315	516 ©198 • 52 5 • 54 5 54 5 61. 5		Tascada cheing hele Endox reserve Apace  Plan overhead filling with TRP wants.
110 111 112 201 202 203 204 TX Farm	TBP TBP TBP	530 530 530 530 54.5 54.5 54.5	\$30 \$19 336 311 32 3758 758	516 ©198 • 52 5 • 54 5 54 5 61. 5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Tascada cheing hele Fodor reserve Apace  Plan overhead filling with TRP wants.
110 111 112 201 202- 203 204 112 112 112 112 112 112	TBP TBP	530 530 530 530 54.5 54.5 54.5 511.4 758 758	530 519 336 311 312 312 313 314 315 315 315 315 315 315 315 315 315 315	516 ©198 © 52.5 © 51.5 Su.5	3 3	Plan overhead filling with TRP waste.
110 111 112 201 203 203 204 102 103	TBP TBP	530 530 530 530 54.5 54.5 54.5 51.4 758 758	530 519 336 311 312 312 313 314 315 315 315 315 315 315 315 315 315 315	516 ©198 © 52.5 © 51.5 Su.5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Plan overhead filling with TRP waste.
110 111 112 201 202- 203 204 TX Farm 162 103 104	TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP	530 530 530 530 54.5 54.5 54.5 51.4 758 758	530 519 336 311 32 32 758 758 758 750 750	516 ©198 © 52.5 © 51.5 Su.5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Plan overhead filling with TRP waste.  Cascade set up a receive high TRP  Wastes in addition to Me from T plans
110 111 112 201 202 203 204 TX Farm 162 103 104 105 107	TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP	530 530 530 530 54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5 758 758 758	530 519 336 311 32 32 34 758 758 758 758 750 750 750	516 ©198 • 52 5 © 51 5 Si 5	3	Plan overhead filling with TRP waste.  Cascada set up a receive high TRP  Wastes in addition to Md from T plans
110 111 112 201 202- 203 204 TX Farm 162 103 104	TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP	530 530 530 530 54.5 54.5 54.5 51.4 758 758	530 519 36 314 32 32 758 758 758 750 750 750 758 461	516 ©198 © 52 5 © 51 5 51 5 G. 52	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Plan overhead filling with TRP waste.  Cascade set up a receive high TRP  Wastes in addition to Me from T plans
110 111 112 201 203 203 204 102 103 104 105 107	TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP	530 530 530 530 54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5 758 758 758 758	530 519 336 314 32 35 758 758 758 758 750 750 750 750 750	516 ©198 52 5 © 51 5 Si 5 G. 206	100	Plan overhead filling with TRP waste.  Cascade set up a receive high TRP wastes in addition to Me from T plans  tank now filling via 107 TC - T plans
110 111 112 201 203 203 204 102 103 104 105 107	TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP	530 530 530 530 54 5 54 5 54 5 758 758 758 758 758	530 519 36 314 32 32 758 758 758 750 750 750 758 461	516 ©198 • 52 5 © 51 5 51 5 51 5 7 7 7	105	Plan overhead filling with TRP waste.  Cascada set up a receive high TRP  Wastes in addition to Md from T plans
110 111 112 201 203 203 204 TX Farm 162 103 104 105 107	TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP	530 530 530 530 54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5 758 758 758 758 758 758 758	530 519 336 314 32 32 33 758 758 758 759 759 759 758 461	516 ©198 0 52 5 © 51 5 51 5 51 5 71 9	10; 30 268	Plan overhead filling with TRP waste.  Cascade set up to receive high TRP  Wastes in addition to My from T plans  tank now filling via 107 ff - T plans  - Lank now filling T plans.
110 111 112 201 203 203 204 102 103 103 104 105 107 107	TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP TBP	530 530 530 530 530 54.5 54.5 54.5 758 758 758 758 758 758 758 75	530 519 336 314 32 32 33 758 758 758 758 750 750 750 758 461	516 ©198 52 5 © 51 5 51 5 51 5 71 5 71 9 758	105	Plan overhead filling with TRP waste.  Cascade set up a receive high TRP wastes in addition to Md from T plans  tank now filling via 107 Tf - T plans  1-G tank now filling T plant.

I'W - Metal Waste, 10 - First Cycle Waste 20 - Second Cycle R - Redox Wart: H-2002.10-X 4-52

A- 34

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STATUS OF VASTE ENDING

			THE REAL			0	Sep. 12
b	•# T	Gallons	- 203	No a amore	Consolt-	•	123
*	Typs .	Gallons	X 100		Capacity	Remarks	1
	Waste	Capacity	OStored	Cellons x 103	In Battines	•	1
TI Farm ("ont"		.U.Pacity	20167		Date 183		No. 41
		•					
113	EB	758	532	226	• - °°	Active bottoms tank - West area.	6.
• 17h	1. C	758	558	195	-	I wire tion bimbrud - Lacturage abace	-
115.	TRP					active TBP supernate: be designate	XI.
	-	• 0		0	0	as EB. • • • •	-
116	ER	758	758		-		-
: 117 ° ° ° 118°	F5	758 758	756 •	353	198	Evaporator feed tank.	263
110	1.65	130	205	222	170		3907
TY Farm	•	1			v		1
	•		ø		•		2
101	10.7	75A		750	201		6.0
102 0	OMA	758 -		71.7 0	277 •		- 1
	0 0		0	0	•		
103	TRP	758 *		7511			-
104	TRP	758		7/110_		And the state of t	
105		958 0	őo	758	1		44
106	TRP	758		747	- 0		
0.7	186				-	0.0	1.16
S Farm .			•	•			
	•	•	•				
101	R	758	_0	758	##260		143
102	R	758		758	260		
103 , •	R	758		767	® 255		्र एव
164 0	-4	758		758	260		9.50 40.
105 0	R	750		750	200	***	4
106	P	75%	5	747	256		
	0 0	0	•				
407	) 1 — - 25 — — —	0150 0	_ 0	758	260		
108	Ro	1.157	-	758	260 .		74
109. 00	R	758	0	717 -	256	and the second s	+'t4
33.0	• _	750 0	8 00				4.13
110	R	1120	° 774°°	યોડ્	84	Later took a	
111 0	Roo	758	712	747	i* 255	Active tank	z.
710	R	758	0_	I (U/o	JM 427		

MW - Metal Waste of 1C - First Cycle Waste of 2C Second Cycle Waste R - Redox Waste

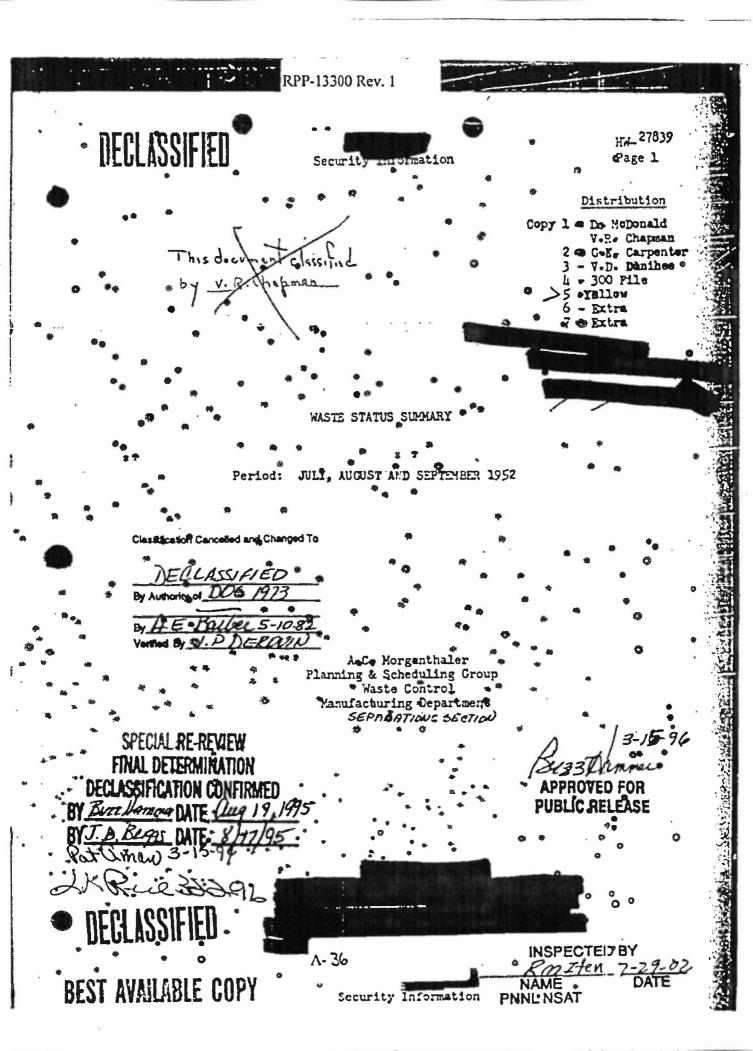
<sup>11-2902.11-</sup>X 4

<sup>224 - 224</sup> Flag. 1045

BBP - TBP kasts

Evaporator Bottoms

No serve figures based on current months avorage number of gallons per batch equivalent 2,917 gal/batch.





BEST AVAILABLE COPY

	•	Menth of	1000
	•		
	•	B Plant	T Plant
Runs of Metal Waste to waste farm during th	e month	B	A.
Calse Increase in Motal Waste volume		70 9CA	11 1d. tm
Onls./Run average Metal Waste volume			(2)
Reserve Cals. available for Metal Waste on	1-1-52	<u>*1,436,000</u>	
Ruhs of First Cycle Waste sent to farm duri	afaon Sis	and the second s	
Calse increase in First Cycle Waste volume		15,125	122,000_
Cals./Ruh average First Cycle Waste volume		1,897	(3)3,388
Reserve Gals. Available for First Cycle Was	te .	(h) 213.000	3.b81.co
Remarks: (1) Includes 1720 calleds of propo	ina vasto fer	m Bldg. 321 300	•
(2) From Plant propose only.	•		
(3) High average volume por ron d	m in part to	increased volum	rosulting
(4) Drop in let cycle resurve caps of space in tank form Mil-C to	naity for 200	E Area due to re	allocacion
and the second s		STRIPS -	
•			S Plant
Bisauth Phosphate Batch Equivalent		• •	1
Callens increase in fission product wester	torage		
Tons of Umnium, (as charged), processed, to but to make up of waste			345,750
Callons/batch equivalent to 6-3 MS	•	*	6 688
Callons per ton of Uranium processed		. •	
Reserve Callons evailable for Redox waste of	n	•	**************************************
Remarks:	In tonte from	n 21.3 -c -	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		SEAL LCC	

H-2902.01-X 3-52

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As of 7-31-52

#### HET IL HASTE

•				
FRIM	In Storage Beg. Mo.	Gellons x 103 Metal Waste Received	In Storage End Mo-	Reserve Capacity In Batches
EAST AREA	R. Carlotte			
В	j.579	*	1,572	•
r.	3 34.		2,273	1
EX.	3,337		3,117	23
EI	LJ.39	10	1-253	£25 •
TOTAL	72.508	10	12.521	100
YEST AREA	•	•		•
Ť	1,579		2,57)	*
· U	1,737	(2.572)	4.77	•
<u>π</u>	5,750	205	5,80	* /*
77	*	•	187	1 :
TOTAL.	12,075	•	· Joseph ·	62:

RIMARKS: \*Reserve capacity at 2.700 G.liere per batch.

if in cancado 2:1-11-101-112	11) Elevice III and
	- A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A

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H-2902.02-X 1-52

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WASTE STORAGE STATUS

1611- 27839

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As of - 7-31-52

#### URANIUM CONTENT METAL WASTE

. FIME	•	TONS DEPLET	TED URANIUM	
FAEY	In Storage Bog. Mo.	Received	* To_TBP	In Storage
EAST AREA	••	•		
в .	383	*	•	383
C	837	•	•	837
PK .	253 •			750
Br.	-1.064.93	<b>3.50</b>	- (1) -10.67	1,057.76
TOTAL (5)	3,0/2,93	3.50	-10.67	3,035,76
WEST AREA			•	
T	374			374
<u>u</u>	770			770
TX	1,322.08	24.97 (2)(3)		* 1.3/7.05
ty			• 6	
TOTAL	. 2.466.08	21.07 *		2,491,05 (4)

Tons of uranium transferred as metal waste to the Waste Removal Group for slurrying.

Adjustment for loss of 10.67 tons manium via overflow of 102 IN in Feb., 1951 Tincludes 0.41 tons of unreacted metal received on 7-2-52 into 108-JX tank from 5

Includes 1.77 tons of depleted and decontaminated metal into 115-1% tank from

Total does not include weal in tank 101-102-103-U now sluiding for feed to

(5). "All mranium storage figures have been adjusted to senal those kept by S.F.

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n-15/03.03-X 4-52

corrected 8/15/92

(3)



WETS STATES STATES

#### FIRST CYCLE WASTE AID COATER HASTE

Farm		1			
	In Storage	ist Cycle	Feed To Evaporator	In Storage	Reserve Cap
EAST REEL	•	•			•
B 66 •	1,060		•	7,000	- 9
<ul> <li>Evaporator</li> <li>Feed Tank = 10% B</li> </ul>	193		(+) 35°C	37,2	49
с	2.203		(-) 845	1.000	To 1EP
EX •	3,275			3.175	
· FY	2,70	• 35		2.36	*28
• TOTAL	8,140	-5	545	7.00.0	87
WEST AREA		•			
. 7	7,000			, me	
U	3£2			202	
TX oo	1,240	122	555	207	1,063
• Fred Tank - 17F *x	205	 	(-) 33	21.1	7 At.
11					
TOTAL	3,737	122	வு	3,313	2,217

# Endervo Capacity at ( ) Not included in nota

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7-30-52

#### SECOND CYCLE WASTES

•	Cascad#	( <b>el</b> lo	Estimated	
•	În Vês	Cribbed	Sludge	Capacity In Batches
EAST AREA	* 110-111-112-11	23	100	-3.036
WEST AREA	110-111-112-5		698	3,7
TOTAL	·	324.	1237	S laa

REMARKS: 00 Records calculations based on glorece of corbined 5-6 and 2nd opele only of

275 collans/ran

-see Recorred calculations beard on storogo of continue 5-6, 2nd cycle, and 22h

vestoe at 350 pallons/run.

through the Albert

#### 224 BUILDING WASTES

	Cascade	• Gallon	Reserve	
	In Vse	Çribb <b>⊗</b> d	Sludge	Capacity In Batches
EAST AREA	201-203-202-R	2/4	768	1.00
WEST AREA	201-201-T	In activo cocado	187° Sluden & monum	born adth 2nd
TOTAL	•	Vo	355	1.00

REMARKS:

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<b>@</b>	₹_		Ya cī	7-31-33	
			and a william	****	
•		TRP WASTE			
Proposed to the second	•				197
		" Gallor	ns x 10 <sup>3</sup>		ं रा
FARM	In Storage* Beg. Mo.	Received	In Sterage	Reserve Canacity	
EAST AREA				•	
₿ •					- 1
C •				(3) 2,300	
X					is is
4 77	•				
• TOTAL				2-100	
LEST AREA			0		
7				1,263	
ŋ			•	276	· ·
<u> </u>		(2) 277		•	
				3.310	77
TOTAL	•			1, 190	. 30 A
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•	(216- of condensate to or	LI I		•	2.3
Facio: * Feed		as and a second		•	,
	er Yonth		•	. •	
•	ative to date	COLUMN TO SPECIAL COLUMNS TO SPE			
	to metal waste equiv	relent	RECT A	WAILABLE CO	יעתנ 🦠
	Nusto to 115-2x 4 17	•	DLJI ,	IAMITHDEE PE	iri 🦠
•	THE PART WITH COLLINS 3G	Parallel Harris		•	1.
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	Space released to Es	Properties	Charles and State Charles	1-C 107,8,9, a	<b>xd</b>

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RPP-13300 Rev. 1

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1 7		•					1
I Farm		1					,
101	14	530 *	530			•	
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101	. W	530	519	₽.			
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	1C • 1C	530	530 528			years 3-31-53	
		122			-	1	
• 197	1C	530	245	£35	429	Space allocated to TBP wasto	· ·
	) JC	530	73	457	•		
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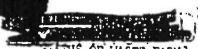
> MW - Mota' Waste

13 - First Cycle Waste 20 - Serce : Cycle Waste

R - Left Waste

224 - 224 Eldg. Wasto

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DIATUS OF WASTE FARMS DECLASSIFIED

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-9	. 😭	100 pm	0:11cm	3 x 10			-
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	201	221	54.5	171.5		•	
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7	• 203	रिटिश्च क	51.05	-3-	-5		
ت	201.	733	24.5	•	40		
			74.5		ا حوالا		
f	IX Ferm	and the second	_!		•	•	•
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. ]	101	116	758	753			•
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	700					• .	AFOT-WINNELL DUE! """
	105 106	18	758	7/3			Cascade not receiving high TBP unites
-		11.	758	756			ांत कोटी दिला के T . Am का देश के विदेश
	105	136	750 758	75.5			The state of the s
			120	المدا	101	67	Activo Mi tant • ? Plant
	109	מר	158	758		-	Darla Mana I and the second of the second
. 1		1C	158	- 450	713	25.5	Tank filled as Euro 7-12-07-18-016 7-25-5
Continue Con	1	ic	758	CECH	7 701	470	and the All Consumers and secure accounts to a verse
	112	1C	758 °			E 6 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
	* Fiv - Meta	Livisto		_2	211 - 2211 1	Ilde kast	- DECTACCICIEN-

\* 10 - First Cycle Waste 20 - Second Cycle

,224 - 224 Mdg. kesto

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STATUS OF WATTE FARMS DECLASSIFIED

		-				
•	Type	Gallons	~ 103	7	<b>a</b> 11	-
	20	CALIONS	X 103		Capacity	Remarks
	- Nasta	Capacity	Stored	Callons x 103	In Batches	•
TI Farm (cor		- Capacity	Stored	X 100	Batches	
and the same of th				ĺ		. :
119		758	675	00		
116	53	758	-0/5	83 71/9	000	-Activo bottons tenis a Vest Area
115	700	1		149	268	purpling stopped 7-11-52
					<del> </del>	entine TRP emperate
116		758	200		1	
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118	16	750	21.1	51h	18/	
			-44	7.00	1 200	Desposator food track
TI Farm					i	
And the Parket of the Parket o	1		ł.		•	• • •
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				1	1 21	The second secon
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105	TRD	758		750		
16	TRP	758		71.7		
S Fent	•					
	ĺ	1		•	1	
101	P	750		758	202 30	
102	F	758		758	282	
203	E.	758		71.7	279	
		•			-	•
104 205 106	P	758		258	282	
705	P	758		7571	282	
106	P	758		20.7	278	
						•
307	B	758		258	282	••
108	2	158	-	758	222	
109	P	758		71.7	27C	
•						
110		758	-774	-		•
111	P	758	755			Tork especial to 123.6 7.25.52
115	7	758	_ 303 °	EL.L	21.0	

\* MW - Notel Weste 1C - Pirst Cycle Weste 2C - Second Cycle Weste Note: Weste

224 - 224 Eldg. Wester

TBP - VBP Waste

E3 - Exaponetor Bottoms

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2902-11-X 4-52

Beserve figures for storage in tank on Redox current 2,688 gallons/batch.

A-47

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WASTE STATUS SPIRARY

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Kepth of Augus	t	1952
----------------	---	------

			. :
		B Plant	T Plant
•	Runs of Hetal Waste to waste farm during the month	1 run - L AW	16
	Gale. increase in Netal Waste volume	20,625	132,000
(	Caln-/Run average Metal Mosto volume	Was a State of Contract of Contract of	2,670
	Recerve Cals. available for H-tal Waste on 9-1-52	1,615,000	784,000
	Runs of First Cycle Waste sent to farm during the month	1 run - 51 RW	.49
	Cals. increase in First Cycle Haste volume	26,125	110,000
	Cals./Run average First Cycle Maste volume	••	2,215
	Reserve Cals. available for First Cycle Waste	•	•
	0n 9-1-52	505°000	2.791.000
	Remarks: (1) Tank ?hl-TX-ell: added to T plant He rener	vo:	i,
	•		A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE
	(2) Averages not calculated for B plant since	they no longer !	NRVC
	production significance.	•	•
		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
			S Plant
	Bismuth Phosphate Batch Equivalent	•	166.76.
•	Collons increase to increase medical cable at the collection	•	
	Callons increase in liesing product words storego		405,780
	Tons of Uranium, (as charged), processed, so contri-	•	• •
•	buta to make-up of waste		109.4
	Collons/batch equivalent to 6-3 MS	•	*• .2433
	Callons per ton of Vranium processed	•	3709
•	Reserve Cellons available for Redox works on 9-1-52	(	2) 7,027,000
•	Penerks: (1) This Cipure represents a 12% variation from		
	which cannot be entirely accounted for by August process:		•
•	(2) Includes reserve to 7 Faragola design		3 - A A
_	to allocated reserves in U and Triarms.	des are nonliab	TA BE PLESCUE
		DECI ACCIE	
	8 7 - W. OL-A 4-52 * A-48	PEAFUADII	I la l

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## DECLASSIFIED P.14.





As of 8-31-52

#### HETAI, WASTE

		A		•
		Gallons x 103		and the second s
PARM .	In Storage	Hotal Vasto Received	In Storage	Reserve Capacity In Setches
EAST ARFA	•			
В	1572		1579	•
•	3974	m () () () () () () ()	•3 17l;	
ta ca	3117	-	* 1117 *	* 23
n.	lilisa .	• "1	1/1/79	575
TOTAL	12528		12/3/2	590
ST AREA	•		andre come	
T	1579		1572	
• 4	1,737		4707	
тх.:-	5865	7/11	6005	270
TY			нī	(l <sub>i</sub> ) .
TOTAL.	12180	1.	• 42351 •	290

REMARKS: PReserve carnetty of 2700 Callot u per betch

- (1) Mid In cascade 101-102-103-U sturrylny for TBI food,
- (2) Includes 2006 callons received from TBP plant.
- (3) 211-TX-106 tank pumping overground remonth and to tank 111-TX Motal waste resurve

increase dur to addition of libil to metal wanter account.

(h) Reserve space in tanks Phiery-101ed of removed from Metal waste account and trans-

ferred to Redex reserves because of incomplete remarks.

11-2712.02-X 4-52



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ociejen .

No 275

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Na or 8-31-5

## WETAL WASTS

. *	, ·	TONS		
farh •	See Storage Big. Mo.	Received	* To TEP	In Storage End. No.
EAST AREA	•	•	•	
B •	383			383
C	837		and a second sec	.837.
ex .	. 758		•	758 •
et .	•1057.76		*	•1057.76
TOTAL	3035.76			3035.76
WEST AREA	: 37h			37h
· · · ·	i 770	•		≈ 770 · •
TX 3	1347-05	29-66		1376.71
.TY			•	
TOTAL	2491 <b>-</b> 05	29.66		2520.71

\* Tons of uranium transfered are metal waste to the Waste Removal Group for slurryinger

REMARKS: (1) Includes 1.51 tons from TBP (decontaminated and depleted).

(2) Total does not include metal in tanks ?h1-U-101-102-103 now sluicing

for feed to TBP plant (405 tons)

11-27(3.73-X-4-52.

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WAS STORAGE STATUS DECLASSIFED

AD OF 8-31-52

#### - URANIUM CONTENT

	00.115.0	•
METAL	WASTS	

	-		•	•
FARM	The state of the s	TONS	. •	
IAIS.	In Storage Bog. Mo.	Received	* To THP	In Storage
EAST AREA			j	End Ko.
3	383		0	0 0
С	837	90	0	383
ਲ .	758	9	0 0	837.
Bt •	1057.76	0		758
TOTAL	3035.76	,		1057.70-
WEST AREA	0	0 0	0	3035.76
G r	; . 37h , °	• • • •	2 0	221.
Ü	i • 770		0	374
TX	1347.05	29,66	0 00	• 770
TY	0 0		0 0	1376.71
TOTAL	2491.05	• 29.66 ° °	0 0 0	2520-71

Rivers. (1) The state of the Waste Removal Group for Sturrying.

REMARKS: (1) Includes 1.51 tonsefrom TBP (decontaminated and depleted)

(2) Total does not include metal in tanks ?/sl-U-101-102-103 now bluicing

for feed to TSP plant (405 tons)

DECLASSIFIED BEST AVAILABLE COPY

11-01 3.03-X 4-52



Mu-27839

8-31-52

#### FIRST CTCLE WASTE AND COATING WASTE T AND B FLANTS

FARY	ð	Omllons x 1	550		
	In Storage	lat Cycle Masto Rocid	Feed To Evaporator	In Stappe and Ven	Receive Cap
EAST AREA	The same of the sa		¥(%)	#51.	••
• Evaporator • Frank Tank - 106 P	392		- A10 \$	10 P	h6
· C	1058		327	767	
* rx	3175	0		-	
	2164:	26	•	- 2390	-26
NOTAI,	7869	26	-630	7:45	72
WEST AGE	1919.	e e		1910	
· u	. 382		. •	382	
TX ***	807	110		917	· 755 <sup>(1)</sup>
Svaporator • Food Tank - 118 TX	Չևև		-151	95	2112
TY		0	•		•
TOTAL	321:3	110	-154	3533.	997

	Ąħ	Barate.	Capacity	At 2800	gallons	per	batch
•	}	Not inc	luded in	totals.	•	•	_

WEYARKS: \*\* Excluding evaporator feed tanks.

(1) Tank 241-TX-114 has been conferred to metal waste storage account causing a

loss of 258 batches to 1st cycle waste reserve (see Metal waste storage).

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MASTE STOPPE STATUS

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8-71-57

A CHARLEST AND A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF TH

#### SECOND CYCLE WASTES

The second section of the section of the sectio		•		
	Cascado	rellon	Entimated Reperve	
	In Nee	. Cribbad	Sinde*	Capacity In Eatches
EAST AREA	110-111-112-B	21.	bii	3030
WEST AREA	110-111-112-70	99	715	2328
TOTAL		120	1126	5358

REMARKS: \*\* Reserve calculations based on storage of sublined 5-6 and 2nd cycle only

at 275 gallons of sludge per run.

\*\*\* Reserve calculation based on storage of combined 5-6, 2nd cycle, and 22h

wastes at 350 gallous of sludge per run.

#### Sat milipika aveles

		Cascade	Callons x lo3		Estimated Reserve
*	•	Vae ♥	<u>Cribbad</u>	Sludre	Capacity In Patches
EAST AREA	9	201-203-202-B	29	169	<b>L86</b>
WEST AREA	· or trainments to	201-201-T 110-111-012-T	inactiva cascade	187	sheen with 2nd
TOTAL.		•	184	356	186 syste
<b>(4)</b>	Acres (Income of the Division of the	A COMPANY OF THE PROPERTY OF T	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		in the contraction of the second second second second second second second second second second second second

REMARKS:

202.05-X 405**2** 



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### WASTE STORAGE STATUS ECLASSIFIED

8-31-52

	· ·		•		1
		Gallon	d x-103	*	
FARE	In Storage	Received •	In Storage	Reserve Capacity	1
EAST AREA		•	•	, .	
			•		5
G.	•		• • •	2hh3 (h)	
EX	•				7
BY		-	•	•	
TOTAL		And the state of t		2003	7
WEST AREA	•			•	
• T			•	1263	
U		•	•	216	13.7
TX		79		. •	X
• 17		•	• . •	3110	
TOTAL				1,589	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Supernate tanks, 109 BY and TIS TV not included in the above.

"Callons # 103 of condensate to crib 56

Ratio: \* Food to Waste

During Month

Cumulative to date .

Food adjusted to metal waste equivalent

REMARKS. (1) - Includes 0.19 tons of depleted and decontaminated uranic

(?) In addition to the amount tribbed 242,000

and depleted uranium were ditched.

9000 gallons of waste were sent NOS active metal waste cascade.

contained 1.51 tors of decontaminated and depleted Uranium. (h) Reserve space has increased during m

1st cycle evaporation.

N-2:02.06-X 4-52

A-54

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MASTE E CUPACE STATE

				-
	-		100	١.
B,			205.12	ν.
Control of the last	:	-		

	Callons x 10 <sup>3</sup>				
FARM	Feed	Politona	Condensato To Cribo	Reserve . Bottoms Space	
EAS! AREA B	•• 209	203	427	548	
С	?31				
BX		•			
HY	•	•			
TOTAL.	640	203	1 107	•	
WEST AREA	•.		*		
77.	154	lis	10?	38(5)	
tmat (1) Bott	151,	•)[15]	. 109		

(1) Bottoms reserve has increased dee to pumiling of 105-B, a future bottoms tank.

REMARKS (2) Re-evaporation of bottoms lanks 116-117 and 111 TX to begin in near future to obtain additional bottoms reserve space.

REDOX WASTE

	The second section of the second section of the second	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON OF		
		raffers a gof		
FARM	* In Storage	Waste Facaty-I	In Storage	Reserve Capacity In Patchen
S Farm	1632	106	2038	2558
* #U Fame *				<u></u>
TOTAL	1632			2558

Gallons x 103 of condensate to brib

381

w Will be considered as Redox reser

## DECLASSIFIED .

as Capacity 20 2750 gallens per 6-3 equivarent batch

RIMARKS: (1) Additional Rodox and Roll-TY-101-102 count tob 708 000 and 1.405.000 gallons maspictively.

(2) אחוני ! בין הערדונים הד H-27/07.07-X 4-52

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	P#	6-45	- 3				
	Type		3 x 103	294			
	Wast	Capacity	Stored	103	711	Rómarks	
B Farm			Dented	x 10	Batches		
				9			
101	HW •	530	530		1		
102	MM	530	530				
	7177	530	519				
_•10h_	ic	530	530	•		•	
105	10	530	221	309	· E.B.	Tank nois bodge	
10/5	1C	330	705	128	40	Tank now being pumped to 106-B Evap. feed tank	
107 -	5770	730				1000	
103	EB EB	530 530	298	232		Active bottoms tank-East Rees Evan	
109	 E3	\$30	530				
		. 220	518	1 - 7 -		Fig. 21 = 1952 - switched to 107aB	
_110	2C	530	530		•		
111	2C	530	530			Auriva cascade - B plant	
115	2C	542	542			Tank 112-B cascades to crib	
201	2.01	٠, -			•	Total Living Cascades to Chip	
202	224 .	54.5	54.5		•	Active cascade - 224-8	
203	557 557	54•5 54•5	54.5				
20!	557	•54.5	54.5			207-B flows to crib	
-		2402	51.5			201-B is idle	
C Farm					. • 1		
		R. Carrier					
101	151	530 530	530		<b>,</b>	•	
103	MM	530	530				
10)	Val	530	519				
104	MY	530	530				
105 • •	MA	530	530				
105	MA	540	Ç10				
107 *	. • 1					The same of the sa	
107	1C	530	729 -	131		All space in tanks 102-1120	
103	1C	530	34	495	•	allocated to TBP waste taserve	
-	-10	530	10	515		Table Table	
110	13	530	271	299			
111 •		550	36	الايا	•	Finished	
115		530	17	5.18		Finished pumping to 106-R 8-2-52	
207	,,;					Finished pumping to 196-B 8-15-52	
203	10W -	5405	54.5				
	MA	54.5 51.5	54.5 54.5				
	Mid	54.5	54.5				
	-		7917	-C-T-GA	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O	

MW - Metal Waste

First Cycle Waste Second Cycle Waste

11-2902.08-1 4-52

224 - 224 Eldg. Waste.



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A 44 A -	*3200	ILCV. I

GRADIET OF MASSE FARES

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				-1	-	P.A
-	-	<b>~</b>	AC	CI	51	ED
• 1	ırı	W.	.PA	וסו		PA
-	-		1			

	1			-	-	- NECLASSIFIED
	Type	Callons x 103		Res	Epricition	N
	of Waste	Capaci ty	Stored			Romarks
EX Farm		1	- Content	FERD	In	
100					The same of	
101	MA	530	530 467		Į	
103	MM	530		53	23	
	F1W	530	530	-		
104	1774	530	dan.		•	
105	MN	530	530 530	-	·	
106	MVI	530	530		-	
	•		7,70			
_107	10	530	530			
198	10	530	530			
109	10	530	5,30		1	
110	1 20	1	•	8		To the same succession of the same succession
111	1 <u>C</u>	530	520		1	
112	10	- 576	525			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		530	530			
Ur Farm		ŧ !			i	
				•	Į	. '1
101	7.4	758	758		1	
102	Mil	758	•758	The Course	<del> </del>	
_ 103	MM	758:	664	93	11	
10					1	
10/1 105	N. 4	758	758			
106	MV NV	758	421	• 267	99	
	11-9	758		7117	277	
107	_ 1C	758	2-0			The same of the sa
108	1C	758	758		- • •	
109	TRP	750.		7 = 0	•	
			•	758		TBP supernate tank 200 East free
770	10	758	679	76	26	
111	94V	758	758	- LY	- 60	
_112	N/A	758	292	455	168	
T Farm				,		
- 1-1-11	4	1		• •		•
101	"MW	570			•	
105		530 530	530 530			*
101		530	519			
•		310	717	•		
104	10	530	_530			
105	_1C	530	530			contents of cascade will be aged
106		530	528	CEC	113	3-31-53. after which time
107				-		poration will be started
107	10	530	245	रेष्ठद		Space allocated to TBP saste
108		530	73	1157		The National Co 185 19250
100	10	530	4	51.5		

<sup>\*</sup> MW - Motal Wasto

22h - 22h Mdg. Waste TBP - TBP Waste EB - Evaporator Bottoms

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<sup>1</sup>C - First Cycle Waste 2C - Second Cycle Waste

R - Redox Waste

II-2002.09-X 4-52-

	- I :		• ••		ALTERNATION OF THE PARTY.	J.
	Type	Callor	ns x 103	Reserv	e Capacity	
	of   Westa			Gallons	In	Remarks
T Form		Capacity	Stored	x 103	Batches	
110	La .	•			RUBITA	
111	55/1 % 50	530	530			Active cascade - T Flant
112	221 8 20	1.530	530 569			
****	1	- Lange				112-T cascades to crib
201	224	54.5	54.5			
203	55F	5405 1405	41.5			
201	224	5/1.5	51.5	-		
		+4044	74.5	-		
U Farm			•	٥	i	
101	. MW	530	530			
102	- Kil	530	ا مرد مرد			Cascado now slurrying for feed to
103	LY.A	5.20	519	-		rot trant
104	1	530		**********	*	
105	1-MA	530	530	****		
106	Mi	530	519			
107 •						
	-	530	530			
10 10	NW NW	530	530			A Transport of the Control of the Co
		-	512	The same of the sa	#10	
110 111	1C +	530	376	_ F51 <sup>i</sup>	71	Cacanda buil bass
112	1C	530 530	114	516	187	Cascade being held as Redox easte reserve
The state of the s	1	7,70	3.2	198	181	
201	TBF	54.5		52.5		Diagonal
202	18P	5105 5405		52.5		Plan overhead filling with TRP waste
201	TBP TBP	51105		51.5		
		7:107		511-5		
TX Farm	· i		-	1		
101	904	21'0				
THE RESERVE AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF		758	758			
102 103	He	758 • . 750	758 758	•		
101,	W14	758	750	-		
105	мл	70				
105 106	NEA T	758 758	758			•
107	HM	758	708			o 114 TK on 8-29-52
168	MH	758 758	697	60	- 18	
109		758	7/0		•	
110		58	-7'-8'		215	
11	16	50		7:1		an's Palling T plant 1st cycle
112	10 7	8.2		7:3	20.	
* NW - Meta	L Nesta		274	- 557 1	ldg. Wasts	

H=20103-10-4 11-52

774 - 224 Widg. Waste TBP - TBP Waste

EB C

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<sup># 10 -</sup> First Cycle Weste 20 - Second Cycle 20 - Redox Wante



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STATUS OF WATTE FARMS

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							AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF		
		Typo	Callons	x 10 <sup>3</sup>	Rese. ve	Capacity	* ***		
_		of Wasten			Gallons	In	T GDIATES		
TX Farm	#conft	MESCA W	Capacies	Stored	x 103	Batches	1		
Seeming States	d cours.	r'							
115_		LTD .	758	720	1 39 .		•		
214		TC MIN	758	13	775				
315	1	TBP				272	started filling 0-29-52 from 1 )5 TX pur		
116		EB -	.758	758					
118		EB	758	756					
110		10	758	90	578	505	Lvape		
TF Farm							The second secon		
***************************************			1		3	•			
101	_	R I	758		758	#2			
102 .	Ī	R	150		71.7	276	account - Tank 101 and 102		
					- 1117		account - Tank 101 and 102		
101		TBP	758 758		758				
104		TBP	758		747				
105	ì					*			
		TBP	758		758		•		
		TBP	758		7117				
S Form	\$			1					
-	į	-		•					
101		R	758		• 350	**	•		
102			758	-	759	276			
109		R	758		758 71 <sub>1</sub> 7	276			
501				•		272			
104		R	758		758	275			
106		R	29 1		758	176			
DAO	-	R	758		71.7	272			
107		R .	יייי יייי						
108			158	. 67	_(121.	_31	tank started filling 8-25-52		
109	-+	The second second	158	-	7511	276			
			20	•	71.7	272			
. 110		11 7	58	77);					
111		R	58	755					
112		R 7	58	41.5	305	111			
•						111	cascade abandoned on 8-25-52 because of		

MW . Motel Waste

1C - First Cycle Waste 2C - Second Cycle Waste

- Reday Maste

224

TEP -THE HASES

EB - Evaporetor Bottoms

902-11-4 4-52

Reserve fi e in tank farm 201-S and tanks 101 average plant performance of 2750 galions per batch.

boiling in tank 110-S

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WASTE STATUS SUMMARY



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th of September 1952

		8 Plant	T Plant
	Runs of Ketal Waste to waste farm during the month	l vater flush	8
	Galam increase in Metal Waste volume	2050	20500
	Calso/Rum everage Metal Wasto volume	- (1)	2575
	Reserve O.Isb available for Metal Waste on 10/1/52	1,613,000	773,000
	Runs of Pirst Cycle Waste sent to form during the month	10-1/2 AW	5 1 AV
•	Colso increase in First Cycle Waste whume	43,300	22,000
	palse/Run average Parse Cycle Haste volume	- (1)	3550 (2)
	Reserve Galse available for First Cycle Waste	*	man delicher and the description of the second
•	on 10/1/52	113,000	2,114,000
	Rumarks; (1) Avarages not calculated for a pleat since	mins are not of n	ormal size.
<b>(</b>	(2) T Flant first sycle waste average calculated after	correcting for w	olume of
4b	acid wash.	•	
	•		S Plant
	Bismuth Phompha's Tatch Equivalent	*	
			156.41
	Callons Incressed in fission product waste atorage	•	390,500
	Tons of Uranium, (as charged), processed, to contri- bute to make-up of moste	• •	
	Callons/batch equivalent to 5-3 mg		96,72
	Cellons per ton of Grantum processed .	•	2497
	•		4037
	Reserve Gallons gyatights for Indox waste on 10/1/52		6,636,000
	Remarks: (?) Inv. Lov : torver in S Farm only: 2,713,000		
	are immediately survivite as the solution of a tre 1	ine is made between	en Redox
	system and required at survey appropriate.		
	And the second s	DECLAS	

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WASTE STORAGE STATE

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# at 9/30/52

#### RETAL WASTE

•				
FARM	in Storage Begg for	Motal Waste Receives	in Storage	Reserve Capacity
FAST TREA	t	·		In Batches
. 9	1579		1579	
ê	3374		3374	
EX.	3117		3117	23
· FT	11470	2	4481	574
TOTAL	12540	2	12551	597
WEST RREA	1579	•	1579	271
U	4737 (1)	•	4737	
TX ·	6005	21 (-7) (2)	6019	287
TY	Mī		MI	hone
TOTAY,	12321	14	12335 *	287

REMARKS: \*Reserve capacity of 2700 Gallone per batch

- (1) Metal waste in cascade 241-U-101-102-103 slurrying for TBP feed.
- (2) By transferring metal waste from 241-TX-106 to 241-TX-114 an apparent volume loss of 7,000 gallons occurred. This can be accounted for by the increase

of density resulting from cooling liquid in the 106-TX tank prior to pumping

to the 114-TX tank.

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WASTE STORAGE STATUS

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**89 of** 9/30/52

### URANIUM CONTENT METAL WASTE

FARM.			Toris					
		In Storage Bege Mos	Recessed	e To THP	In Storage			
	EAST TREA			•				
	9 .	383			383			
	• 6	837			837			
	EX	. 758			758	3		
	<b>E</b> \$	1057.76			1057.76	3		
	TOTAL	3035.76			3035.75	1		
Œ	WEST AREA					*		
	Ţ	374			374			
	V	770			770	1		
-	77	1376.71	4.92		1381.63			
	ŤY				1,502.03			
-	TOTAL	2520.71	4.92		2525.63(1)			

\* Tons of unanium transferred as matal trate to the Waste Removal Group for slurrying.

REMARKS: (1) 405 tons of Uranium in cascade 241-U-101-102-103 now slurrying for

feed to TBP Plant not included in this total.

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RPP-13300 Rev. 1



WASTE STORACE STATUS

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48 05 9/30/52

# FIRST CICLE WASTE AND COATING WASTE T AND 5 PLANTS

FARM		7			
9	In Storage lat Cycle Feed To In Storage  Bog. No. Waste Road Francisco				Reserve Cap.
ERS! ADDR		Waste Bac'd .	Emporator	Earl Hos	in Batches
Sysporator	751		-169	582	
794d Tank * 106 B	405		4 46	Lh8	29
C	427			727	
EV.	3175			3175	
Ai	2190	43 •	-414	1819	11 12
TAKE T	7245	43	-537	6751	40
HEST AREA		•			
And the second s	1910			1910	
and the same of th	382			382	
TX 65	917 •	55	3	936	747
re ! Tank - 118 ft	90	(708)1	• 63	735	8
TI.					3
TOPAL	3299	730	66	3963	755

"STTV# Cacacity at 2800 gallons per batch. included in tatals.

\*\*Excludes evaporator feed tents 106-B and 118-TY.

"" [1] it, astel to include 712,000 gallons of bottoms supernate received

co :10-1X botters tank to 118-TX, and loss of 4,000 gallon heel in 114-TX tank

metal waste storage.



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# **DECLASSIFIED**

As of 9-30-52

# SECOND CYCLE WASTES & SECTION 5 WASTES

	Cascade	(4)]	Reserve	
	Use Vs	CFLbbed	Sludge	Capacity :
ERST ARER	110-111-112-В	89	414	3020**
YEST AREA	110-111-112-I	85	717	2352
TOTAL		174	1131	5372

REMARKS: 61,000 gallons to Sec. 5 - 200-E, and 68,000 to Sect. 5- 200 W, included in crib figurese
\*\*Reserve calculations based on storage of combined 5-5 & 2nd cycle only at 275 gallons

of sludge per run.

Reserve calculations based on storage of combined 5-6, 2nd cycle, and 224 wastes at 350 gallons of sludge per run.

### 224 BUILDING WASTES

•	Cascad®	Callon	Eglinated	
	In Us <b>•</b>	Çribbed	Sindre	Reserve Capacity In Batches
ERST AREA	204-203-202-B	42	170	176
SEST AREA	204-201-T 110-111-112-T	inactive cascade	187 Sludge of reserve	
TOPUS	•	102	357	2rd cycle.

PATTERNS .

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As of 9-30-52

### TBP WASTE

	1			4.2
774 754			ons # 203	
FARM	In Storage Bega Mog	TBP Waste Received	In Sterage	Reserve G
EAST AREA	•			
C				2,143
ER.	•			
<b>12</b>	* 3			414 (1)
· TOTAL		None	•	2.857
VEST AREA		•		
<u> </u>				1,263
. 0				216
77	380	•	. 380	
- TTP	•			3,110
FOIRL	380	None	380 (4)	4,589

Supernate tanks, 109 Bf and 115 TX not included in the scotte

Callons x 10) of condensate to crab 840 (2) (3)

Ratios # Feed to Waste

Daring Month

- Camulative to date
- \* Food adjusted to metal maste equival

REMARKS: 103-C to pump overground to 109-C (1st cycle tank) instead of 109-BY during October to permit slurrying of 101-102-103-C cascade.

In addition to the amount cribbed, 336,000 gallons containing 2.97 tons of decontaminated and depleted uranium were disched

(4) 371,000 gallons of this was

E-2902.06-X 4-52

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WASTE STORACE STATUS

· 27839

As of 7-31-52

WASTE EVAPORATOR

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		•		II IPD			
et er eg presentitikke eritikk in "k	·	•	Callons x 103				
	FARM	FARd	• BoStoms	Condensate To Cribs	Roserva Bottoma Space		
1	EAST AREA			*			
-		123	162	375	554		
	С	• •		4			
,	EX	•		•			
	er	بالدا		• •			
	COTAL	537	162	375	કર્યા (1)		
+ 2	SEST AREA		•				
©		•		•			
6	74	66	* 30 •	35	720		
	m.	•		•	· ·		
Contract of the same of the sa	TYPAT	66 •	30	36	720 (2)		
• •	DYARKS:	ttoms reserve has i evaporator feed tan	k. (2) Tempora:	y increase due 50	contents of 116 TI		
*			REDOX WASTE	tank being pumper	to 110 th reed in-		
•	• .		Gallons x 103	•	• #4s		
• Transport (time the particular spatiages)	FARM	In Storage	Naste Rectived	. In Storage	Necerve Capacity In Patches		
*	S. Parm	2,038	391	2,429	C-413 (1)		
	FU ROOM				•		

Callons a 10 of condensate to crib 312

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2,129

R Hill be considered as Redox reserve capacity when empty.

2,038

REMARKS: (1) Additional Redox reserve \$2000 is now available in tanks 2h1-U-110-111-112 and 2h1-IV-101- Protectively.

391

(2) Based on average plantary room

1 A-1-C

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TOTAL

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'Element Harris and Ha

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SHATUS OF WASTE FARMS

<b>D</b>	representation appears as a	-			*	DECLASSIFIED
p	Types	Callons x 103		Résèrve Cap.		
and the second s	Waste	Capacity	y Stored	x 10	In Batches	Retarko
8 Farm						
101	• MM	530	530			<b> </b>
102	F.W	530	:530	<b> </b>	ļ	
103	D.W.	550	15-9			
104	10			7.00		Farmially pyrand to 100-3, Not
105	EB	530	110	120	33	Coan to aindge.
106	3.C	530 530	1.72	35c		Completed pumping - 1.11/42.
	t~-	270	ביירן	95	")	evan, Paca Tank.
107	EB	530	<u>161</u>	• 69		Active Sessors ikSizz Arma evan.
108	EB	530	530  518			Transfer ing - ong / A. va gway.
109	EB	530	518	7	.B	
110 -	20	530	530			ioniva asserba 7 min a si
111	5C	530	530		-	Agrive daggade_3 plant. 2mi comle &. Section 5.
112	5C	542	542	•		
*201	224	511.05	54.5			
202	224	55.5	54.5			Active cancade = 27. t.
203	224	51.5	50,5			
5011	22L	54.5	54.5			
C farm					•	
101	MM	530	530	i		
102	EW	530	53G 519			
103	Ed	530	519			Supermate to pump to 19940.
104=	M	530 *		. 1	+ 0	
10\$	14न व	5.10	530 F			•
105	HW	530	519			
•						
107	10	530	379	_131	TO	
108	1C	530	3/4	•496	TI	A A
109	1C	530	10	515		In receive Tot supermiss from 203-c
- 110	10	530	231	299		101010
111	1C	530	55	757	TOP	
112	10	530	17	50E	TEP	•
201	M	\$4.5	知.5		-101	
505	MW	54.5	> 54.5			
209	NW .	_5125_	54.5			
204	MM	5lus	50.5			The same of the sa

\* MW = Hetal Waste 1C - First Cycle Waste

2C - Second Cycle Waste R - Redox Waste o

11-2702.03-X 4-52

224 - 224 iligo Waste

18P - TRP 1-4390

EB - Evaporator Pottors

601 127839 P.27

h Idags teite ich

STATUS OF WASTE FARMS

•		·	· 4/	THE REAL PROPERTY.		DECLASSIFIED ROBERTS
°.	Type	Callons	x 10 <sup>3</sup>	Reserve	Capacity	Romarks
	of Waste	Capacity	Stored	Callons x 103	In Bytches	
BX Farm				•		•
303	No.7	<b>C30</b>	530			•
• 105	MW	530 •	467	63	23	
103 •	My	530	530			•
104	MW	530	530			
105	WM	530	530 530			
106	W.M.	530	530	•		
107	10	530	_530	• *		
108	10	530	€30			
109	10	530	530	•		
• 330	7.0	530	530		:	
110	1C	530	525	•		
iis	10	530	530			
		•				
BY Farm				•	•	
400	· •	~~~	700	_	• •	• •
	MM	758	758 758	-		
102	WM.	758 758	661	. 83	31	
			•	0.		
104 •	MM	758	758	•		
105	J.'M	758	491 •	267	99	
- 106	WM	758 •		747	277	
<b>1</b> 07	10	758	314	424	TBP	Partially pumped 9-25 to 9-28.
108	1C	758	753	414	IDF	Paradily builted yes; 60 y=20; 5
109	TBP	758		. 758	0	TBP supernate tank-200 East Area
		•	•			
110	10	758	722	131	11	Active-1st cycre tank-221-2.
111.	• MM	758	758	1.62	360	A-W Mida-la 201 3
112	MW	758	294	453	168	Active - MV tank - 221-8.
* Farm			•			
	•	_				
101	WK	530 *	530 530		•	• •
105	M/	530	530			
103	- 154	530	519			Contents of cascade will be
, <u>104</u> •	10	530*	530	* •		aged 1 year - 3/1/53 after which
105	10	530	530		1	evaporation may be
0. 106	10	530	528		A	started
107		1	015-	*00=		
	lc lc	530	21:5	285 457	TEP	
108	10	<b>530</b>	73	• 515	TBP TBP	
#		114	-	-	F + 10 1 9	DEM ARRIVE

\* MW > Metal Wasto 1C s First Cycle Waste 2C - Second Cycle Waste

R - Redox Waste

Didge Veste DECLASSIFED

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## STATUS OF WASTE FARRIS

¥	Туре	Callon	s x 103		Capacity	DECL'ASSIFIED
The state of the s	of Waste	Capacity	Stored	Callons x 103	In Batches	*
Farm						
110	25/1 % 5 C	530	530			Activo cascade - T plant - 2nd
2.11	224 % 20	530	530			cycle, 22h and Soct. 5 Wastel.
112	25/1 % SC	349	569			112-T cascacss to crib.
						-
201	55/1	51.5 51.5 51.5 51.5	54.5			•
505	224	54.5	54.5		•	• 0
203 204	221:	54.5	54.5			0
204	55/7	54.5	54.5			
Yers .	Y:A	520	530	*		Cascade now slurrying for feed to TEP Plant.
102	Ha	530 530	530		v	0
103	1/4	530	519			0
	1					
104	MA	530	530	•		5
105	KM	530	530	1		2 0
106	EW	530	519			
202		500				, ,
107	Hivi .	530	530			
	VW.	530	• '530			1
109	Mini	530	519		0	0
110	10	530 .	336	194	71 **	Cascade being held as Reiox
111	10	530	14	516	187	waste reserve.
112 ·	10	530	32	498	181	
201	TBP	54.5		52.5	TBP	0 0
202	TBP	54.5		54.5	TBP	8
203	TBP	54.5		54.5	TBP	0
507: 503	- 767	51.5	-	54.5	TBP	
X Tarm	•				0 (	°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°
101	HM	758	758		0	000 0
102	14	758	758	8		0
103	) gd	758	758			
1C!ı	KW_	758 758 758	750	3		* ************************************
			G		0	
105	MW	758	758		0 0	0 "
106	M.	758	95	653	246	Pumped to lik II on 9.5002 over
107	17.4	758	75A		1	ground
108	151	750	718	29	11	Active tank & 221eT's maral
109	100	758	750		•	waste, Active cascado e 221eT a first
AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN	1 <u>C</u>		758 178	550	207	cycle.
110	1c	758		758	271	i cycle.
1115	10	758	1	753	269	I

22h - 22h Bldg. Waste

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<sup>\*</sup> MW - Motal Waste \* 1C - First Cycle War

<sup>2</sup>C - Second Cycle
R - Redox Waste
H-2902.10-X 4-52

<sup>-</sup> Evaporator Bottoms

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1	فاشطنان
	p. 34

				The second line		
	Туро	Gallons	× 10 <sup>3</sup>		Capacity	Romarks
	of Waste	Capacity	Stored	Callons x 103	In Batches	
TI Farm (co	ומיזת					
113	EB	758	750	8		9.1
114	MY	758	666	81	30	Received from 106-TI, 9/6/52,
115	TBP	758	758			TBP spernate tank-200West Area 11
						Purmed to a li
116	EB	758	46	712		118 TX for starting re-evaporation.
117	EB	758	756			
118	10	758	735	23	8	Evaporator feed tank.
To To	1					**; }
TI Farm	ı	1				. 5.1
101	R	758		758	276×4	
102	R	758 758		747	272	. 7
		124		131		
103	TBP	758		758	276	
104	TBP	1758		747	272	*** 9
105	TBP	758	<u> </u>	758	276	
106	TEP	758		747	272 .	
S Farm	i					
Land						1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
101	R	758		758	276	
102	R	758		758	276	
103	P	758		747	272	
104	R	758		758	276	
105	R	758		758	276	4.1
106	R	758	•	747	272	* - 4.7 T
107			1			Active tank - Redox wastes.
108	R	758	458	300 758	109	
109	R	758		758	276	
	R	758		747	273	The second secon
110	R	758	774			· **
111	R	758	755			
112	R	758	11/12	305	111	
		And A Property of			<del> </del>	

\* MW - Metal Waste 1C - First Cycle Waste 2C - Second Cycle Waste R - Redox Waste

п-2902.11-х 4-52

224 - 224 Bldg. Waste

TBP - TBP Waste

- Evaporator Bottoms

- Reservo figures for storage in tank farm 2:11-5 and tanks 2:11-U-110-112; 2:11-TY-101-102. Tured on average plant performance of 2.750 gallons per batch.

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HW-27840 Page 1

#### Distribution

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This document consists of 34

WASTE STATUS SUPPLARY Separature Section

Period: OCTOBER, NOVERHER AND DECEMBER, 1952

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A- 71

# BEST AVAILABLE COPY

Month of October 1952

		•		77
			B Plant	7 Plant
	٠	Runs of Metal Maste to waste farm during the month . 2	Bicarb. Thushes	
	-1	Onls, increase in Notal Wasts wolumes	2,000	58,90
•		Osls./Run average Metal Waste volume	- (1)	2,82
9		Reserve Cals. available for Hetal Waste on 11-1-52	7.556.000 (2)	708 C
•	(	June of First Cycle Waste sent to farm during the month		
	Э	Oals. increase in First Oycle Maste volume	9,600	55,00
		Cald. Run averege First Cycle Maste volume	- (1)	2.6
A		Reserve Cals. avillable for First Cycle Waste		
0	,	on 11-1-52 • • •	304,000 (2)	2,076.0
		Remarks: (1) Since 3-Plant batches have been of abnormal	sizes, no aver	ges have
		been extended (2) In November 5-0, Indecycle, 1st C	rcle, and Stack (	Landing Area
	G	be cribbed after passing through 110-111-112 B cascade. cribbed after passing through 200-setank cascade. Because	ise of the e cha	ukea n-tribul
		ro longer requires first dycle and metal Waste reserves.	(3) Undergrou	DO TIDA DOMAN
G	)	man to and it and it at lant active metal waste casc	rde) mes binkken	S P MONTON : (BILL)
		enc. This has resulted in an unusually high liquid level was te appraces shown above are based on the assumption	that none of	CARL ROLL
		this material has been lost to the ground.		S Plant
			•	
		etenuth Phosphata reson Equivalent		121.
		•	0	-
•		Callonseincresse in fission product waste storage	-	323.09
			•	
		Tons of Branium, (as charged), processed to contri-		73.8
	•	bute to make-up of waste		
. '	w	Callons/batch@equivalent to 6-3 MS	•	2.65
		Callons per ton of Uranium processed	• (:	1) <u>4.38</u>
		Reserve Callons available for Redox waste on 10-31-52	• (:	2) _0,319,0
		Remarks: (1) This average shows and 8.5% increase per to	on over Septembe	r. This was
		due to increased waste volumes resulting from equipmen	t changes in the	third
		uranium cycle. The theoretical effect of these change	s is 8,7%. (2)	These
		reserves are those in tank farm Pul-S only.		
			DECLAS	CIEIEN
		W 2002 01-V" 1-52	UEGLAS	JULIER 3

# SECURITY INFORMATION

WASTE STORAGE STATUS

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As of 10-31-52

#### METAL WASTE

FARM	In Storage	Gallone x 103 Hetal Waste	In Storage	Reserve Capacit		
EAST AREA	Beg. Mo.	Received	End Ho.	In Batches		
В	1,579	<b>6</b> 0 0	1,579	•		
C	3,374	0	3,374 (1) 3,117	23		
• P.K.	1,117 m	57 (2)	h,538	<sup>⊙</sup> 553		
TOTAL.	12,551	57	12.605 <sup>©</sup>	576		
WEST AREA	0 1,579	0 0 0 0 0	<b>⊕</b> ⊙ 1,579	0		
ŋ	4,737	●	4,737 (1)			
זא	6,019 @	59®	6,978	265 0		
TY •			0 0			
TOTAL	12,335	0 59 0	12,394	265		

from B-Flant and 55.000 gollons from TBF-Flant

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HW - 2-753

SECURITY INFORMATION

1

WASTE STORAGE STATUS

DECLASSIFIED 10-31-52

# URANIUM CONTENT

8	TOPS OF DEPLETED URANIUM							
FARM	In Storage Beg. Ho.	Received	* 70 750	In Storage				
EAST AREA B	383		•	383				
• C	837	1.32 (1)	392 (li)	ы46.32 758				
BX	. 758	•	•	758				
ВТ	1,057.76	0.61 (2)		1,058.37 2,645.69				
TOTAL	3,035.76	1.93		2,645.69				
WEST AREA	374	•	*	* 37h				
U	770	0.45 (3)		770.25				
• TX	1,381,63	13.62	*	1,395.25				
TY *			•					
• TOTAL	2,525,63	14,07		2,539,70 (5)				

Tong of uranium transferred as metal waste to the Waste Removal Group for slurrying-REMARKS: (1) Uranium in recovered nitrie acid sent to C Farm in September and October.

(2) 55,000 gallons from TRP-Mant to 111-112 BY.

(3) Uranium in recovered nitric anti tent to U-Farm in September and October.

(4) 392 tons of uranium in cascade 101-101 C transferred to TBP account.

5) LOS tons of uranism in cascade 101-103 0 not included in this total.

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9-2 10.02 / 3-52

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# WASTE STORAGE STORECLASSIFIED

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As of 10-31-52

# FIRST CYCLE WASTE AND COATING WASTES

### T AND B FLAHTS

* YARM		<u>\$.</u>			
• •	In Storage	@ Gallons x 10 lst Cycle Waste Hee'd	Fred To Evaporator	In Storage End Ma.	In Batche
BAST AREA	582	• •		562	
Evaporator Fred Tank ~ 106 B	गगः		201	• 2L7 •	101
ç •	727			727	7
e l¤	3,175		0	3,175	
ពេ	1,819	•10		1,829	6
mrft.	0,751	10	201	6,560	109
WEST AREA	1,910		• •	• 1,910	
V	382	•		382	
TX ●	936	55		991	727 🕏
Eruperator Fir! Tank • 118 TX		•	• •	719	24. 🕬
TY					i i
TOTAL	• 3,963	55	ė7	4,001	. 741

				<b>6</b> 6		
	•	Reserve Capacity at	2,800	gallons	per	be Let
1	)	Reserve Capacity at Not included in tol	A]5.			

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SECULATION MASTE STORAGE STATUS ASSIFIED AS O



As of 10-31-52

### SECOND CYCLE WASTES

	no a				
•	Cascade	Calle	ons x 103	Estimated Conserve Capacity	
	Vee	Cribbed	Sludge	In Batches	
exst area	110-111-112-B	82	بلابا	3,020 🕶 🔏	
TEST AREA	110-111-102-T	162	725	2 314 ***	
• • TOTAL	*	• 2hh	1,139	5,364	

lions from Section 5, 221-8 and 110,000 gailons from Section 5, 221-1

included in cribbed figures.

## Reserve calculations based on storage of combined 5-6 and second cycle only at 275 gallons of sludge per rue.

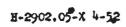
• Reserve calculations based on storage of combined 5-6, second cycle and 224-1 wastes

• A 350 gallons of sludge per run.

#### 224 BUILDING WASTES

• • •	•	Oscude .	Callon	Estimated Reserve	
•••	•	In Use	Cribbed •	Sludge	Capacity In B tches
BAST AREA		307 503 205-E	1.2	176	• 476 g
VEST ARRA •		204-201-7. 110-111-112-T	Inactive Casesde	187 Included with and	cycle figur
· FOTAL	•		140	357	476

REMARKS





AT THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT

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•	Callons & 200								
. 202	The Storage Diago Rog	TBP Was to	In Shorage End Man	Catecia					
प्रधा तक		•	•						
	• •			2443					
	•	•							
R		(55) (1)		կոր					
200		8		2.857 •					
120 002				1,263					
	•	• •		216					
* *	380	1	380						
	•	•	*	3,110					
tomo	380	· •	380	1 589					

Seems Canks, 109 Brand 115 TX not included in the above

0,23000 # \$00 of condensate to crib 85h (2) (3)

Desiring Horsch

d adjusted to sell the see Online lent

re-worked. Shown as metal waste figures; eincludes 0.61 tons of depleted uranium.

(2) Includes amount cribbed to 216-W and 316-W crib - continued Cook tons of depleted uranium.

(3) In addition to this figure, 405,000 gallons of solution containing 2,40 tons of daulated uranium wars ditched

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	and the same of th		Observation of the last of the	The state of the s						
*	Condensates									
- Watto	100	Bettons	To CP1bs	Service State						
हरता करन	25) and 20)		137	490						
<u> </u>			-							
			-							
90763	• 201	· 67	137	1190						
en de										
•	•									
2	17	46 (1)	-29 (1)	67L						
SOTAL	17 •	46	-29	674						

(1) Bottoms figures exceeded feed because of evaporator flushes, hence recovered space, or condensate is negative.

• • •	•	ø •••		
97039	in storage	Calfors x 10 Water	In Storage .	PROGRESS Care
e Papa .	2,429	323	2,752	2,300
a Para				
rome	2,429	323	2,752	

. Oplings # 903 of confineto

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2,750 callens per 6-9 equivalent batch seerre Cappally of

REMARKS: A total of 2,713,000 gallons of storage space immediately available 241

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-						25Cl 830
						DECLASO
	Type	Callons	x 10 <sup>3</sup>	Reserve	manufacture and intermediate of	
•	Vante	Capacity	Stored	Oallens	In Batches	Romrks
B FAIR	1000	277.2.27	Owied	197	OH CCINE MA	the of the first of the same o
•	1		530			
103	Ki .	530 • 530	530			
	197	530	530 519			
103	KW.	530	219			No.
10L	-10	530	410	120	25 0	
305	EB	530	172	358	63	The state of the s
106	10	530 530 530	247	283	70!	Evaporator feed tank
107•	Ea		525	5	ERD	Active octions tank-East Area
108 6	· EB	530 530	<b>9</b> 530		100	A
109	23	530	518	7	25	
79.0	20	c#s	530	•		2nd cycle and 5-6 waste, B Florida
111	ec ·	530	530			:27/6
112	2C	542	5/15	-		112-B cascades to crib
Application of the last of the				-		8.
201	55/1	54.5	54.5			Active cascade, 224-B
202	274	54.5	54.5			
203	221	54.5	51,5		•	
206	557	54.5	54.5			
C Farm		•	4		•	
101	12.	530	\$30		•	Cascade now slurrying for TBP
102	155	530 530	.0	<del> </del>		
103	4 22	530	519	·	•	
104	15.	530	530	_		Cascade now slurrying for TBP
10%		230	530	-		
106	V.	530	519	-		
			1		-	7
167	1-	530	399	.31	73P •	
• 108	13	530	:4	4/0	The	
109	l.	530	10	515	موناة	Temperary supernate tank for y
•		C20 .		200		Carrie operations & Service operations
-113	1	510	311	399	73	Walles Salace Tal Obelefious
112		530 530	17	:06	737	
		230		1	1	-
201	P. HW	51,5	52.5		1	Galve concace TBr operations
205 .	153	11,5	1			DECLASSIFIED
201		54.5	54.5			-cel Assiries
001	161		2. 2			THAT IT THE

MW - Metal Waste 1Co- First Cycle Waste 2C - Second Cycle Waste R - Redex

27h - 22h Ridg. Waste TBP - TBP Waute EB - Eveporator Sottoms:

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1	1131
n)	PICIEN
70	GILIA
V.	
u	0

;	Type	Gallons	× 10 <sup>3</sup>	Reserve	Capacity	DECLADOR ROMANTES
	of Haste	Capacity	Stored	Callons x 10	In Batches	
BX Farm	•		•	8.	•	4.
101	134	530 530	<u> 530</u> 467	•		
102	114	1 330	167	6.3	653	
103	134	530	5,50			i.h.
Tok	114	530	530	•		
105	113	530	: 30			٢,,:
106	1-1/4	530	530			٠,٧٠
		•				
107 •	10	530	530			
108	10	530	5,10			
109	10	530	53e			16
110	10	\$30	30			•
111	10	530	525			
113	1C	530	33C	-	-	
E Para		•			•	
9 101	104	758	758	· l	•	8 .
102	Met	758	158			
101	7:34	758	004		11	
104	1991	758	798	•		
105	154	758	491	267	29	
106	MA	758		157	277	<u> </u>
107	16	758	بليار	b i ti	[6]	hunping to 100+8 not complete .
108	10	758	بايار د از			
109	TBP	758		150		TEF supernate tank - 200 E Are
110	10	758	•	51	5	Abandoned as Ist eycle cascade
111	154	758	732 • 6		•	
112	13.	758 758	35.1	./28	fee,	historical by refinit as me at
T Fare		•				vaste castade, waste will be cribbed.
101	S PM	530	133	•		
102	-ik	530	10 30			
	N.	530	519			
	• 16	San	1520	•		1 year decay complete 3/31/53
125	· ic	530	- ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '			Evaroration scheduled to .
106	1C	530	138			start 4/1/53
107	10	530	245	285	• THE	
108	10	530	1073	457	187	
109	10	530	1	515	141	1

224 - 224 @ldg. Waste
TRP - TRP Waste
EB - Evaporator Mottoms . DECLASSIFIE

<sup>\*</sup> HW - Motel Waste 1C - First Cycle Waste 2C - Second Cycle Waste R - Redox Waste

				500 Rev.		1	
and the second of the second							HN-2784
	• 10	211	MP C	ecur.			701
				CORT	יוט פער אדפ	ASTE VAL	ECLASSIFIED C
BEST A	VALLED	IT 00	nv.	0	1	_	NSSII II
Oncol. M	VAILAD	FF PAI	(2)100	x 103	Reserve	Capacita	ECLA
	1	10	04 (20)		Onllons	In	
		Waste C	apacity	Stored	× 103	Batches	
T Fan	ia .				•	•	
		551 8 50	530	530 530			Active cascade-T Flant; 2nd cycle, 22h & Sect. 5 wasteed
112		551 8 50	569	569			Tank 112-T cascades to orlow
203	•	221	Cl. E	r1, e			
202	2	224	51.5	54.5 54.5			
30 30		224	\$4.5 \$4.5	51.5			
- COL	-	357	_24.2	54.5	•		
U Far	<u> </u>		and the		• .		
101		KM	530	530		0	Cascade now slurrying for fe
100	2	W4	530 530 510	530 519			to TBP
•			-	-			
10	-	155	530 530 530	530			
• 10 10	}	No.	530	519	•		>
•			530	* An *			•
10	8	137	530	530 530		•	
10	9	No.	530	519			, V.
• 11	0	<u>† 12 </u>	530	2,15	194	7) 7-	Cascade being held as Redox
		10	530 530	1lı ,2	• 5ic	15:	waste reserve
11	2	10		•		•	
	1	T3P •	54.5		1 - 52 - 5	Tor Tor	0
	30 8	121	54.5		1 2:4	TIL	
20	Nia.	TEF	54.5	-	12,5	186	
TX F	'ATM						
• 10		3:	758	9:58			
10	2	120	758	71.9			
*	)3		758 758 758	715			Overflow to 100-TX plugged
	-						
$-\frac{10}{10}$	× • •	135	758 758	102	Cities	100	Everflow to 100-TX plugged
*	57		758	778			Jupe:mato temp. → 213° 1.
	78	F	758	732			
10	9 .	• 10.	758 *	<b>→</b> 758		100	Active cascade, 221-T, lati
•	0	1C	758 758	233	\$25 \$58	168	DECLASSIFIED
. 1	12	1C	758 758		753	1,70	1 /2
*	HH - Het	al Waste	)	•	224 - 221 TBP - TB	Bldg. W	9 3 3 5 TR
•	16 - Fir 26 - Sec	ond CT	Z CERT		CHI	77	SEE AATION SE
	R - Rec	COX - Day bend	~	e i wer	James 1941	الدا جولة قارم	the second secon
		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	المالية الموا	Participation of	Talle British	Marital Control	the same of the sa
				C4			



# BEST AVAILABLE COPY

STATUS OF WASTE FARMS

			diagnosis and a second on against defect.	-		- OKINY
	Туре	Callons	x 202	Reserve	Capacity	DECT
	200			Calloos	In	Mary Court of the
<b>*</b> " +	Mate	Capacity	@Stored	x 103	Batches	EAST STATE
TI Farm (cont	h)					1.12
to the state of th		1			1_ 1	
111	EB	758	750	8	23	
111	146	758	606	13.	조발 30	3 135
	181	758 750	758			TBF supernate tank, 2-sest Ar
		1		1		. 4389
116	133	758	95	605	ZB	Active bottoms tank, west with
118	2.0	758	756			LAN:
118	10	754	71.8	70	• 114	Lvap. foed tank, 2-sest Areas
	•					
Tr Parm	1			1		• •
	<b>L</b>	1	•	1	1	• • 34
101	R	750 758		758	276 **	· 3
102	R	758		747	212	
						0.75
103	TBF	758 758		758 747		. 2
	TRF	758		747		
				250		198
105 # 106	TBP	758		753	<u> </u>	. 23
#106	78r	758		747		•
0.7	1		1			
S Para	1	•	12		.1	1
3.00	E.	200	1	7,2	278 **	
101		750 750 750			270	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O
102	E R	120		75¢	372	
103	1 7	130	-	141	415	
104	P.	758	1	758	270	
105	• P	758	-	755		
106	E	758 758	-	757	27e	
-		130	-		-	The second secon
107	F.	758	763			FA1nd 10-30-52
100	• F	750 758	17	7.1	750	Living the fadayevastas of
109	F	758		747	375	Filled 10-30-52
	-	- 1		13.		
110	:	758	774	_		· 3
N.		1758	07:5			
112		7.58	1.: 2	305		
		Married Water	1		-	or the company cannot be a second about the contract of the co

MW - Metal Waste 1C - Tirst Cycle Waste

2C - Second Cycle Waste

R - Rodox Maste

E-2902.11-X 4-52

224 - 224 Bldg. Waste TBB - TBP Waste

- Evaporator Bottoms

heserve figures for storage in tank farm the and tanks 2h1-U-110-112; 2h1-TY-101-102; but an average plant performance of 2,750 with per batch.

DECLASSIFIED .H.

e** **	• .	• •	Part ·	? Plant
Rubs of Mark South				2 1
Que have the				82,220 5.
Spling/Aras company		Miles Int. out		- ATOAA
hoselse over				652.000
the of Street Gr	to Salfa for	e de Sum dustre (		750
Orline Section 5	The Asses	Series To Joseph		61 250
ODe/hun greene				2.530
11a30-52	11430 <b>508</b> 3	that excludes	386,000 (1)	2.017.000
Managices (1) Re	Serve Space	no longer require	d for RePlant since all y	Han the

S Plan

Biofath Shosphyte Intol Equipment periore fromms in finish esocials made storage 473,000 Tons of Trahium (as charged) percessed to but to be make-up of mett • 114.10 Callons/batch equivalent to 6-3 %3 Callons per ton of Uranium processes (1) 5,846,000

H-2902.01-X 3-52

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# MOD STORE STATE DECLASSIFIED HW - 2784

### CLIVE ST

		- SERVICE !	MENNALATION	7 67	
•	•				
o Pari	In Swrage	Calligno is 100 Historia de 100 Historia	or starses	Salayus Councily	
east area	•	•			
в •	1,579		1,579		
• 🚱	3,374	* *	3.374 (1)		
o EZ .	3,117		3,227	23	
	4,538		4,538	553	
TOTAL	12,008		12,608	576	
WEST ARESO	•	•		•	
•	1,579		18579		
• 1 . •	4,737	•	4,737 (1)		
**	6,078	82	6.160	2/41	
17	•				
• TOTAL	12.39կ	82	12,474	2kg	

Calle by percepensive

Cascades 101-103 C and 101-103 U are now serving as feed tanks to TSt Flant, These

will be indicated as full until the entire cascade has been released

11-2902.02-X 4-52

DECLASSIFIED BEST AVAILABLE CO.

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• •		ACCEPT CHARLES	• •						
		ANY TOTAL GEO DELICATION							
* F326	olore p	Remarked	9098	20 Miles					
Carres .	⊕ 383	•		383	はなぜ				
	libo 32 (2	). W (1)		449.72	1				
	, 7CB			756					
57	1.058.37	3. Bell (1) 1. The		1,058.37	-				
20123	2.615.09	3.40		2649.09					
Charles	374			374					
*		Land	•	773.35					
93.	1,395,25	16,27		•1,411.52	_				
TY		•							
•	2 522 20	29-17	1.	2556.37					

ecliqued as make again to the water Renoval Group for slurryings addition to familiat bland tanks in form of recovered nitric

. 5

12.00

# BEST AVAILABLE CON



# T AND B PLANTS

63	· Comment of the Comm						
	N Property	DA CADA	2012	To Storace	The Parks		
257 REJ .	582			582			
Labour of 100 R	247	•	82	165	130		
6	137		•	727			
e R	3,175		•	3.175			
• • •	1,829			1.029	8		
TOTAL	9.500		8	5:1,75	138		
SEST DREE	1.910			1,910			
	362 •		•	382			
17	99)	63	1	3,05	705		
• Evapore for Tood Tank • ERG TR		•		718	14		
8.	•				-		
20188	4,001	* 63		4,004	719		

\* w Masseys Cures 10 y nd 2, 500 gailing at page 6 and

# 1780 17C 28

COMMENSATION

ACCTAL

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HN - 27840

SECTION 1

ASTE STORAGE STATOS

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OTHIGH

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	330		<b>หล</b> ะค	Estudies
	, 3	27/000	n de	Caract
Dist Mill	110-111-112 B	131 (1)	կյի	3,020
Section 1	บใด-บบ-เบื้อ ช	178	733	2.321 111
force		309	20247	5.24

Includes metal waste, first cycle, section five and second cycle wastes

Reserve calculations based onestorage of combined 5.6 and second cycle only at 275 glllons of sludge per run.

Reserve calculations based on storage of combined 500, 2nd cycle and 224-7:

### रहे अधिक पत्र करिय

	Concessor :	<b>3.2</b> 10n	1430	LICENSE DE LA COMPANION DE LA
	2. "	Cribban	Single	Care La
SAST AREA	201-203-202 B	24 0	270	476
West area	204-201eT	Indesive caseads	The last and	
Tofits a		103	cycle figures 357	176

-

0

crelings, meanwell)

ABEC PER

**MAGINATURE** 

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BEST AVAILABLE COP

WASTE STORAGE STATUS

OFCLASSIFIED

\_\_

11-30-52

<b>L</b> _	mm 34	SEEL 1
3E	אוויבים	13
11.		

		Owllone	a 103°	•
PARM	In Storage	TRE WASTE	30000	Once of 50
EAST AREA	, ,	0	110	•
B-		• • • •		• •• ••
C	•	362	362	2 580 (3)
		0. 0		
	55 (1)	•	55	hil
TOTAL	. 55 • •	362	la?	2,974
WEST AREA		126 60	126	831
<b>3</b>		•	•	
77	380 (2)	• 00	380	•
77	1	• • •		3,010
L'ATAL.	380	L <sub>26</sub>	80%	3,80

Supermate tanks, 109 BY and 115 TI not included in the species

Callons x 103 of condensate to crib 2005

Ratio: WAS: R TO F BROW

During Month 0.95

Cumulative to date 1.65 (4)

# Food adjusted to metal waste equivalent

REMARKS: (1) High waste in metal waste cascade 111-112 H . reworkable

(2) High was to Design The Company

(3) Tank 109 C not included as reserve space since this space is not

(h) Includes high wast

H-2902.06-X 4-52 .



# BEST AVAILABLE COM

WASTE EVAPORA

				140			
•	• Onligna x 10 <sup>3</sup>						
PARK	Pool	Brtions	Condensate To Colbe	Reserve Bottoms Space			
east area		3	TI INI OMM	٠			
B	82.5	20	- 62,5	489			
* 6 *		<b>V</b>					
BX		•	•				
Ħ		•	•				
TOTAL	82.5	• 20	62.5	489			
WEST AREA	***	•	•				
. • (		•	1	•			
<b>0</b> π	0 •	• 0	0	676 (1)			
π		•		•			
TOTAL	. 0	. 0	.   0	670 (1)			

RYMARKS: (1) liquid following cooling below boiling point toward atmospheric temperature

	•	**		
• FARM	In Storage	Vantons x 105	en 900mge a 804 Hea	Reserve Capacity
S Family	2,751	473	3,224	2,245
e ru	3			3
10183	2,751	COMMITTED NO.	NOMETER	2,245

factions # 20° of Condmate to oris

@ METS %@ gogsideres @# fedox erretre copecity with supf

Reverse Copesity of 2,600 gallon profess of higher batch

TECLASSIFIED

tank farms.

N=2002.07-X h-32

1-2902.07-X 4-32

	,	• • •		SHAMSTO	AVAStr 1	No S	HV- 27	48
BEST AVAIL	BLE C	OPP		9	-	DECLASS!	FIED	76
Character Constitution Constitution	1 *	1	3	-		Denrie		
	Type	Onlions	x 103	Reserv	e Cap.	1	•	7
_	Haste	Capacity	30.00	III SEL	*******	H-H-HOLL	Romarks	* * 53
PARM	1,720	Ton to to t	2601.00	Staffing.	DECOURT	HOTTE		
						i		7.13
101	IM	530 530	530min	-	1		1	
705	MW	530	530 F	<b>CHOICE</b>	Co		The second secon	-
30)	MM	530	519	-1000	150			134
301	30	200		120		•		
10h	1C BB	530 530 530	172	120	KB.		•	1.3
106	10.	148	165	358 365	130	•	The second representation of the second	177
The same of the sa	·/			202	170	Evaporator fee	d tank	A
107	KB	530	531		1	Cascaded to 10	A = 11 25 62	
	EB	530 530	531 528		1	Carcaded to 10	9-8, 11-30-52 +	
109	2.9	530	514	.11,	ZB	0.00 do 10	7-0, 11-30-32 +	, (C
20	0000							• #
110 10 -	1	530 530 542	530		1	Active cascade	, B Plant recei	V98 -
	150-7-0	530	530			flushes of Sec	. 5. lat cvcle	4
115 10 -	20-5-6	542	542			2nd cycle line		
501 FH.	224	1 -	m m					
202 HW	224	17 m/5	54.5			Active cascade	B Plant, recei	708
203 MA		54.5	54.5			Tlusbes of 221	B Bldg. 4 W 1	ines:
201 18	22h 22h	5105	51.5 54.5					
			-				to the second se	·
6 Parm	•					<b>b</b>	*	,
				Ť		ľ		
101	HW	530 530	•		1	Cascade now se	rving as feed t	0
102	MW	530	3779			TBP Plant	The state of the s	
103	HH	530						
10h	MM	530	F20					,
100	MN	530	530 530		<u> </u>			
106	MSN	530	519					3
		1770	218					
107	10	530	399-0	131	7BP	•		٥
203	10 .	530	21:-0	131	TRP	}		-
109	IC-TBP	530	10-486	23	TBP	Temporary supe	mater tank for	-
					1	I C-Parm Mil remo	vel operations	-
110	1C-TBP	530	231-259	40	TEP	200-E active r	eceiver of TEP	**
•111	IC-TBP	530	36-103	391 502	TBP	Lwastes. Overi	low 110-C to 11	1-C
112	1C-TBP	530	17-0	502	TRP	plugged on 11-	15-52	
200		1 4	•				B	and a
200	MW.	\$1.5	52.5		•			
202	14/	Sież	51.5 51.3		-			
200	MW	Succe	- Kriz			<u></u>		

\* No P Wital Haste 16 - Piret Cycle Weste 20 . Becond Cycle Haste

R Redex Wests

E-2902.08-X 4-52

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the Bldg. Was to

TPP - TBP Waste EB - Evaporesor Bottons

Tanks 108, and 109-B were previously in service for storage of evaluations in May and August respectively.

Since the bottoms solutions have cooled, causing a density This has resulted in 19,000 gallons of additional storage space, which was utilized by cascading wastes from 107-B to 108-B to 109-B in November.

# BEST AVAILABLE COPY

STATUS OF WASTE PAR

to with a popular		1		Part Day		UKPTUA.
•	Type	Oallen	103,	Seema		
0	e of	4.1		x 10	Maria	Romarks
EX Farm	- make	Capacity	300 Led	¥ 103	Batches	
	- 1					
101	H	530	530 ne		ED	
	MON	530	5390		23	
103	HM	530	530			. 2
10h						
105	<u>194</u>	530	530 530			
106	156	530 530	530	<b></b>		
		238	230		-	
107	10	530	530			
108	10	530	530 530		-	
109	10	530	530		•	
				•		
110	10	530	530 525			
- 111	10	530	525			
	10	530	530	-		
. Day 2-		1				
T Para			1	1		
201	1941	750	758			
102	Ж	758	758		-	
103	H	758 758	604	83	31	
<b>A</b> .						
106	XN	758 758	758			
105	Md	750	491	267 747	99 277	
-100	HW	750		747	277	
107	- 10	25A	31.1.	بلتبا	TBP	No managed to 206 2 45 .
106	10	1 723	314 753	41.4	101	No supernate pumped to 106-3 in November
109	TRP	758 758 758		<b>958</b>	-	TEP supernate tank, 200 5 area
110	10	758	732	21	8	
111	M	758 758	758 • • 351	***		
112	N/W	750	• 351	396	147	
9 747	1		1	1	•	
Pare	1		•		•	<u>}</u>
701	144	530	530		1	
102	- 14	530 530	530 530 519		-	
101	16	530	519			
•						• •
104	16	530 CI	530	-	della	tion scheduled to start
105	1C 10	1255 CI			,	tion scheduled to start
106	- 19	330 DI	16851			14-1-53
107	1C-13P	530	245-285	1	TOD .	full 11-20-52. Started filling
100	1C TOP		73-241	316	TBP	plug in 110-111-112 C case of
109	IG-TBP	530		THE REAL PROPERTY.	TBP	Borne in Tro-Tit-liv C 6836 and
The state of			1-11	ALC: UNKNOWN	LUI	And the second s

NM - Metal Waste 10 \* Pirst Cycle Waste 20 - Second Cycle Waste R - Redect Waste

H-2902 09-X 4-52

224 - 224 Eldg. Waste TBP - TBP Waste EB - Evaporator Bottoms

SECRET (

HW-2784

STATUS OF WASTE PARKS

				·		VI 17201.
	13De	0m3.1cm	■ x 203	-	Capacity	DECLASSI.
	10			Callons	Capacity	Charks 3
	Meste	Capacity	Stored	x 103	Batches	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2 Parm						
-	201 - 20			4		•
110	25PF5C	530	530	The same	PORTE	and cycle, Sec. 5, and 224 Bldg.
111	55m5C	530	530	4450	ALC: SALE	active cascade. I Plant
115	55 P\$5 C	569	569			Tank 112. T cascades to crib
202	224	51.5	94.5			
505	55/	51.5	54.5			
203	554	Sus				.4
50/4	224	54.5	26.7	Pierra.	LEGG	
j					1	Action
7 Farm			•			
!	341	1	,		1	
102	- MH	530 530 530	-			Cascade now serving as feed to
105	M	1 530	<b>586</b>	•		TEP PLANE
10)	• Hw	1530	16			
ent.						
105	MH	250	530			<u> </u>
100	754	530 530 530	530			13
100	MH	530	519			
107		500				6
108	MW	530	530			
109	MM	530	530			
107	MV	530	539			
110	10	530	336	194	26	
110	10	1220	14	516	75 **	Cascade being held as Redox waste
1112	10	530 530 530	32	498	198	14001.40
	10	730	26	490	192	
201	TBP	50.5		52.5	TBP •	
505	TBP	54.5 54.5		54.5		
203	TBP	51.5		<del>34.5</del>	-	
206	TBP	54.5 54.5		54.5	TBP TBP	40
				74.7	ADE	The state of the s
TX Parm	1		_			
		1		•		
201	NC .	758	758		_	
102	HA	758 758 758 758 758	758			The second secon
101	Md	758	758			
104	154	758	750	-		
			1-1-2			
. 105	1964	758	766	-		Plug removed 11-8-52
. 105	154	758 758 758	187	571	511	
107	194	758				
108	HW	10745	766 751			
,		7	198			
109	10	758	158			lotive cascade, 221-T, 1st cycle
110	10	758	296	DAL	NIVE	
alli '	10	753 753 753		1111	269	
112	7.0	75A		757	260	

<sup>4</sup> MW - Metal Maste

DECLASSIFIED

<sup># 10 -</sup> First Cycle Waste

SC - Dedoud Chare

R - Redex Mate

<sup>22</sup>h # 22h Hldg. Waste

TOP & TOP Wester

ES - Evaporator Dettoms

ee See bottom of page H-2902.11-I

STATUS OF WASTE PARMS

	A Commission of the Commission	CONTRACTOR SANCE			DEPT
Туре	Callons	<b>a</b> 103	, lane	IN.	
of			Callons	ALCIE	Josanka
nt   1)				CON CENTON	
ECB .	758	748	10	RR	•
744	75A	666	- PO	77 * 025.00	110041011
TRP	758	74.14	1.1141	Mes	TEP supernate tank, 200-w area
БВ	768		1		Active bottoms tank, 200-if Evap
	75A			- 55	No state on comment of the form Bank
10	750	718	40	14	Evap. feed tank, 200-w Area
R			758	202 ***	•
Contract of the Contract of th	750			Annual State of the State of the Control of the Con	
	124		141	501	
TBP	758		758	TBP	•
TEP	758		747	TBP	
TBP	758	***	758	твр	•
TBP	758		747	TBP	
					•
R	758		758	291 **	
R	750	***	758	1	
R	750		747	287	
R	7KA		758	201	
	758		758	201	
R	750		747	287	
		763		•	
	123		328	105	
	75A		7).7	287	Active tank, Hedox wastes
	1		191	-201	
R	758	274			
R	758	755		1	Control of the Contro
R	758	frft5	306	117	
	EB HW TBP EB IC TBP TBP TBP R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	R 758 R 758	SE	SEB   758   748   10   10   10   10   10   10   10   1	Capecity   Stored   X   103   Batabee

# 97 m Hetal Nast# \$C m Pirut Oyele Nasta 2C w Second Cyale Nast# R - Redex Naste

H-2902.11-X 4-52

224 - 224 Eldra Series
TEP • TEP Marte
ES • Emponetor Bottoms

particle of 2,000 gallons batch (average of Oct.-Nov. 1952)

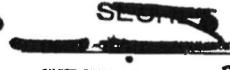




MASTE STATUS SU-PLAT DECLASSIFIED

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	Commence of the last of the la	
•		
	b Flanc	T Plant
Runs of Metal Masto to wasto farm during the mouth		4
Cals. increase in Note; that polume	(1)	104,500
Onls./Run average Metal Maste Bolime		2,549
Reserve Oalie evaliable for Notal Waste of 12-31-52	1.545,000 (2)	547,000
Runs of First Oyole thatbest to fard during the Bouth		39
Oalse increase is First Cycle Muste solute	(u)_	101.750
Onla /km grovest first Cycle wate tofus		2.600
Reserve Calso grailable for first Grote waste	(3) 136,000	(3)
Remarks? (1) All wester from B Flant are cribbed after	r passing through	either the
200-B series tanks, or 110-112-B cascade.   (See 2nd cyc	10 and 224 vartes	)
(2) Decreesed 17,000 sellow previous month flours,	SECTION TEL YOUT	to 111-112-
HI tanks. (3) Includes Smity small in first comle err	perator feed tank	
•		S Plant
Bismuth Phosphate Butch Equivalent		2 40
Bismeth Phesphate Butch Equivalent Callons increase in Tission product waste storage		S Plant
	•	2 Plant  140,69  273,000
Callons increase in Tission product waste storage  Tons of Urenium (as charged) processed to contri-	•	2 Plant 140,69 273,000 91,00
Callons increase in Tission product waste storage  Tons of Uranium (as charged) processed to contri- bute to make-up of east	•	2 Plant  140,69  273,000
Callons increase in Tission product waste storage  Tons of Uranium (as charged) processed to contri- bute to make-up of east  Callons/batch thivalent to 6e3 78	•	2140,69 273,000 91,00
Callons increase in Tission product waste storage  Tons of Uranium (as charged) processed to contri- bute to make-up of east  Callons/batch to delivalent to del 75  Callons per ton of Uranium processed	toward reducing	2140,69 273,000 91,00 2,650 (1) 4,296 62)5,475,000
Callons increase in Tission product waste storage  Tons of Uranium (as charged) processed to contri- bute to make-up of east!  Callons/batch equivalent to 6e) 78  Callons per ton of Uranium processed  Reserve Callons condight for Redox waste on 12-31-52		3 Plant  140,69  373,000  91,00
Callons increase in Tission product waste storage  Tons of Uranium (as charged) processed to contri- bute to make-up of east?  Callons/batch Capivalent to 60) 75  Callons per ton of Uranium processed  Reserve Callons contlable for Redox waste on 12-31-52  Remarks: (1) Minor process changes were pade which the		3 Plant  140,69  373,000  91,00
Callons increase in Tission product waste storage  Tons of Uranium (as charged) processed to contri- bute to make-up of easte  Callons/batch equivalent to 6e) 78  Callons per ton of Uranium processed  Reserve Callons contable for Redox waste on 12-31-52  Remarks: (1) Minor process chaptes were pade which the per ton of uranium feed by a small percentage. (2) The		3 Plant  140,69  373,000  91,00



WASTE STORACE STATUS

DECLASSIFIED -278

#### ESTAL WASTE

		Callone x 109		
• PART	In Storage	Notal Maste Received	In Sterage End No.	Reserve Capacity
EAST AREA	2,579		2,579	
	3,374 (1)		3,374	
N	3,117		3,117	23
	5538	n (5)	4,569	_1
TOTAL	12,608	11	12,619	573
FEST RELA	1,579		1.579	6.
<b>9</b> .	* 4,737 (L)		4.737	
YX.	6,160	105	6-265	203
77				
WILL	12,476	1054	12.581	

HEMARKS - areserve capacity se 2,700 Outlone per batche

- ) Cascades 101-103-C and 101-103-D are new serving as feed tanks to TBP Plant
- will be indicated as full until the futire oasoede has been released.

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11-2,412.02-X 4-52

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WASTE STORAGE STATUS

HW-Z786 DECLASSIFIED 26

# TETAL WASTE

		TONS OF DEF	इंद्राक्त व्यवस्थान	In Storage
PARM	In Storage Describes		% To TEX	In Storage
PAST AREA				1
8	383			383
•	(2) 449.72	1.35 (3)		451.07
B.	. 758			758
	1,058,37	0.67 (1)	•	1.059.04
FOTAL	2,649.09	2.02 •		2,651.11
SENT AREA				
	374			374
T.	(2) 773.15	1,37,43	<u> </u>	774.72
ħ	1,411,52	24.58		1,436,10
fr			•	
fotal	2,558,87	25,95	1	2,584.82

- e fond of unanium Chansfered as samuel mosts to the Maste Removal Group the stuffging.

  REMARKS (1) 0.67 tons of high TBP vests pont to cancade 111-112-BY
- (2) 392 tons in cascade 101-103-C and 405 tons in cascade 101-103-U are now being fed to TBP

  Plant. These quantities are not included in the above total.
- 3) 2.72 tone of uranium returned to tank farm blend tanks in form of recovered mitric acid.

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1-2903.03-X 4-52

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# WASTE STORAGE STATUS DECLASSIFIED HW - 2788

#### FIRST CTOLE WASTE AND COATING WASTE

T AND B'PLANTS

				A	7
PARK :		Onlione x 1	03 •		. 6
<b>*</b>	In Storage	lat Cycle Maria Rec'd	Ford To Eraparator	In Storege	Incorre Cara
EAST AREA				•	
• B (1)	2,155	(197)		2,352	
Evaporator Feed Tank - 106 B	165		(250)	415	77
C (2)	727			727	
K	1.275	•	(2) (3) 579	3,573	
81	1.829		3/3	1.486	8
foral.	8.051	(1971	672(123)	7.151	4.9
VEST AREA	2,910			1.90	19
• (2)	382	•		382	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3,316	102		3,418	669
Evaporator (1) Filed Tank © 118 fX	ns	1		728	14
7				1	
NILL .	6.336	103		6,428	683

4 filestra Capacity of 2,800 callons ger belich

PROGRESS All figures have been revient to include first cycle vastes in storage as evenprator bottoms. (1) Dispute represent bottoms atomics only. (2) First cycle waste as noneven-provide sludge only. (3), 23,000 callons of first cycle yeste lost to ground during mambles
of 106 EV supermetant liquid to 106-2 even-prator feed tank on 12-16-52.

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H-2902.04-X 4-52

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28

As of

12-31-52

#### SECOND CTCLE WASTES

	Caffrade	Oullon	1103	Estimated (
	De 20	Cribbea	I THE	Capacity in Calculate
ERSP RELE	110-111-112-3	97 (1)	- All Marie Control	1.020
TEST TREE	110-111-112-7	218	74	2.28
TOTAL		315	1,148	5,302

sulting from cleanouts. \*\* Reserve calculations based on storage of combined section five and second crole wastes only at 275 gal. of sludge per run. \*\*\* Reserve calculations based on storage of combined section five and of combined section five, second cycle and 224-T building waste at 350 gal. of sludge per run.

#### The BUILDING MASTER

	Carcus .	(alton	1 2 103	Esti sed :: Reserve
		6-1884	St wigh	Capacity
EAST RICER	201-203-202-1	11(2)	170	_476
WEST TREA	204-201-T 110-111-112-T	inective Gescade	187 Included with 2nd	
TOTAR		145	cycle figures 357	176

RDURKS: Flushes of B plant are mibbed as follows: (1) 2nd cycle, let cycle, stack drainess, and section 5 crib via 110-111-112-B tanks. (2) 224-B and Section 9 natal waste

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12-31-5

		FSROU	ALNT ARD	TECTORIES	WASTE			
				Callen	4 x 10 <sup>3</sup>		•	
ZARY	In 8	otace Ma	TEP Recour		In Sta	etala Stala	Reservices Capaci	
DAST TOTAL	Fern.	Temp.	Pern.	Temp.	Perm.	Tecap.	Perm.	Tempi
2	<u> </u>	(3)		(3)	•	· W		(1)
*	362		198		560		1,362	(A)
RX							9 602	
ST.				11		L.	757	
antas.	362	55	198		560	66	2,721	
ত্ৰে এট	•	••				•		
•	426		774				57	
							216	20202
• •		371(2)		- Annahar manaka ina sa		9 (1) 371 (2)		
			L				2,010	
S STAR	435	380	77.6	Q	1,200	380	3.283	

Supernate tanks, 209 BY and 115 TX not included in the above.

Offices \$ 209 of condenses to crib 3,909 (3)

Addition of TO WHILL	281	
	Vaste to Feed	
Deslag	(Permanent only) North 1.90	(Combined Perm. and Temp.)
• Commula	dve to date 1.17	142

First adjusted to metal waste equivalent

KINGRES	(2)	) Temperar	y vastos a	d reserve	capacition	LTO:	shown w	ith metal waste	
•								Carbbed vaste	
contained 1.6	2 tons	of deplete	d and deco	taninated	wentum.	(4)	Tank 10	9-C is not inc	Luded
	Billion of the case of the case of					_		. ADDITIES	

eserve figure since this space is not immediately available.

H-2902.06-X 4-52

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WASTE STONAGE STATUS

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#### MASTE EVAPORATOR

		Caller	# R 103	
FLXOP		Bott Book 8	Condensat# To Cribs	Reserve Bottoms Space
SHOT MICH		•	•	(5
9		197	475	303
	,			•
ER	339	•		
ESP	3/43		*	:
STOT	672	. 197	* A75	(1) 303
The state of the s	remater betters ter	rigures, it is es	timeted that a re-	evaperation of
be but of present	perator bettens ten are further space r	rigure, it is es as vill be requir scovery can be ma	time with that a re- d near the middle	vaporation of of February, 195
bet Design	perater bettess tar	rigure, it is es as will be requir scevery can be ma	d near the middle	vaporation of of February, 192
bit of the state o	perater bettess ter	rigure, it is es		of February, 192
ber the second s	perater bettems ter	rigure, it is es as will be requir seevery can be me		

#### PEDOL WASTE

	•				
PARM	In Storage	Gallone x 103 Waste Received	In Storage End No.	Raserve Capacis In Daiches 2,103	
• S Farm	3,224	373	3,597		
My Farm &					
TOTAL	3,224	273	3,597	2,103	

Callens x 103 of condensate to crib \_\_\_\_\_ 372 \_\_\_\_.

es will be considered as Redox reserve capacity when empty.

Reserve Capacity at 2,600 gallous per 6-3 equivalent batch

REMARKS; A total of 2,713,000 gallons of storage space is available in 241-TY and 241-D

tank farms,

- 8-2902.07-X 4-52

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	Туре	Callons	2 103	ROODENS	Carpe	
1	of I			Callgne	In	Rome The Sales
•	Hast#	Capacity	Stored	4 103	Batches	
) farm					•	
201	Mi	530 530	530			
102	Me	530	530			Ž.
10)	M	530	519			
104	EB	530	532		1	Started filling 12-/-52:
105	EB	530	227	303	XB.	
106	IC	530	415	115	43	Evaporator Faed Tank
100	-10	220	113	113		Aronosto de la mar
107	ER	530 530	531			Evaporator Faed Tank
108	EB	530	526			
109	ER	530	533			Completed filling 12-1-52
4110 1C-2C	5-6	530	530	1		Active Cascade - B Flast
711 10-20	36	530 530	530 530 542			
112 10-20	25	\$1.2	342	1		
111 10-10		740	1-2-			
201 HM	224	Slad	54.5		1	Active Cascade - B Plant  Active Cascade - B Plant
202 HM	224	51.65 51.65	54.5	-		The second secon
203 Mil	224	5lie5	54.5			
POL PA	224	Sign				
-		2412	56.5	3		
C Farm		24.02	26.2		•	•
C Farm	•					Cancade new processing for feet
C Farm	_ MM			504	•	Cascade new processing for fact
C Farm 101	MM MM		984	<b>{595</b>		Cascade new processing for feet to TRP Plant
101 102 103	_ MM	\$30 \$30 \$30		<b>{595</b>		Cascade new processing for feet to TRP Plant
101 102 103 104	- HM - HM - HM - HM	\$30 \$30 \$30 \$30	530	<b>{595</b>	•	Cascade new processing for feet to TRP Plant
101 102 103 104 105	154 154 154 154 154	\$30 \$30 \$30 \$30 \$30	530 530	<b>{595</b>		Cascade new processing for feet to TRP Plant
101 102 103 104	- HM - HM - HM - HM	\$30 \$30 \$30 \$30	530	<b>{595</b>		Cascade new processing for feet to TRP Plant
101 102 103 104 105 106	154 154 154 154 154 154	530 530 530 530 530 530	530 530 519			Cascade new processing for feet to TRP Plant
101 102 103 104 105	HM HM HM HM HM HM HM HM HM HM HM HM HM H	530 530 530 530 530 530 530	530 530 530 519	(-16) 445		Cascade new processing for feed to TRP Flant  Overflow line to 108 C plusted /12-18-52
101 102 103 104 105 106	MM MM MM MM MM MM MM MM MM MM MM MM MM	\$30 \$30 \$30 \$30 \$30 \$30 \$30 \$30 \$30 \$30	530 530 530 519	(-16)		Cascade new processing for feed to TRP Plant  Overflow line to 108 C plusted /12-18-52
101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109	MM MM MM MM MM MM 1G_TBP 1G_TBP 1G_TBP	530 530 530 530 530 530 530 530	530 530 530 519 399-148 34-51 10-486	(-16) 445 23	TEP	Overflow line to 108 C plusted  /12-18-52 Tamps supernate tank for C-fare
C Farm  101 102 103 104 105 106 107	MM MM MM MM MM MM 1G_TBP 1G_TBP 1G_TBP	530 530 530 530 530 530 530 530 530	530 530 530 519 399-148 34-51 10-486	(-16) 445 23	TEP AUDITOR'S TOP	Overflow line to 108 C plusted  /12-18-52 Tamps supernate tank for C-fare
C Farm  101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109	MM MM MM MM MM MM MM MM MM MM MM MM MM	530 530 530 530 530 530 530 530 530 530	530 530 530 519 399-1/8 3/-51 10-/86 231-259 36-103	(-16) - 46 - 23 - 40 - 391	TBP	Overflow line to 108 C plusted /12-18-52 Tamps supernate tank for C-fam
101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109	MM MM MM MM MM MM 1G_TBP 1G_TBP 1G_TBP	530 530 530 530 530 530 530 530 530	530 530 530 519 399-148 34-51 10-486	(-16) 445 23	TEP AUDITOR'S TOP	Overflow line to 108 C plusted /12-18-52 Tamps supernate tank for C-fam
C Farm  101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112	MW MW MW MW MW MW MW MW MW MW MW MW MW M	530 530 530 530 530 530 530 530 530 530	530 530 530 519 399-1/8 3/-51 10-/86 231-259 36-103	(-16) - 46 - 23 - 40 - 391	TBP	Overflow line to 108 C plusted  /12-18-52 Tamps supernate tank for C-fare
C Farm  101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112	MW MW MW MW MW MW MW MW MW MW MW MW MW M	530 530 530 530 530 530 530 530 530 530	530 530 530 519 399-1/8 3/-51 10-/86 231-259 36-103 17-0 52-5	(-16) 445 -23 40 -391 -502	TBP	Overflow line to 108 C plusted  /12-18-52 Tamps supernate tank for C-fare
C Farm  101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112	MW MW MW MW MW MW MW MW MW MW MW MW MW M	530 530 530 530 530 530 530 530 530 530	530 530 530 519 399-1/8 3/-51 10-/86 231-259 36-103	(-16) 445 21 40 391 502	TBP	Overflow line to 108 C plusted /12-18-52 Temp. superpate tank for C-favo

NW - Netal Waste, 1C - First Cycle Waste 2C - Second Cycle Waste R - Redex Waste

22h - 22h Eldg. Wante TBP - TBP Waste EB - Evaporator Pottons



H-2902.08-X 4-52

STATUS OF WASTE FARMS

				•			-cl/h
• .		# ТурФ	Oallons	x 10 <sup>3</sup>	KP-D-10	Carmoity	DECLAR Remarks
		of Waste	Capacity	10	milions 10	In Datches	•
EX Farm			•		•		
101		167	530	530			
101		<del>周</del>	530	467	63	23	'5.
101		Hea	530	130 467 530			
10k 105		161	530	530 530 530			5
105	_	)E	530 4	530			44
106	-	HM	530	530		-	To the state of th
107		1C-TBP	530	437-0	503	TRP	Pinished pumping 12-18-52; down to
108	_	1C_TBP	530	210	509	TRP	sludge. Minished pumping to 11.00
209	_	IC-TBP	530	530			heal, 1-1-52, 23,000 gallens effic
				1			1st cycle supermate was lest to
110		10	530	530 525		<b></b>	open ground from 108 EK pumping
		16	530	242		-	operation on 12-16-52
115	-	19	530	230			4.5
Prara	•				• •		
- 802		H	758	758			* **
102		MM	750 758	758 664			
101		14/	758	664	83	31	
104		Her	758	758	•		
105		144	758 758	191	267	99	170
106	_	HM	758		747	277.0	18
	-						
107		1C-TBP	漫	753	757	TRP	Pumped to liquid beel - 12-6-52
108		10	133	753	248	- A	PDB
109	-	TEP	150	-	758	Supermet	TBP supernate tank - 200-E Area
110		16		732	37	B	13
111		134	758 758	758			Receives high TBP vastes for temp-
112		M	758	362	385	143	crary storage.
2 Parm		•	1				(Received 11,000 gallens in Dec.)
101		194	530	530	1	1	
102		141	530 500	530			48
101		154	530	519			- N
104		10		530	•		l vr. daciv camilate 3-31-53
105		10		530	-		Evaporation to start after 4-1-500
106		10		529			
107		IC TRP		2/5-285			
108		IC-TEP		73-157			Tank filled 12-11-52 30
109		1C-TBP	530	4-458	57	TBP	Tank new filling with TBP waste.

MW - Metal Waste

22h - 22h Eldg. Waste S

TEP - TEP Waste

EB - Evaporator Bottoms

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<sup>1</sup>C - First Cycle Wast8 2C - Second Cycle Wast8 R - Redox Waste

130 11			<b>.</b>			
The state of the s		_				DECLASSIFIED HW. 27
DEAT BURE	DIF O	<b></b>			Married No.	CIFIED " " Z
BEST AVAILA	ible lil	IPY		STATUS OF	V/K3 **	01 05011
• • •			•			UECTU
	1					
• .	Type e	(21700	x 103	Beatles		Remarks &
•	Maste	Capacity	Stored	x 103	In Batches	
7:Farm	1		300344	X 100	DEFCUSS	
111 56	22/A2C	530	530			Active cascade - T Pla:
111 56	224820	530 569	530 569			110.00
	124	207	209			112-T Cancades to the
503	224	\$4.5 \$4.5	34.5			112-T Cancades to
503	22/	Shis	54.5			
201	224	34.5	56.5			
- CVII	221	1.5	54.5			
IP Pary	1		•			
	1	1				• • •
107	IM.	530	(			Cacada new serving as food to TH
105	144	1530 <b>•</b>	1797	782		Plant
10)	164	530	1	1-7-	•	
. 10b	M9	530	~~		•	
105	MH	530	296 530	234		Superpate from 10/-U pumped to
106	MM	530	519	•		Cascade 101-1030
107	H	530	530	-		
09	HW W	530	530			
			319			
110	10	530 530	336	194	75**	Casoade being held as Redex waste
-111	10	530	14	516	198	reserve.
115	10	530	36	198	192	
201	TBP	O. K			****	• 9
305	TSP	54.5	-	54.5	TBP	
203	TEP	51.5			TRP	
20/4	TUP	\$2.5		954.5	TBP	
TI Park	1			1	•	• •
101 •	761	758	758			1
:02	144	158	758 758	-		
103	MON	758 155 158 158	758			The second secon
104	MM	758	750	-		
705			• -//	•		
105	1540	758 758	766	466	173	
107	Ma	1/58	766	400	14	Active cascade 221-T Metal Waste
108	MV	758 758	751		-	
A 400						
109	10	758	758			Active cascade 221-T - 1st Cycle

ووا

Tank to be held for Recaplex

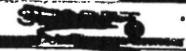
This of the re

<sup>10 -</sup> First Oyole Waste 20 - Second Cyule R - Redex Maste H-2902,10-X 4-52

<sup>753 2</sup> - 22h Eldg. - 727 Waste

<sup>•</sup> Evaporator Bettons See bettam of page H-2902.





STATUS OF WASTE PARKS

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		4	-	-			Ura.
	•	Туре	Callons	- 103	7		A 9 9 9 9
	•	0.5	- CALLOGS	A 40°	Reserve		Remarks
		Mate	C-D14	04	Oallong	In	
	. II Farm (cont		Cape Lty	Stored	x 103	Batches	
	· Larin (coule.	-/-				1	
	113	EB		710	• 10	<b>P</b> D	
	114	W	758	748 666	·10	30 ·	
9	115 •	TBP	殘。	759	. 97	30	T.
			170	127	-		TBP supernate tank, 200-4 Area
	i16 ·	EB	758	• 92	111	P.70	4.14
	117	EB	758		666	EB	Active betters tank, 200-W ar
- 3	110 .	10	758 758	756 • 718	10-	14	
		-	134	140	40	14	Svap. food tank, 200-W lres
	57 Para						• 1
	•		•	•	•	•	• 13
	101	R	758		7589	207 ##	•
9	101 •	R	758 • 758	•	747	291 287	
		0	1	0	14	-601	
	103	TBP	758	1	758	TRP	* •
	104	TRP	758 758	-	747	TRE	
	. •	9	0		16/		149
	105 0	TBP .	758 8		758	TBP -	<b>&gt;</b>
- 3	106	TBP o	758		747	THP	
•		•	1				
	5 Farm	1				1	
		1		1	1	• • •	• •
	• 101	R	750 750 a 750		758	290	•
	102	R	750 0	•	758	291	
	103	R	750		747	287 ●	1.5
					0 *		•
-	106	R	758	•	758	291	••
	105	R	750		758	291	•
	106	R	750		0 747	287	
•				•			
	107	R	750	763_	1		• • •
	108	R	750 •	760		-0	Filled 12-24-52; cascaded to
	109	R	758	103	644	218	109-S. Active tent Redex
	•	_					Wastes +
	110	R	750 750	774	•	l	
	-111	R	750	755			
42	112	R	753	442	305	117	

MW - Hetal Waste 1C - First Cycle Wasts, 2C - Second Cycle Wasts R - Redex Waste

ਟੋਪੇ e ਟੋਟੀ Bldg. West TEP - TEP Weste

EB \* Svaporetor Bottons
Based on Plant performance of 2,600 gallons per
batch = (average = Oct, Nov., 1952)

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## APPENDIX B

# WHC-MR-0132, A HISTORY OF THE 200 AREA TANK FARMS TANKS 241-B-201 THROUGH 241-B-204

AND

TANKS 241-T-201 THROUGH 241-T-204

201-B-1

WHC-MR-0132

Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total . Vol.	Liquid In Storage	Solids In Storage		Remar	ks	
1-1944 2 3 4								
1-1945 2 3 4					•			
1-1946 — 2 ·3 — 4			٠					
1-1947 2 3 4								
1-1948 2 3 4				•			•	
1-1949 2 3 4			. •					
1-1950 2 3 4		٠						
1-1951 2 3 4	,			·				
1-1952 2 3- 4	224 224 -224 224-MW	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5			Active Active	cascade cascade cascade cascade	to crib	

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Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total	Liquid In Storage	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1953 2 3 4	224-MW 224-MW 224-MW 224	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5	Receives B plant flushes
1-1954 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0 0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1955 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	:
1-1956 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1957 2 3 4	224 · 224 224 224 224	53 53 53 53 53	0 0 24.5 24.5	54.5 54.5 28.5 28.5	Latest electrode reading
1-1958 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	53 53 53 51	24.5 24.5 29.5 22.5	28.5 28.5 23.5 28.5	Latest electrode reading
1-1959 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	51 51 51 52	22.5 22.5 22.5 0	28.5 28.5 28.5 54.5	New electrode
1-1960 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	52 52 52 52 52	0 0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1961 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	50 50 50	0 0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	

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WHC-MR-0132

Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid In Storage	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1962 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	50 50 51	0 0	54.5 54.5 -50.	•
1-1963 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	51 51 53	1 -3	50 50 50 50	Latest electrode reading
1-1964 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	. 53 . 53 . 53 . 53	3 3 3 3	50 50 50 50	
1-1965 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	56 56 56	6 6 6	50 50 50 50	·
1-1966 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	56 56 56 56	6 6 6	50 50 50 50	
1-1967 · 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	56 56 56	6 6 6	50 50 50 50	
1-1968 2 . 3 4	224 224 224 224	55 55 55 55	5 5 5 5 5	50 50 50 50	
1-1969 2 3	224 224 224 224	55 55 55 55	5 5 5 5	50 50 50 50	
1-1970 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	<b>55</b> 55 55 54	25 25 25 25 24	30 30 30 30	·

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WHC-MR-0132

Waste Status Summary of 201-8 Tank-Capacity 55,000 Gallons

Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid In Storage	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1971 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	54 33 33 33	24 3 3 3	30 30 30 30	22 to 106-B
1-1972 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	33 33 33 · 33	7 7 7 7	26 26 26 26	·
1-1973 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	33 33 33 33	7 7 7 7	26 26 26 26	Suspect leaker Suspect leaker Suspect leaker Suspect leaker
1-1974 2 3 4	224 224 224 	32 31 29 29	6 5 3 0	26 26 . 26 29	Suspect leaker, 1 to 109-B Suspect leaker, 2 to 109-B Suspect leaker, 4 to 109-B Suspect leaker, 4 water, 6 to 109-B
1-1975 2 3 4		29 . 29 29 29	0 0 0	29 29 29 29	Suspect leaker, 2 to 102-B. Removed from service, 1 to 109-B
1-1976 2 3 4		29 29 29 29	0 0 0	29 29 29 29	Salt Well Comp.
1-1977 2 3 4		29 29 29 29	0 0 0 0	29 · 29 29 29	Questionable Integrity Inactive-Stabilized Inactive Current-Stabilized Phase I

201-8-5

Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total	Liquid in Storage	Solids in Storage	Remarks
•					,
1-1978	•	. 29	0	29	<pre>Inactive - Primary Stabilized</pre>
2-	•	29 ·	۵	29	
3-	-	29	ň	29	P-10 Pmp. Removed
4-	•	29	ŏ	29	, sto this name to
1-1979	_	28	1 .	27	New Solids Level 1/29/79
2	•	28	1	27	Questionable Integrity
3-	•	28 .	i	27	400000000000000000000000000000000000000
4-	•	28	1 .	. 27	•
1-1980	-	28	1	27	New Photo 2/4/80
2-	•	28	ì	27	
3	_ '	29	i	28	•
4-	-	29	i	28	

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Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid In .Storage	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1944 2 3 4		•	- <b>-</b>	•	
1-1945 2 3 4				٠	· .
1-1946 2 3 4		· .			
1-1947 2 3 4	٠			J	
1-1948 2 3 4					
1-1949 2 3 4					•
1-1950 2 3 4			•		
· 1-1951 2 . 3			٠		
1-1952 2 3 4	224 224 224 224-MW	54.5 54.5 54-5 54.5			Active cascade to crib Active cascade to crib Active cascade to crib Active cascade to crib

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. WHC-MR-0132

Qtr Year	Type _Waste	Total	Liquid In Storage	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1953 2 3 4	224-MW 224-MW 224-MW 224	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	29.5 29.5	54.5 25.0 25.0	Receives B plant flushes
1-1954 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	29.5 29.5 29.5 29.5	25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0	Cascades to crib Rec'd 5-6 water. Cascades to crib
1-1955 2 3	224 224 224	54.5 54.5 54.5	29.5 29.5 29.5	25.0 25.0 25.0	Cascades to crib Rec'd 224-B flush water. Cascades to crib
1-1956 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224 224	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	29.5 29.5 29.5 29.5 29.5	25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0	
1-1957 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	56 56 56 56	31 31 31 31	25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0	Latest electrode reading
1-1958 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	56 56 56 54	31 31 31 29	25 25 25 25	Latest electrode reading
1-1959 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	54 54 54 54	29 29 29 29	25 25 25 25	New electrode
1-1960 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	54 54 51 51	29 29 26 26	25 25 25 25	
1-1961 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	51 51 51 51	26 26 26 26	25 25 25 25	

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Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid In Storage	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1962 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	54.5	29.5	· 25 25 25 25	7.5 from 221-8 .
1-1963 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	55 55 54	30 30 	25 25 25 25	Latest electrode reading
1-1964	224	54	29	25	
2	224	54	29	25	
3	224	54	29	25	
4	224	54	29	25	
1-1965 2 3 4	224 224 224	58 56 56	33 31 31	25 25 25 25	• •
1-1966 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	56 56 56 56	31 31 31 31	25 . 25 25 25	
1-1967	224	56	31	25	
2	224	56	31	25	
3	224	56	31	25	
4	224	56	31	25	
1-1968	224	56	31	25	
2	224	56	31	25	
3	224	56	31	25	
4	224	55	31		
1-1969	224	56	31	25	
2	224	56	31	25	
3	224	56	31	25	
4	224	56	31	25	
1-1970	224	56	27	29	•
2	224	56	27	29	
3	224	56	27	29	
4	224	56	27	29	

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WHC-MR-0132

Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid In Storage	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1971 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	56 56 56 56	27 27 27 27 27	29 29 29 29	
1-1972 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	56 56 56 56	29 29 29 29	27 27 27 27 27	
1-1973 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	56 56 56 56	29 29 29 29	27 27 27 27 27	
1-1974 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	53 53 53 53	26 26 26 26	27 27 27 27 27	3 to 109-B
1-1975 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	53 53 53 53	26 26 26 26	27 27 27 27 27	
1-1976 2 3 4	224 224 	53 53 53 53	26 26 26 26	27 27 27 27 27	Restricted
1-1977 2 3 4		53 30 27 27	26 3 0	27 27 27 27	Restricted Inactive Current

202-8-5

WHC-MR-0132

Waste Status Summary of 202-	3 Tank-Capacity	530,000	Gallons
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Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid in <u>Storage</u>	Solids in Storage	Remarks
1-1978 2- 3- 4-	· -	27 27 27 27	0 0 0 0	27 27 27 27	Inactive
1-1979 2- 3- 4-	- - -	27 27 27 27 27	0 0 0	27 27 27 27	
1-1980 2- 3- 4-	-	27 27 28 ·28	0 0 0	27 27 28 28	New Photo 2/4/80

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Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total . Vol.	Liquid In Storage	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1944 2 3 4				•	
1-1945 2 3 4			•		
1-1946 2 3 4					
1-1947 2 3 4	·	. •			
1-1948 2 3 4		:		·	
1-1949 2 3 4					
1-1950 2 3 4		•			
1-1951 2 3 4	. ·			•	
1-1952 2 3 4	224 224 224 224-MW	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5		•••	Active cascade to crib Active cascade to crib Active cascade to crib Active cascade to crib

203-8-2

WHC-MR-0132

Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid ' In Storage	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1953 2 3 4	224-MW 224-MW 224-MW 224	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0	54.5 54.5 54.5	Receives B plant flushes
1-1954 · 2 · 3 · 4	224 22 <b>4</b> 224 224	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0 . 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1~1955 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	•
1-1956 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1957 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	56 56 56 56	1.5 1.5 1.5	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	Latest electrode reading
1-1958 <sub>.</sub> 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	56 56 56 55	1.5 1.5 1.5 0.5	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	Latest electrode reading
1-1959 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	55 55 55 55	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1960 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	55 55 55 55	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1961 2 3 4 .	224 224 224 224 224	54 54 54	0 0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	

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Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid In Storage	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1962 2 3.	224 224 224 224	56 56 56	1.5	54.5 54.5 54	
1-1963 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	56 56 56 56	2 2	54 54 54 54	Latest electrode reading
1-1964 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	· 55 55 55	1 1	54 54 54 54	'New electrode
1-1965 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	58 56 56	4 2 2	54 54 · 54 54	
1-1966	224	56	2	54	
2	224	56	2	54	
3	224	56	2	54	
4	224	56	2	54	
1-1967	224	56 ·	2	54	
2	224	56	2	54	
3	224	56	2	54	
4	224	56	2	54	
1-1968	224	56	2	54	
2	224	56	2	· 54	
3	224	56	2	· 54	
4	224	56	2	54	
1-1969	224	56	2	54	
2	224	56	2	54	
3	224	56	2	54	
4	224	56	2	54	
1-1970	224	56	7	49	
2	224	56	7	49	
3	224	56	7	49	
4	224	56	7	49	

203-B-4

WHC-MR-0132

Waste Status Summary of 203-B Tank-Capacity 55,000 Gallons

Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid In Storage	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1971 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	56 56 56 56	7 7 .7 7	49 - 49 49 49	· · ·
1-1972 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	56 56 56 55	12 12 12 12	44 44 44	
1-1973 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	56 . 56 56 56	12 12 12 12	44 44 .44 .44	•
1-1974 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	50 50 50 50	6 6 6 6	44 44 44 - 44	6 to 109-8
1-1975 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	50 50 50 50	6 6 6	44 44 44 44	•
1-1976 2 3 4	224 ··· 224 	50 50 50 50	6 6 5 5	44 44 45 45	Restricted
1-1977 2 3 4	•••	50 50 50 50	5 5 3 3	45 45 47 47	Restricted Inactive Current-Solid Level Adj.

203-B-5

WHC-MR-0132

Waste Status Summary of 203-B Tank-Capacity 530,000 Gallons

Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid in Storage	Solids in <u>Storage</u>	Remarks
1-1978 2- 3- 4-	NCPLX NCPLX NCPLX	50 50 50 50	3.	47 47 47 47	<pre>「Inactive</pre>
1-1979	NCPLX	50	3	47	New Photo's 3/1/79
2-	NCPLX	50	3	47	
3-	NCPLX	50	3	47	
4-	NCPLX	50	3	47	
1-1980	NCPLX	50	3	47	New Photo 2/6/80
2-	NCPLX	50	3	47	
3-	NCPLX	50	2	48	
4-	NCPLX	- 50	2	48	

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Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total	Liquid In Storage	Solids In Storage	Remark	s
1-1944 2 3 4	; ·				•	
1-1945 2 3 4						
1-1946 2 3 4			٠			·.
1-1947 2 3 4			·			
1-1948 2 3 4			•		,	
1-1949 2 3 4						
1-1950 2 3 4	,				•	•
1-1951 2 3 4						
1-1952 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224-MW	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	•••	, ,	Active cascade Active cascade Active cascade Active cascade	to crib to crib

204-R-2

WHC-MR-0132

Waste Status Summary of 204-B Tank-Capacity 55,000 Gallons

Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid 'In Storage	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1953 2 . 3 4	224-MW 224-MW 224-MW 224	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0	54.5 54.5 54.5	Active cascade to crib
1-1954 2 · 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	•
1+1955 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	•
1-1956 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1957 2 3 4	· 224 224 224 224 224	56 56 56 56	1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	Latest electrode reading
1-1958 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	56 56 56 55	1.5 1.5 1.5 0.5	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	Latest electrode readings
1-1959 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	56 56 56 54	1.5 1.5 1.5	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	Latest electrode reading New electrode Latest electrode reading
1-1960 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	54 54 54 . 54	0 0 0	54 54 54 54	New electrode installed
1-1961 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	54 54 54 54	0	54 54 54 54	

Waste Status Summary of 204-B Tank-Capacity 55,000 Gallons

Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid In Storage	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1962 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	56 56 56	1.5	54.5 54.5 54 54	
1-1963 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	56 56 56 56	2 2 2 2 2	54 54 54 54	Latest electrode reading
1-1964 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	55 55 55	1	54 54 54 . 54	New electrode
1-1965 2 3 4	224 224 224	58 56 56	4 2 .	54 54 54 54	
1-1966 2 3 4	· 224 224 224 224 224	56 56 56 56	2 2 2 2 2	54 54 54 54	
1-1967 2 3	224 224 224 224	56 56 56 56	2 2 2 2	54 54 54 54	
1-1968 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	56 56. 56 56	2 2 2 2	· 54 54 54 54	
1-1969 2 3 4	224 224 224	56 56 56 56	2 2 2 2	54 54 54 54	
1-1970 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	· 56 · 56 · 56 · 56	8 8 8 8	48 48 48 48	

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WHC-MR-0132

Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid · In Storage	Solids In <u>Storage</u>	Remarks
1-1971	224	56	8	48	•
2 3	224	56	8	48 '	
3	224	56 .	8	48	
4	224	56	8 .	48	
1-1972	224	56	10 .	46	•
	224	56	10	46	
2 3 4	224	56	10	46	•
4	224	5 <b>6</b>	10	46 .	•
1-1973	224	56	10	46	
	224	56	10	. 46	•
2 3 4	224	56	10	46	•
4	224	56	10	46	·
1-1974	224	49	•	4.5	
			3 3 3 3	46	6 to 109-B
2 3 4	224	49	3	45	• •
3	224	49 49	3	46 46	
4	224	. 49	3	40 .	•
1-1975	224	49	<sup>*</sup> 3	46	•
2	224	. 49	3 3 3 3	45	
3	224	49	3	46	
4	224	49	3	46	
1-1976	224	49	3	46	Removed from Service
2	224	49	3 3 3 3	45	,
2 3		49	3	46	Restricted
4		49	3	46	u
1-1977		49	3	<sup>.</sup> 45	Restricted .
2		49	<b>3</b>	46	
3		49	3	46	Inactive Current
<b>4</b> ·		49	3	46	II II
•			- ,		

204-0-5

HC-MR-0132

Waste Status	Summary of 204-B	Tank-Capacity	530,000	Gallons
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Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid in <u>Storace</u>	Solids in Storage	Remarks
1-1978 2- 3- 4-	NCPLX NCPLX NCPLX	49 49 49 49	3 3 3 3	46 46 46 46	Inactive
1-1979 2- 3- 4-	NCPLX NCPLX NCPLX NCPLX	49 49 49 49	3 3 3 3	. 46 46 46 46	New Photo 10/16/79
1-1980 2- 3- 4-	NCPLX NCPLX NCPLX NCPLX	. 49 . 49 50 50	3 3 3	46 46 47 47	

201-T-1

WHC-MR-0132

Waste Status Summary of 201-T Tank-Capacity 55,000 Gallons .

Qtr Year	Type <u>Waste</u>	Total Vol.	Liquid In <u>Storage</u>	Solids In <u>Storage</u>	Remarks
1-1952 2	224	54.5	•••		These 4 tanks out of service
3 4	224 224	54.5 54.5	•••	•••	5/29/52.
1-1953 2 3 4	•••	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	? 0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1954 2 3 • 4		54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1955 2 3 4		54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1956 2 3 4		54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0 . 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1957 2 3 4	•••	54.5 54.5 54 54	0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5	Estimated reading. New electrode reading.
1-1958 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	54 54 54 54	.5 .5 .5	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1959 2 . 3 4	224 224 224 224	54 54 54 54	.5 .5 .5	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	

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Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol	Liquid In Storage	Solids In Storage	: Remarks
1-1960 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	54 54 54 54	.5 5 .5 .5	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1961 2 3 4	224	54 . 54	.5	54.5 54.5	6 Month Report  6 Month Report
1-1962 2 3 4	224	53 52	 2	53 50	6 Month Report  Latest electrode readings.
1-1963 2 3	224	54	4	50	6 Month Report New electrode reading. 6 Month Report
1-1964 2 3	224	54  54 	4	50 50	6 Month Report
1-1965 2 3	224  224 224	54  53 . 53	4  20 20	50 .  33 33	6 Month Report
4 1-1966 2 3	224 224 224 224	53 . 53 53 53	20 20 20 20	33 33 33 33	
4 1-1967 2 3	224 224 224 224	53 53 53 53	20 20 20 20	33 33 33 33 .	
4 1-1968 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	53 48 48 48 49	20 15 15 15 15	33 33 33 33 33	

201-T-3

WHC-MR-0132

## Waste Status Summary of 201-T Tank-Capacity 55,000 Gallons

Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid • In <u>Storage</u>	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1969	224	53	20	33	·
2	224	54	21	33	
3	224	54	21	33	
4	224	54	21	33	
1-1970	224	54	21	33	·
2	224	54	21	33	
3	· 224	54	21	33	
4	224	54	23	31	
1-1971 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	54 54 54 54	23 23 23 23	31 31 31 31	
1-1972	224	54	23	31	
2	224	54	23	31	
3	224	54	23	31	
4	224	54	23	31	
1-1973	224	54	23	31	
2	224	54	23	31	
3	224	54	23	31	
4	224	54	23	31	
1-1974	224	54	23	31	
2	224	54	23	31	
3	224	54	23	31	
4	224	54	23	31	
1-1975	224	54	23	31	
2	224	54	23	31	
3	224	54	23	31	
4	224	54	23	31	
1-1976 2 3 4	224 224 Evap.	34 33 31 31	3 2 0 · 0	31 31 31 31	Removed from service 21 to 101-7. " " 1 to 101-T. Inactive salt well pumping.
1-1977 2 3 4	•••	31 31 31 31	. 0	31 31 31 31	Salt Well, Pump Salt Well, Pump Inactive Current """ Salt Well installed

## RPP-13300 Rev. 1

201\_T\_4

Waste Status Summary of 201-T Tank-Capacity 55,000

WHC-MR-0132

Gallons

Qtr Year	Type <u>Waste</u>	Total Vol.	Liquid in Storage	Solids in Storage	Remarks
1-1978	•	28	0 .	28 .	Photo taken 2-27-78
2	•	27	0	27	Prim. Stabilized New Solids Level
4-	•	27	0	27	Adj. 5-31-78
1-1979 2- 3- 4-	- - -	27 27 27 27	0 0 0	27 27 27 27	
1-1980 2- 3- 4-	-	27 27 28 28	0 0 0	27 27 28 28	New Photo 3-10-80

202-T-1

WHC-MR-0132

# Waste Status Summary of 202-T Tank-Capacity 55,000 Gallons

•			Liquid	Solids	
Qtr.+	Type	Total	In	In	_
Year	<u> Waste</u>	Vol.	<u>Storage</u>	<u>Storage</u>	Remarks
1-1952	•••				•
	224	54.5			•
7	224	54.5			•
2 3 4	224	54.5			
•	***	5415			
1-1953		54.5		54.5	
2	***	54.5	0	54.5	
2 3 4		54.5	0	54.5	•
4		<b>54.5</b>	0	54.5	_
1 1054			•	-4 -	
1-1954		54.5	0 .	54.5	
2		54.5 54.5	<b>.</b>	54.5 54.5	•
4		54.5	0	54.5 54.5	
7		34.3	U	34.3	
1-1955		54.5	0	54.5	
		54.5	Ö	54.5	•
2 3 4		54.5	. 0	54.5	
4		54.5	G	54.5	
1 1056			•		
1-1956		54.5 · 54.5	0 0	54.5	
<u>د</u> ۲		54.5	0 -	54.5 54.5	•
2 3 4		54.5	0 -	54.5	
•		34.3		34.3	
1-1957		54.5	0	54.5	Estimated reading.
2	•••	54.5	0	54.5	New electrode reading.
2 3 4	224	55	.5	54.5	Latest electrode reading.
4	224	·55	. 5	54.5	
1-1958	224	55	E	54.5	
	224	55 55	.5	54.5	
1	224	55	.5	54.5	
2 3 4	224	55	.5 .5 .5	54.5	•
₹	- · ·			<b>377.</b>	·
1-1959	224	56	1.5	54.5	
2	224	55	.5	54.5	
3	224	55	.5 .5 .5	54.5	
4	224	55	.5	54.5	

202-T-2 WHC-MR-0 Waste Status Summary of 202-T Tank-Capacity 55,000 Gallons.

Qtr Year	Type· Waste	Total	Liquid In Storage	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1960 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	55 55 55 55	.5 .5 .5	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1961 2 3 4	224 224	55 55	.5	54.5 54.5	6 Month Report
1-1962 2 3	224 224 224	54 53	3	54	H H H.  Latest electrode readings.
1-1963 2 . 3 4	224 224 224	53 53	3	50 50	New electrode reading. 6 Month Report
1-1964 2 3 4	224 224	53 53	3	50 ·	10 EI N 40 - 10 M M 19
1-1965 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	52 52 52 52	22 22 22 22	30 30 30	66 69 88 18
1-1966 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	52 52 52 52	22 22 22 22 22	30 30 30 30	
1-1967 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	52 52 52 52 52	22 22 22 22 22	30 30 30 30	
1-1968 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	31 51 51 51	21 21 21 21	30 30 30 30	•

202-T-3

· WHC-MR-0132

Waste Status Summary of 202-T Tank-Capacity 55,000 Gallons

Qtr <u>Year</u>	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid In Storage	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1969 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	51 51 51 51	21 21 21 21	30 30 30 30	
1-1970 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	51 51 51 51	21 21 21 21	30 30 30 30	
1-1971 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	51 51 51 51	21 21 21 21	30 30 . 30 30	•
1-1972 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	51 51 51 51	21 21 21 21	30 30 30 30	•
1-1973 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	51 51 51 51	21 21 21 21	30 30 30 30	
1-1974 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	51 51 51 51	21 21 . 21 21	30 30 30 30	
1-1975 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	51 51 51 51	21 21 21 21	30 30 30 30	
1-1976 2 3 4	•••	25 25 25 25	0 0 0	25 · 25 25 25	Removed from service 27 to 101-T " 1 to 101-T. Inactive salt well pumping.
1-1977 2. 3 · 4		25 25 25 25	0 0 0	25 25 25 25 25	Salt Well, Pump Inactive, current " " Salt Well Installed

# RPP-13300 Rev. 1

202-T-4

Waste Status Summary of 202-T Tank-Capacity 50,000

WHC-MR-0132

Gallons

Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid in Storage	Solids in Storage	Remarks
1-1978 2- 3-	-	20 20 20	0 0 .	20 20 20	Prim. Stabl., Photo taken 2-27-78 Solids Level taken 1-31-
4- 1-1979 2- 3- 4-	· :	20 20 20 20	0 0 0	20 20 20 20	
1-1980 2- 3- 4-	:	20 · 20 20 21 21	0	20 20 20 21 21	New Photo 10-12-79

203-T-1

WHC-MR-0132

Wasta Status Summary of 203-T Tank-Capacity 55,000 Gallons

Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total. Vol.	Liquid In Storage	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1952 2 3 4	224 224 224 .	54.5 54.5 54.5	•••		
1-1953 2 3 4	•••	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	•
1-1954 2 3 4	•••	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0 0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1955 2 3 4		54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1956 2 3 4	'	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 · 0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1957 2 3 4	224 224	54.5 54.5 55	0 0 .5 .5	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	Estimated reading. New electrode reading. Latest electrode reading.
1-1958 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	55 55 55 55	.5 .5 0 .5	54.5 54.5 55 54.5	· ·
1-1959 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	55 55 55 55	.5 .5 .5	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	

203-T-2

WHC-MR-0132

Waste Status Summary of 203-T Tank-Capacity 55,000 Gallons

Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid In Storage	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1960 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	55 55 55 55 ·	.5 .5 .5	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1961 2 3 4	224	55 55	.5	54.5 54.5	6 Month Report
1-1962 2 3 4	224	54	3	54 50	" " " " Latest electrode reading.
1-1963 2 3 4	224	53 53 .	3	50	New electrode reading. 6 Month Report
1-1964 2 3 4	224 224 224 .	53	3	50	H 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
1-1965 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	52 52 52 52	17 17 17	35 35 35 35	64 40 60 DS
1-1966 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 .	52 52 52 52	17 17 17 17	35 35 35 35	
1-1967 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	52 52 52 51	17 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	35 35 35 35	
1-1968 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	47 51 51 51	12 16 16 16	35 35 35 35	

203-T-3

WHC-MR-0132

# Waste Status Summary of 203-T Tank-Capacity 55,000 Gallons

Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid In Storage	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1969 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	51 51 51 51	16 16 16 16	35 35 35 35	
1-1970	224	51	16	35	•
2	224	51	16	35	
3	224	51	16	35	
4	224	51	16	35	
1-1971	224	51	16	35	
2	224	51	16	35	
3	224	51	16	35	
4	224	51	16	35	
1-1972 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	51 51 51 51	16 16 16 16	35 35 35 35	
1-1973	224	51	16	35	
2	224	51	16	35	
3	224	51	16	35	
4	224	51	16	35	
1-1974 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	51 51 51 51	16 16 16 16	35 35 35 35	
1-1975 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	51 51 51 51	17 17 17 17	35 35 35 35	
1-1976	224	50	15	35	Removed from service 1 to 101-T.  " 1 to 101-T.  Inactive salt well pumping.
2	224	42	7	35	
3	Evap.	41	6	35	
4	Evap.	40	5	35	
1-1977	Evap.	39	4	35	Salt Well, Pumping " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
2	Evap.	38	3	35	
3	Evap.	36	3	35	
4	Evap.	36	1	35	

# RPP-13300 Rev. 1

203-T-4

WHC-MR-0132

Waște Status	Summary of	203-T	Tank-Capacity	55,000
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Gallons

Qtr Year	Type <u>Waste</u>	Total Vol.	Liquid in <u>Storage</u>	Solids in <u>Storage</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
1-1978	•	37	0	37	Salt Well Installed New Solids Level 1-31-78
2-	-	- 36	0	36	7-31-73
3-	<b>.</b>	36	Ō	36	
4-	•	36	ŏ	36	
1-1979	•	36	0	36 ·	Inactive Onimany Stab
2-	•	36	O O	36	Inactive Primary Stab.
3-	-	36	ŏ	36	•
4-	-	36 36 36	ŏ	36	
1-1980	•	36	0	36	Now Dhoto 2 10 00
2-	-	36	Ŏ	36	New Photo 3-18-80
3-	<u>.</u> .	37	ň	37	
4-	-	37	Ŏ	37 37	•
▼-	<del>-</del>	J1	U	3/	

204-T-

WHC-MR-0132

# Waste Status Summary of 204-T Tank-Capacity 55,000 Gallons

Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total	Liquid In <u>Storage</u>	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1952 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	54.5 54.5 54.5		•••	
1-1953 2 3 4	•••	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1954 2 3 4	•••	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1955 2 3 4	•••	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0 0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1956 2 3 4		54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	0 0 0	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1957 2 3 4	224 224	54.5 54.5 56 56	0 0 1.5 1.5	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	Estimated reading. New electrode reading. Latest electrode reading.
1-1958 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	56 56 56 56	1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	54.5 54.5 54.5 54.5	
1-1959 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	56 55 55 55	1.5 .5 .5 .5	545 54.5 54.5 54.5	

### RPP-13300 Rev. 1

204-T-2

WHC-MR-0132

Waste Status Summary of 204-T Tank-Capacity 55,000 Gallons

Qtr Year	Type <u>Waste</u>	Total Vol.	Liquid In <u>Storage</u>	Solids In <u>Storage</u> <u>Remarks</u>
1-1960 2 3	224 224 224	54 · 54 · 54	.5 .5 .5	54.5 54.5 54.5
4	224	54	.5	54.5
1-1961 2 3	224	. 52	2.5	54.5 1 6 Month Report
4	224	52	2.5	54.5   6 Month Report
1 <b>-</b> 1962 2	224	54		54 ] 6 Month Report
3 4	224	52	2	Latest 50 j 6 Month Report electrode reading.
1-1963 2	224	52	2	New 50 ] 6 Month Report electrode reading.
3 4	224	52	2 .	50 j 6 Month Report
1-1964 2 3	224	52	2.	50. ] 6 Month Report (
4	224	52	2	50 1 6 Month Report
1-1965 2 3 4	224 224 224 . 224	52 52 52 52	8 8 8	44 j 6 Month Report 44 44
1-1966 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	52 52 52 52	8 8 8 8	44 44 44 44
1-1967 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	52 ·. 52 52 52 52	8 8 8	44 44 44 44
1-1968 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	52 51 51 51	8 7 7 7	44 44 44 44
1-1969 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	51 51 51 51	7 7 7 7	44 44 44 44

204-T-3 WHC-MR-0132

Waste Status Summary of 204-T Tank-Capacity 55,000 Gallons

Qtr Year	. Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid In Storage	Solids In Storage	Remarks
1-1970 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	51 51 51 51	7 7 7 7	44 44 44	
1-1971 2 3 .	224 224 224 224	51 51 51 51	7 7 7 7	44 44 44	
1-1972 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	51 51 51 51	7 7 7 7	44 44 44	•
1-1973 2 3 4	224 224 224 224	51 50 50 50	7 6 6 6	44 44 44 -	·.
1-1974 2 3 4	224 224 224 224 224	50 50 50 50	6 6 6	44 44 44	
1-1975 2 3 4	224. 224 224 224	50 50 50 50	6 6 6	44 44 44	
1-1976 2 3 4	224	49 44 44 44	5 0 0 0	44 44 44 44	Removed from service 1 to 101-T. Removed from service 5 to 101-T. Inactive salt well or ring.
1-1977 2 3 4		44 44 44	0 0 0	44 44 44	Salt well, pump Inactive current Inactive current

## RPP-13300 Rev. 1

204-T-4

WHC-MR-0132

Was	ste Status	Summary of	204-T Tank	-Capacity 55,000	Gallons
Qtr Year	Type Waste	Total Vol.	Liquid in Storage	Solids in Storage	Remarks
1-1978	•	<b>37</b>	0	37	New Solids Level
2-	-	37	0	37	1-31-78
3-	-	37	0	37	
4-	•	37	0 .	37	
1-1979	•	37	0	37	
2+	-	37	ŏ	37	
3-	<b>-</b> '	37	ŏ	37	
4-	•	37	Ŏ	37	
1-1980	-	37	0	37	New Obecce 1 10 00
2-		37	ŏ	37 37	New Photo 3-18-80
3- ·	_	· 38	· ·		
4-	_	38	•	38 .	
<b>~</b> ~	-	30	0	38	

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# **DISTRIBUTION SHEET** From To Page 1 of 1 M. E. Johnson Distribution Date 08-20-2004 Project Title/Work Order EDT No. 821175 RPP-22404, Origin of Waste in Tank 241-AW-103 ECN No. Attach./ Appendix Only Text EDT/ECN With All Name MSIN Text Only Only Attach. K. D. Boomer H6-19 X B. A. Higley R2-12 X J. G. Kristofzski H6-03 X M. E. Johnson H6-19 Х S. M. MacKay R2-58 X R. Tedeschi H6-19 Х TCSRC R1-10 Н

# **ORIGIN OF WASTE IN TANK 241-AW-103**

M. E. Johnson
CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc.
Richland, WA 99352
U.S. Department of Energy Contract DE-AC27-99RL14047

EDT/ECN: EDT-821175

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Key Words: Hanford, double-shell tank, 241-AW-103, PUREX, N-Reactor decontamination waste, double-shell slurry feed, neutralized cladding removal waste

Abstract: A review of waste transfer documentation was conducted to determine the origin of waste transferred into double-shell tank 241-AW-103. This review was conducted to support decisions concerning disposition of the waste present in this tank.

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10:65

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

A review of waste transfer documentation was conducted to determine the origin of waste transferred into double-shell tank 241-AW-103. This review was conducted to support decisions concerning disposition of the waste present in this tank. Tank 241-AW-103 presently contains 40,000 gallons of saltcake waste, 273,000 gallons of sludge, and 786,000 gallons of supernatant.

Tank 241-AW-103 entered service in 1980 and was first used to store double-shell slurry feed (DSSF) from operation of the 242-A Evaporator, N-Reactor decontamination wastes, and miscellaneous low-activity wastes from the Plutonium-Uranium Extraction (PUREX) Plant. While the majority of these wastes were removed in 1983, the DSSF waste had precipitated leaving a heel of saltcake waste in tank 241-AW-103. The saltcake waste phase contains ~72 ηCi per gram transuranic elements, as well as ~16,490 Ci of <sup>137</sup>Cs and 1,235 Ci <sup>90</sup>Sr.

Tank 241-AW-103 was then used from 1983 through 1988 to receive neutralized cladding removal waste (NCRW) from the PUREX Plant. The NCRW formed a sludge fraction that deposited atop the saltcake waste in tank 241-AW-103. The NCRW supernatant was periodically transferred from tank 241-AW-103 to other double-shell tanks for dispositioning. The NCRW sludge phase contains approximately 445  $\eta$ Ci per gram transuranic elements, as well as 33,200 Ci of <sup>137</sup>Cs and 10,800 Ci of <sup>90</sup>Sr.

In 2001, tank 241-AW-103 received ~2,975,000 liters (~786,000 gallons) of DSSF that had not been concentrated to the sodium aluminate saturation boundary. The "dilute" DSSF is a supernatant stored atop of the NCRW sludge phase. The "dilute" DSSF waste supernatant phase contains ~1.6 ηCi per gram of the transuranic elements, as well as 351,000 Ci of <sup>137</sup>Cs and 366 Ci of <sup>90</sup>Sr.

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#### LIST OF TERMS

A1SItCk
BBI
Best-Basis Inventory
CWZr2
DSSF
double-shell slurry feed
Great year

FY fiscal year HLW high-level waste

PUREX plutonium-uranium extraction
NCRW neutralized cladding removal waste
RHO Rockwell Hanford Operations

RMIS Record Management Information System SACS Surveillance Analysis Computer System

TCSRC Tank Characterization and Safety Resource Center

TRU transuranic

TWINS Tank Waste Information Network System

### Units

Ci curies ſì feet grams g kgal kilogallons kiloliters kL meters m milliliters mL nanocuries ηCi μCi microcuries

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The origin of the waste in tank 241-AW-103 has been reviewed to provide information for determining the disposition of this waste. Section 2.0 discusses the origin of waste transferred into and removed from tank 241-AW-103. Section 3.0 provides a description of the different types of wastes that were generated at the Hanford Site chemical processing plants and transferred to tank 241-AW-103. Section 4.0 summarizes the waste types that were transferred into tank 241-AW-103.

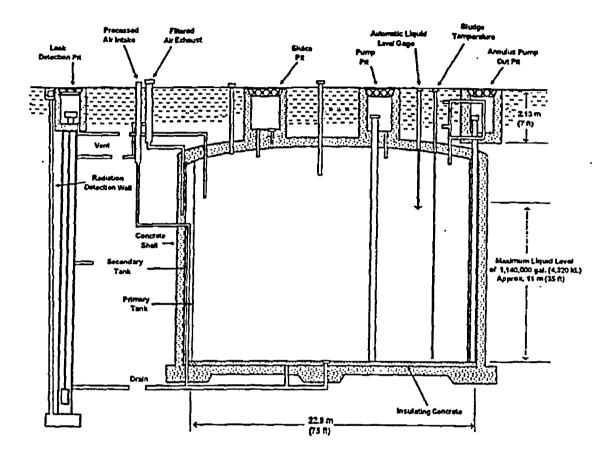
#### 2.0 WASTE TRANSFERS ASSOCIATED WITH TANK 241-AW-103

This section provides a brief description of double-shell tank 241-AW-103 and summarizes waste transfers into and waste removal from this tank. In order to determine the origins of the waste presently stored in tank 241-AW-103, publicly available reports for the Hanford Site and tank farm operating records were reviewed. Information reviewed included the Hanford Site contractors' monthly reports, tank farm waste status summary reports, waste transfer records, miscellaneous letters, and technical reports. The waste transfer records are available only as photocopies from the Tank Characterization and Safety Resource Center (TCSRC) located in 2750-E building.

#### 2.1 DESCRIPTION OF TANK 241-AW-103

Tank 241-AW-103 is a double-shell tank that was constructed from 1976 to 1980. Double-shell tanks are constructed with a primary steel liner and an outer steel liner, both inside a reinforced concrete shell and covered by a concrete reinforced dome. The primary steel liner is separated from the outer steel liner by annulus, which is equipment with leak detection capability. Tank 241-AW-103 is one of the six tanks in the 241-AW Tank Farm, as shown in Figure 2. Tank 241-AW-103 has a maximum storage capacity of 4,390,000 liters (1,160,000 gallons), a diameter of 22.9 m (75.0 ft), and an operating depth of 10.7 m (35.2 ft). Figure 1 provides a plan view of tank 241-AW-103. Tank 241-AW-103 is equipment with fifteen 4-inch diameter risers, four 12-inch diameter risers, and three 24-inch diameter risers.

Figure 1. Tank 241-AW-103 Cross Section



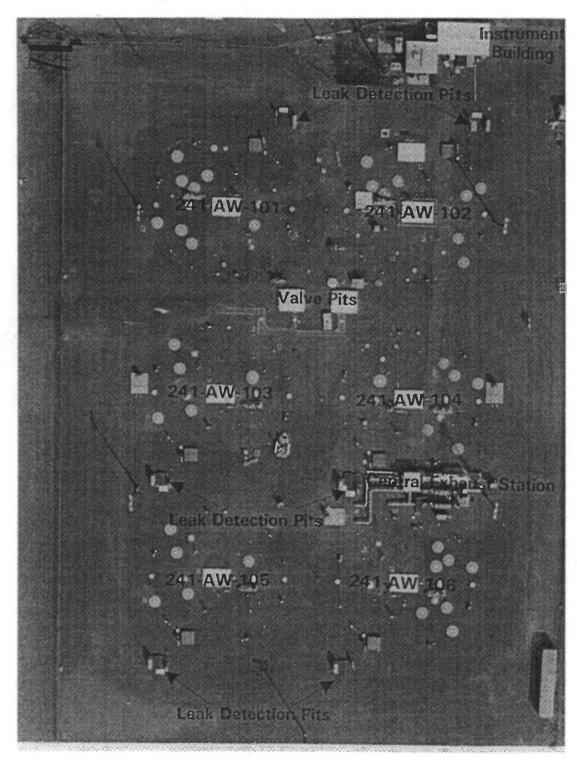


Figure 2. Aerial View of 241-AW Tank Farm

#### 2.2 WASTE TRANSFERS FOR TANK 241-AW-103

This section describes the waste types that were transferred into and removed from tank 241-AW-103 from August 1980 to February 2004. Documentation of the waste transfers associated with tank 241-AW-103 is provided in Appendix A and Appendix B, along with the cited references. Appendix A provides a tabular listing of waste transfers associated with tank 241-AW-103. Appendix B provides a graphical representation of the waste level in tank 241-AW-103 for the period of August 1980 through February 2004. The waste level measurements for tank 241-AW-103 are from the Surveillance Analysis Computer System (SACS).

#### 2.2.1 Double-Shell Slurry Feed Waste Receipt (October 1980 – November 1980)

Tank 241-AW-103 went into service on July 30, 1980. The tank contained approximately 3.7 to 3.8-inches (9,711 to 10,004-gallons) of water following operability testing.

Tank 241-AW-103 first received waste in October 1980, consisting of double-shell slurry feed (DSSF) waste from tanks 241-A-101<sup>1</sup> and 241-AX-101<sup>2</sup> in October 1980 (RHO 1980a and TO-230-042). Two additional transfers of DSSF waste from tank 241-AX-101 into tank 241-AW-103 occurred in November 1980 (RHO 1980b and TO-230-100). Tank 241-AW-103 contained approximately 348.8 inches (958,758 gallons) of waste following these transfers (refer to Appendix B, Figure B-1).

The DSSF waste type that was transferred into tank 241-AW-103 originated from miscellaneous, low-activity waste solutions (e.g., 100-N Reactor decontamination solution, cell drainage from Plutonium-Uranium Extraction (PUREX) Plant, B-Plant cesium ion exchange waste and dilute DSSF) that had been processed in the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Tank 241-A-101 was placed in service in 1956 to receive high-level waste from the 202-A PUREX Plant. The tank continued to receive periodic trapsfers of PUREX high-level waste (HLW) and organic wash waste through early 1968. In the second quarter of 1968, through March 1969, the HLW supernatant and sludge in tank 241-A-101 was removed by sluicing (SD-WM-TI-302, page 159). The tank then was used to receive PUREX HLW and other miscellaneous wastes from other single-shell tanks. The supernatant was removed from the tank in fourth quarter of 1975 to allow for sluicing of the solids. Sluicing of the solids from tank 241-A-101 was conducted from the fourth quarter of 1975 through March 1976 (SD-WM-TI-302, page 159). A heel of less than 3 inches of PUREX HLW solids remained in tank 241-A-101 in April 1976 (ARH-LD-215B, page 26). Tank 241-A-101 was then used to receive DSSF waste from the 242-A Evaporator.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Tank 241-AX-101 was placed in service in 1965 and initially received PUREX HLW from tank 241-A-103, along with fission product processing waste from 221-B Plant. The tank continued to receive periodic transfers of fission product processing waste from 221-B Plant and PUREX organic wash waste through the first quarter of 1969. The supernatant was removed in 1972 so the tank could receive supernatant from washing PUREX HLW sludges in tanks 241-A-103 and 241-A-104. Accumulated HLW sludge was removed from tank 241-AX-101 by sluicing from the third quarter of 1975 through February 1976. An estimated 1200 gallons (~0.5 inches) of sludge remained in tank 241-AX-101 after sluicing was completed (SD-WM-TI-302, page 175). Tank 241-AX-101 was then used to receive DSSF waste from the 242-A Evaporator.

242-A Evaporator for volume reduction as part of evaporator campaigns 80-8, 80-10, and 81-1 (RHO-SD-WM-PE-004, RHO-SD-WM-PE-006, and RHO-SD-WM-PE-007). These low-activity waste solutions were concentrated until the sodium aluminate in the solution was at or near saturation (letter 65950-83-728).

No additional waste was received into tank 241-AW-103 in December 1980. The SACS liquid level measurements for tank 241-W-103 (Appendix B, Figure B-1) show a slight downward trend (reduction of 0.2 inches) in the liquid volume for tank 241-AW-103 during December 1980, indicating possible evaporation of water.

### 2.2.2 Miscellaneous PUREX Waste Receipt (January 1981)

In January 1981, approximately 10,313 gallons of waste from PUREX tank G-8, 9,350 gallons of waste from PUREX tank U-4, and 6,600 gallons of waste from PUREX tank U-3 were transferred into tank 241-AW-103 (RHO 1982, DS-010681, DS-011581, DS-012381, and DS-041582). Following these transfers, tank 241-AW-103 contained approximately 355.25 inches (976,500 gallons) of waste (refer to Appendix B, Figure B-1).

PUREX tanks G-8 and R-8 collected organic solvent wash solutions (RHO-SD-RE-PCP-006, page 24). PUREX tanks U-3 and U-4 collected a purge stream from the acid fractionator, drainage from the 291-A exhaust ventilation area, miscellaneous laboratory sump wastes, and sump waste from the 206-A acid fractionator building. These waste solutions are incidental waste that resulted from the reprocessing of spent nuclear fuels at the PUREX Plant.

No additional waste was received into tank 241-AW-103 from February 1981 through March 1982.

#### 2.2.3 Reactor Decontamination Waste Receipt (April 1982 – September 1982)

Waste solutions generated from decontamination of the 100-N Reactor were transported to the 204-AR Railcar Unloading Facility and then transferred to various double-shell tanks. Tank 241-AW-103 received 100-N Reactor decontamination waste solutions in April 1982 (18,700 gallons), May 1982 (102,775 gallons), and September 1982 (13,750 gallons) (RHO 1982).

The waste level in tank 241-AW-103 was approximately 412.5 inches (1,133,964 gallons) following these transfers (refer to Appendix B, Figure B-1). No further additions of waste to tank 241-AW-103 were made from October 1982 through March 1983.

### 2.2.4 Waste Transfer to Tank 241-AW-106 (March 1983)

In March 1983 (refer to Appendix B, Figure B-1), the waste contained in tank 241-AW-103 was transferred to tank 241-AW-106 for staging as feed at a later date to the 242-A Evaporator (RHO-RE-SR-14-February 1983 and RHO-RE-SR-14-March 1983). The pump failed while transferring waste from tank 241-AW-103 to tank 241-AW-106, leaving a heel of approximately 78 inches (~214,000 gallons) of 100-N Reactor decontamination and DSSF waste in tank 241-AW-103 (Tulberg 1983). Aluminate solids were noted as being present in tank 241-AW-103 after removal of the supernatant waste.

The next waste type to be stored in tank 241-AW-103 was neutralized cladding removal waste (NCRW) from the 202-A PUREX Plant (see Section 3.1 for discussion of the PUREX process). NCRW consisted of a solids fraction and a supernatant fraction containing soluble fluoride. NCRW was known to form insoluble solids when mixed with high phosphate waste such as 100-N decontamination waste. Laboratory studies were conducted with the waste heel in tank 241-AW-103 and synthetic NCRW to determine if solids would form upon mixing these two waste types (letter 65453-83-106). These studies indicated that solids would not form from mixing the waste heel in tank 241-AW-103 with NCRW. Therefore, no attempt was made to remove the waste heel from tank 241-AW-103 prior to addition of NCRW.

Estimates of the solids contained in the waste tank 241-AW-103 were made in 1987 (letter 65611-87-090). A 17-inch (~46,150-gallons) layer of saltcake solids was attributed to the DSSF waste that was stored in tank 241-AW-103 from October 1980 – March 1983. The estimated volume of saltcake solids in tank 241-AW-103 was subsequently re-evaluated in 2001 based on analysis of tank core samples (see Tank Waste Information Network System (TWINS), best-basis inventory (BBI) at <a href="http://twins.pnl.gov/data/datamenu.htm">http://twins.pnl.gov/data/datamenu.htm</a>. The revised estimate of the volume of saltcake solids and interstitial liquid present in tank 241-AW-103 is approximately 40,000 gallons (~15 inches).

#### 2.2.5 PUREX Pre-Start-Up Waste (May 1983 - September 1983)

The 202-A PUREX Plant had been idle from September 1972 through March 1983. During this period, new double-shell tanks had been constructed in 241-AW Tank Farm. Waste transfer lines from the PUREX Plant were constructed to some of these double-shell tanks. Operability testing of the waste transfer lines from the PUREX Plant to the 241-AW Tank Farm was conducted from April 14 to June 10, 1983 (RHO-SD-RE-OTR-009).

Approximately 1,925 gallons of waste were transferred from PUREX tank E-5 to tank 241-AW-103 on April 25, 1983, during operability testing of the waste transfer lines (refer to Appendix B, Figure B-1). An additional ~127,000 gallons of waste was transferred from the PUREX Plant to tank 241-AW-103 as part of pre-operational testing

activities. Tank 241-AW-103 contained a total of ~342,700 gallons of waste following the completion of the pre-operational testing activities at the PUREX Plant.

After completing the operability testing activities at the PUREX Plant, approximately 264,000 gallons of supernatant was transferred from tank 241-AW-103 to tank 241-AW-105 (letter 65950-83-998PM), leaving approximately 89,000 gallons of waste in tank 241-AW-103 (see Appendix A-1).

### 2.2.6 NCRW Transfers (October 1983 - October 1994)

At the Hanford Site, the first step in reprocessing irradiated nuclear fuel elements involved the chemical dissolution of the cladding that surrounded the uranium fuel elements. The cladding was chemically dissolved in a chemical solution that minimized the dissolution of the irradiated uranium fuel element and the fission products trapped in the fuel element. The dissolved cladding material was separated using centrifuges from the irradiated uranium fuel elements. The cladding solution was neutralized with a caustic solution and then transferred to the Hanford Site tank system. The neutralized cladding removal waste from dissolution of Zircaloy<sup>®3</sup> clad fuel elements was designated as NCRW. Zircaloy<sup>®</sup> clad fuel elements were primarily processed in the 202-A PUREX Plant at the Hanford Site. NCRW was collected in PUREX tank E-5 and then transferred to underground storage tanks.

Tanks 241-AW-103 and 241-AW-105 were then used to receive NCRW from October 1983 through December 1988 (refer to Appendix B, Figures B-1 through B-4). Approximately 3.6 million gallons of NCRW was transferred to tank 241-AW-103 from May 1983 through December 1988. When tank 241-AW-103 was not receiving NCRW, the NCRW solids were allowed to settle to the bottom of the tank and a clarified supernatant layer formed. The supernatant was then periodically transferred from tank 241-AW-103 to other double-shell tanks, as listed in Table 14.

The dates that tanks 241-AW-103 and 241-AW-105 were used to receive NCRW are listed in Table 2 (letters 65611-86-118 and 65611-87-090). Appendix A and Appendix B provide a detailed listing of all waste transfers into tank 241-AW-103. The PUREX Plant ceased operations in December 1988, followed by a clean-out campaign. However, no waste from clean-out of PUREX was added to tank 241-AW-103.

In December 1988, the total volume of waste in tank 241-AW-103 was approximately 1,117,000 gallons. Approximately 95,700 gallons of NCRW supernatant was transferred to tank 241-AW-102 in December 1988 in preparation for processing through the 242-A Evaporator as campaign 89-1. An additional 372,100 gallons of NCRW supernatant were transferred in February and March 1989 in preparation for processing

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Zircaloy is a trademark of Teledyne Wah Chang, Albany, Oregon.

The dates and volumes of supernatant transferred from tank 241-AW-103 differ slightly than the values presented in Appendix A-2. These differences are due to the source data used to prepare Appendix A-2 and Table 1.

through the 242-A Evaporator as campaign 89-2 (see Appendix B, Figure B-4). No addition or removal of waste occurred from tank 241-AW-103 from December 1988 through September 1994 (refer to Appendix B, Figures B-4 and B-5).

Table 1. Supernatant Transfers from Tank 241-AW-103 to Other Double-Shell Tanks (2 Sheets)

Dates	Receipt Tank	Volume Transferred (kgal) (241-AW-103 waste level)	Reference
September 25,1983 to October 01, 1983	241-AW-105	263.8 (95.9 inches)	Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (TCSRC)
October 23, 1984 to October 25, 1984	241-AW-102	461.5 (392.7 inches to 224.9 inches)	RMIS Document Accession # D195024318, RPT-100184, Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations, Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (TCSRC), and RHO-SD-WM-PE-019, 242-A Evaporator / Crystallizer FY 1985 Campaign Run 85-1 Post Run Document
November 01, 1984 to November 04, 1984	241-AW-102	387 (224.9 inches to 84.2 inches)	RMIS Document Accession # D195024243, RPT-110184, Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations, Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (TCSRC), and RHO-SD-WM-PE-019, 242-A Evaporator / Crystallizer FY 1985 Campaign Run 85-1 Post Run Document
August 1985	241-AW-102	56.7	Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (TCSRC)
September 10, 1985 to October 2, 1985	241-AW-102	411.6 (401.1 inches to 251.2 inches)	RHO-SD-WM-PE-027, 242-A Evaporator / Crystallizer FY 1985 Campaign Run 85-4 Post Run Document, RMIS Document Accession # D195023891, RPT-090185, Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations, and RMIS Document Accession # D195023869, RPT-100185, Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations
December 6, 1985 to December 17, 1985	241-AW-102	153.2 (250.0 inches to 194.3 inches)	RIIO-SD-WM-PE-026, 242-A Evaporator / Crystallizer FY 1986 Campaign Run 86-1 Post Run Document
March 20, 1986 to March 23, 1986	241-AW-102	291.6 (347.5 inches to 241.5 inches)	RHO-SD-WM-PE-029, 242-A Evaporator / Crystallizer FY 1986 Campaign Run 86-3 Post Run Document

Table 1. Supernatant Transfers from Tank 241-AW-103 to Other Double-Shell Tanks (2 Sheets)

Dates	Receipt Tank	Volume Transferred (kgal) (241-AW-103 waste level)	Reference
February 11, 1987 to February 15, 1987	241-AW-102	631.2 (394.3 inches to 164.8 inches)	WHC-SD-WM-PE-035, 242-A Evaporator / Crystallizer FY 1987 Campaign Run 87-2 Post Run Document
April 15, 1988	241-AW-102	275 (318 inches to 218 inches)	
May 15, 1988	241-AW-102	137 (218 inches to 168.2 inches)	
December 14, 1988	241-AW-102	95.7 (406.4 inches to 371.6 inches)	WHC-SD-WM-PE-037, 242-A Evaporator FY 1989 Campaign Run 89-1 Post Run Document
February 23, 1989 to March 14, 1989	241-AW-102	372.1 (370.8 inches to 235.5 inches)	WHC-SD-WM-PE-038, 242-A Evaporator / Crystallizer FY 1989 Campaign Run 89-2 Post Run Document
October 1994	241-AP-107	132 (234.9 inches to 186.9 inches)	WHC-EP-0182-78, page E-7, WHC-EP-0182-79, page E-7, Internal memorandum #7CF10-42-094, "242-A Evaporator Campaign 95-1 Waste Compatibility Assessment of Tank 241-AW-103 and 241-AW-104 Waste with Tank 241-AP-107 Waste," and WHC-SD-WM-PE-055, page 2, 242-A Campaign 95-1 Post Run Document

Table 2. NCRW Fill Cycle for Tanks 241-AW-103 and 241-AW-105

Date	NCRW Receiver Tank
May 1983 - September 1983	241-AW-103
(Pre-PUREX Start-up)	
October 1983 – July 4, 1984	241-AW-103
July 4, 1984 - January 9, 1985	241-AW-105
January 9, 1985 – June 15, 1985	241-AW-103
June 15, 1985 - December 10, 1985	241-AW-105
December 10, 1985 - March 19, 1986	241-AW-103
March 19, 1986 - May 29, 1986	241-AW-105
May 29, 1986 - August 21, 1986	241-AW-103
July 1986 – July 1987	241-AW-105
August 2, 1987 - March 1988	241-AW-103
May 1988 - December 1988	241-AW-105
June 1988 – December 1988	241-AW-103

In October 1994, 132,000 gallons of NCRW supernatant was transferred from tank 241-AW-103 to tank 241-AP-107 in preparation for processing in the 242-A Evaporator as campaign 95-1 (refer to Appendix B, Figure B-6). Following this transfer, tank 241-AW-103 contained a total of approximately 514,000 gallons of waste, which was comprised of 363,000 gallons of sludge and 151,000 gallons of supernatant

(WHC-EP-0182-79, page E-7). The sludge volume includes both the NCRW solids and saltcake solids. No additional waste transfers involving tank 241-AW-103 occurred from November 1994 through February 2001 (refer to Appendix B, Figures B-6 through B-8).

It should be noted that PUREX first cycle raffinate solution was transferred from PUREX tank F-16 to tanks 241-AZ-101 and 241-AZ-102 from May 1983 through December 1988. Tanks 241-AW-103 and 241-AW-105 did not receive any PUREX first cycle raffinate waste.

### 2.2.7 Double-Shell Slurry Feed Transfer (March 2001)

The U.S. Department of Energy Office of River Protection authorized the storage of DSSF in tank 241-AW-103 "... in order to gain efficiencies in tank space" (letter 0005728/00-PRD-068). On March 31, 2001, approximately 593,000 gallons of DSSF solution was transferred from tank 241-AW-106 into tank 241-AW-103 (refer to Appendix B, Figure B-8). The DSSF solution that was stored in tank 241-AW-106 originated from 242-A Evaporator campaign 01-01 (HNF-8588, and letters FH-0102477 and CL3120-01-029). The DSSF produced from evaporator campaign 01-01 was not concentrated to the saturation boundary for sodium aluminate and, therefore, is unlikely to precipitate salts during storage. See Section 3.2 for further discussion on operation of the 242-A Evaporator. No additional waste has been added to tank 241-AW-101 since March 2001.

#### 2.2.8 Composition of Waste Stored in Tank 241-AW-103

The Hanford Site prepares a BBI to estimate the composition of the wastes stored in all 177 Hanford Site underground storage tanks. The BBI effort involves developing and maintaining waste tank inventories comprising 25 chemical and 46 radionuclide components in the 177 Hanford Site underground storage tanks. Waste sample analyses, process knowledge, and waste templates are used to create the BBIs. These BBIs provide waste composition data necessary as part of the River Protection Project (RPP) process flowsheet modeling work, safety analyses, risk assessments, and system design for retrieval, treatment, and disposal operations. Development and maintenance of the BBI is an on-going effort, with the current BBIs available electronically through TWINS, <a href="http://twins.pnl.gov/data/datamenu.htm">http://twins.pnl.gov/data/datamenu.htm</a>.

Table 3 provides the BBIs for the major fission products and transuranic elements contained in each of the waste phases in tank 241-AW-103 as of April 1, 2004. The volume and density of each waste phase present in tank 241-AW-103 are provided in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Tank 241-AW-106 was placed in service in the third quarter of 1980 and received dilute complexed waste from tank 241-A-106. In 1983, the dilute complexed waste was transferred from tank 241-AW-106 to tank 241-AW-102 for feed to the 242-A Evaporator. Tank 241-AW-106 then received supernatant from tank 241-AW-105 in 1983 that was subsequently transferred to tank 241-AW-102 for feed to the 242-A Evaporator. Beginning in April 1985, tank 241-AW-106 received DSSF from the 242-A Evaporator (RHO-SD-WM-PE-027). The DSSF received in tank 241-AW-106 is then transferred to other double-shell tanks for storage.

Table 4. The following information was used in preparing the BBI for tank 241-AW-103:

- Process knowledge for supernatant liquid waste transferred to tank 241-AW-103 (supernatant from tank 241-AW-106 from 242-A Evaporator campaign 01-01);
- Tank 241-AW-103 statistical means based on the 1997 core segment analytical results (cores 193 and 194);
- Tank 241-AW-103 statistical means based on the 1999 core segment and composite analytical results (cores 265 and 267);
- Zirconium estimates derived from fuel fabrication and PUREX processing records (HNF-SD-WM-TI-740); and
- Best Basis Inventory waste templates for A1SltCk solids, A1SltCk liquid, and CWZr2 sludge (RPP-8847).

For calculating the BBI for tank 241-AW-103, the mean concentrations for 1999 core segment data were preferred, where available. Data from the 1997 core-sampling event were second in the data hierarchy, followed by the 1999 core composite data. Templates were used for constituents below the detection limits for sample data or constituents not measured in the solids. Templates are based on sampling data from tanks that contain the same waste type as tank 241-AW-103, supplemented with Revision 5 of the Hanford Defined Waste (HDW) model data (RPP-19822). The CWZr2 sludge, A1SltCk liquid and A1SltCk solids templates were used to estimate inventories in tank 241-AW-103. The CWZr2 sludge template represents the NCRW from the PUREX Plant. The A1SltCk (Salt Cake) liquid and A1SltCk solids templates represent the residual inventory of DSSF waste that was transferred in to tank 241-AW-103 in 1980 (see Section 2.2.1). The mean concentrations from the 1999 core segment number 10 along with templates were used to prepare the BBI estimate for the saltcake liquid and solids phases reported in Table 3. A more detailed description of template data and how they are applied is found in RPP-8847.

The sum of the transuranic elements concentrations contained in the NCRW sludge phase is  $\sim$ 445  $\eta$ Ci per gram. The sum of the transuranic elements concentrations contained in the DSSF phase (i.e., Salt Cake (Liquid) + Salt Cake (Solids)) is  $\sim$ 72  $\eta$ Ci per gram. The supernatant waste phase contains  $\sim$ 1.6  $\eta$ Ci per gram of the transuranic elements.

Table 3. Rest Rasis Inventory for Tank 241-AW-103 as of April 1, 2004

Analyte	Waste Phase	Inventory (Ci)	Basis	Concentration (µCi/g)
90Sr	Salt Cake (Liquids)	3.58E+01	TS	6.86E-01
90Sr	Salt Cake (Solids)	1.20E+03	S	7.06E+00
90Sr	Sludge	1.08E+04	S	7.06E+00
90Sr	Supernatant	3.66E+02	E	9.93E-02
<sup>9∪</sup> Sr	Total	1.24E+04	S/E/TS	
<sup>99</sup> Tc	Salt Cake (Liquids)	9.50E+00	TS	1.82E-01
<sup>97</sup> Tc	Salt Cake (Solids)	4.45E+00	S	2.61E-02
°Tc	Sludge	4.00E+01	S	2.61E-02
9 <sup>9</sup> Tc	Supernatant	2.50E+02	E	6.78E-02
y"Tc	Total	3.04E+02	S/E/TS	
1 <sup>37</sup> Cs	Salt Cake (Liquids)	1.28E+04	TS	2.45E+02
137Cs	Salt Cake (Solids)	3.69E+03	S	2.17E+01
<sup>137</sup> Cs	Sludge	3.32E+04	S	2.17E+01
1 <sup>37</sup> Cs	Supernatant	3.51E+05	E	9.52E+01
137Cs	Total	4.01E+05	S/E/TS	
<sup>237</sup> Np	Salt Cake (Liquids)	1.79E-03	TS	3.42E-05
<sup>237</sup> Np	Salt Cake (Solids)	1.31E-01	TE	7.23E-04
237Np	Sludge	7.04E-03	TE	5.20E-06
<sup>237</sup> Np	Supernatant	4.48E+00	E	1.21E-03
<sup>237</sup> Np_	Total	4.62E+00	E/TS/TE	
<sup>238</sup> Pu	Salt Cake (Liquids)	1.79E-04	TE	3.42E-06
<sup>238</sup> Pu	Salt Cake (Solids)	1.51E-01	С	7.98E-04
<sup>238</sup> Pu	Sludge	3.76E+01	С	2.50E-02
<sup>238</sup> Pu	Supernatant	<1.53E-01	E	4.16E-05
<sup>238</sup> Pu	Total	3.79E+01	E/C/TE	
<sup>239</sup> Pu	Salt Cake (Liquids)	4.36E-03	TE	8.34E-05
<sup>239</sup> Pu	Salt Cake (Solids)	3.66E+00	С	1.94E-02
23 <sup>9</sup> Pu	Sludge	3.79E+02	С	2.52E-01
<sup>2)9</sup> Pu	Supernatant	<5.32E-01	Ē	1.44E-04
<sup>239</sup> Pu	Total	3.84E+02	E/C/TE	
<sup>240</sup> Pu	Salt Cake (Liquids)	1.01E-03	TE	1.94E-05
240Pu	Salt Cake (Solids)	8.49E-01	C	4.50E-03
<sup>240</sup> Pu	Sludge	1.07E+02	C	7.09E-02
<sup>240</sup> Pu	Supernatant	<1.22E-01	E	3.30E-05
<sup>240</sup> Pu	Total	1.08E+02	E/C/TE	
<sup>241</sup> Am	Salt Cake (Liquids)	1.01E-01	TS	1.94E-03
<sup>241</sup> Am	Salt Cake (Solids)	1.29E+01	C	6.84E-02
<sup>241</sup> Am	Sludge	1.46E+02	С	9.71E-02
<sup>241</sup> Am	Supernatant	<4.67E-01	Е	1.27E-04
<sup>241</sup> Am	Total	1.60E+02	E/C/TS	

Notes: S - Sample-based

M - Model-based

C - Calculated

E - Engineering assessment-based
TE - Based on an HDW model/engineering-based waste template
TS - Based on a sample-based waste template

Table 4. Volume and Density of 241-AW-103 Waste Phases

Waste Phase	Origin	Volume (kL)	Density (g/mL)
Supernatant	DSSF from	2,975	1.24
	242-A Evaporator		
	campaign 01-01. See		
	Section 2.2.7		
Saltcake Liquid	DSSF from	36	1.45
	242-A Evaporator campaigns		
	80-08, 80-10, and 81-1. See		
	Sections 2.2.2 and 2.2.4	<b> </b> '	
Saltcake Solids	DSSF from	115	1.69
	242-A Evaporator campaigns	:	
	80-08, 80-10, and 81-1. See		
	Sections 2.2.2 and 2.2.4		
Sludge	NCRW sludge. See	1,033	1.47
	Section 2.2.6.		

#### 3.0 WASTE GENERATED AT CHEMICAL PROCESSING PLANTS

There were numerous irradiated nuclear fuel reprocessing, research and development, plutonium processing, and waste management activities conducted at the Hanford Site starting in 1944. These irradiated nuclear fuel reprocessing, research and development, plutonium processing, and waste management activities conducted in the processing plants are discussed further in DOE/RL-97-02, National Register of Historic Places Multiple Property Document Form - Historic, Archaeological and Traditional Cultural Properties of the Hanford Site, Washington February 1997 and DOE/RL-97-1047, Hanford Site Historic District History of the Plutonium Production Facilities 1943 – 1990.

It has been established in Section 2.0 that neutralized DSSF from the 242-A Evaporator, 100-N Reactor decontamination waste, cladding removal waste (NCRW), and miscellaneous wastes from the 202-A PUREX Plant were transferred into tank 241-AW-103. The following sections provide a discussion of the processed that generated these waste types.

#### 3.1 PUREX PLANT

The PUREX Plant processed irradiated nuclear fuels using a continuous solvent extraction process to separate uranium and plutonium from waste products. The 202-A PUREX Plant was constructed from April 1953 through April 1955. Following non-radioactive commissioning tests in 1955, the PUREX plant was operated from

January 1956 through September 1972 and then from October 1983 to December 1988 to reprocess irradiated nuclear fuels (PPD-493-9-DEL and WHC-MR-0437). A brief, stabilization run was conducted in 1990 and then the facility was shutdown (letter 9305270).

#### 3.1.1 Coating Dissolution

The first step in the processing of irradiated nuclear fuels is to dissolve the coating or cladding that encases the fuel. The PUREX Plant processed both aluminum coated and zirconium clad irradiated nuclear fuels. For the aluminum coated fuel, the fuel coating was dissolved in sodium hydroxide – sodium nitrate solution. The coating removal waste (designated as CW) was inherently alkaline and did not require neutralization before transfer to underground storage tanks. Tank 241-AW-103 did not receive any coating removal waste from dissolution of aluminum clad fuel.

The zirconium clad fuel, Zircaloy® (98.5% zirconium and 1.5% tin), was dissolved in a solution of ammonium fluoride and ammonium nitrate. The ammonium fluoride / ammonium nitrate solution also attacked the uranium fuel, and a small amount of the uranium, transuranic elements, and other fission products were also dissolved in the process. Most of the uranium and transuranic elements that were dissolved during the coating dissolution were present as fluoride solids.

The cladding dissolution solution and entrained solids were removed from the dissolver by jetting to PUREX tank E-3. The uranium fuel in the dissolver was rinsed with water and the rinse water combined with the cladding waste. The cladding waste was then processed through the E Cell centrifuge, where the solution is separated from the uranium and transuranic fluoride solids and transferred to PUREX tank E-5. The uranium and transuranic fluoride solids remained in the centrifuge bowl and were metathesized to hydroxide precipitates by addition potassium hydroxide. The metathesis solution was separated from the uranium and plutonium hydroxide precipitates by centrifugation and washing. The metathesis and wash solutions were also collected in PUREX tank E-5. The cladding and metathesis wastes, plus wash solutions that were collected in PUREX Plant tank E-5 were neutralized with sodium hydroxide, and the slurry was transferred to the tank farms to allow solids in the waste to precipitate as sludge. The zirconium cladding waste was designated as NCRW (PFD-T-200-00002).

#### 3.1.2 Solvent Extraction

After dissolving the coating / cladding on the irradiated nuclear fuel, the uranium fuel elements were then dissolved. The dissolved fuel elements are then processed through a solvent extraction system that used tri-butyl phosphate solvent in a normal paraffin hydrocarbon diluent. The fission products and impurities were separated in a nitric acid solution from the uranium and plutonium in the PUREX solvent extraction process. The nitric acid solution containing the fission products and impurities was evaporated to volatilize nitric acid for recovery and re-use in the PUREX Plant (RHO-MA-116, page 4-162).

The concentrated, acidic fission product solution was neutralized by the addition of sodium hydroxide solution in PUREX tank F-16. The neutralized waste was transferred from PUREX tank F-16 to underground storage tanks in the 200 East Area tank farms. The waste formed supernatant and sludge layers within the tanks. Most of the supernatant, known as PUREX supernatant neutralized (PSN) was eventually processed in the 221-B Plant to remove cesium. Some of the PUREX waste sludges were sluiced from single-shell tanks, acidified (waste known as PUREX Acidified Sludge [PAS]), and transferred to 221-B Plant to remove strontium.

The plutonium solutions generated at the PUREX Plant were transferred to the 234-5Z building (Z-Plant) for further processing. Uranium solutions were transferred to the 224-U building (UO<sub>3</sub> Plant) for conversion to an oxide and transfer to offsite facilities for re-use in the fabrication of nuclear fuel.

#### 3.1.3 Miscellaneous Plant Waste Solutions

During the solvent extraction process conducted at the PUREX Plant, the organic solvents were washed to remove organic degradation products that would interfere with the process. The waste from washing the organic solvents, known as organic wash waste (OWW), was collected in PUREX Plant tanks G-8 and R-8 before transfer to the underground storage tanks.

Miscellaneous low, radioactivity wastes from the 291-A exhaust ventilation were also collected in PUREX Plant tank U-3 (RHO-MA-116, page 4-167). Tanks U-3 and U-4 also collected miscellaneous laboratory sump wastes and sump waste from the 206-A acid fractionator building (RHO-MA-116, page 4-167). Miscellaneous low, radioactivity wastes from the cell sumps were collected in PUREX Plant tank F-18. Sodium nitrite and sodium hydroxide were the miscellaneous low, radioactivity waste streams collected in tanks U-3, U-4, and F-18 to meet corrosion inhibitor requirements and then transferred to the underground storage tanks.

#### 3.2 242-A EVAPORATOR

The 242-A Evaporator was constructed in the 200 East Area of the Hanford Site from 1974 through 1977. The 242-A Evaporator is the fourth tank waste evaporation unit constructed at the Hanford Site and is similar in design to the 242-S Evaporator. The 242-A Evaporator began operation in 1977 and processed intermittent batches of wastes through 1989. The evaporator was shutdown from late 1989 through early 1994 for upgrades.

The 242-A Evaporator process employs a conventional forced-circulation, vacuum evaporation system to concentrate radioactive waste solutions. The main process components of the evaporator-crystallizer system are the re-boiler, vapor-liquid separator,

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recirculation pump, condensers, vacuum system, condensate collection tank, and ion exchange column (no longer in service).

Waste from tank 241-AW-1026 is pumped into the evaporator recirculation line on the upstream side of the re-boiler at a rate to maintain a constant specific gravity in the concentrated waste. As the feed enters the recirculation line, it blends with the main process slurry stream which flows to the re-boiler. In the re-boiler, the mixture is heated slightly to a temperature normally between 130 °F and 170 °F by steam that is flowing through the re-boiler shell. The steam and waste do not come into direct contact. The heated slurry is discharged from the re-boiler to the vapor-liquid separator. A fraction of the water in the waste flashes to steam in the vapor-liquid separator and is drawn through the wire mesh de-entrainer pads into the vapor line leading to the condensers. The steam derived from the waste is condensed to water and discharged to the 200 East Area Effluent Treatment Facility. As evaporation takes place in the vapor-liquid separator vessel, the waste is concentrated. Waste flows from the vapor-liquid separator vessel to the recirculation pump suction via a drop-out leg. The recirculation pump discharges the slurry back to the re-boiler.

The process continues until the waste reaches the desired concentration point. At which point, a small fraction of the concentrated waste is withdrawn from the upper recirculation line and is pumped by the slurry pump to an underground storage tank. Prior operation of the 242-A Evaporator (1977 – 1985) was conducted to achieve supersaturation of the waste in the vapor-liquid separator vessel, which creates new salt crystal nuclei and promotes growth of existing crystals in the slurry liquor. Typically, waste was concentrated to the saturation boundary for sodium aluminate and the resulting slurry discharged from the evaporator was designated as DSSF. Waste concentrated beyond the saturation boundary for sodium aluminate is designated as double-shell slurry (DSS) with only one batch of this waste type having been made to date, which is presently stored in tank 241-AN-103. Production of DSSF and DSS were conducted to minimize the volume of wastes stored in the double-shell tanks. However, this practice was not continued when the evaporator re-started operations in 1994 because of concerns with retention of gases in the DSSF and DSS wastes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Tank 241-A-102 was used as the evaporator feed tank from 1977 through 1980.

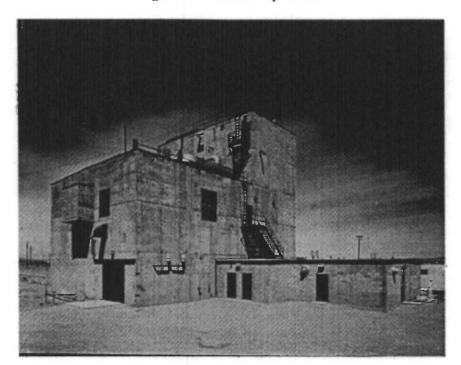


Figure 3. 242-A Evaporator

### 3.3 100-N REACTOR DECONTAMINATION WASTE

This section provides only a general description of the 100-N Reactor. For further details in the 100-N Reactor, see DOE/RL-97-1047.

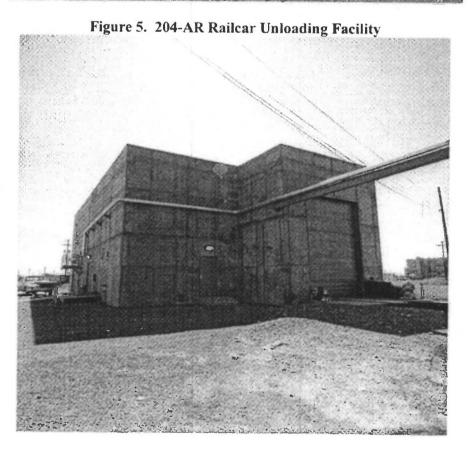
The 100-N Reactor is one of the nine graphite core reactor that were constructed at the Hanford Site from 1943 through 1963. The 100-N Reactor was completed in 1963 and operated until 1986. Purified water was re-circulated through the reactor core in a closed-loop cooling system. The 100-N Reactor also generated steam which was transferred to a commercial facility for the production of electricity.

Periodic maintenance was conducted on the radioactively contaminated components of the reactor. The radioactively contaminated components of the reactor were first decontaminated prior to maintenance activities. The 100-N Reactor decontamination wastes have been described as a 4 percent tri-sodium phosphate (Na<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>) and 2 percent sodium sulfate (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) solution (letter 65413-79-174). However, other decontamination chemicals are likely to have been used. Analyses of the 100-N Reactor decontamination solutions were not located.

The spent decontamination solutions were transported from the 100-N Reactor area via railcar to the 200 Area tank farms for storage in the underground tanks. Prior to 1980, the 100-N Reactor decontamination wastes were unloaded to tanks at the 204-S facility (see Figure 4) located in the 200 West Area and then transferred to single-shell tanks.

Beginning in 1980, the 100-N Reactor decontamination wastes were received in the 204-AR Railcar Unloading facility (see Figure 5) located in the 200-E Area of the Hanford Site and then transferred to various double-shell tanks.





### 4.0 SUMMARY

Tank 241-AW-103 received DSSF waste in 1980, reactor decontamination wastes in 1982, and miscellaneous low activity wastes from the PUREX Plant in 1981 - 1983. While the majority of these wastes were removed in 1983, the DSSF waste had precipitated leaving a heel of approximately 151,000 liters (~30,400 gallons or 11.4 inches of waste) of saltcake waste in tank 241-AW-103. The saltcake waste phase contains ~72 ηCi/gram transuranic elements, as well ~16,490 Ci of <sup>137</sup>Cs and 1,235 Ci <sup>90</sup>Sr.

Tank 241-AW-103 was then used from 1983 through 1988 to receive neutralized cladding removal waste (NCRW) from the PUREX Plant. The NCRW formed a sludge fraction that deposited atop the saltcake waste in tank 241-AW-103. The NCRW supernatant was periodically transferred from tank 241-AW-103 to other double-shell tanks for dispositioning. Approximately 1,033,000 liters (~272,900 gallons) of NCRW sludge are present in tank 241-AW-103. The NCRW sludge phase contains approximately 445  $\eta$ Ci per gram transuranic elements, as well as 33,200 Ci of <sup>137</sup>Cs and 10,800 Ci of <sup>90</sup>Sr.

In 2001, tank 241-AW-103 received ~2,975,000 liters (~786,000 gallons) of DSSF that had not been concentrated to the sodium aluminate saturation boundary. The "dilute" DSSF is stored atop of the NCRW sludge phase. The "dilute" DSSF waste phase contains ~1.6  $\eta$ Ci per gram of the transuranic elements, as well as 351,000 Ci of <sup>137</sup>Cs and 366 Ci of <sup>90</sup>Sr.

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## APPENDIX A

TANK 241-AW-103 WASTE TRANSFER RECORDS

## A.1 WASTE TRANSFER RECORDS FOR AUGUST 1980 – DECEMBER 1984

Tank 241-AW-103 waste transfer records for August 1980 through December 1984 are listed in the daily operating reports for the Tank Farms as well as individual waste transfer datasheets. Appendix A-1 provides a summary of the tank 241-AW-103 waste transfers listed in Tank Farm daily operating reports and waste transfer datasheets.

#### A.2 WASTE TRANSFER RECORDS FOR JANUARY 1985 – FEBRUARY 2004

Tank 241-AW-103 waste transfers that occurred after January 1, 1985 are listed in the TWINS database at the following web addresses:

• January 1, 1985 to December 2000:

• January 1, 2001 through the January 2004:

http://twins.pnl.gov/data/hcde3s.exe?table=tcd.dbo.v\_TXFR\_transfers&type=table&where1=waste\_site\_id+%3D+%27241-AW-103%27

All waste transfers associated with tank 241-AW-103 from January 1985 through January 2004 were downloaded from the TWINS database on February 12, 2004 and listed in Appendix A-2.

# Appendix A-1

Tank 241-AW-103 Waste Transfer Records

August 1980 through December 1984

Table A-1. Tank 241-AW-103 Waste Transfer Records -August 1980 through December 1984 (5 Sheets)

Year	Month	Source	Waste Received (gations)	Waste Removed (gallons)	Comments	References
1980	August	Water	~10.000	0	Water was added to tank as part of operability testing.	
					Approximately 268,000 gallons of DSSE from evaporator campaign 80-8 was collected in tank 241-AX-101 and then transferred into tank 241-AW-103.	
	October	241-AX-101	268,000	0	Volume dose not include water added for transferring and flush of the pipeline following the waste transfer.	RHO-SD-WM-PE-004, 212-A Evaporaior Campaign 80-8 Post Run Document
	October	241-A-101	212,611	0	DSSF from evaporator campaigns 80-10 and 81-1 was collected in tanks 241-A-101 and 241-AX-101 to allow solids to settle and then decanted to tank 241-AW-103.	RHO-SD-WM-PE-006, 242-A Evaporator Campaign 80-10 Post Run Letter, RHO-SD-WM-PE-001, 242-A Evaporator Campaign 81-1 Post Run Letter, TO-230-042, Data Sheer: Waste Tank Transfer General Process Steps, Tank 241-A-101 to Tank 241-A W-103, dated 10:07/1980 to 10:30/1980.
	October	241-AX-101	252.501	0	DSSF from evaporator campaigns 80-10 and 81-1 was collected in tanks 241-A-101 and 241-AX-101 to allow solids to settle and then decanied to tank 241-AW-103.	RHO-SD-WM-PE-006, 242-A Evaporator Campaign 80-10 Post Run Letter; RHO-SD-WM-PE-007, 242-A Evaporator Campaign 81-1 Post Run Letter; TO-230-100, Data Sheet: Waste Tank Pransfer General Process Steps. Tank 241-AX-101 to Tank 241-AW-103, dated 10/24/1980 to 11/03/1980.
	November	241-AX-101	168,604	0	DSSF from evaporator campaign 81-1 was collected in tanks 241-A-101 and 241-AX-101 to allow solids to settle and then decanted to tank 241-AW-103.	RHO-SD-WM-PE-007, 242-A Evaporator Campaign 81-1 Post Run Letter, TO-230-100, Data Sheet: Waste Tank Transfer General Process Steps, Tank 241-AX-101 to Tank 241-AW-103. dated 10/24/1980 to 11/03/1980.
	December	попе	0	0		
1861	January	g-5	10.313	0		RMIS Document Accession # D196193700, Generated Waste & Evaporators from 1/01/1981 thru 11/01/1982 (RHO 1982) and DS-010681 (D196193198)
		2	9.350	0		DS-011581 (RMIS Document Accession # D196193193)
		U-3	009'9	0		DS-012381 (RMIS Document Accession # D196193196)
	February	none	0	0		RMIS Decument Accession # D196193700 (RHO 1982)
	March	none	0	0		RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 (RHO 1982)
	April	попе	0	0		RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 (RIIO 1982)

Table A-1. Tank 241-AW-103 Waste Transfer Records - August 1980 through December 1984 (5 Sheets)

Year	Month	Source	Waste Received (gallons)	Waste Removed (gallons)	Comments	References
	May	попе	0	0		RMIS Decument Accession # D196193700 (RHO 1982)
	June	none	0	0		RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 (RHO 1982)
	July	none	0	0		RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 (RHO 1982)
	August	none	0	0		RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 (RIIO 1982)
	September	none	0	0		RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 (RHO 1982)
	October	none	0	0		RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 (RIIO 1982)
	November	поле	0	0		RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 (RHO 1982)
	December	none	0	0		RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 (RHO 1982)
1982	fanuary	none	0	0		RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 (RHO 1982)
	February	none	0	0		RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 (RHO 1982)
	March	попе	0	0		RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 (RHO 1982)
	April	204-AR	18,700	0	Decontamination waste from the 100-N Reactor.	RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 (RHO 1982) and # D196197711 (DS-041582)
	May	204-AR	82.775	0	Decontamination waste from the 100-N Reactor.	RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 (RIIO 1982)
		N-001	20,000	0	Decontamination waste from the 100-N Reactor.	RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 (RIIO 1982)
	June	none	0	0		RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 (RHO 1982)
	July	none	0	0		RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 (RHO 1982)
	August	none	0	0		RMIS Decument Accession # D196193700 (R110 1982)
	September	204-AR	13,750	0	Decontamination waste from the 100-N Reactor.	RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (TCSRC)
	October	none	0	0		RMIS Decument Accession # 10196193700 Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (TCSRC)
	November	none	0	0		RMIS Document Accession # 101%193700 Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (TCSRC)
	December	none	0	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals • FY 1983 (TCSRC)
1983	January	none	0	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (TCSRC)
	Fehruary	none	0	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (TCSRC)
	March	none	0	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (TCSRC)

Table A-1. Tank 241-AW-103 Waste Transfer Records - August 1980 through December 1984 (5 Sheets)

		College College and September 1970 College	The state of the s	-	The state of the s	
Year	Month	Source	Waste Received (gallons)	Waste Removed (gallons)	Comments	References
		•			RHO-SID-RL-O1R-009, (1983) Operability Test Results (OTR) for Project B-281 Equipment, PUREX to 241-AW Tank Farm Process Lines and Jumpers, identifies that 1,925 gallons of	•
	April	PUREX E-5	1.925	0	241-AW-103 from PUREX tank E-5 on April 25, 1983 as part of the testing of transfer routes.	Monthly Waste Generations Actuals • FY 1983 (TCSRC)
					RIIO-MA-116, PUREX Technical Manual, page 4-20, Section 4.2.4.2 identifies that tank TK-E5 received conting waste, conting waste dissolve	
1	May	PUREX E-5	65,644	0	solution (for neutralization).	Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (TCSRC)
	June	PUREX E-5	8.588	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (TCSRC)
	July	попе	0	c		Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations Monthly Waste Cenerations Actuals - FY 1983 (TCSRC)
	August	PUREX E-5	58.025	0		Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (TCSRC)
	September	PUREX E.5	56,787	263,770	Transferred 93.9 inches (263,770 gallons) of waste from tank 241-AW-103 to tank 241-AW-105 from September 25, 1983 through October 1, 1983.  Received 56,787 gallons of waste from PUREX tank E-5.	Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations Monthly Waste Generations Actuals • FY 1983 (TCSRC)
	October	PUREX E-5	34,650	0		Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations Monthly Waste Generations Actuals • FY 1984 (TCSRC)
	November	PUREX E-S	44,000	0		Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (TCSRC)
	December	PUREX E-5	78,035	0		Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (TCSRC)
		a de la constante de la consta				
* 0 6	February	PUREX E-S	71.225	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (LCSC)
	March	PUREX E-5	187.850	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (TCSRC)

Table A-1. Tank 241-AW-103 Waste Transfer Records - August 1980 through December 1984 (5 Sheets)

Year         Note that Note that It is a source (gallons)         Waste Received (Faglons)         Waste Received (Faglons)         Waste Received (Faglons)         Waste Residence of Gallons)         Remis Document (Faglons)         Remi			-	The second secon			
April         PUREX E-5         160.862         0           May         PUREX E-5         118.937         0           June         PUREX E-5         143.820         0           July         PUREX E-5         143.820         0           July         PUREX E-5         29.975         0           August         none         0         0           September         none         0         0           September         none         0         0           September         none         0         0           September         0         0         1 masterned 16.3 mches 134.7 mches 10.5           September         none         0         0         1 masterned 16.3 mches 134.7 mches 10.5           October 23, 1984         241.4W-103 supernatant to tank 241.4W-103 supernatant to tank 242.7 mches 10.86.591 galnos) of tank 242.7 mches 10.86.591 galnos) of tank 242.7 mches 10.86.591 galnos) of tank 242.7 mches 10.86.591 galnos) of tank 242.7 mches 10.86.591 galnos) of tank 242.7 mches 10.86.591 galnos) of tank 242.7 mches 10.86.591 galnos) of tank 242.7 mches 10.86.591 galnos) of tank 242.7 mches 10.86.591 galnos) of tank 242.7 mches 10.86.591 galnos) of tank 242.7 mches 10.86.591 galnos) of tank 242.7 mches 10.86.591 galnos) of tank 242.7 mches 10.86.591 galnos) of tank 242.7 mches 10.86.591 galnos) of tank 242.7 mches 10.86.591 galnos) of tank 242.7 mches 10.86.591 galnos) of tank 242.7 mches 10.86.591 galnos) of ta	Year	Month	Source	Waste Received (gallons)	Waste Removed (gallons)	Comments	References
May         PUREX E.5         118,937         0           June         PUREX E.5         143,820         0           June         PUREX E.5         143,820         0           July         PUREX E.5         29,975         0           August         none         0         0           September         none         0         0           September         none         0         0           August         none         0         0           August         none         0         0           Chrober         0         0         17ans[cred 167 8 mches (392.7 mches to 224.9 mches to 224.9 mches to 224.9 mches to 224.9 mches to 224.9 mches to 224.9 mches to 224.9 mches to 224.9 mches to 224.9 mches to 224.9 mches (224.9 mches to 224.4 mches (224.9 mches to 224.4 mches (224.9 mches to 224.4 mches (224.9 mches to 224.4 mches (224.9 mches to 224.4 mches (224.9 mches to 224.4 mches (224.9 mches to 224.4 mches (224.9 mches to 224.4 mches (224.9 mches to 224.4 mches (224.9 mches to 224.4 mches to 224.4 mches (224.9 mches to 224.4 mches (224.9 mches to 224.4 mches to 224.4 mches (224.9 mches to 224.4		Apríl	PUREX E-5	160,862	0		RMIS Document Accession # D195024363, RPT-040184, Daily Operating Report 200 East Tank Farms Day Shift; Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (TCSRC)
June         PUREX E-5         143,820         0         Tank 241-AW-103 filled to 395.5 inches of waste as of July 4, 1984. IB:gan routing E-5 waste to tank 241-AW-105.           August         none         0         0         Iransferred 163.8 mches (392.7 mches to 221-AW-105.           August         none         0         0         Iransferred 163.8 mches (392.7 mches to 221-AW-105.           September         none         0         0         Iransferred 163.8 mches (392.7 mches to 221-AW-103 supermatant to tank 221-AW-1		May	PUREX E-5	118,937	0		RMIS Document Accession # D195024342, RPT-050184, Daily Operating Report 200 East Tank Farms Day Shift; Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (TCSRC)
July         PUREX E-5         29,975         0         Tank 241-AW-103 filled to 305.5 inches of waste as of July 4, 1984. Began routing E-5 waste to tank 241-AW-105.           August         none         0         0         Inansferred Lo2 waste to tank 241-AW-105.           September         none         0         0         Inansferred Lo2 waste to tank 241-AW-105.           September         none         0         0         Inansferred Lo2 waste to tank 241-AW-105.           October         21-49 inches 10.2 waste to tank 241-AW-105.         21-49 inches 10.2 waste 10.2		June	PUREX E-S	143.820	0		RMIS Document Accession # D195024341, RP I-060184, Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations; Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (TCSRC)
August         none         0         0           September         none         0         0           Inansferred 1678 unches (392.7 inches to 224.9 mches 23, 1984 to 241.4 wcl 03 supernatant to tank 241.4 wcl 03 supernatant su		July	PUREX E-5	29,975	0.	Tank 241-AW-103 filled to 395.5 inches of waste as of July 4, 1984. Began routing E-5 waste to tank 241-AW-105.	RMIS Document Accession # D195024321, RPT-070184, Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations; Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (TCSRC)
September         none         0         0         Inansferred 1678 metes (392.7 metes to 214.9 metes to 214.9 metes to 214.9 metes to 214.9 metes to 214.9 metes to 214.9 metes to 214.0 m		August	none	0	0		RMIS Incurrent Accession # D195024320, RP I-0x0184, Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations; Monthly Waste Generations Actuals • FY 1984 (TCSRC)
December   November   November   135.250   November   1,1984 to   December   November	September	none	0	0		RMIS Document Accession # D195024319, RPT-090184, Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations; Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (TCSRC)	
November   November   November   1,1984 to   10   November   1,1984 to   10   November   1,1984 to   10   November   1,1984 to   10   November   1,1984 to   10   November   1,1984 to   10   November   1,1984 to   10   November   1,1984 to   10   November   1,1984 to   10   November   1,1984 to   10   November   1,1984 to   10   November   1,1984 to   November   1		October		0	461.330	Iransferred 167.8 inches (392.7 inches to 224.9 inches) (461,530 gallons) of tank 241-AW-103 supernatant to tank 241-AW-102 from October 23, 1984 to October 25, 1984.	RMIS Document Accession # D195024318, RP I-100184, Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations; Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (TCSRC); RHO-SD-WM-PE-019, 242-4 Evaporator / Crystallizer FY 1985 Campaign Run 85-1 Post Run Documen
December         none         0         0           January         PUREX E-5         135,250         0           February         PUREX E-5         180,075         0           March         PUREX E-5         180,400         0           April         PUREX E-5         186,422         0           May         PUREX E-5         100,650         0		November	itone	0	386,991	Transferred 140.7 inches (224.9 inches to 84.2 inches) (386,991 gallons) of tank 241-AW-103 supernatiant to tank 241-AW-102 from November 1, 1984 to November 4, 1984.	RMIS Document Accession # D195024243, RPT-110184, Laufy Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations; Monthly Waste Generations Actuals • FY 1985 (TCSRC); R110-SD-WM-PE-019, 242-4 Eupporator / Crystallizer FY 1985 Campaign Run 85-1 Post Run Document
January         PUREX E-5         135.250         0           February         PUREX E-5         180.075         0           March         FUREX E-5         180.400         0           April         PUREX E-5         186,422         0           Mlay         PUREX E-5         100.650         0		December	none	0	0		RMIS Document Accession # D195024197, RP 1-120184, Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations; Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (TCSRC)
February         PUREX E-5         180.075         0           March         FUREX E-5         180.422         0           April         PUREX E-5         186.422         0           May         PUREX E-5         100.650         0	1985	January	PUREX E-S	135,250	c		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (TCSRC)
h FUREX E-S 180,400 0   PUREX E-S 186,422 0   PUREX E-S 100,650 0		February	PUREX E-5	180.075	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals • FY 1985 (TCSRC)
PUREX E-5   186,422   0		March	FUREX E-5	180,400	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (TCSRC)
PUREX E-5 100.650 0		April	PUREX E-S	186,422	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals • FY 1985 (TCSRC)
		May	PUREX E-5	100.650	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (TCSRC)

Table A-1. Tank 241-AW-103 Waste Transfer Records - August 1980 through December 1984 (5 Sheets)

			The state of the s			
Year	Month	Source	Waste Received (gallons)	Removed (gallone)	Comments	References
	June	PUREX 5-5	68,612	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (TCSRC)
	July	PUREX E-5	51819	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (TCSRC)
	August	попе	0	56,650	Transferred 56,650 gallons of supernatant waste from tank 241-AW-103 to tank 241-AW-102	Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (TCSRC)
					Transferred approximately 136,700 gallons of supernatant waste from tank 241-AW-103 to tank 241-AW-102 from September 10, 1985 to September 11, 1985.	
	September	חסת	0	274.100	Transferred approximately 137,500 gallons of supernatant waste from tank 241-AW-103 to tank 241-AW-102 from September 16, 1985 to September 18, 1985.	Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (TCSRC); RMIS Document Accession # D195023891, RPT-090185, Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations; R110-SD-WM-PE-027, 242-4 Evaporator / Crystallizer FY 1985 Campaign Run 85-4 Post Run Document
	October	none	0	137,500	Transferred approximately 137,500 gallons of supermatant waste from tank 241-AW-103 to tank 241-AW-102 on October 2, 1985.	RMIS Decument Accession # D195023869, RPT-100185, Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations; RHO-SD-WM-PE-027, 242-A Evaporator / Crystallizer FY 1985 Campaign Run 85-4 Post Run Document
	November	none	0	0		
	December	попе	0	153,200	Transferred approximately 153,200 gallons of waste from tank 241-AW-103 to tank 241-AW-102 from December 6, 1985 to December 17, 1985.	RHO-SD-WM-PE-026, 242-A Evaporator / Crystallizer FY 1986 Campaign Run 86-1 Post Run Document

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# Appendix A-2

Tank 241-AW-103 Waste Transfer Records

January 1985 through January 2004

Table A.2. Tank 241-AW-163 Transfers from January 1984 Throng b December 2444 Active

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Total Name	art.	West Type	West Type	3	Searts Descripcios	1	Desdardas	Table	Transfer Ea	Waste Type Start	Read	W. Bank The		$\vdash$	T/reside		
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Table A-2. Tank 241-AW-163 Transfers from January 1985 Through December 2006 (\$ Sheess)

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Took Nome	Type	Wise Type	Part Type	į	Store Description		Description	Transfer Page	Transfer Ead	Wante Type Start	N N	and Type	End Volum	-	Total	3	Took Value
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Table A.2, Tank 241-AW-103 Transfers from January 1985 Through December 2006 (8 Sheets)

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Teat Volume Units	7	ŀ	r.	ŀ	3	1	Ĭ,	ā	P.	) de	14	ž.	TA.	lag.	Ted 1	3	P. L.	7.	B	Tag.	1,20
21	3	3		1016	1651	\$	1060	6401	9001	93	25	856	22	3.5	ž	23	3	979	3	Ę	ş
Yearship Value	1	3	100	1	Ī	T.	1	3	1	3	legal.	1	legal.	leg A	M	1	144	1	F	7	leg.
11		8.	n	5	3	2		2	-	410	74	z	2	6	91	•	=		•	E	7
End Volume Under	ŀ	ŀ	ì	7	ŀ	3	that	2	3	P.	3	100	I	3	100	ŀ	100	3	1	Ì	,
Wante Type End Vehame	£	3	916	II.	12	25	70	Ē	319	140	215	N)	82	£	159	32	X	163	313	393	367
1 1 1	J	ì	P	1	ŀ	1	14	1	Table 1	P. C.	J.	1	To de	3	1	Z	I	T.	3	le.	, g
West Type Start Volume	žX.	\$10	Ę	313	674	93	Ē	24	318	Ē	192	\$110	512	276	Ñ	179	£	359	£	336	363
Tryanter End Done	7/30/1986 0:00	7730/1986 0 00	7/30/1986 6:00	87071986 0 00	870/1986 0:00	8/30/1984 0-08	97.07.944 0.00	9707 986 0 00	277V19\$7 0:00	27271907.000	67071987.0-00	670719871000	Bronners 6 00	970/1987 6 66	9/0/1970 0	9/30/19E7 0:00	1701941000	177988 0-00	1/30/1988 8:00	275/1465 9 00	27747988 9-00
Transfer Bogs Date	00 Ø 986 i I/L	2777986000	977.1966.0.00	\$11,1966 0.00	\$7.77.006 0 00	00 0 996 1717	00-9 9% 1/1/4	\$1/1986 6-00	27.7 967 6 00	2/12/1987 6:00	8271967 0:00	872/1987 0:00	8/2/1967.0:00	977367000	91/1987 8-80	97.11 987.8 00	00 0 000	60-0 Rps 1/1/3	1/1/98 6 00	27.7 964 6 00	27/3941 0-00
Destandes Beenlydes	Tenk	1	Took	Tech	7.	ant.	J. J.	1	ž	35.	Į	Table	Test	Table	Ī	7	1	1	ž	1	Ž
1	241.AW.103	241.AW-103	241-AW-105	241-AW-103	241-AW-103	241-AW-103	241-AW-103	241.AW-103	261-AW-103	241-AW-102	241.AW-103	241-AW-103	241.AW-103	241.AW-103	241-AW-109	241.AW-109	241-AW-109	241.AW-109	241.AW-103	241.AW.103	241-AW-103
- September 1	51.		F .	N I			. 7		Stand				Place Water From	PUREX Decidation		Fluid Water From Marchineses	PUREX Desirables	PUKEX Dachdang	Plant Water Prom	PUREX Dictadolog	PURLX Declading Shide
1	MCSS	100	WATFR	nc.	1504	WATPR	# ISCIA	WATER	PONT	241-AW-109	ra total	PDS17	WATER	ana.	PDSET	WATER	484	MARE	WATER	a ku	Pricer
West Type Description	PUREX NCRW Studge (TRU)	De la la la la la la la la la la la la la	Die Nos-	PUREX NORW	Dilas Nos	Die No.	Die le	Dista No.	PUREX H. R.V.	Chief Non-	Dike No.	PUREX NCRW	Dies No	Dilue You	PUNEX MURW	Dies No.	Diles No.	PUKEN MURW	Dilan Ne	Oler No.	PUREX NCRW
Wass Type	£	3	E	£	8	ž	ž	2	8	Z	3	2	2	2	2	2	2		2	2	2
1	1	1					1		1	1	1			1	1	1		1	1	1	1
1 1	241-AW-103	W. W. Line	10 A 4 102	241.AW-103	MAN IN	241-4-W-103	101 A 7 150			241.4W.101		-			10 A V	100					355-AW-103

Table A.1, Tank 241.AW-103 Transfers from January 1985 Through December 2006 (8 Sheets)

								,	manufacture of the contract tood (8 Sheets)	S 2) DOOT LIGHTAN	(Day)						
Tal New	Type	Water Type	Weste Type Description	-	Searce Description	1	Describes	Transfe Bate	Transfer Ed.	Wante Type Start	E SE	Wass Type	1	Transfer	4	12	Tank Volume
· 241-AW-163	-	ž	Dilue Nos- Complexed	WATER	Flash Wass From Metallians		,				1		3	*	3	1	Cale
241.4101	1	Z	Complexed	200	PUREX Decladang	Ή-	-	00 0 tan VIA	2767 918 0 00	(0)	3	376	3	11	laga.	£.	Igi
241-AW-101	1	£	Shape (TRU)	the state	PUNEX Declaration	+		34/1968 0 60	371/1903 0 00	-	3	24	Į.	2	H	\$78	1730
			Dies Man		Flush Water From	Z4F-AW-103	4	3771966 0 00	3727 est 0 00	357	legal.	908	Į.	2	1	618	1
241.AW.103	1	ž	Compleme	WATER	Source	241.AW.107	1	371/1988 0 00	2717941 0 00	ž	3	į					
Zef.AW-103	Paule	ž	Complete	241-AW-103	Test	241-AW-162	3	4/15/1968 0.06	2000				1	=	Ā	Z	less.
41-AW-103	Preside	Z	Complexed	241-AW-103	Į	241.410.100	3				3	=	P	Ė	Z.	\$	le l
241-AW-103		ž	Completed	22,02	PUREX Decleding			00 0 2061/51/5	202141000	6	kea	*	3	-133	ī	ğ	1
741-AW-103	1	£	Shedge (TRU)	POSET	PUREX Deciding		3	000 0 504 0 00	670/1988 6 00	*	3	N.	lega!	G	1	3	74
341-AW-103	1	ž	Difue Nos		Flash Water From Misselfamous		*	000 1360714	67019th 0.00	\$	3	418	l'and	13	ŀ	33	Tes.
261.44.101			Diles Nos	WATER	PUREX Declaration	241-AW-103	1	6717988 0 00	6/JO/Town 9 00	H	1	8	1	£	1	E	3
241.4W.100		5	PUREX N. R.W.	TON ET	PUREX D. Ladding	241-AW-103	3	7/1/988 0-06	275/1988 6 00	84.1	3	22	1	*	]		
150		2	Shelp (Thu)	msn.	Bladge	241-AW-109	1	7/1/1988 0:00	7707 988 9 00	•	1		1				Ą.
Z-01-AW-105	1	Ĕ	Dilve Non- Complessed	WATER	Kerning	241.410.100	,									101	
22 2261-AW-103	1	2	Dilet No.		PUREX Declarating			00 0 tank / ///	7/30/1988 0:00	*	3	*	T.	2	1	919	P. Car
-AW-103	1	T	PUREX NEW	T	PLKEX Decidates	241-AW-103	Tank	\$777 948 0-00	CANADATE D CO	1.5	T and	416	1	3	ļ	- E	]
1			1	Tax I	Plank Water From	241-AW-109	3	\$77.00 a a a a a	E/30/1968 0 00	27	1	462	P P	×	3	25	1
-AW-103	i.	£	Company	WATER	Muzoffencou Source	241-AW-105	ž	877 958 0-00	000 8361/00/8	E	3	ŝ					
\$49.AW 105	946		Course Non-	-	TRU, Ser								ā		ŀ	E -	I
.e	1		PUREX NORW	1		341-AW-103	3	\$4145E 6 00	9/30/1442 6 00	=	ŀ	3	Tes.	5	3	5	Ĭ
7-3-AW-101	1	-	Dilas Nos.		Plant V ate From	241-AW-103	2	47.7448 0 00	470/14EE 0:00	463	3	٤	1	+	3	8	E
			Completed	WATTE	NUREX Declading	241-AW-103	T.	97/1948 0:00	970/1988 0-00	858	T.	417	3	=	]	-	- ]
241.AW.103	1	E	Dibes Mas- Complexed	10139		241-AW-103		000000000000000000000000000000000000000								-	
241-AW-103	1	8	FUREX NCRW Shope (TRU)	Men		241.AW.105		-	2000		1	2	1	7	l prof	2101	I
241-AW-103	L	ž	Dilute Non- Complexed	WATFR		241.4 % 103	-	-				*	1	+	ŀ	E	Į.
241-AW-103		2	Diba Na		32.		$\vdash$	-	0000	=	1	ğ	Ē	2	3	Ē	I.
241.AW-103			PUREX MCRW	T	-	241-AW-103	T.	11/1/958 0-00 1	11/70/1988 0:00	130	1	Ş	T. T.	£	Table 1	640)	1
		2	State (TRU)	ALKER .	Studge After FY 89	241.AW.103	1	11/1/962 0:00	11/30/1988 6:00	**	land.	-	]	-	]		

Table A.2. Tunk 241-AW-193 Transfers from January 1985 Through December 2908 (8 Sheets) .

Tabl: Viriam	9	3	į.,	i.	1	3			1	3			1	1		I	1		3	7			7
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2		-				-	*		٦	9.5	KI.					7	2		,	7	5		
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Wash Type		553	75		5	E C	334		233	íž.	*			2		6	- 8	3	2	181	9		
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Waste Type Start Volume		3%	Ş			129	613	. ;		133	#	. 3		137		E	157			5	15	3	
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Description Description	]		Tank	1		3	Tank	e de la constante de la consta		1	ĭ	Cherry, Lance Eventuaries, Sertica Cherry, Instrument, cr. J.		1000	Born Laco Proposition, Series Charac		Lone due to	Free Own	Loss due to (Berg, Lance Emporation, Surface Change,	Management are 3	7.	ž	Lone des to (Bury, Linco Proporation, Serface Change,
Perfeeds	17.		241-AW-105	241.AW.103	3	(Dism w. las	261-4.W-102	CARCA		241-AW-102	261-AW-102	CHEST		241-AW-103	N. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S.		601-201-001	UNKN			241.AW.103	241-AW-103	
Serve Description	Fuch Wass From	PUREX Declarating	Manhama Renoval	Shalpe After PY19	Marchanna			Į		X.	1	Ĭ	Case Das Yo Case	$\top$	Ī	d i	T	¥.	,	Die No	-	Musclimanus Source	
1	WATFE		N M	PTST9	WATER		(ol-a V-lay	241.AW.103	241.49.100	SOLUTION STATE	241.AW-103	241-AW-103	IMON		241-AW-103	NO.		241-AW-103	201-49-2001		PYONSC	WATER	
Weste Type Description	Dibe Non- Complesed	Other Non-	Complessed	Shep (TRU)	Dilan Non- Complement	Cybra Nos		Dilate Non- Compressed	County No.	Dikus Nus	Complement	Dilete Nos- Complement	Diles No.		Dilan Kon- Complexed	Dilue Nos- Complexed		Olte Ne	Die N	1		Dibas No.	Dilate Nas-
West Type	ž		E	2	¥	2		74.	ž	1		ž	Z		ž	£		Ē	Z		Z	ž	
Trusted	1		1	ı	1	Practice		98	Presiden			2	I		.1	L		3	1		1	1	
Total Rose	241-AW-103		XI.AW.103	Z41.AW.103	241-AW-103	241.AW.103	·k	3541.AW.103	41-AW-105	SIAW.IM		21-AW-103	241-AW-103		\$41-AW-103	241-AW-103		241.AW.105	241.4 W.103		241-AW-109	241.4W-165	MI-A W-103

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Table A.2. Tank 24f-AW-193 Transfers from January 1985 Through Decomber 1989 of Changes

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Test No.	Trans.	Wasse Type	Waste Type Description	j	Bearts Description	- Person	Designation	Transfer Bagin	Transfer East	Waste Type Start	ž,	Water Type	Zad Value	Transfer	1	1	4
741.AW-103	ejed	ž	Dilate Non-	2	Gan Dae To Can		1				Clado	all marks and a second	1 2	Volume	1 1	1	c.e.
· fil				N. C.	merunes, 18	241-AW-103		371/1491 0:00	331/1991 0:00	851	P	162	) Page	_	hpi	3	3
34.AW-103	3	ž	Dilute Non- Complexed	34f.AW-103	į	7.00	France Owen										
241.AW.10)		2	Dilute Nos-		Chat Des To Car	-	No. of the last of	10/1/1901 0:08	10011/1401 0-00	10	Į.	138	1	,	1	3	74
			Company	Cherry	Instrument, Fac.	241-AW-103	Tark	11/1/191000	117/11991 0:00	138	ā	591	3	•			
241.AW-105	2	Æ	Diber Non- Complement	241.4W.103		2	Property Con-									\$	4
241.AW-103	ā.	ž	Dilue Non- Complexed	DATO	One Des To Con-	3		88	371/1987 0:00	162	3	3	2	ç	ì	3	, and
						E01-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14	Loss des to	90 V 266 V 16	670/1992 0:00	\$5	ğ	191	T.	-	P	3	124
241-AW-109	3	ž	Dibes Non- Complexed	241.AW.109	Test	UMDA	Sefera Comment	16/1/997 6:00	10/31/1997 0.00	3	J						
241-AW-165	ŝ	Z	Dies No	W 172			Charles a					<u>R</u>	1	7	3	3	3
					Change in Took	CANCO	battramme, etc.)	1/1/1991 0:00	1010401000	13	ļ	25	I	-	]	*	]
241-4W-103	a a	Z	Complement	ber	Charge 16	241-AW-109	1	371/39/10:00	Washern a.m.	3							
241-AW-103	3	ž	Dilute Non- Complement	241.AW.101	1		Owen to					191	1	•	1	8	I.
					Charge in Tank	-	Prefroments	26/2010:00	26/1991 0:00	91	3	<u>=</u>	1	*	3	ž	T.
241-AW-103	1	ž	Complexed	PAST	Camp b	241.AW.107	Ţ	\$771493 6 00	L7/149) 0:00	2	]						
241-AW-103	2	ž	Dibas Nos- Complesed	241-AW-103	Į	TOWO.	Corp. Less Preportes Emportes Serbor Chenga	200					5		3	3	, land
			Ditte Na				Loss face to (Berry, Lance Eveporates	-	Balanca	151	1	3	3	-	1	\$	Tal.
101.44.14	2	ž .	Complexed	241-AW-103	1	UNKN	Parameter ( Parameter )	3/1/1994 0 00	3/31/1994 6 dd	160	1		1	•	1	. ;	
241-AW-103	L	Z	Other Not- Complessed	IMEN	Serfice Change Brattument, Fe	241-AW-163	ž	67.7 994 6 00	470/1994 B 08	3	,				1	3	Total Control
			Dibes Hos				Chery, Lance Proportions								3	\$	1
241-AW-101		T	Complement Dilute Non-	241-AW-105	1	UNKN	Carlo Carlo	\$77.094.000	0717994 0 00	\$	1	159	J		]	3	
341.AW.103			PUREX NEW	DAYIO	-	241-AW-105	Tank	10111004 0 00	10/1/16M 8-00	<u> </u>	, tp.	7£3	1	2.2	1	3	1
		1	Swope (TRU)	DAVIGO	Proportion	241.AW.103	1	10/1/1994 0-00	10/1/994 0:00	120	ŀ	) XCI	1	z.	100	E	]
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Treate	Vehume	41.			-		-	7		-		-				-		-	7	_			7	-
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Wass frps	Erd Voters	153	!	<u> </u>	13		E	151	-			130			<u> </u>	138		R	2	81	-	5	QK .	8
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Transfer End West Type Start St		æ	•	!	ŭ.			121	5			Ē	151			132			8	\$	58		181	130
Transfer East		1021/1994 0:00	11/20/1994 6:00		BOD CALLEGA	#31/1005 000		9000 5000000	11/10/1995 0:00			000000000000000000000000000000000000000	1/31/1906 6 00	78/1885 0.09		10/11/1996 0-00	17071 <del>88</del> 6.8 m		1/31/1907 0:00	00 0 600 1701/9	701/1477 0:00		000 (24) 000	1/31/1994 0 00
Treasfer Page		10/19/1994 0:00	11/1/94 0:00	8 9 9 6 7 5		87/1995 6-00		W1/1995 0:00	11/1/1995 0:00		1300000000	TO A CALLED	1/31/1996 0:00	27671996 0-00	_	10/1/1996 0-00	00-0 966 0701	_	1771997 0-00	6/1/1997 0:00	331097000		1	177944 0 00
	-	Ž	Ta.	3	35	Entra Character	Loss dus le (Bary, Lesco Francosca, Jarkes Changa,	Bulbrament, etc.)	Te.	Loss due to (Berp, Lance	O	Lone dea 10	Deformant of	Į	Con the to	Company of 1	(Bern Less Emporator, Series Owner, Manuscon, etc.)	Chery Lease Proposes	ballanters, ce )	7	Test	Loss due to (Bury, Lasco Emporator, Sarface Ounga,	out de b	Evaporation,
Durfagilla		Zal-wa-107	241-AW-103	241.AW.103		EMICH		CINKIN	241-AW-103		T WIE CO		PAST	24f-AW-103		IMKN	UMON		A NEW	241-AW-103	241-AW-105	N. C.		UNKN
Searce Description		Gas Da To Gas.	1	Forter Change		Į		One Das To Cas.	Serfice Change, betrument for		7		1	Company	;		ž		Gas Da To Ca	+	Sarters Change.	3		Ta.
Searce	241.49.101		UNKN	(Arcse		241-AW-103	241-4W-101		UMEN		741-AW-109		241.AW.105	lg.	241.486.105		241-AW-103		(41-AW-10)	( BAICH	UMEN	241-AW-105		241-AW-103
Waste Type Description	Dilue Non- Complement	Dilbe Non	Complesed	Dilute Non- Complement		Dise Nos- Complexed	Dibe No.	1	Complement		Dilute Nos- Complement	Dibes Nos-	Campleme	Diber Nos- Complexed	Other Non-		Dikes Non- Complexed	Diae No.	Dilan Nas-	Complement	Other Nas- Complexed	Dilate Mos-	Dive Nos-	Complement
Water Type	Z		Z	ž		Z	ž		ž		Z		E	ž			ž			ž.	ž	·	_	8
The	Apada			1		1	3		112		3		3	1	1		J				2	3		
Tank Name	241-AW-103		Zel-4W.101	241-AW-103		241-AW-103	741.A.W.109		341.AW-103		45t (W.10)		/41-4W-103	241-3.96-103	241-AW-103		241-AW-103	241-A W-103	20.00		241-AW-103	241.AW-103	201.20	50

Table A.2. Tank 241 AW-163 Transfers from January 1985 Through December 2006 (B Sheets)

					TOM WATER TO				former of the resulting of the second of the		,			1			
74.71	- F	Water Type	Wester Type Description	i	Searce Description	Patrick	Description	Transfer Perja	Total Control	Wasse Type Start Volume	1 1 2	East Volume	East Volume Unite	Transfer	Tracks Votes	11	Tank Volume Under
							Surface Change, bearvances, erc.)										
241-AW-103	evecousing	ž	Complessed Complessed	DANDO	Proposytica	241-AW-103	4.00	V1/19/4 0:00	37.71408.0.00	149	1	165	Į.	2	1	215	i.
241-AW-103	praporation	£	Share (TRID	90 INC	Proposition	241-AW-103	Tark	3717998 0 00	31/11004 0:00	361	1	ķ	Į.	.16	I par	£	1
		ž	Dies Na	241-A W-103	1	· NO	Complete to	12711998 6 00	00 0 No 1/15/21		legal.	2	Į.	7	3	115	. 1
241.4%-[93	3	ž	Dilens Non- Complexed	741-AW-103	1	UMICH	Con Less	00-0 466 VVI	1731710000 0 00	31	Ta.	. 163	]	7	J	919	1
201-AW-103	Воривория	×	SST Solids metrolis	8C100	Evaporation	241-AW-105	Tank	10/1/1999 0 00	10/1/1999 6 40	•	1	2	3	16	3	910	right.
241-AW-103	evaporacios	×	SST Solids	9C100	Preparetre	241-AW-103	Tank	10/1/1949 8 00	101/1999 0 00	91	T.		3	-	1	916	100
241-AW-103	pragrantica	ž	Complessed	SC100	Proporetical	241-AW-163	Took	10111999 0:00	1077 999 0 00	163	1çe	ē	71	2.	Į.	£	ī
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341-4-4-103	evaporation	بر	DSS-SS-F exists Stadys	\$1.100	Evaporation	241-AW-103	2	10/1/1999-0-00	16/1/1999 0 00	۰	3	316	1	316	2	916	2
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# APPENDIX B SURVEILLANCE ANALYSIS COMPUTER SYSTEM (SACS)

SURFACE LEVEL MEASUREMENTS FOR TANK 241-AW-103

### **B.1** SURFACE LEVEL MEASUREMENTS

From August 4, 1980 to the present, the surface level of the waste stored in tank 241-AW-103 was either manually measured or measured with an automated instrument. The waste surface level measurements were recorded in the Surveillance Analysis Computer System (SACS). The SACS measurements of the waste surface level can be accessed through the Tank Waste Information Network System (TWINS) database at the following web addresses:

http://twins.pnl.gov/data/getLookupFields3.exe?table=twins\_catalog.dbo.lp\_Retrieve\_SACS\_SL&whatsnew=Measurements

The surface level measurements for the waste stored in tank 241-AW-103 were downloaded from the TWINS database on February 12, 2004. The surface level measurements for the waste stored in tank 241-AW-103 are plotted in Appendix B for August 4, 1980 through February 11, 2004. The waste transfer records in Appendices A are consistent with waste surface level measurements in Appendix B.

Figure B-1.

Tank 241-AW-103 Waste Surface Level August 1980 - July 1983

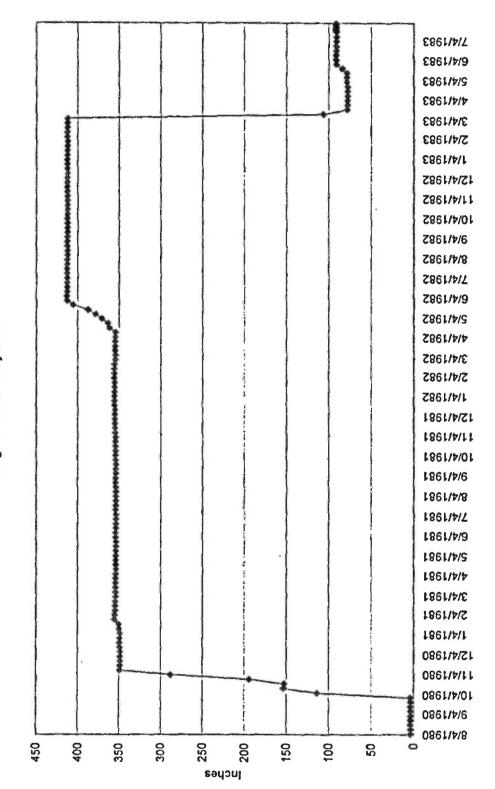
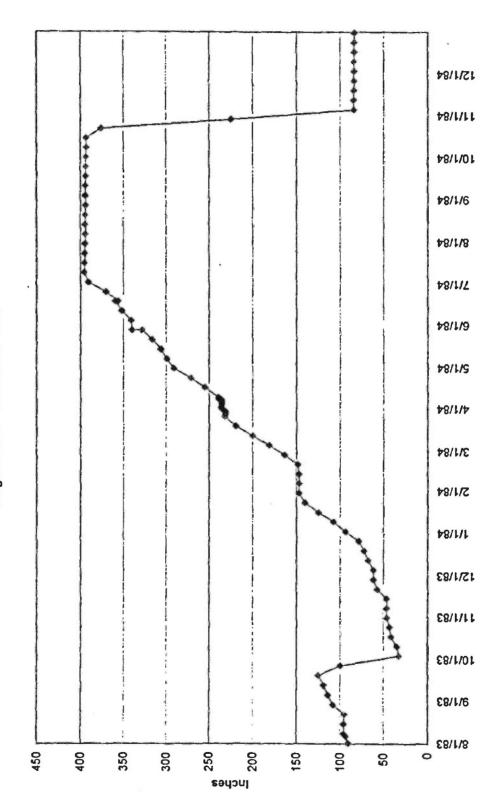


Figure B-2.

Tank 241-AW-103 Waste Surface Level August 1983 - December 1984



B-5

Figure B-3.

Tank 241-AW-103 Waste Surface Level January 1985 - June 1987

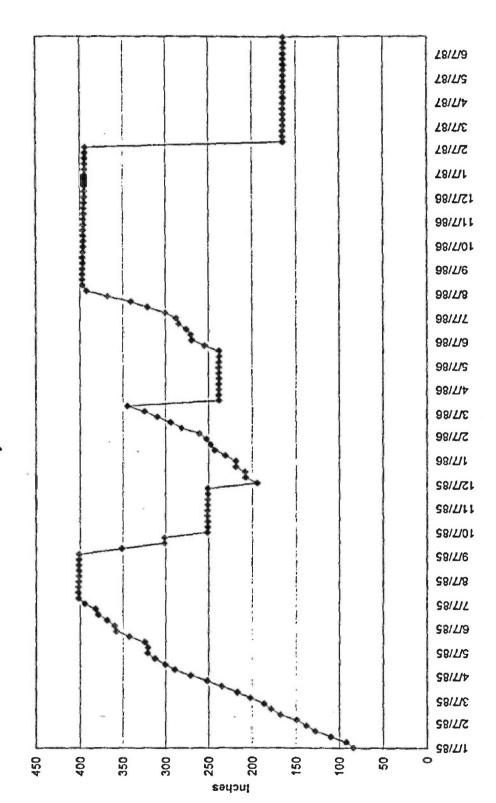


Figure B-4.

Tank 241-AW-103 Waste Surface Level July 1987 - December 1989

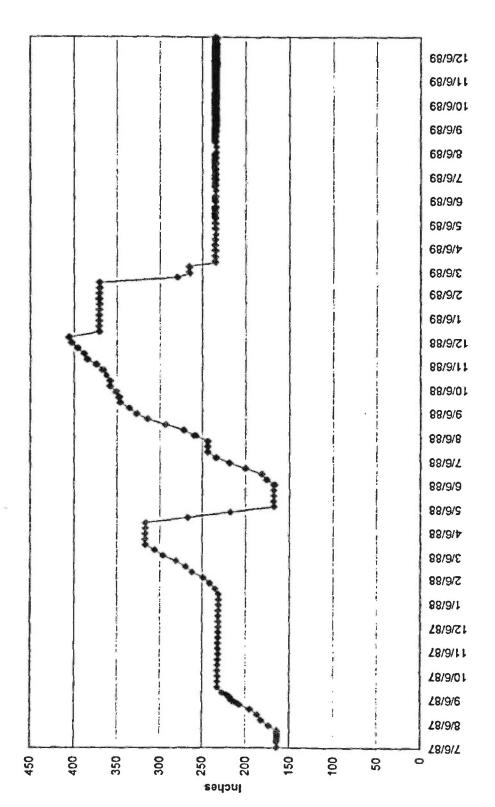
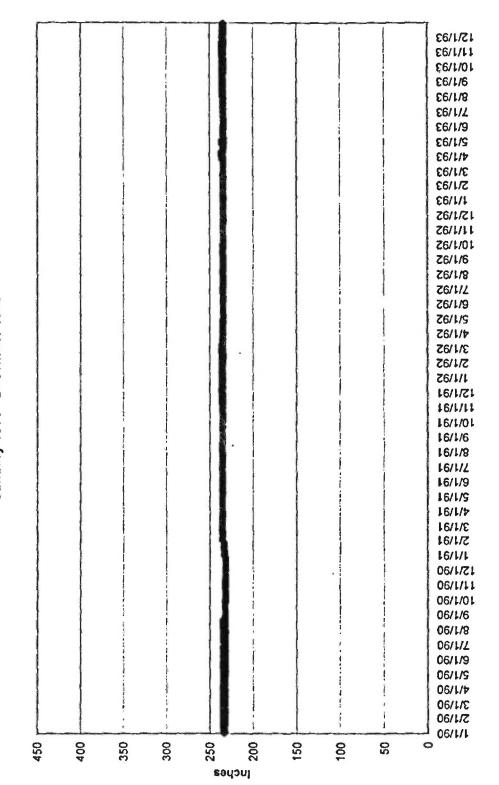


Figure B-5.

Tank 241-AW-103 Waste Surface Level January 1990 - December 1993



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Figure B-6.

Tank 241-AW-103 Waste Surface Level January 1994 - December 1996

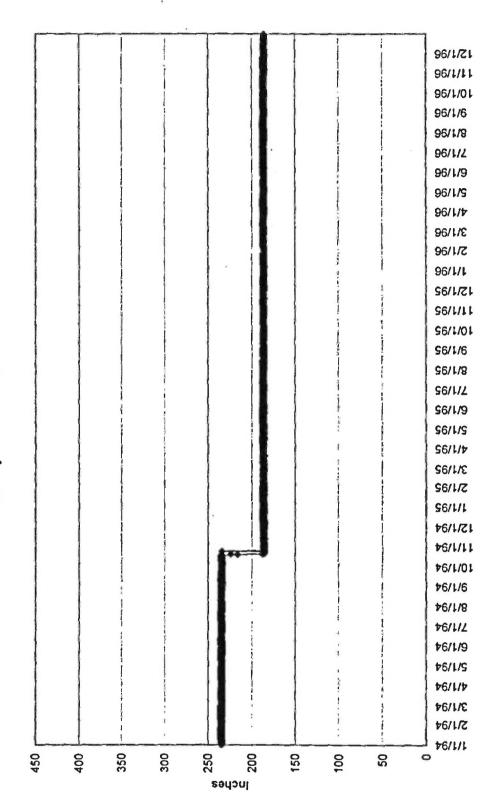


Figure B-7.

Tank 241-AW-103 Waste Surface Level January 1997 - December 1999

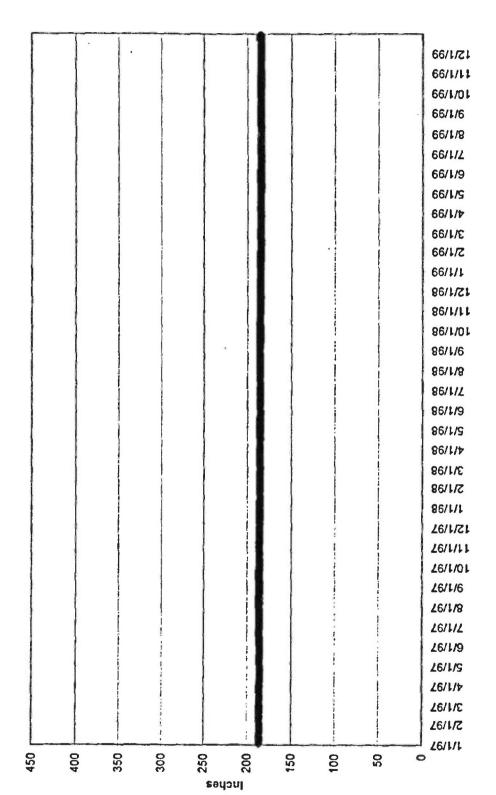
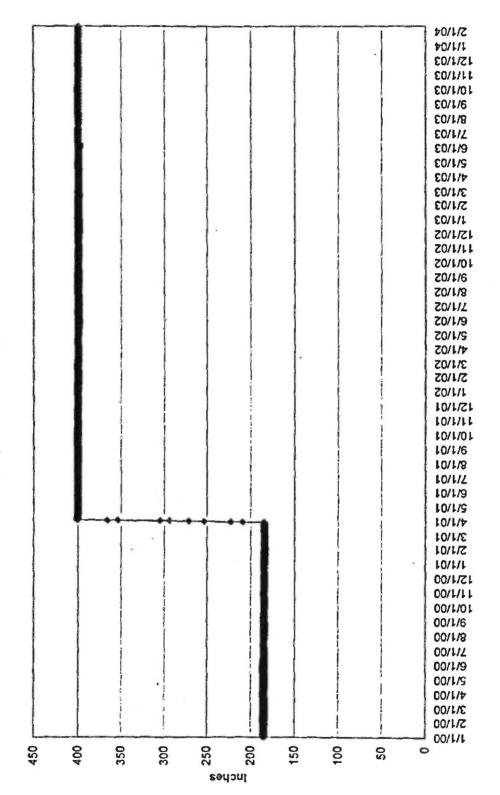


Figure B-8.

Tank 241-AW-103 Waste Surface Level January 2000 - February 2004



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# **ORIGIN OF WASTE IN TANK 241-AW-105**

#### M. E. Johnson

CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc.

Richland, WA 99352

U.S. Department of Energy Contract DE-AC27-99RL14047

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PUREX, Hot Semiworks, CX-70, REDOX process testing, neutralized cladding

removal waste

Abstract: A review of waste transfer documentation was conducted to determine the origin of waste transferred into double-shell tank 241-AW-105. This review was conducted to support decisions concerning disposition of the waste present in this tank.

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

A review of waste transfer documentation was conducted to determine the origin of waste transferred into double-shell tank 241-AW-105. This review was conducted to support decisions concerning disposition of the waste present in this tank. Tank 241-AW-105 presently contains 264,000 gallons (~999,000 liters) of sludge and 157,000 gallons (~593,000 liters) of supernatant.

Tank 241-AW-105 entered service in 1980 and was first used to store concentrated complexant (CC) waste from operation of the 242-A Evaporator, double-shell slurry feed (DSSF), N reactor decontamination waste and miscellaneous low activity wastes from the PUREX Plant. With the exception of the sludge portion of the miscellaneous low activity PUREX Plant wastes, these wastes were removed in 1984 and the tank was then used from 1984 through 1988 to receive neutralized cladding removal waste (NCRW) from the PUREX Plant. Tank 241-AW-105 also received waste in 1988 from clean-out of tank CX-70 at the 201-C Hot Semi-Works facility and miscellaneous low activity wastes from the PUREX Plant from 1989 to 1990 and 1992 to 1996. The supernatant was periodically transferred from tank 241-AW-105 to other double-shell tanks for dispositioning.

The miscellaneous PUREX Plant wastes formed a sludge depositing in tank 241-AW-105. The NCRW also formed a sludge fraction that deposited atop the miscellaneous PUREX Plant waste in tank 241-AW-105. The NCRW sludge phase (926,000 liters) contains approximately 855  $\eta$ Ci/gram TRU, as well as 39,200 Ci of <sup>137</sup>Cs and 8,630 Ci of <sup>90</sup>Sr. The miscellaneous PUREX Plant sludge phase (73,000 liters) contains approximately 2,075  $\eta$ Ci/gram TRU, as well as 5,110 Ci of <sup>137</sup>Cs and 22,700 Ci of <sup>90</sup>Sr. The supernatant (593,000 liters) contains approximately 0.4  $\eta$ Ci/gram TRU, as well as 5,920 Ci of <sup>137</sup>Cs and 13.1 Ci of <sup>90</sup>Sr. The volume and radionuclide content of these waste phases are based on the best basis inventory published in the Tank Waste Information Network System (http://twins.pnl.gov/twins.htm) as of October 13, 2004, with the radionuclides decay corrected to January 1, 2004.

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#### LIST OF TERMS

A1StCk 242-A Evaporator saltcake
BBI Best-Basis Inventory
CC complexant concentrate
CWZr2 Zirconium cladding waste
DSSF double-shell slurry feed

FY fiscal year HLW high-level waste

PUREX plutonium-uranium extraction
NCRW neutralized cladding removal waste
RHO Rockwell Hanford Operations

RMIS Record Management Information System SACS Surveillance Analysis Computer System

TCSRC Tank Characterization and Safety Resource Center

TRU transuranic

TWINS Tank Waste Information Network System

### Units

Ci curies ft feet grams g kilo-gallons kgal kLkiloliters meters m milliliters mLηCi nanocuries micro-curies μCi

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The origin of the waste in tank 241-AW-105 has been reviewed to provide information for determining the disposition of this waste. Section 2.0 discusses the origin of waste transferred into and removed from tank 241-AW-105. Section 3.0 provides a description of the different types of wastes that were generated at the Hanford Site chemical processing plants and transferred to tank 241-AW-105. Section 4.0 summarizes the waste types that were transferred into tank 241-AW-105.

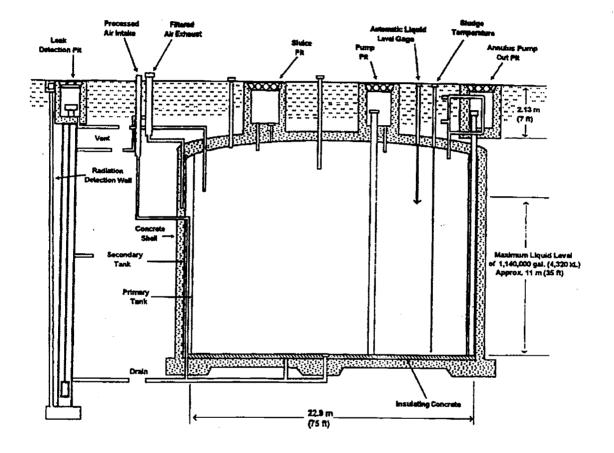
#### 2.0 WASTE TRANSFERS ASSOCIATED WITH TANK 241-AW-105

This section provides a brief description of double-shell tank 241-AW-105 and summarizes waste transfers into and waste removal from this tank. In order to determine the origins of the waste presently stored in tank 241-AW-105, available reports for the Hanford Site and tank farm operating records were reviewed. Information reviewed included the Hanford Site contractors' monthly reports, tank farm waste status summary reports, waste transfer records, miscellaneous letters, and technical reports. The waste transfer records are available only as photocopies from the Tank Characterization and Safety Resource Center (TCSRC) located in 2750-E building.

#### 2.1 DESCRIPTION OF TANK 241-AW-105

Tank 241-AW-105 is a double-shell tank that was constructed from 1976 to 1980. Double-shell tanks are constructed with a primary steel liner and an outer steel liner, both inside a reinforced concrete shell and covered by a concrete reinforced dome. The primary steel liner is separated from the outer steel liner by annulus, which is equipment with leak detection capability. Tank 241-AW-105 is one of the six tanks in the 241-AW Tank Farm, as shown in Figure 2. Tank 241-AW-105 has a maximum storage capacity of 4,390,000 liters (1,160,000 gallons), a diameter of 22.9 m (75.0 ft), and an operating depth of 10.7 m (35.2 ft). Figure 1 provides a plan view of tank 241-AW-105. Tank 241-AW-105 is equipment with fifteen 4-inch diameter risers, four 12-inch diameter risers, and three 24-inch diameter risers.

Figure 1. Tank 241-AW-105 Cross Section



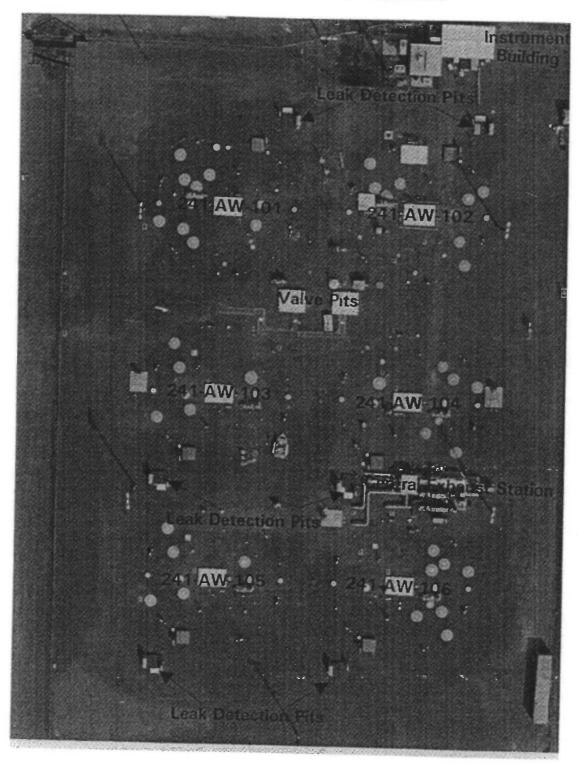


Figure 2. Aerial View of 241-AW Tank Farm

### 2.2 WASTE TRANSFERS FOR TANK 241-AW-105

This section describes the waste types that were transferred into and removed from tank 241-AW-105 from July 1980 to August 2004. Documentation of the waste transfer associated with tank 241-AW-105 are provided in Appendix A and B, along with the cited references. Appendix A provides a tabular listing of waste transfers associated with tank 241-AW-105. Appendix B provides a graphical representation of the waste level in tank 241-AW-105 for the period of July 1980 through August 2004. The waste level measurements for tank 241-AW-105 are from the Surveillance Analysis Computer System (SACS).

#### 2.2.1 CC Waste Receipt (August 1980 – November 1980)

Tank 241-AW-105 went into service on July 1980. The tank contained approximately 3.75 inches (9,874 gallons) of water following operability testing.

A reported 919,180 gallons of concentrated complexant (CC) waste were slurried from the 242-A Evaporator (see section 3.2) during campaign 80-9 to tank 241-AW-105 from August 14, 1980 through August 27, 1980 (RHO-SD-WM-PE-005). The temperature of the CC waste averaged ~130°F when discharged from the evaporator. The tank was not filled to the maximum operating volume in order to allow for slurry growth of the CC waste. A measurement of the solids in tank 241-AW-105 was obtained in January 9, 1981 and determined to range from 0.8 inches (~1960 gallons) to 1.0 inch (~2470 gallons) (RHO-SD-WM-PE-005, page 12).

The complexed waste<sup>1</sup> that was concentrated during 242-A Evaporator campaign 80-9 was originally stored in tank 241-SY-103<sup>2</sup>. The CC waste was transferred to tank 241-S-107 where it was diluted at a ratio of 30 percent water to 70 percent waste and then pumped to tanks 241-A-101<sup>3</sup>, 241-A-102<sup>4</sup>, 241-BX-104<sup>5</sup> and 241-BX-105<sup>6</sup> for processing in the evaporator.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Complexed waste is waste containing greater than 10 grams of carbon as total organic carbon per liter of waste.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Tank 241-SY-103 went into service in 1977, receiving CC waste from the 242-S Evaporator. The CC waste originated from strontium solvent extraction processing conducted in the 221-B Plant.

Tank 241-A-101 was placed in service in 1956 to receive high-level waste from the 202-A PUREX Plant. The tank continued to receive periodic transfers of PUREX high-level waste (HLW) and organic wash waste through early 1968. In the second quarter of 1968, through March 1969, the HLW supernatant and sludge in tank 241-A-101 was removed by sluicing (SD-WM-TI-302, page 159). The tank then was used to receive PUREX HLW and other miscellaneous wastes from other single-shell tanks. The supernatant was removed from the tank in fourth quarter of 1975 to allow for sluicing of the solids. Sluicing of the solids from tank 241-A-101 was conducted from the fourth quarter of 1975 through March 1976 (SD-WM-TI-302, page 159). A heel of less than 3-inches (~8,300 gallons) of PUREX HLW solids remained in tank 241-A-101 in April 1976 (ARH-LD-215B, page 26). Tank 241-A-101 was then used from 1976 through 1980 in conjunction with the 242-A Evaporator.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Tank 241-A-102 was placed in service in 1956 to receive high-level waste from the 202-A PUREX Plant. The tank continued to receive periodic transfers of PUREX high-level waste (HLW) and organic wash waste through 1967. In 1968, through mid-1970, the tank was used receive HLW supernatant from other A Farm tanks and transfer this waste to tanks 241-C-105 for eventual transfer to B Plant for cesium ion

No additional waste was received into tank 241-AW-105 from September 1980 through August 1982. The Surveillance Analysis Computer System (SACS) liquid level measurements for tank 241-AW-105 (Appendix B, figure B-1) show a slight downward trend (reduction of 0.33-inches per month) in the liquid volume for tank 241-AW-105 which is indicative of waste cooling and water evaporation.

## 2.2.2 B Plant Waste Receipt (September 1982)

In September 1982, approximately 113,850 gallons of waste from waste was transferred from tank 241-AW-104 into tank 241-AW-105, filling this tank to 378.2 inches (RHO 1982). Tank 241-AW-104 was empty until receiving ~143,000 gallons of cesium ion exchange waste and low-level waste from 221-B Plant (see section 3.3) via tank 241-AY-101 in August 1981 (RHO 1982). No additional waste was added to tank 241-AW-104 before transferring the 221-B Plant cesium ion exchange waste and low-level waste to tank 241-AW-105.

A sample of the supernatant contained in tank 241-AW-105 was obtained and analyzed in September 1982, with the results reported in Table 1 (65453-82-345). No waste additions or removals from tank 241-AW-105 occurred from October 1982 through March 1983. Tank 241-AW-105 was reported to contain no solids as of March 31, 1983 (RHO-RE-SR-14 March 1983, page 12).

exchange (IX) processing. In late 1970, dilute waste was added to the sludge in tank 241-A-102 to remove soluble salts and cesium. The supernatant was then transferred to B Plant as before for cesium IX processing. The sludge in tank 241-A-102 was removed by sluicing (SD-WM-TI-302, page 160) from July 1972 through May 1973. The tank then was used to receive dilute wastes from the B Plant cesium IX process. The tank was again sluiced in early 1976 (SD-WM-TI-302, page 160). A heel of less than 2-inches (~5,520 gallons) of PUREX HLW solids remained in tank 241-A-102 in May 1976 (ARH-LD-217B, page 13). Tank 241-A-102 was then used from 1976 through 1980 in conjunction with the 242-A Evaporator.

Tank 241-BX-104 was placed in service in 1949 and was used until early 1955 to store metal waste from the 221-B Bismuth Phosphate Plant. The metal waste was removed by sluicing the tank contents in 1954. In 1956, this tank was used to stored waste from the 221-U Tri-Butyl Phosphate Plant, which was discharged to the BC ditch in late 1956. The tank sat empty (waste heel of ~62 kgal) from 1957 through late 1962. Tank 241-BX-104 was then used to store coating removal waste (CW) from the PUREX Plant. The PUREX CW was removed in late 1967 and tank 241-BX-104 was then used through 1970 to store cesium ion exchange waste from 221-B Plant. The cesium ion exchange waste was removed in late 1970 and tank 241-BX-104 was used through late 1972 to receive and transfer to 221-B Plant, REDOX highlevel waste supernatant for cesium ion exchange processing. Tank 241-BX-104 was again used through mid-1976 to store cesium ion exchange waste from 221-B Plant. From mid-1976 through 1978, tank 241-BX-104 was used to transfer waste from the 200 West Area to the 200 East Area and dilute customer wastes (i.e. reactor decontamination waste) for staging to the 242-A Evaporator.

<sup>6</sup> Tank 241-BX-105 was placed in service in 1949 and was used until early 1954 to store metal waste from the 221-B Bismuth Phosphate Plant. The metal waste was removed by sluicing the tank contents in 1954. In 1956, this tank was used to stored waste from the 221-U Tri-Butyl Phosphate Plant, which was discharged to the BC ditch in early 1957. The tank sat empty (waste heel of ~62 kgal) from 1957 through 1963. Tank 241-BX-105 was then used to store coating removal waste (CW) from the PUREX Plant. The PUREX CW was removed in 1968 and tank 241-BX-105 was then used through early 1974 to store cesium ion exchange waste from 221-B Plant. The cesium ion exchange waste was removed in early 1974 and tank 241-BX-105 was used through mid-1976 to store evaporator bottoms from the in-tank solidification unit. From mid-1976 through 1978, tank 241-BX-105 was used for staging waste to the 242-A Evaporator.

# 2.2.3 Waste Transfer to Tank 241-AW-101 (April 1983)

In April 1983 (refer to Appendix A, Table A-1), the waste contained in tank 241-AW-105 was transferred to tank 241-AW-101 (65950-83-1004) for staging as feed at a later date to the 242-A Evaporator (RHO-SD-WM-PE-017). A heel of approximately 18.8 inches (~51,000 gallons) of dilute B Plant wastes was left in tank 241-AW-105 following this transfer. No solids were reported in tank 241-AW-105 at the end of April 1983 (RHO-RE-SR-14 April 1983, page 12).

Table 1. Tank 241-AW-105 Supernatant Analysis (09/1982)

Analyte	Units	Concentration
Рu	ηCi/gram	7.9 <sup>(1)</sup>
Am-241	ηCi/gram	121
Tc-99	ηCi/gram	78
HEDTA	M	0.1044
EDTA	M	0.0323
Sr-90	μCi/L	9.1E+03
Cs-137	μCi/L	2.37E+05
OH	M	0.647
TOC	gm/L	34.8
Na	M	8.52
Al	M	0.506
F	M	0.027
Sp. Gr.		1.356
Solids	Wt%	0

(i) The Pu was apparently present as a colloidal suspension and representative sub-sampling was difficult to obtain. Duplicate analysis yielded 107ηCi/gram.

### 2.2.4 Miscellaneous PUREX Waste Receipt (April 1983 – July 1984)

From April 1983 through July 4, 1984, waste from miscellaneous low activity waste from the PUREX Plant (see section 3.1) collected in tanks F-18, R-8 and G-8 were transferred into tank 241-AW-105. PUREX tanks G-8 and R-8 collected organic solvent wash solutions (RHO-SD-RE-PCP-006, page 24). PUREX tank F-18 collected miscellaneous sump wastes consisting of cooling water, steam condensate, chemicals, or other low activity leaks in process cells (RHO-SD-RE-PCP-006, page 24). The miscellaneous sump wastes were neutralized with sodium hydroxide solution and transferred to underground storage tanks. Solids precipitated from the PUREX Plant miscellaneous low activity wastes in tank 241-AW-105. In particular, organic solvent wash wastes contained sodium oxalate, sodium carbonate, uranium, iron and manganese which likely contributed to most of the precipitated material.

Tank 241-AW-105 received a total of ~2.74 million gallons of miscellaneous low activity wastes from the PUREX Plant during this period, as indicated in Appendix A, Table A-1. The miscellaneous low activity wastes collected in tank 241-AW-105 were periodically transferred to other double-shell tanks for dispositioning. Tank 241-AW-105 contained ~101,400 gallons of miscellaneous low activity waste from the PUREX Plant on July 4, 1984. The solids volume reported in tank 241-AW-105 at the end of June 1984 was 14,000 gallons (RHO-RE-SR-14 June 1984, page 12).

#### 2.2.5 Tank 241-AW-103 Transfer to Tank 241-AW-105 (September 1983)

The 202-A PUREX Plant had been idle from September 1972 through March 1983. During this period, new double-shell tanks had been constructed in 241-AW Tank Farm. Waste transfer lines from the PUREX Plant were constructed to some of these double-shell tanks. Operability testing of the waste transfer lines from the PUREX Plant to the 241-AW Tank Farm was conducted from April 14 to June 10, 1983 (RHO-SD-RE-OTR-009).

Approximately 1,925 gallons of waste were transferred from PUREX tank E-5 to tank 241-AW-103 on April 25, 1983 during operability testing of the waste transfer lines. An additional ~127,000 gallons of waste was transferred from the PUREX Plant to tank 241-AW-103 as part of pre-operational testing activities. Tank 241-AW-103 contained a total of ~342,700 gallons of waste following the completion of the pre-operational testing activities at the PUREX Plant. The waste in tank 241-AW-103 was a mixture of the PUREX Plant pre-operational testing waste, 100-N Reactor decontamination (see section 3.5) and double-shell slurry feed (DSSF) waste from 242-A Evaporator campaigns 80-8, 80-10, and 81-1 (RHO-SD-WM-PE-004, RHO-SD-WM-PE-006, and RHO-SD-WM-PE-007).

After completing the operability testing activities at the PUREX Plant, approximately 264,000 gallons of supernatant was transferred from tank 241-AW-103 to tank 241-AW-105 in September 1983 (65950-83-998PM) and mixed with the miscellaneous PUREX Plant low activity wastes stored in tank 241-AW-105 (see section 2.2.4).

# 2.2.6 NCRW Transfers (July 1984 - December 1988)

At the Hanford Site, the first step in reprocessing irradiated nuclear fuel elements involved the chemical dissolution of the cladding that surrounded the uranium fuel elements. The cladding was chemically dissolved in a chemical solution that minimized the dissolution of the irradiated uranium fuel element and the fission products trapped in the fuel element. The entrained solid material was separated using centrifuges. The cladding solution was neutralized with a caustic solution and then transferred to underground storage tanks. The neutralized cladding removal waste from dissolution of Zircaloy<sup>®</sup> clad fuel elements was designated as NCRW. Zircaloy<sup>®</sup> clad fuel elements were primarily processed in the 202-A PUREX Plant at the Hanford Site. NCRW was collected in PUREX tank E-5 and then transferred to underground storage tanks. Section 3.1 provides further discussion of the PUREX Plant.

Tanks 241-AW-103 and 241-AW-105 were used to receive NCRW from October 1983 through December 1988. Approximately 2.55 million gallons of NCRW was transferred to tank 241-AW-105 from July 1984 through December 1988, as detailed in Appendix A-1, Table A-1 and Appendix A-2, Table A-2. The dates that tanks 241-AW-103 and 241-AW-105 were used to receive NCRW are listed in Table 3 (letters 65611-86-118 and 65611-87-090).

Tank 241-AW-105 also received salt well liquor<sup>8</sup> and water flushes from the 244-BX double-container receiver tank (DCRT) during April through July 1985. DCRT 244-BX received salt well liquor from single-shell in the 241-B, 241-BX and 241-BY tank farms. The records differ on the quantity of salt well liquor received into tank 241-AW-105, varying from ~77,300 gallons (based on the Tank Farm Daily Operating Reports) to 130,000 gallons (based on Appendix A-2). The difference is due to water dilution added to transfer the salt well liquor and flush the transfer line.

When tank 241-AW-105 was not receiving NCRW, the NCRW solids were allowed to settle to the bottom of the tank and a clarified supernatant layer formed. The supernatant was then periodically transferred from tank 241-AW-105 to tank 241-AW-102, as listed in Table 29.

The PUREX Plant ceased operations in December 1988, followed by a stabilization campaign (see section 2.2.8). In December 1988, the total volume of waste in tank 241-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Zircaloy<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of Teledyne Wah Chang, Albany, Oregon.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Wastes in some single-shell tanks were concentrated to the point of saturation where salts would precipitate. The saturated solution remaining atop the precipitated salts was removed along with as much as practical of the interstitial liquid contained in the precipitated salts. The saturated salt solution and interstitial liquid was known as salt well liquor.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The dates and volumes of supernatant transferred from tank 241-AW-105 differ slightly than the values presented in Appendices A-1 and A-2. These differences are due to the source data used to prepare Table 2 and Appendices A-1 and A-2.

AW-105 was approximately 830,000 gallons of which 297,000 gallons were identified as sludge (WHC-EP-0182-9, page F-3).

Table 2. Supernatant Transfers from Tank 241-AW-105 to 241-AW-102

Dates	Volume Transferred (kgal)	Reference
December 9, 1985 to	484	RHO-SD-WM-PE-026, 242-A Evaporator / Crystallizer FY
December 28, 1985		1986 Campaign Run 86-1 Post Run Document
May 15, 1986 to	390	RHO-SD-WM-PE-031, 242-A Evaporator / Crystallizer FY
May 20, 1986		1986 Campaign Run 86-4 Post Run Document (transfer
		volume listed as 374 kgal from 5-30-86 to 6-2-86)
August 15, 1987	633	WHC-SD-WM-PE-033, 242-A Evaporator / Crystallizer
September 1, 1987 to	(returned 613)	FY 1987 Campaign Run 87-3 Post Run Document: ~632 kgal
September 5, 1987		of NCRW supernatant transferred from tank 241-AW-105 on
		August 27, 1987. ~668.6 kgal of NCRW supernatant + flush
		returned from tank 241-AW-102 to tank 241-AW-105 (9-8-87
		to 9-13-87) due to high ammonium hydroxide concentration in
		evaporator process condensate.
February 15, 1988	72	Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations
		January - December 1988, (TCSRC) and Letter 13331-87-
March 15, 1988	228	Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations
		January - December 1988, (TCSRC): daily operating reports
		indicate transfer occurred from March 1 to March 7, 1988 and
		volume was ~201,180 gallons.
April 15, 1988	275	Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations
_		January - December 1988, (TCSRC): daily operating reports
		indicate transfer occurred from April 6 to April 7, 1988 and
	•	volume was ~276,150 gallons.

Table 3. NCRW Fill Cycle for Tanks 241-AW-103 and 241-AW-105

Date	NCRW Receiver Tank
May 1983 - September 1983	241-AW-103
(Pre-PUREX Start-up)	
October 1983 - July 4, 1984	241-AW-103
January 9, 1985 - June 15, 1985	241-AW-103
December 10, 1985 - March 19, 1986	241-AW-103
May 29, 1986 - August 21, 1986	241-AW-103
August 2, 1987 – March 1988	241-AW-103
June 1988 – December 1988	241-AW-103

#### 2.2.7 Tank CX-70 Waste Transfers (March – July 1988)

Tank CX-70 is located in the 241-CX tank farm adjacent to the former 201-C Hot Semiworks facility in the 200 East Area of the Hanford Site. Tank CX-70 was installed in 1951 to receive waste from testing the REDOX process flowsheet conducted at the Hot Semiworks facility from November 1952 to October 1953. Section 3.4 provides further discussion on the processes conducted at the 201-C Hot Semiworks. Two other waste storage tanks are also located in the 241-CX tank farm and are identified as CX-71 and CX-72, but were installed at a later date and used in conjunction with testing of the PUREX process conducted at the Hot Semiworks from May 1955 through March 1956.

Tank CX-70, as shown in Figure 3 is a vertical cylindrical, concrete tank with a stainless-steel liner covering the entire interior surfaces of the concrete. The tank inside diameter is 20 ft with an inside height of 15 ft. The tank operating volume is 31,000 gallons measured from a point 1 ft. from the top of the tank. The tank is equipped with a 10 inch, stainless steel vent line that enters the top of the tank and makes an S-bend about halfway from the tank top to the surface grade level. The vent line bend and line below the bend are encased in concrete. A fiberglass filter was originally attached to the vent line for tank CX-70 (HW-22955, pages 1-405.5-1 thru 1-405.5-3).

This tank was designed to receive and store wastes generated from testing of the REDOX<sup>10</sup> process chemical flowsheet that was conducted at the 201-C Semiworks from November 1952 to October 1953. REDOX process wastes included the coating removal waste from dissolution of the aluminum coating on uranium fuel elements and fission products separated from the dissolved fuel elements. Tank CX-70 was reported to have received a total of 94,951 liters (25,086 gallons) of wastes containing 942.98 pounds of uranium and 226.64 grams of plutonium (HW-52860, page 56). Large volumes of decontamination solutions containing oxalic acid, caustic-permanganate, caustic tartaric and other chemicals were also reported to have been routed to tank CX-70 (Disposition and Isolation of Tanks 270-E-1, 270-W, 241-CX-70, 241-CX-71, and 241-CX-72, letter dated July 2, 1974 from J. A. Teal to D. G. Harlow, Atlantic Richfield Hanford Company). After filling with the REDOX process test wastes and decontamination solutions, tank CX-70 was left undisturbed until 1979.

The estimated supernatant and sludge volumes in tank CX-70 were 21,300 and 10,700 gallons on May 1, 1974. The supernatant was sampled in 1974 with the analyses reported in Table 4. In 1979, the supernatant was removed from tank CX-70 to tank 011-CR in the 244-CR Vault and then to tank 241-C-104, leaving ~10,300 gallons of sludge in this tank.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The REDOX (Reduction Oxidation) process was the second generation process used to separate plutonium and uranium from dissolved, irradiated uranium fuel elements. The REDOX process was the first solvent extraction process. Hexone and methyl isobutyl ketone were used to extract plutonium and uranium. The REDOX process was conducted at the 202-S REDOX Plant from January 1952 through December 1967 (RHO-CD-505 RD).

The sludge contained in tank CX-70 was sampled and analyzed in 1976, with the results reported in Table 5 (MEM-041576). The sludge in tank CX-70 was sampled again in 1985 with the analyses reported in Table 6 (Letter no. 65453-85-235 and 65453-85-246). Based on the 1985 sludge sample analyses, the transuranic concentration (i.e. plutonium) of the sludge in tank CX-70 was ~205  $\eta$ Ci/gram of sludge and the sludge contained a total of ~495 Ci <sup>137</sup>Cs and 2,920 Ci <sup>90</sup>Sr.

From March through July 1988, approximately 10,050 gallons of sludge contained in tank CX-70 were sluiced using 140,000 gallons of water to tank 241-AW-105 (WHC-SD-DD-TI-057, page 25, WHC-SD-DD-TI-034 and *Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations January – December 1988*, (TCSRC)). The 250 gallons of sludge and 500 gallons of water remaining in tank CX-70 were drummed and transferred to the Hanford Site Central Waste Complex in 1992 (WHC-SD-EN-ES-040, page 2-24).

Table 4. Tank CX-70 Supernatant Analysis (1974)

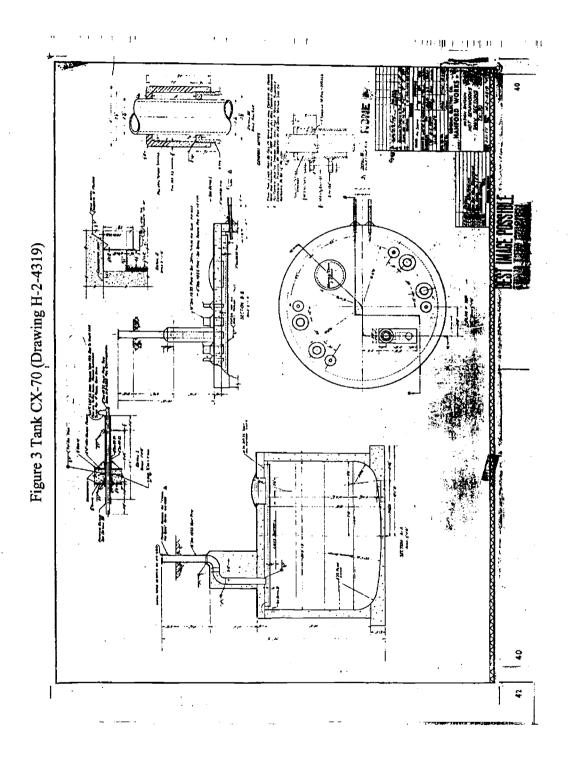
Analyte	Units	Concentration
Pu	gram/gallon	9.24E-05
Sr-90	μCi/gallon	3.23E+02
Cs-137	μCi/gallon	5.79E+04
Ū	Gm/gallon	5.67
pH		9.65

Table 5. Tank CX-70 Sludge Analysis (03/1976)

Analyte	Units	Concentration
Pu	gram/liter	1.35E-03
Sr-90	μCi/L	1.05E+05
Cs-137	μCi/L	2.15E+04
% H2O	Wt%	58.3
Al	M	6.4
Fe	M	0.4
Na	M	3.2
Ni	M	0.8
NO3	M	1.4
Mg	M	0.02
Mn	M	0.3
PO4	M	0.1
Si	M	0.4
Sp. Gr.		1.35
Particle density	gm/ml	2.74

Table 6. Tank CX-70 Sludge Slurry Analysis (1985)

Analyte	Units	Concentration
Na	M	3.42
Mn	M	0.17
Fe	· M	0.14
Al	M	0.79
Ca	M	0.04
Cr	M	0.03
P	M	0.06
K	M	0.05
Si	M	0.03
Ni	M	0.01
Mg	M	0.015
PO4	M	0.071
SO4	M	0.059
TOC	gm/L	0.598
Total alpha	μCi/L	335
Cs-137	μCi/L	1.27E+04
Sr-90	μCi/L	7.49E+04
Pu-239/240	μCi/L	253
Volume Settle Solids	Volume %	90
Sp. Gr.		1.236



## 2.2.8 PUREX Stabilization Campaign (November 1989 – March 1990)

Following shutdown of the PUREX Plant in December 1988, there remained an inventory of approximately 90.7 metric tons of irradiated uranium material left in the facility. The PUREX facility conducted a stabilization campaign from November 1989 through March 1990 to reduce the inventory of nuclear materials and to place various internal systems into a stable configuration (HNF-SP-1147, page 1).

The stabilization campaign generated NCRW waste batches that were transferred to tank 241-AW-105 during this period. No other PUREX waste types were transferred to tank 241-AW-105 during the PUREX facility stabilization campaign.

Following the completion of the stabilization campaign, the PUREX facility contained approximately 9-kgs of plutonium in oxide form, 9-kgs of plutonium and 5.3 MT of uranium in the recycled uranium nitrate solution, 1,100 gallons of neptunium bearing solution<sup>11</sup>, plutonium bearing sludges and solids on various cell floors, 2.9 tons of aluminum clad fuel, 50 zirconium clad fuel elements<sup>12</sup>, 180,000 to 200,000 gallons of contaminated nitric acid<sup>13</sup>, and 21,000 gallons of organic solvent<sup>14</sup>. The solvent extraction columns were drained and did not contain solvent (HNF-SP-1147, pages 1-5).

The PUREX Plant then entered a standby period from March 1990 through December 1992. Planning for decontamination of the PUREX Plant ensued during the later part of this period.

### 2.2.9 PUREX Plant Decontamination (October 1993 – June 1996)

Deactivation of the PUREX Plant occurred from October 1993 through June 1996. Deactivation activities involved flushing canyon vessels, equipment and cells to remove the majority of the remaining special nuclear materials (i.e. uranium, plutonium and neptunium) and fission products. Details on the PUREX and UO<sub>3</sub> Plant deactivation can be found in HNF-SP-1147.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> The neptunium bearing solution was transferred to tank 241-AZ-102 on January 13, 1993 (E-mail 1996, "Np Transfer to AZ-102").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> The aluminum clad and zirconium clad fuel elements were transferred to the 105-K West Basins for storage along with an existing inventory of spent fuel elements in the fall of 1995 (HNF-SP-1147, pages 88-92).

 <sup>13</sup> The contaminated nitric acid solution was transferred to the BNFL facilities in Sellafield U.K. from May 1995 through November 1995 (HNF-SP-1147, pages 92-93). BNFL used the nitric acid in their processing facilities and later returned to the Hanford site uranium that been contained in the contaminated nitric acid.
 14 The organic solvent was shipped to a co-generation facility in Tennessee operated by Diversified Scientific Services Incorporated. The solvent was burned to produce electricity in the co-generation facility (HNF-SP-1147, pages 93-97).

Liquid wastes generated from PUREX Plant deactivation included (WHC-SP-1011, pages 7.3-5 and 7.3-6):

- Flush and decontamination solutions from canyon process cells, vessels and sample gallery floor drains
- Vessel ventilation system condensate
- Sample header and condensate ventilation header drainage
- Rain water intrusion into the 241-A-151 diversion box collected in catch tank 241-S-302-A
- Pipe and operating gallery and sample gallery floor drains
- Steam condensate and rain water collection in PUREX tank P1
- PUREX analytical laboratory waste
- Laboratory vacuum pump seal water
- Rain water intrusion into the PUREX U cell sumps
- PUREX canyon exhaust stack condensate and flush water
- Acid fractionator building sumps
- PUREX storage tunnel sumps

The PUREX Plant deactivation wastes were collected in tank 241-AW-105. Tank 241-AW-105 also received in April 1995 transfers of canyon flush solutions mixed with plutonium and uranium solutions that were leftover from the stabilization campaign (HNF-SP-1147, page 87).

The waste supernatant collected in tank 241-AW-105 during the PUREX facility decontamination was periodically transferred to other double-shell tanks for processing through the 242-A Evaporator. In November 1994, ~765,000 gallons of supernatant were transferred from tank 241-AW-105 to tank 241-AP-108 7CF10-055-094). This supernatant was then transferred to tank 241-AP-101 in December 1994, then to tank 241-AP-107 in January 1995 and finally tank 241-AW-102 in late January 1995. The supernatant was processed for volume reduction along with other dilute, double-shell tank supernatants through the 242-A Evaporator as campaign 95-1 (WHC-SD-WM-PE-055). An additional batch of 330,000 gallons of supernatant were transferred from tank 241-AW-105 to tank 241-AP-104 in November 1995 and processed for volume reduction with other dilute, double-shell tank supernatants through the 242-A Evaporator as campaign 96-1 (WHC-SD-WM-PE-056).

### 2.2.10 Composition of Waste Stored in Tank 241-AW-105

The Hanford Site prepares a Best Basis Inventory (BBI) estimate of the composition of the wastes stored in all 177 Hanford Site underground storage tanks. The BBI effort involves developing and maintaining waste tank inventories comprising 25 chemical and 46 radionuclide components in the 177 Hanford Site underground storage tanks. Waste sample analyses, process knowledge, and waste templates are used to create the BBIs. These BBIs provide waste composition data necessary as part of the River Protection Project (RPP) process flowsheet modeling work, safety analyses, risk assessments, and

system design for retrieval, treatment, and disposal operations. Development and maintenance of the BBI is an on-going effort, with the current BBIs available electronically through TWINS, <a href="http://twins.pnl.gov/data/datamenu.htm">http://twins.pnl.gov/data/datamenu.htm</a>.

Table 7 provides the BBIs for the major fission products and transuranic elements contained in each of the waste phases in tank 241-AW-105 as of October 13, 2004, with the radionuclides decay corrected to January 1, 2004. The volume and density of each waste phase present in tank 241-AW-105 are provided in Table 8. The following information was used in preparing the BBI for tank 241-AW-105:

- Statistical means for 2004 supernatant grab samples from tank 241-AW-105.
- Statistical means for the sludge core segments from tank 241-AW-105 2001 core samples.
- Statistical means for the supernatant core segments and the sludge core segments from tank 241-AW-105 1997 core samples 195 and 196.
- Statistical means from the 1996 grab samples.
- BBI waste type templates for zirconium cladding coating waste (CWZr2) and Dilute, non-complexed PUREX waste from miscellaneous streams, 1983-88 (PL2) for the sludge solids and sludge liquids, and Hanford Defined Waste (HDW) model vector 241-AW-105 for the supernatant (RPP-8847).
- Zirconium process knowledge from PUREX process records (HNF-SD-WM-TI-740).
- Process knowledge of uranium and plutonium contained in waste received from PUREX during post-shutdown plant cleanout activities in 1995 (Place 1995).

Where possible, the 2001 core data were used to derive the best-basis inventory for the CWZr2 and PL2 sludge solids and sludge liquids. Second in data hierarchy was the 1997 core data for the CWZr2 and PL2 sludge solids. Although the 2001 core is from a single riser only, the 2001 core is preferred over the 1997 core; this hierarchy fills a BBI requirement for separate solids and interstitial liquid estimates. When no analytical data were available, the CWZr2 solid and liquid templates, and the PL2 solid and liquid templates values were used to represent the sludge solids and sludge liquids. Templates are based on sampling data from tanks that contain the same waste type as tank 241-AW-105, supplemented with revision 5 HDW model data (RPP-19822).

Zirconium assays from tanks 241-AW-105 and 241-AW-103 are highly variable, which may be caused by non-homogeneous waste or laboratory bias. Zirconium in the CWZr2 sludge solids is represented with a process knowledge vector rather than sample data because in this particular case the process history is considered the best source of

information. Zirconium is a limiting component in HLW glass formulation and therefore is a key analyte. The zirconium process knowledge vector for tank 241-AW-105 is based on fuel fabrication and fuel processing records reported in RPP-8847.

The sample-based U and Pu inventories for the CWZr2 sludge solids are not consistent with the transfer history. The U and Pu inventories are best represented by process knowledge vector which combines sampling data and waste transfer data. During the final cleanout of the PUREX facility in 1995, accountability records indicate that tank 241-AW-105 received a series of transfers containing 8.216 metric tons of uranium and 6.969 kilograms of plutonium (Place 1995). This cleanout waste had been processed through solvent extraction and contained essentially no fission products. Cadmium nitrate was added at the PUREX facility for criticality control. The U, Cd, and Pu are expected to have precipitated, forming a thin deposit on top of the CWZR2 sludge. The difference between the process history and sample-based inventories suggests that the thin layer of solids from these clean-out transfers may not have been fully represented by the solids sample vectors. Therefore, a process knowledge vector was developed to account for the U and Pu content of the NCRW sludge solids.

The sum of the concentrations of TRU with half-life greater than 20-years contained in the NCRW sludge and liquid phases is ~855  $\eta$ Ci per gram. The sum of the TRU concentrations contained in the PL2 sludge and liquid phases (i.e. miscellaneous PUREX Plant wastes) is ~2,075  $\eta$ Ci per gram. The supernatant waste phase contains ~0.4  $\eta$ Ci per gram of the TRU.

Table 7. Best Basis Inventory for Tank 241-AW-105 as of October 13, 2004

_			Inventory	Τ	Concentration
Analyte	Waste Phase	Waste Type	Ci	Basis	μCi/gm
137Cs	Sludge (Liquids)	CWZr2 (Liquid)	1.69E+04	TE	6.18E+01
137Cs	Sludge (Liquids)	PL2 (Liquid)	5.39E+00	TE	4.32E-01
137Cs	Sludge (Solids)	CWZr2 (Solid)	2.23E+04	S	2.54E+01
137Cs	Sludge (Solids)	PL2 (Solid)	5.10E+03	S	6.19E+01
137Cs	Supernatant	NA	5.92E+03	S	9.33E+00
137Cs	Total		5.03E+04	S/TE	
237Np	Sludge (Liquids)	CWZr2 (Liquid)	4.14E-03	TE	1.51E-05
237Np	Sludge (Liquids)	PL2 (Liquid)	1.75E-05	TE	1.40E-06
237Np	Sludge (Solids)	CWZr2 (Solid)	5.12E-03	TE	5.92E-06
237Np	Sludge (Solids)	PL2 (Solid)	2.88E-05	TE	3.69E-07
237Np	Supernatant	NA	5.71E-03	TE	9.36E-06
237Np	Total		1.50E-02	TE	
238Pu	Sludge (Liquids)	CWZr2 (Liquid)	3.46E-01	TE	1.26E-03
238Pu	Sludge (Liquids)	PL2 (Liquid)	3.47E-02	TE	2.78E-03
238Pu	Sludge (Solids)	CWZr2 (Solid)	5.98E+01	С	6.16E-02
238Pu	Sludge (Solids)	PL2 (Solid)	4.55E+00	С	5.52E-02
238Pu	Supernatant	NA	1.35E-02	С	2.12E-05
238Pu	Total		6.47E+01	C/TE	
239Pu	Sludge (Liquids)	CWZr2 (Liquid)	3.50E+00	TE	1.28E-02
239Pu	Sludge (Liquids)	PL2 (Liquid)	3.44E-01	TE	2.75E-02
239Pu	Sludge (Solids)	PL2 (Solid)	4.49E+01	C	5.46E-01
239Pu	Słudge (Solids)	CWZr2 (Solid)	6.03E+02	Е	6.21E-01
239Pu	Supernatant	NA	1.36E-01	С	2.14E-04
239Pu	Total		6.52E+02	E/C/TE	
240Pu	Sludge (Liquids)	CWZr2 (Liquid)	9.84E-01	TE	3.59E-03
240Pu	Sludge (Liquids)	PL2 (Liquid)	9.68E-02	TE	7.75E-03
240Pu	Słudge (Solids)	CWZr2 (Solid)	1.70E+02	E	1.75E-01
240Pu	Sludge (Solids)	PL2 (Solid)	1.27E+01	С	1.54E-01
240Pu	Supernatant	NA	3.83E-02	С	6.04E-05
240Pu	Total		1.84E+02	E/C/TE	
241Am	Sludge (Liquids)	CWZr2 (Liquid)	4.84E+00	TE	1.77E-02
241Am	Sludge (Liquids)	PL2 (Liquid)	3.59E-02	TE	2.87E-03
241Am	Sludge (Solids)	CWZr2 (Solid)	2.37E+02	S	2.70E-01
241Am	Sludge (Solids)	PL2 (Solid)	1.45E+02	S	1.76E+00
241Am	Supernatant	NA	3.79E-02	S	5.97E-05
241Am	Total		3.86E+02	S/TE	
90Sr	Sludge (Liquids)	CWZr2 (Liquid)	1.11E+03	TE	4.06E+00
90Sr	Sludge (Liquids)	PL2 (Liquid)	4.72E+00	TE	3.78E-01
90Sr	Sludge (Solids)	CWZr2 (Solid)	7.52E+03	S	8.56E+00
90Sr	Sludge (Solids)	PL2 (Solid)	2.27E+04	S	2.75E+02
90Sr	Supernatant	NA	1.31E+01	S	2.07E-02
90Sr	Total		3.13E+04	S/TE	
99Tc	Sludge (Liquids)	CWZr2 (Liquid)	3.88E+00	TE	1.42E-02

Table 7. Best Basis Inventory for Tank 241-AW-105 as of October 13, 2004

Analyte	Waste Phase	Waste Type	Inventory Ci_	Basis	Concentration  µCi/gm
99Tc	Sludge (Liquids)	PL2 (Liquid)	1.24E-03	TE	9.92E-05
99Tc	Sludge (Solids)	CWZr2 (Solid)	4.81E+00	TE	5.57E-03
99Tc	Sludge (Solids)	PL2 (Solid)	2.04E-03	TE	2.62E-05
99Tc	Supernatant	NA	5.36E+00	TE	8.78E-03
99Tc	Total		1.41E+01	TE	

Notes: S - Sample-based

C - Calculated

E - Engineering assessment-based

TE - Based on an HDW model/engineering-based waste template

TS - Based on a sample-based waste template

Table 8. Volume and Density of 241-AW-105 Waste Phases

Waste Phase	Origin	Volume (kL)	Density (g/ml)
Supernatant		593	1.06
PL2 Sludge	Miscellaneous PUREX wastes. See Section 2.2.4	61	1.41
PL2 Sludge - Interstitial Liquid	Miscellaneous PUREX wastes. See Section 2.2.4	12	1.17
CWZr2 Sludge	NCRW sludge. See Section 2.2.6.	660	1.47
CWZr2 Sludge - Interstitial Liquid	NCRW sludge. See Section 2.2.6.	266	1.10

# 3.0 WASTE GENERATED AT CHEMICAL PROCESSING PLANTS

There were numerous irradiated nuclear fuel reprocessing, research and development, plutonium processing, and waste management activities conducted at the Hanford Site starting in 1944. These irradiated nuclear fuel reprocessing, research and development, plutonium processing, and waste management activities conducted in the processing plants are discussed further in DOE/RL-97-02, National Register of Historic Places Multiple Property Document Form - Historic, Archaeological and Traditional Cultural Properties of the Hanford Site, Washington February 1997 and DOE/RL-97-1047, Hanford Site Historic District History of the Plutonium Production Facilities 1943 – 1990.

It has been established in Section 2.0 that neutralized DSSF from the 242-A Evaporator, 100-N Reactor decontamination waste, cladding removal waste (NCRW), and miscellaneous wastes from the 202-A PUREX Plant were transferred into tank 241-AW-103. The following sections provide a discussion of the processed that generated these waste types.

#### 3.1 PUREX PLANT

The PUREX Plant processed irradiated nuclear fuels using a continuous solvent extraction process to separate uranium and plutonium from waste products. The 202-A PUREX Plant was constructed from April 1953 through April 1955. Following non-radioactive commissioning tests in 1955, the PUREX plant was operated from January 1956 through September 1972 and then from October 1983 to December 1988 to reprocess irradiated nuclear fuels (PPD-493-9-DEL and WHC-MR-0437). A brief, stabilization run was conducted in 1990 and then the facility was shutdown (letter 9305270), followed by facility decontamination from 1993 through 1996.

#### 3.1.1 Coating Dissolution

The first step in the processing of irradiated nuclear fuels is to dissolve the coating or cladding that encases the fuel. The PUREX Plant processed both aluminum coated and zirconium clad irradiated nuclear fuels. For the aluminum coated fuel, the fuel coating was dissolved in sodium hydroxide – sodium nitrate solution. The coating removal waste (designated as CW) was inherently alkaline and did not require neutralization before transfer to underground storage tanks. Tank 241-AW-103 did not receive any coating removal waste from dissolution of aluminum clad fuel.

The zirconium clad fuel, Zircaloy® (98.5% zirconium and 1.5% tin), was dissolved in a solution of ammonium fluoride and ammonium nitrate. The ammonium fluoride / ammonium nitrate solution also attacked the uranium fuel, and a small amount of the uranium, transuranic elements, and other fission products were also dissolved in the

process. Most of the uranium and transuranic elements that were dissolved during the coating dissolution were present as fluoride solids.

The cladding dissolution solution and entrained solids were removed from the dissolver by jetting to PUREX tank E-3. The uranium fuel in the dissolver was rinsed with water and the rinse water combined with the cladding waste. The cladding waste was then processed through the E Cell centrifuge, where the solution is separated from the uranium and transuranic fluoride solids and transferred to PUREX tank E-5. The uranium and transuranic fluoride solids remained in the centrifuge bowl and were metathesized to hydroxide precipitates by addition potassium hydroxide. The metathesis solution was separated from the uranium and plutonium hydroxide precipitates by centrifugation and washing. The metathesis and wash solutions were also collected in PUREX tank E-5. The cladding and metathesis wastes, plus wash solutions that were collected in PUREX Plant tank E-5 were neutralized with sodium hydroxide, and the slurry was transferred to the tank farms to allow solids in the waste to precipitate as sludge. The zirconium cladding waste was designated as NCRW (PFD-T-200-00002).

#### 3.1.2 Solvent Extraction

After dissolving the coating / cladding on the irradiated nuclear fuel, the uranium fuel elements were then dissolved. The dissolved fuel elements are then processed through a solvent extraction system that used tri-butyl phosphate solvent in a normal paraffin hydrocarbon diluent. The fission products and impurities were separated in a nitric acid solution from the uranium and plutonium in the PUREX solvent extraction process. The nitric acid solution containing the fission products and impurities was evaporated to volatilize nitric acid for recovery and re-use in the PUREX Plant (RHO-MA-116, page 4-162).

The concentrated, acidic fission product solution was partially denitrated by sugar addition and neutralized by the addition of sodium hydroxide solution in PUREX tank F-16. The neutralized waste was transferred from PUREX tank F-16 to underground storage tanks in the 200 East Area tank farms. The waste formed supernatant and sludge layers within the tanks. Most of the supernatant, known as PUREX supernatant neutralized (PSN) was eventually processed in the 221-B Plant to remove cesium. Most of the PUREX waste sludges were sluiced from single-shell tanks, acidified (waste known as PUREX Acidified Sludge [PAS]), and transferred to 221-B Plant to remove strontium.

The plutonium solutions generated at the PUREX Plant were transferred to the 234-5Z building (Z-Plant) for further processing. Uranium solutions were transferred to the 224-U building (UO<sub>3</sub> Plant) for conversion to an oxide and transfer to offsite facilities for re-use in the fabrication of nuclear fuel.

#### 3.1.3 Miscellaneous Plant Waste Solutions

During the solvent extraction process conducted at the PUREX Plant, the organic solvents were washed to remove organic degradation products that would interfere with the process. The waste from washing the organic solvents, known as organic wash waste (OWW), was collected in PUREX Plant tanks G-8 and R-8 before transfer to the underground storage tanks.

Miscellaneous low, radioactivity wastes from the 291-A exhaust ventilation were also collected in PUREX Plant tank U-3 (RHO-MA-116, page 4-167). Tanks U-3 and U-4 also collected miscellaneous laboratory sump wastes and sump waste from the 206-A acid fractionator building (RHO-MA-116, page 4-167). Miscellaneous low, radioactivity wastes from the cell sumps were collected in PUREX Plant tank F-18. Sodium nitrite and sodium hydroxide were added to the miscellaneous low, radioactivity waste streams collected in tanks U-3, U-4, and F-18 to meet corrosion inhibitor requirements and then transferred to the underground storage tanks.

#### 3.2 242-A EVAPORATOR

The 242-A Evaporator was constructed in the 200 East Area of the Hanford Site from 1974 through 1977. Figure 4 depicts the 242-A Evaporator building. The 242-A Evaporator is the second vacuum evaporation unit constructed at the Hanford Site and is similar in design to the 242-S Evaporator. The 242-A Evaporator began operation in 1977 and processed intermittent batches of wastes through 1989. The evaporator was shutdown from late 1989 through early 1994 for upgrades.

The 242-A Evaporator process employs a conventional forced-circulation, vacuum evaporation system to concentrate radioactive waste solutions. The main process components of the evaporator-crystallizer system are the re-boiler, vapor-liquid separator, recirculation pump, condensers, vacuum system, condensate collection tank, and ion exchange column (no longer in service).

Waste from tank 241-AW-102<sup>15</sup> is pumped into the evaporator recirculation line on the upstream side of the re-boiler at a rate to maintain a constant specific gravity in the concentrated waste. As the feed enters the recirculation line, it blends with the main process slurry stream which flows to the re-boiler. In the re-boiler, the mixture is heated slightly to a temperature normally between 130°F and 170°F by steam that is flowing through the re-boiler shell. The steam and waste do not come into direct contact. The heated slurry is discharged from the re-boiler to the vapor-liquid separator. A fraction of the water in the waste flashes to steam in the vapor-liquid separator and is drawn through the wire mesh de-entrainer pads into the vapor line leading to the condensers. The steam derived from the waste is condensed to water and discharged to the 200 East Area Effluent Treatment Facility. As evaporation takes place in the vapor-liquid separator vessel, the waste is concentrated. Waste flows from the vapor-liquid separator vessel to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Tank 241-A-102 was used as the evaporator feed tank from 1977 through 1980.

the recirculation pump suction via a drop-out leg. The recirculation pump discharges the slurry back to the re-boiler.

The process continues until the waste reaches the desired concentration point. At which point, a small fraction of the concentrated waste is withdrawn from the upper recirculation line and is pumped by the slurry pump to an underground storage tank. Prior operation of the 242-A Evaporator (1977 – 1985) was conducted to achieve super-saturation of the waste in the vapor-liquid separator vessel, which creates new salt crystal nuclei and promotes growth of existing crystals in the slurry liquor. Typically, waste was concentrated to the saturation limit for sodium aluminate and the resulting slurry discharged from the evaporator was designated as DSSF. Waste concentrated beyond the saturation limit for sodium aluminate is designated as double-shell slurry (DSS) with only one tank full of this waste type having been made to date, which is presently stored in tank 241-AN-103. Production of DSSF and DSS were conducted to minimize the volume of wastes stored in the double-shell tanks. However, this practice was not continued when the evaporator re-started operations in 1994 because of concerns with retention of gases in the DSSF and DSS wastes.

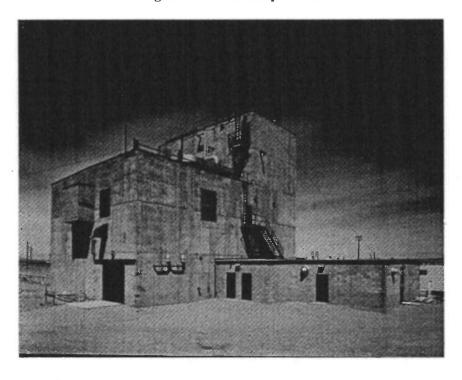


Figure 4 242-A Evaporator

### 3.3 221-B PLANT FISSION PRODUCTS PROCESSING

The 221-B Plant was originally constructed from 1943-1945 as part of the Manhattan Project during WWII. The plant operated from April 1945 through September 1952 processing irradiated uranium fuel elements to separate plutonium. The process equipment in B Plant was flushed to remove residual plutonium and fission products and placed in standby status until 1961. From 1961 through July 1963, equipment was replaced in some of the process cells within B Plant to prepare the facility for recovery of fission products from high-level waste solutions. Figure 5 provides an aerial view of the B Plant.

From August 1963 through June 1966, B-Plant was used in conjunction with the PUREX facility, 244-CR Vault, and the 201-C Hot Semiworks (renamed Strontium Semiworks in 1963) to separate strontium-90 and rare earths (i.e., cerium-144 and promethium-147) from high-level waste solutions. Then, from July 1966 through December 1967, equipment was replaced within B-Plant to expand the processing capability to include cesium removal from fission high-level waste solutions using ion exchange equipment. The strontium and rare earths processing equipment was also replaced to include only strontium removal using a solvent extraction equipment, followed by precipitation and centrifugation equipment for purifying the strontium. The cesium ion exchange process was operated from December 1967 through September 1983 and again briefing in October 1985 through February 1986. The strontium solvent extraction process operated from January 1968 through mid-1977. Each of the fission products processing events in the B-Plant is discussed in more detail in the following sections.

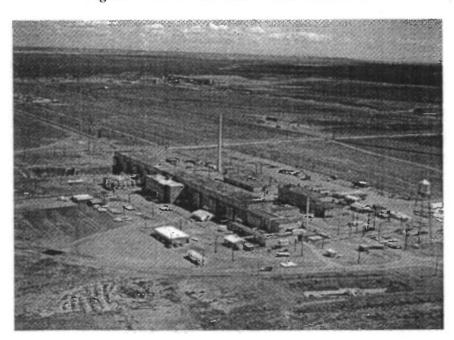


Figure 5 221-B Plant and WESF circa 1978

#### 3.3.1 STRONTIUM AND RARE EARTHS PROCESSING

On September 18, 1961 (HW-71187-DEL, page F-2), renovation of cells 5 through 12 within B-Plant canyon was initiated to use these cells for separating strontium and rare earths from a mixed fission product solution (HW-69011). Construction activities were completed, and the facility was accepted by operations on January 31, 1963 (HW-76848-DEL, page B-2). Processing of radioactive waste in cells 5 through 12 at the B-Plant commenced on August 2, 1963 (HW-78817-DEL, page B-2 and G-2).

B-Plant was used in conjunction with the PUREX facility, 244-CR Vault and the 201-C Hot Semiworks to separate strontium-90, cerium-144 and promethium-147 from high-level waste solutions. The PUREX facility generated a first cycle raffinate solution from the solvent extraction reprocessing of irradiated reactor fuel (i.e., high-level waste). The first cycle raffinate solution was highly acidic and contained most of the fission products (e.g., strontium-89/90, cerium-144, promethium-147, and cesium-137) that were separated from the uranium and plutonium during the reprocessing of irradiated reactor fuel. The acidity of the first cycle raffinate solution was reduced by addition of sugar and digestion at elevated temperature to decompose the nitric acid solution.

In a section of the PUREX facility known as the head-end, first cycle raffinate solution was reacted with sodium sulfate and lead nitrate to precipitate strontium and rare earth (i.e., cerium and promethium) fission products (HW-63051 and HW-69534). Lead coprecipitated with strontium and increased the amount of strontium precipitated from the first cycle raffinate solution. The resulting strontium and rare earth precipitate was centrifuged and washed to separate the supernatant, which contained soluble fission products such as cesium-137, zirconium-niobium-95, and ruthenium-rhodium-106. The supernatant containing the soluble fission products (e.g., cesium-137, zirconium-niobium-95, and ruthenium-rhodium-106) was neutralized and transferred to underground storage tanks. The strontium and rare earth precipitate was metathesized to soluble carbonates by addition of sodium carbonate. The strontium and rare earth carbonate precipitates were then dissolved in nitric acid and transferred to B-Plant via 244-CR Vault for further processing.

In B-Plant, the strontium nitrate / rare earth nitrate solution were processed to form separate solutions containing strontium and rare earths (HW-77016). The strontium nitrate / rare earth nitrate solution was reacted with oxalic acid to precipitate the rare earths along with lead, leaving strontium in solution. The precipitate was centrifuged to separate the strontium solution from the rare earth precipitate. The strontium solution was stored in B-Plant and transferred periodically to the 201-C Hot Semiworks for purification. The rare earth precipitate was dissolved in nitric acid and stored in B-Plant for further processing.

Lead was removed from the rare earth solution by adding sodium hydroxide solution to form soluble plumbite and insoluble rare earth hydroxide precipitates (HW-81373, RL-

SEP-197, page G-2, and HAN-90907, page 21). The plumbite was separated from the rare earth hydroxide precipitate by centrifugation and discarded to the single-shell tanks. The rare earth hydroxide precipitate was washed with sodium hydroxide solution to remove soluble lead and the wash solution was also discarded to the single-shell tanks. The rare earth hydroxide precipitate was dissolved in nitric acid, stored in B-Plant, and eventually transferred to the 201-C Hot Semiworks for purification.

Processing of strontium and rare earth solutions within B-Plant continued until June 1966 (HAN-95105-DEL, page 15). Separations of strontium and rare earths from the first cycle raffinate solution continued to be conducted in the head-end section of the PUREX facility through February 8, 1967 (HAN-96805-DEL, page AIII-4). The strontium and rare earth solution was transferred from PUREX to the 244-CR Vault for storage from July 1966 through February 1967, while equipment modifications were conducted at B-Plant.

#### 3.3.2 CESIUM AND STRONTIUM PROCESSING

From July 1966 (HAN-95284-DEL, page 13) through October 1967 (HAN-98918-DEL, page AIII-2), equipment within the 221-B Plant was flushed and replaced with new equipment for separating cesium and strontium from high-level waste. In January 1967 (HAN-96590-DEL, page AIII-4) and in March 1967 (HAN-97066-DEL, page AIII-4), testing was conducted of a new centrifuge and a precipitation-decantation-centrifugation technique for separating iron and aluminum from PUREX sludge waste. Construction activities continued to be conducted in the 221-B Plant throughout 1967.

On December 27, 1967 (HAN-99396-DEL, page AIII-3), alkaline supernatants stored in the single-shell tanks were transferred to B-Plant, and cesium was separated using an ion exchange process. Cesium ion exchange processing continued at B-Plant until October 1983 using at first inorganic and later organic ion exchange materials (RHO-RE-SA-169). The recovered cesium was purified through a second ion exchange process that used an inorganic ion exchange media (SD-RE-TM-002). The second ion exchange process was conducted from August 1974 through September 1983. The waste from the second ion exchange process was blended with the feed solutions to the first ion exchange process. The purified cesium solution was transferred to the 225-B Waste Encapsulation and Storage Facility (WESF) for conversion to cesium chloride salt and double contained sealing in stainless steel capsules (SD-RE-TM-002). A brief cesium ion exchange campaign was conducted from October 1985 through February 1986 to process cesium chloride solution recovered from cesium capsules. Cesium was also precipitated from acidic, PUREX high-level waste (known as CAW) using phosphotungstic acid (PTA), with the cesium precipitate dissolved in sodium hydroxide solution and processed through the ion exchange equipment for cesium recovery (ARH-CD-917). The PTA process operated from 1968 through 1972.

On January 31, 1968, the solvent extraction equipment installed in B-Plant was operated to purify the inventory of rare earth solutions stored at B-Plant (HAN-99604-DEL, page AIII-3). The semi-purified promethium - cerium solution was stored in B-Plant process tank 6-2 (HAN-100127-DEL, page AIII-3). Separation of strontium from the strontium and rare earths solutions stored in the 244-CR Vault was then conducted in March 1968 using the solvent extraction equipment (HAN-100127-DEL, page AIII-3).

The B-Plant solvent extraction equipment began processing the PUREX first cycle raffinate solution to separate strontium on April 20, 1968 (HAN-100357-DEL, page AIII-3). The processing of PUREX first cycle raffinate solution was completed on August 30, 1968 (PRD-SEP-68-DEL, page AIII-3). The B-Plant solvent extraction equipment was then used to separate strontium from PUREX high-level waste sludges that had been acidified (known as PAS) in 244-AR Vault and transferred to B-Plant for centrifugation to separate solids and strontium removal (PRD-SEP-68-DEL, page AIII-4). In addition, the B-Plant solvent extraction equipment was operated periodically to separate strontium from CAW solutions following the PTA processing to separate cesium. Strontium separation from high-level waste solutions using the solvent extraction equipment continued at B-Plant until mid-1977.

## 3.4 HOT SEMIWORKS

The Hot Semiworks, 201-C building, was constructed in 1951 to 1952 as a research and test facility for the REDOX and TBP Plant chemical separations processes (HW-22955). An aerial view of the Hot Semiworks facility circa 1983 is provided in Figure 6. The Hot Semiworks was originally operated from November 1952 to October 1953 as a pilot facility to research and demonstrate the REDOX chemical separations process (HW-31767). The facility was modified in 1953 and operated from May 1955 (HW-38768-RD) through March 1956 (HW-49673-RD) as a research and demonstration facility for the PUREX chemical separations process. REDOX and PUREX process flowsheet testing conducted at the Hot Semiworks included the dissolution of aluminum clad irradiated fuel for processing through the pilot plant solvent extraction system to separate uranium and plutonium from fission products.

Following completion of the PUREX chemical separation process research and development activities, a maintenance program was initiated at the Hot Semiworks facility for plant improvements. This maintenance program was completed in July 1957 and the Hot Semiworks was placed in standby mode in July 1957 (HW-52860). The Hot Semiworks was re-activated in 1961 and used until 1967 to separate fission products from various high-level waste solutions. The above ground structures at the Hot Semiworks were demolished in 1983-84 (WHC-SD-EN-ES-019).

The radioactive waste from the REDOX process research test runs were concentrated and transferred to an underground storage tank, TK-70 (also designated as 241-CX-70) located at the Hot Semiworks 241-CX tank farm facilities. The organic solvent waste from the REDOX process test runs was transferred to an underground crib. The

radioactive wastes from the PUREX process research test runs were concentrated and transferred to tanks 241-C-201 through 241-C-204 (RPP-15408). Process condensates and cooling water from equipment in the Hot Semiworks were transferred to crib 216-C-1 (HW-48518, page 21). Process condensates from the evaporation of radioactive waste were transferred to crib 216-C-6 (HW-48518, page 21). Organic solvent waste from the PUREX process research runs was transferred from Hot Semiworks building 276-C to crib 216-C-4 starting in October 1955 (HW-48518, page 22).

In 1961, the Hot Semiworks was modified to incorporate solvent extraction and ion exchange columns for demonstrating strontium purification processing (HW-68786). The Hot Semiworks was operated from May 1961 to October 1961 to demonstrate strontium separation from PUREX waste and transfer the separated strontium to Oak Ridge National Laboratory (HW-72666-RD Part 1, page 6). The Hot Semiworks facility was renamed the Strontium Semiworks facility in 1961 and was operated until 1967 to separate strontium from various waste solutions.

The Strontium Semiworks along with a renovated portion of B-Plant, PUREX Plant head-end, and the 244-CR vault were used from 1961 through 1967 to separate strontium-90, cesium-137, cerium-144, and promethium-147 from various waste solutions (HW-71179). The head-end of PUREX was used to separate strontium-90 from high-level waste with the strontium-90 solution transferred to the 244-CR vault for storage and decay of strontium-89 and eventual transfer to the Strontium Semiworks. The 244-CR vault was also used to transfer solutions containing strontium and rare earths from the PUREX Plant to B-Plant for separating the strontium-90 and rare earths (mixture of cerium-144 and promethium-147) into separate solutions (HW-77016).

The strontium-90 solution and rare earths solution were transferred separately to the Strontium Semiworks for further purification and load-out onto casks (HW-78987-REV, page 12 and HW-81481, page 38). Solvent extraction equipment was operated under various flowsheet conditions to purify separate batches of strontium-90, cerium-144, and promethium-147. Organic solvent waste from the Strontium Semiworks was transferred to an underground crib. When the Strontium Semiworks was eventually shutdown in 1967, the organic solvent was transferred to the REDOX Plant for incorporation in the REDOX process.

PUREX high-level waste solutions that were stored in C Farm were also passed through a shielded cask that contained Decalso<sup>®16</sup> ion exchange material to separate cesium-137. Building 801-C in C-Farm was used to contain the shielded cask while cesium was loaded onto the ion exchange material (HW-71333). A cask station at the PUREX facility was also used to load cesium onto ion exchange material.

The Strontium Semiworks was also used in conjunction with the 801-C cask station to demonstrate the separation of technetium-99 from alkaline high-level waste solutions. Approximately 1-kg of technetium-99 was separated from high-level waste that was stored in C-Farm SSTs in October 1963 (HW-79377-C, page C-7 and HW-79480, page

<sup>16</sup> Decalso® is a synthetic, sodium aluminosilicate gel manufactured by the Permutit Company, New York.

G-2). The high-level waste solution was passed through a shielded cask in the 801-C building that contained Decalso® ion exchange material to separate cesium. The effluent solution from the cesium cask was then passed through a separate shielded cask in the 801-C building that contained IRA-401®17 ion exchange material, which adsorbed technetium from the waste solution. The Strontium Semiworks received the cask that was loaded with technetium in November 1963, eluted and concentrated the technetium, which was then loaded into a smaller cask for transfer to the Hanford Laboratories located in the 300 Area (HW-79768, page G-2). A second campaign to recover an additional 1-kg of technetium-99 from high-level waste stored in C-Farm was conducted in August through September 1964 in the same manner as the first campaign (HW-83876, page B-2 and HW-84354, page B-1).

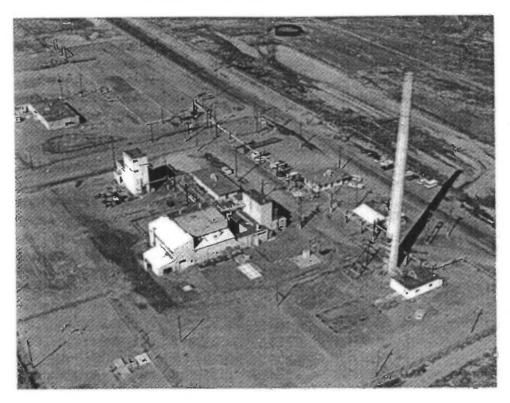
In addition to the technetium-99 campaigns, the Strontium Semiworks used the installed solvent extraction equipment to purify a solution containing a mixture of americium, cerium, and rare earths (HAN-98529-DEL, page AIII-3). The solution containing a mixture of americium, cerium, and rare earths had been separated at the REDOX facility while reprocessing the irradiated fuel from the Shippingport reactor (ARH-1354). The americium, cerium, and rare earths were shipped the Hanford Laboratories in the 300 Area.

Tanks 241-C-107, 241-C-108, 241-C-109, 241-C-111, and 241-C-112 all received highly radioactive waste solutions from the Strontium Semiworks from 1961 through 1967 (RPP-15408, page 15). Tank 241-CX-70 did not receive any waste from the Strontium Semiworks operations.

After being used successfully to separate various fission products from waste solutions, the Strontium Semiworks was deactivated beginning from October 1967 (HAN-98918-DEL, page AIII-3) through November 1967 (HAN-99196-DEL, page AIII-3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> IRA-401<sup>®</sup> is a styrene, di-butyl benzene ion exchange bead manufactured by the Rohm and Haas Company, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.





# 3.5 100-N REACTOR DECONTAMINATION WASTE

This section provides only a general description of the 100-N Reactor. For further details in the 100-N Reactor, see DOE/RL-97-1047.

The 100-N Reactor is one of the nine graphite core reactor that were constructed at the Hanford Site from 1943 through 1963. The 100-N Reactor was completed in 1963 and operated until 1986. Purified water was re-circulated through the reactor core in a closed-loop cooling system. The 100-N Reactor also generated steam which was transferred to a commercial facility for the production of electricity.

Periodic maintenance was conducted on the radioactively contaminated components of the reactor. The radioactively contaminated components of the reactor were first decontaminated prior to maintenance activities. The 100-N Reactor decontamination wastes have been described as a 4 percent tri-sodium phosphate (Na<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>) and 2 percent sodium sulfate (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) solution (letter 65413-79-174). However, other decontamination chemicals are likely to have been used. Analyses of the 100-N Reactor decontamination solutions were not located.

The spent decontamination solutions were transported from the 100-N Reactor area via railcar to the 200 Area tank farms for storage in the underground tanks. Prior to 1980, the 100-N Reactor decontamination wastes were unloaded to tanks at the 204-S facility (see Figure 7) located in the 200 West Area and then transferred to single-shell tanks. Beginning in 1980, the 100-N Reactor decontamination wastes were received in the 204-AR Railcar Unloading facility (see Figure 8) located in the 200-E Area of the Hanford Site and then transferred to various double-shell tanks.



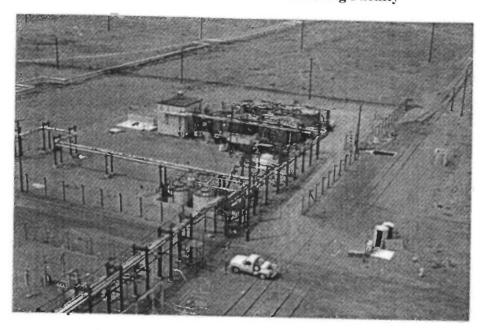
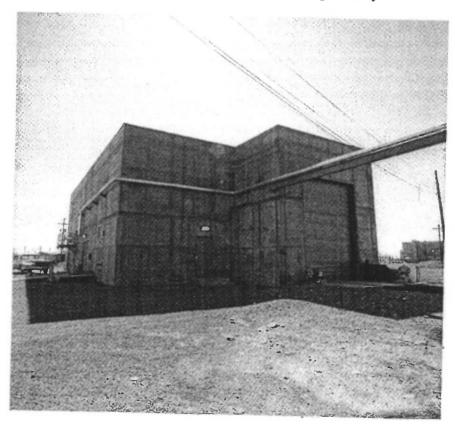


Figure 8. 204-AR Railcar Unloading Facility



#### 4.0 SUMMARY

Tank 241-AW-105 received CC waste in 1980 and miscellaneous B Plant low activity wastes in 1982. These wastes were transferred in April 1983 to tank 241-AW-101, leaving a heel of ~51,000 gallons in tank 241-AW-105. Tank 241-AW-105 was next used to store DSSF and N reactor decontamination wastes from tank 241-AW-103 and miscellaneous low activity wastes from the PUREX Plant from April 1983 – July 1984. While the majority of these wastes were removed in 1984, the miscellaneous PUREX Plant waste had precipitated leaving a heel of approximately 73,000 liters (~19,300 gallons or ~7 inches of waste) of sludge categorized as PL2 type waste in tank 241-AW-105. The PL2 sludge waste phase contains ~2,075  $\eta$ Ci/gram TRU, as well ~5,110 Ci of  $^{137}$ Cs and 22,700 Ci  $^{90}$ Sr.

Tank 241-AW-105 was then used from 1984 through 1988 to receive neutralized cladding removal waste (NCRW) from the PUREX Plant and high TRU content sludge retrieved from tank CX-70. The tank CX-70 waste was generated during REDOX process research and testing studies conducted at the 201-C Hot Semiworks. Tank 241-AW105 also received miscellaneous low activity wastes from stabilization and decommissioning the PUREX Plant conducted from 1992 through 1996. The NCRW formed a sludge fraction that deposited atop the PL2 sludge in tank 241-AW-105. The supernatant was periodically transferred from tank 241-AW-105 to other double-shell tanks for dispositioning. Tank 241-AW-105 presently contains ~593,000 liters (157,000 gallons) of supernatant. The supernatant contains 0.4 ηCi/gram TRU, as well as 5,920 Ci of <sup>137</sup>Cs and 13.1 Ci of <sup>90</sup>Sr. Approximately 926,000 liters (~272,900 gallons) of NCRW sludge are present in tank 241-AW-105. The NCRW sludge phase contains approximately 855 ηCi per gram TRU, as well as 39,200 Ci of <sup>137</sup>Cs and 8,630 Ci of <sup>90</sup>Sr.

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# APPENDIX A

TANK 241-AW-105 WASTE TRANSFER RECORDS

## A.1 WASTE TRANSFER RECORDS FOR JULY 1980 – SEPTEMBER 1985

Tank 241-AW-105 waste transfer records for July 1980 through September 1985 are listed in the daily operating reports for the Tank Farms as well as individual waste transfer datasheets. Appendix A-1 provides a summary of the tank 241-AW-105 waste transfers listed in Tank Farm daily operating reports and waste transfer datasheets.

#### A.2 WASTE TRANSFER RECORDS FOR JANUARY 1985 – AUGUST 2004

Tank 241-AW-105 waste transfers that occurred after January 1, 1985 are listed in the TWINS database at the following web addresses:

• January 1, 1985 to December 2000:

• January 1, 2001 through the August 2004:

http://twins.pnl.gov/data/hcde3s.exe?table=tcd.dbo.v TXFR transfers&type=table&where1=waste\_site\_id+%3D+%27241-AW-105%27

All waste transfers associated with tank 241-AW-105 from January 1985 through August 2004 were downloaded from the TWINS database on August 19, 2004 and listed in Appendix A-2.

# Appendix A-1

Tank 241-AW-105 Waste Transfer Records

July 1980 through September 1985

Table A-1. Tank 241-AW-105 Waste Transfers July 1980 through September 1985

Month Source January February March April May June July September October November December December March March May June June June June July	1. Lank 241-AW-105 Waste Transfers July 1980 through September 1985		(ganons) Comments References		0	0	0	0	Approximately 9,875-gallons (3.75-inches) of 9,874 water in tank from operability testing.			0	0	0	0 RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	0 RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	0 RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	0 RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	0 RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	0 RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	0 RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	
	Table A-1. I			0	0	0	0	0	8,6		$\vdash$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		_	1,2	$\dagger$	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	1981 January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August

. Tank 241-AW-105 Waste Transfers July 1980 through September 1985	Comments References	RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	RMIS Document Accession # D196193700	Transferred waste from tank 241-AW-104 RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 and into tank 241-AW-105 from 9/17/82 through Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (Tank Farm Information Center)
A-1. Tank 241-AV	Volume (gallons)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	Transfer into tanl 113,850 9/19/82
Table A-1	Source											-			241-AW-104
	Month	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May		June	July	August	September
-	Year					1982			, .				_		

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;		•	Volume		
Year	Month	Source	(gallons)	Comments	References
	October	none	0		RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (Tank Farm Information Center)
	November	none	0		RMIS Document Accession # D196193700 and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (Tank Farm Information Center)
	December	none	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (Tank Farm Information Center)
1983	January	none	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (Tank Farm Information Center)
	February	попе	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (Tank Farm Information Center)
	March	none	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (Tank Farm Information Center)
	April		1,018,000	Transferred 1,018,000 gallons of waste from tank 241-AW-105 to tank 241-AW-101, leaving ~51,000 gallons of waste in tank 241-AW-105	Waste was processed in 242-A Evaporator as part of campaign 84-4 (RHO-SD-WM-PE-017)
				RHO-SD-RE-OTR-009, (1983) Operability Test Results (OTR) for Project B-281 Equipment, PUREX to 241-AW Tank Farm Process Lines and Jumpers, identifies that ~10,450-gallons of waste was transferred into	
	April	PUREX F-18, R- 8, and G-8	10,175	tank 241-AW-105 from PUREX tanks F-18, G-8, and R-8 (4/28 to 5/1/1983) as part of the testing of transfer routes.	Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (Tank Farm Information Center)
	Мау	PUREX G-8, F- 18, R-8, U-3	173,524	Tank 241-AW-105 reported to have received only 116,000-gallons of the 173,524-gallons of PUREX waste.	Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (Tank Farm Information Center)

gh September 1985	References	Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (Tank Farm Information Center)	Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (Tank Farm Information Center)	Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (Tank Farm Information Center)	Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1983 (Tank Farm Information Center)	M4865-83-998PM	Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)	Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)
. Tank 241-AW-105 Waste Transfers July 1980 through September 1985	Comments	RHO-MA-116 (1982), PUREX Technical Manual, page 4-152, Figure 4-16 identifies that tank TK-F18 received miscellaneous sump waste (e.g., cooling water and chemicals leaked into process cells) and sodium hydroxide solution (for neutralizing waste). Page 4-136, section 4.7.2.2 identifies that tanks TK-R-8 and G-8 received spent solvent wash solution.				Transferred 100-inches (~264,000 gallons) of waste from tank 241-AW-103 to 241-AW-105.		
A-1. Tank 24	Volume (gallons)	205,708	62,975	106,150	195,159	264,000	140,129	163,202
Table A-1	Source	PUREX G-8, F- 18, R-8, U-3, U-4	PUREX G-8, F- 18, R-8, U-3	PUREX G-8, F- 18, U-3	PUREX G-8, F- 18, R-8, U-3, U-4	241-AW-103	PUREX G-8, F- 18, R-8, U-3, U- 4, 302-A catch tank	PUREX G-8, F- 18, R-8, U-3, U-4
	Month	June	July	August	September	September	October	November
	Year							

References  Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center) Waste was processed in 242-A Evaporator as part of campaign 84-3 (RHO-SD-WM-PE-018) Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center) Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)  Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)  Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)  Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)  Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)	Comments	A-1. Tank 2 Volume (gallons) -314,929 -314,929 -282,000 -282,000 150,150 -192,775	Source (6  Source (6  BUREX G-8, F-  18, R-8, U-3, U-4  PUREX G-8, F-  18, R-8, U-3, U-4  PUREX G-8, F-  18, R-8, U-3, U-4  241-AW-104	Month  November  December  January  February  Rebruary  March	Year 1984
RPT-040184 and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals		166,643	PUREX G-8, F- 18, R-8, U-3, U-4	April	
DDT 040184 and Mondilly Works Commercians Asserti-			PIREX G.8 F.		
Farm Information Center)	tank 241-AW-105 into tank 241-AZ-102.	-192,775		March	
Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank	Transferred 192,775-gallons of waste from	277 201-		March	
Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)	Received 215,368-gallons of PUREX wastes into tank 241-AW-105. Transferred 471,350-gallons of waste from tank 241-AW-104 into tank 241-AW-105.	686,718	PUREX G-8, F- 18, R-8, U-3, U-4 241-AW-104	March	
Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)		150,150	PUREX G-8, F- 18, R-8, U-3	February	
Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)		187,549	PUREX G-8, F- 18, R-8, U-3, U-4	January	1984
	Transferred ~282,000 gallons from tank 241-AW-105 to tank 241-AZ-102 in December 1983.	-282,000		December	
Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)		168,686	PUREX G-8, F- 18, R-8, U-3, U-4	December	
Waste was processed in 242-A Evaporator as part of campaign 84-3 (RHO-SD-WM-PE-018)	285.1-inches) of waste (314,929-gallons) from tank 241-AW-105 to tank 241-AW-102 from 11/20/1983 to 11/26/1983.	-314,929		November	
Operations and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)	Transferred 114.5-inches (399.6-inches to		····		
Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing					
References	Comments	Volume (gallons)	Source	Month	Year
gh September 1985	241-AW-105 Waste Transfers July 1980 throu	A-1. Tank 2	Table		

		Table A-1	_:   •	Tank 241-AW-105 Waste Transfers July 1980 through September 1985	h September 1985
Year	Month	Source	Volume (gallons)	Comments	References
_	April		-143,825	Transferred approximately 46-inches of waste (143,825-gallons) from tank 241-AW-105 to tank 241-AN-101 from 4-12-1984 to 4-14-1984.	RPT-040184 and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)
_	May	PUREX G-8, F- 18, R-8, U-3, U-4	157,094		RPT-050184 and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)
	May		-512,394	Transferred approximately 37.4-inches of waste (110,550-gallons) from tank 241-AW-105 to tank 241-AN-101 from 5-3-1984 to 5-5-1984. Transferred approximately 146.1-inches of waste (401,844-gallons) from tank 241-AW-105 to tank 241-AW-102 from 5-12-1984 to 5-15-1984.	RPT-050184 and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)
	June	PUREX G-8, F- 18, R-8, U-3, U-4	166,383		RPT-060184 and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)
-				Transferred approximately 136.6-inches of waste (375,714-gallons) from tank 241-AW-105 to tank 241-AW-102 from 6-5-1984 to 6-7-1984. Transferred approximately 107.1-inches of waste (294,575-gallons) from tank 241-AW-105 to tank 241-AW-102 from 6-10-1984 to 6-13-1984. Transferred approximately 35.7-inches of waste (98,191-	
_	June		-768,480	gallons) from fank 241-AW-105 to tank 241-AW-102 from 6-18-1984 to 6-20-1984.	RFT-060184 and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)
_				Transferred approximately 60.8-inches of waste (167,229-gallons) from tank 241-AW-105 to tank 241-AW-102 from 7-1-1984 to 7-4-1984.	
	July		-167,229	Tank waste level at 37.1-inches (101,436-gallons) on 7-4-1984.	RPT-070184 and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)

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		Table	A-1. Tank 2	Table A-1. Tank 241-AW-105 Waste Transfers July 1980 through September 1985	h September 1985
Year	Month	Source	Volume (gallons)	Comments	References
	July	PUREX E-5	198,550	Began routing E-5 waste (175,725-gallons) to tank 241-AW-105 on July 5, 1984. Routed U-3/U-4, R-8/G-8, and F-18 wastes to tank 241-AW-101.	RPT-070184 and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)
	August	PUREX E-5	196,350		RPT-080184 and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)
	September	PUREX E-5	118,222		RPT-090184 and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1984 (Tank Farm Information Center)
	October	PUREX E-5	8,800		RPT-100184 and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (Tank Farm Information Center)
	November	PUREX E-5	55,825		RPT-110184 and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (Tank Farm Information Center)
	December	PUREX E-5	133,650		RPT-120184 and Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (Tank Farm Information Center)
1985	January	PUREX E-5	49,675		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (Tank Farm Information Center)
	February	none	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (Tank Farm Information Center)
	March	none	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (Tank Farm Information Center)
	April	none	0		Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (Tank Farm Information Center). Appendix A-2 indicates tank AW-105 received 57 kgal of saltwell liquor in April 1985.
	May	244-BX	272,77	Transferred saltwell liquid and water flush from tank 244-BX to tank 241-AW-105.	Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (Tank Farm Information Center). Appendix A-2 indicates tank AW-105 received 52 kgal of saltwell liquor in May 1985.

Table A-1. Tank 241-AW-105 Waste Transfers July 1980 through September 1985

			1 X 7 - B		
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Year	Month	Source	(gallons)	Comments	References
				Transferred 403,150-gallons of supernatant	
				waste from tank 241-AW-105 to tank 241-	Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (Tank
	May		-403,150	403,150   AW-102	Farm Information Center).
					Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (Tank
	June	none	0		Farm Information Center)
					Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (Tank
					Farm Information Center). Appendix A-2 indicates
					tank AW-105 received 21 kgal of saltwell liquor in
	July	PUREX E-5	102,300		July 1985.
					Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (Tank
	August	PUREX E-5	187,603		Farm Information Center)
					Monthly Waste Generations Actuals - FY 1985 (Tank
	September	September   PUREX E-5	95,700		Farm Information Center)

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  (RMIS TFIC Accession # D195024320)

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- RPT-100184, 1984, Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations, Rockwell Hanford Operations, Richland, Washington. (RMIS TFIC Accession # D195024318)
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- RPT-120184, 1984, Daily Operating Report Tank Farm Processing Operations, Rockwell Hanford Operations, Richland, Washington.
  (RMIS TFIC Accession # D195024197)

# Appendix A-2 Tank 241-AW-105 Waste Transfer Records January 1985 through August 2004

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ters January 1965 Inroug	
ank 241-AW-105 Irans	
Table A-Z. T	

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Tank Volume	kgal	819	804	808	876	271	323	333	94
Transfer Volume	kgal	11	34	4	57	-60\$	52	01	∞
Waste Type	End Volume	94	969	700	757	152	204	104	311
Waste Type	Start Volume kgal	83	662	969	700	757	152	25	230
Transfer End		1/31/1985 0:00	0:00	1/31/1985 0:00	4/30/1985 0:00	00:0 \$861/1/5	5/30/1985 0:00	7/31/1985 0:00	7/31/1985 0:00
Transfer	Begin Date	0:00	1/1/1985 0:00	1/1/1985 0:00	4/1/1985 0:00	0:00 0:00	5/2/1985 0:00	7/1/1985 0:00	7/1/1985 0:00
Destination	Description	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank
Destination	+	24!-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-102	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105
Source	Description	Non-TRU Decladding Sludge From PUREX	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste PUREX Decladding Waste	Flush Water From 241-AW-105 Miscellaneous Sources	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste from All Single-Shell Tanks	Tank	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste from All Single-Shell Tanks	PUREX Decladding Sludge	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste PUREX Decladding Waste
Source		PDNSG	PDSUP	WATER	SWLIQ	241-AW-105	биги	PDSLG	PDSUP
Waste Tyne	Description	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	Dilute Non- Complexed
Waste	Type	OZ.	N	Z <sub>O</sub>	DN	NO	N	CA.	DN
Transaction	Type	unes	şain	ries	gaín	transfer	gain	gain	urag

T	L			P. 41	Beetlerden	Г	T	W. 4. W.	18 T T.	T	Tour 1. 17.
Type	Description	33180c	Description	Toneunsa	Description	Begin Date	Date Date	waste 1ype Start Volume kgal	waste 1 ype End Volume kgal	ransier volume kgal	kgaj
N N	Dilute Non- Complexed	SWLIQ	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste from All Single-Shell Tanks	241-AW-105	Tank	0:00	7/31/1985 0:00	509	230	21	359
ž	Dilute Non- Complexed	WATER	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	241-AW-105	Tank	7/1/1985 0:00	7/31/1985 0:00	204	500	s	338
NO .	Dilute Non- Complexed	WATER	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	241-AW-105	Tank		7/31/1985 0:00	311	323	12	452
e E	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	PDSLG	PUREX Decladding Sludge	241-AW-105	Tank		8/31/1985 0:00	104	122	81	470
N Q	Dilute Non- Complexed	PDSUP	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste PUREX Decladding	241-AW-105	Tank		8/31/1985 0:00	323	503	180	650
CE CE	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	PDSLG	ding	241-AW-105	Tank	·	9/30/1985 0:00	122	138	16	999
NO DN	Dijute Noa- Complexed	PDSUP	Yon- red UREX ing	241-AW-105	Tank		9/30/1985 0:00	\$03	573	70	736
NO	Dilute Non- Complexed	WATER	ater From neous	241-AW-105	Tank		9/30/1985 0:00	573	588	15	751
ୟୁ	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	PDSLG	Bu	241-AW-105	Tank	00:0	10/30/1985 0:00	138	157	19	770

Table A-2, Tank 241-AW-105 Transfers January 1985 through December 2000

	·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·			
Tank Volume kgal	867	789	1037	1011	1095	1054	1043	611	625
Transfer Volume kgal	78	61	26	144	41	11	9	-484	14
Waste Type End Volume kgal	\$89	607	183	829	876	194	835	392	208
Waste Type Start Volume kgal	209	588	157	685	835	183	829	928	194
Transfer End Date	10/30/1985 0:00	10/30/1985 0:00	11/30/1985 0:00	11/30/1985 0:00	0:00 0:00	0:00	0:00 0:00	12/15/1985 0:00	3/30/1986 0:00
Transfer Begin Date	0:00	10/1/1985 0:00	11/1/1985 0:00	0:00 0:00	12/1/1985 0:00	12/1/1985 0:00	12/1/1985 0:00	12/15/1985 0:00	3/15/1986 0:00
Destination Description	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank
Destination	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-102	241-AW-105
Source Description	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste PUREX Decladding	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	PUREX Decladding Sludge	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste PUREX Decladding	Dilute Non- Complexed PUREX Decladding Waste, FY 1986 Only	PUREX Decladding Sludge	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	Tank	Dilute Non- Complexed PUREX
Source	PDSUP	WATER	PDSLG	PDSUP	PDCSS	PDSLG	WATER	241-AW-105	PDCSS
Waste Type Description	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	PUREX NCRW Shudge (TRU)	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)
Waste Type	NG	N	CF .	No.	<u>-</u>	æ	N O	NO.	Ð
Transaction Type	gain	nieg	grin	gain	gain	gain	gain I	transfer	ning

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Tank Volume kgal		7117	732	770	903	751	545
Transfer Volume kgal		98	21	61	133	61	13
Waste Type End Volume koni		478	499	227	651	518	240
Waste Type Start Volume kgal		392	478	208	518	499	227
Transfer End Date		3/30/1986 0:00	3/30/1986 0:00	4/30/1986 0:00	4/30/1986 0:00	4/30/1986 0:00	5/30/1986 0:00
Transfer Begin Date	-	3/15/1986 0:00	3/15/1986 0:00	0:00	4/15/1986 0:00	4/15/1986 0:00	5/15/1986 0:00
Destination Description		Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank
Destination		241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105
Source Description	Decladding Waste, FY 1986 Only	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste PUREX Decladding Waste	Flush Water From Miscellancous Sources	Dilute Non- Complexed PUREX Decladding Waste, FY 1986 Only	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste PUREX Decladding	Flush Water From Miscellancous Sources	Dilute Non- Complexed PUREX Decladding Waste, FY 1986
Source		PDSUP	WATER	PDCSS	PDSUP	WATER	PDCSS
Waste Type Description		Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)
Waste Type		NO	NO	CA.	N	NO	OT .
Transaction Type		gain	gain	ug.	gain	ain	ui

Table A-2. Tank 241-AW-105 Transfers January 1985 through December 2000

				in to trout			. I					
Transaction Type	Waste	Waste Type Description	Source	Source Description	Destination	Destination Description	Transfer Begin Date	Transfer End Date	Waste Type Start Volume kgal	Waste Type End Volume kgal	Transfer Volume kgal	Tank Volume kgal
gain S	<u>X</u>	Dilute Non- Complexed	PDSUP	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste PUREX Decladding	241-AW-105	Tank	5/15/1986 0:00	5/30/1986 0:00	280	358	78	623
gain	DN	Dilute Non- Complexed	WATER	Water From lancous	241-AW-105	Tank		5/30/1986 0:00	261	280	19	532
transfer	N D	Dilute Non- Complexed	241-AW-105		241-AW-102	Tank	,	5/20/1986 0:00	651	261	-390	513
evaporation	ନ୍ଥ	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	DN100	Evaporation	241-AW-105	Tank		0:00	240	208	-32	591
vaporation	NG.	Dilute Non- Complexed	DN100	Evaporation	241-AW-105	Tank		6/30/1986	358	390	32	623
ui e	. Of	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	PDCSS	Dilute Non- Complexed PURBX Decladding Waste, FY 1986 Only	241-AW-105	Tank	0:00	7/1/1986 0:00	208	209		624
que	O.	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	PDCSS	Non- lexed X dding , FY 1986	241-AW-105	Tank		8/30/1986 0:00	209	216	7	685
gain	NO	Dilute Non- Complexed	PDSUP	, Non- dexed PUREX dding	241-AW-105	Tank		8/30/1986 0:00	400	4	4	678
gain	DN	Dilute Non- Complexed	WATER	Vater From ancous	241-AW-105	Tank	8/1/1986 0:00	8/30/1986 0:00	390	400	10	634

	_	1	_		т					
Tank Volume kgal		289	707	721	713	727	621	722	755	763
Transfer Volume kgai		£-	25	8	9	80	2		26	00
Waste Type End Volume	18 22	144	466	224	472	478	226	473	\$04	234
Waste Type Start Volume	AKMI	444	144	216	466	473	224	472	478	226
isfer Transfer End Wa		9/30/1986 0:00	0:00	1/31/1987 0:00	1/31/1987 0:00	2/28/1987 0:00	2/28/1987 0:00	2/28/1987 0:00	3/31/1987 0:00	3/31/1987 0:00
Transfer Begin Date		9/1/1986 0:00	1/1/1987 0:00	1/1/1987 0:00	0:00 0:00	2/1/1987 0:00	2/1/1987 0:00	2/1/1987 0:00	3/1/1987 0:00	3/1/1987 0:00
Destination Description		Loss due to (Burp, Lance Byaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank
Destination		UNKN	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105
Source Description	Sources	Tank	PUREX Decladding Supernate, 1987	PUREX Decladding Sludge	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	PUREX Decladding Supernate, 1987	PUREX Decladding Sludge	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	PUREX Decladding Supernate, 1987	PUREX Decladding Sludge
Source		241-AW-105	PDL87	PDS87	٠ <b>لا</b>		PDS87	WATER	PDL87	PDS87
Waste Type Description		Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)
Waste Type		NO	NO				PD	NO	DN	CIA
Transaction Type		<b>880</b>	, sain		gain	gain	gain	gain	gain	gain

Transaction	Waste	Waste Type	Source	Solltree	Dectination	Destination	Tranefar	Tremefor Fuel	Waste True	VEZALA TO		
Type		Description		Description		Description	Begin Date	Date	Start Volume kgal	End Volume	kgal	I ank Volume kgal
nis.	DN	Dilute Non- Complexed	WATER	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	241-AW-105	Tank	3/1/1987 0:00	3/31/1987 0:00	504	511	1	770
gain	NG	Dilute Non- Complexed	PDL87	PUREX Decladding Supernate, 1987	241-AW-105	Tank	4/1/1987 0:00	4/30/1987 0:00	515	529	14	788
gain	PD	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	PDS87	PUREX Decladding Sludge	241-AW-105	Tank	4/1/1987 0:00	4/30/1987 0:00	234	238	4	792
gain	NO	Dilute Non- Complexed	WATER	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	241-AW-105	Tank	4/1/1987 0:00	4/30/1987 0:00	511	515	4	774
gain		Dilute Non- Complexed		PUREX Decladding Supernate, 1987	241-AW-105	Tank	5/1/1987 0:00	5/30/1987 0:00	543	563	20	831
gain	_	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)			241-AW-105	Tank	5/1/1987 0:00	5/30/1987 0:00	238	243	S	197
gain	DN	Dilute Non- Complexed	R		241-AW-105	Tank	5/1/1987 0:00	5/30/1987 0:00	529	543	4.	811
gain	N	Dilute Non- Complexed		ng c, 1987	241-AW-105	Tank	6/1/1987 0:00	0:00	999	580	41	853
gain		PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)			241-AW-105	Tank	00:0	6/30/1987 0:00	243	248	v	836
gain		Dilute Non- Complexed	<u></u>	ater From neous	241-AW-105	Tank		0:00	563	995	m	839
gain	DN N	Dilute Non- Complexed	PDL87	PUREX Decladding Supernate, 1987	241-AW-105	Tank	00:0	7/30/1987 0:00	592	629	47	912

Table A-2, Tank 241-AW-105 Transfers January 1985 through December 2000

<u> </u>			_	<del>.</del>						<del></del>		т
Tank Volume	12 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	927	865	905	927	294	355	896	066	886	916	946
Transfer Volume	i kan	15	12	-22	22	-633	19	613	22	-2	-72	26
Waste Type	kgal	263	592	241	199	28	68	702	724	722	050	267
Waste Type	kgal	248	580	263	639	661	28	68	707	724	722	241
Transfer End		7/30/1987 0:00	7/30/1987 0:00	8/2/1987 0:00	8/2/1987 0:00	8/15/1987 0:00	9/30/1987 0:00	9/5/1987 0:00	10/30/1987	0:00	2/15/1988	3/30/1988 0:00
Transfer Regin Date		7/1/1987 0:00	7/1/19 <b>87</b> 0:00	8/2/1987 0:00	8/2/1987 0:00	8/15/1987 0:00	9/1/1987 0:00	9/1/19 <b>87</b> 0:00	10/1/1987 0:00	2/1/1988 0:00	2/15/1988 0:00	3/1/1988 0:00
Description	1	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Byaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Tank	Tank
Destination		241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-102	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	UNKN	241-AW-102	241-AW-105
Source	•	PUREX Decladding Sludge	Flush Water From Miscellancous Sources	Evaporation	Evaporation	Tank	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	Tank	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	Tank	Tank	Dilute, Complexed (mixture) Hot- Semiworks TRU
Source		PDS87	WATER	DN100	DN100	241-AW-105	WATER	241-AW-102	WATER		241-AW-105	CX70
Waste Type Description	-	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	Dilute Non- Complexed	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	PUREX NCRW Shudge (TRU)
Waste	:	<b>6</b>	NO	PD	NO		NO	DN	DN		NO	O.
Transaction Type		gain	gain	evaporation	evaporation	transfer	gain	transfer	gain	1088	transfer 1	gain

Transpoortion.	Waste	Weste Time	Course	Course	Dackington	Doctiontion	E	The same of the same of	(A)	G. 7. 154		
Type	Туре	Description	201806	Description	Desimación	Description	Begin Date	Date Date	waste 1ype Start Volume kgal	waste 1ype End Volume kgal	i ransier Volume kgal	lank Volume kgal
-				Solids								
gain	ΩN	Dilute Non- Complexed	WATER	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	241-AW-105	Tank	3/1/1988 0:00	3/30/1988	650	654	4	920
transfer	DN	Dilute Non- Complexed	241-AW-105	Tank	241-AW-102	Tank	3/15/1988 0:00	3/30/1988 0:00	. 654	426	-228	718
gain	PD	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	CX70	Dilute, Complexed (mixture) Hot- Semiworks TRU Solids	241-AW-105	Tank	4/1/1988 0:00	4/30/1988 0:00	267	315	48	781
gain	NG .	Dilute Non- Complexed	WATER	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	241-AW-105	Tank	4/1/1988 0:00	4/1/1988 0:00	426	14	13	733
ransfer	DN	Dilute Non- Complexed	241-AW-105	Tank		Tank		4/15/1988	441	166	-275	506
gain	QA.	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	CX70	tod ) Hot- rks TRU		Tank		0:00	315	322	7	513
gain	NO	Dilute Non- Complexed	PDL87	-	241-AW-105	Tank		5/30/1988 0:00	166	178	12	528
ii.	PD	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	PDS87	PUREX Decladding Sludge	241-AW-105	Tank	5/1/1988 0:00	5/30/1988 0:00	322	325	3	516
uii	NG	Dilute Non- Complexed	WATER	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	241-AW-105	Tenk	5/1/1988 0:00	2/1/1988 0:00	178	192	41	542

Table A-2. Tank 241-AW-105 Transfers January 1985 through December 2000

Γ		}	·	T		1 = 1 =				т	<del>-</del>
	i ank Votame kgal	546	567	544	553	269	589	594	699	619	610
T. 1. 1. 1.	ransier volume kgal	2	14	2	7		20	ĸ	83	10	91
VIV. 4- 4-	waste 19pe End Volume kgal	329	213	327	199	331	233	238	313	341	254
Wester There	waste 1ype Start Volume kgal	327	199	325	192	329	213	233	254	331	238
Thursday Day	A ransier End Date	6/30/1988 0:00	6/30/1988 0:00	6/30/1988 0:00	6/30/1988 0:00	7/30/1988 0:00	7/30/1988 0:00	8/30/1988 0:00	9/30/1988 0:00	9/30/1988 0:00	0:00
Dandington Thunsday Thunsday 11	Begin Date	0:00	6/1/1988 0:00	6/1/1988 0:00	00:0	0:00 0:00	7/1/1988 0:00	8/1/188 0:00	9/1/1988 0:00	9/1/1988 0:00	9/1/1988 0:00
Destination	Description	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank
	Desunktion	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105
Course	Description	Dilute, Complexed (mixture) Hot- Semiworks TRU Solids	PUREX Decladding Supernate, 1987	PUREX Decladding Sludge	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	Dilute, Complexed (mixture) Hot- Semiworks TRU Solids	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	PUREX Spent Metathesis Liquid After FY89	PUREX Spent Metathesis Solids After FY89	Flush Water From Miscellaneous
Course	Source	CX70	PDL87		WATER	CX70	WATER	WATER	PMI.89	PMS89	WATER
Weste Tune	Description	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	Dilute Non- Complexed	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	Dilute Non- Complexed	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Difute Non- Complexed	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	Dilute Non- Complexed
Weste	Type	PD	DN	Q.	NO	PD	N D	NG	NO	02 C 33	Z
Tropportion	Туре	gain	gain	gain	gain	gain N		up.	zain	gain	gain

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	Tank Volume kgal		720	740	733	788	796	806	828	831	810	828
	Transfer Volume kgal		41	1	13	48	œ	10	<u>~</u>	E	4	E.
	Waste Type End Volume	11 24	354	348	367	415	356	425	74	359	429	444
0007	Waste Type Start Volume		313	341	354.	367	348	415	429	356	425	447
A THUR ATT-TATE TO THE POST OF TAME AND THE PROPERTY TO THE PROPERTY AND T	Transfer End Date		10/30/1988 0:00	10/30/1988 0:00	10/30/1988 0:00	11/30/1988 0:00	11/30/1988 0:00	11/30/1988 0:00	12/30/1988 0:00	12/30/1988 0:00	12/30/1988 0:00	4/30/1989 0:00
cort i manus	Transfer Begin Date		10/1/1988 0:00	10/1/1988 0:00	10/1/1988 0:00	0:00	11/1/1988 0:00	11/1/1988 0:00	12/1/1988 0:00	12/1/1988 0:00	12/1/1988 0:00	0:00
-roz riemorcie	Destination Description		Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Evaporation, Surface
THE PART OF A	Destination		241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	UNKN
T arms	Source Description	Sources	PUREX Spent Metathesis Liquid After FY89	PUREX Spent Metathesis Solids After FY89	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	PUREX Spent Metathesis Liquid After FY89	PUREX Spent Metathesis Solids After FY89	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	PUREX Spent Metathesis Liquid After FY89	PUREX Spent Metathesis Solids After FY89	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	Tank
	Source		PMI.89	PMS89	WATER	PML89	PMS89	WATER	PML89	PMS89	WATER	241-AW-105
,	Waste Type Description		Dilute Non- Complexed	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	Difute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed
	Waste Type		DN	G.		DN	æ	NO	NO	ୟ	Za	DN
	Transaction Type		gain	gain	ain	nin.	ria	gain	gain	ujež	gain	ioss

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Tank Volume kgal		825	828	833	832	836	878	883	888
Transfer Volume		ę.	3		4	m	42	· 5	s
Waste Type End Volume kgal		441	444	\$4	363	844	490	495	200
Waste Type Start Volume kgal		444	441	444	359	445	448	490	495
Transfer End Date		5/30/1989 0:00	0:00	7/30/1989 0:00	7/30/1989	0:00	12/30/1989 0:00	12/30/1989 0:00	1/30/1990 0:00
Transfer Begin Date		5,1/1989 0:00	6/1/1989 0:00	7/1/1989 0:00	7/1/1989 0:00	11/1/19 <b>89</b> 0:00	12/1/1989 0:00		0:00 0:00
Destination Description	Change, Instrument, etc.)	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Byaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank
Destination		UNKN	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105
Source Description		<b>Tank</b>	Gain Due To Gas, Surface Change, Instrument, Etc.	PUREX Spent Metathesis Liquid After FY89	PURBX Spent Metathesis Solids After FY89	Gain Due To Gas, Surface Change, Instrument, Etc.	PUREX Spent Metathesis Liquid After FY89	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	PUREX Spent Metathesis Liquid After FY89
Source		241-AW-105	UNKN	PML89	PMS89	UNKON	PML89	WATER	PML89
Waste Type Description		Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	PUREX NCRW Sludge (TRU)	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed
Waste Type		DIN	NG NG	N	PD	NO	DN	NO	X A
Transaction Type	ø.	SSC	gain	gain	gain	gain	gain	gain	. upas

Table A-2. Tank 241-AW-105 Transfers January 1985 through December 2000

	<del>,                                    </del>			I			<b>_</b>
Tank Volume kgal	897	905	902	668	905	905	\$06
Transfer Volume kgal	6		ę.	£.	9	E.	3
Waste Type End Volume kgal	509	517	514	511	517	514	517
Waste Type Start Volume kgal	005	\$09	517	514	511	517	514
Transfer End Date	2/28/1990 0:00	2/28/1990 0:00	4/30/1990 0:00	0601,0679	7/30/1990	9/30/1990 0:00	10/31/1990 0:00
Transfer Begin Date	2/2/1990 0:00	2/2/1990 0:00	4/1/1990 0:00	00:0	7/1/1990 0:00	9/1/1990 0:00	10/1/1990 0:00
Description Description	Tank	Tank	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Evaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Evaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Tank	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Evaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	<b>Tank</b>
Destination	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	UNKN	UNKN	241-AW-105		241-AW-105
Source Description	PUREX Spent Metathesis Liquid After FY89	Flush Water From Miscellancous Sources	Tank	Tank	Gain Due To Gas, Surface Change, Instrument, Etc.		Gain Due To Gas, Surface Change,
Source	PML89	WATER	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	UNKN	7-105 -	UNKN
Waste Type Description	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed		Dilute Non- Complexed
Waste Type	NO	NÖ	NO NO	NO.	N	NG C	Ž

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Tank Volume kgal	902	905	902	<b>8</b>	668	006
Transfer Volume kgal	E.		°,	·-	<b>7</b> -	
Waste Type End Volume	514	517	514	513	\$11	512
Waste Type Start Volume kgal	517	514	517	514	513	511
Transfer End Date	12/31/1990 0:00	8/31/1991 0:00	9/30/1991 0:00	0:00	3/31/1992 0:00	4/30/1992 0:00
Transfer Begin Date	0:00 0:00	0:00	9/1/1991 0:00	0:00	3/1/1992 0:00	4/1/1992 0:00
1						
Destination Description	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Evaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Tank	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Evaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Evaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Byaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Tank
Destination Destination Description	UNKN Loss due to (Burp, Lance Evaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	241-AW-105 Tank	UNKN Loss due to (Burp, Lance Byaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	UNKN Loss due to (Burp, Lance Evaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)		241-AW-105 Tank
<del>                                     </del>		Due To Gas, 241-AW-105 ce Change, ment, Etc.	UNKN		UNKN	s, 241-AW-105
Destination	UNKN	Due To Gas, 241-AW-105 ce Change, ment, Etc.	UNKN	UNKN		241-AW-105
Source Destination Description	Tank	Gain Due To Gas, 241-AW-105 Surface Change, Instrument, Etc.	Tank UNKN	Tank UNKN	Tank UNKN	Gain Due To Gas, 241-AW-105 Surface Change,
uste Waste Type Source Source Destination  Pe Description	Dilute Non- 241-AW-105 Tank UNKN Complexed	UNKN Gain Due To Gas, 241-AW-105 Surface Change, Instrument, Etc.	241-AW-105 Tank UNKN	241-AW-105 Tank UNKIN	241-AW-105 Tank UNKN	UNKN Gain Due To Gas, 241-AW-105 Surface Change,

Table A-2. Tank 241-AW-105 Transfers January 1985 through December 2000

kgal			906 9 .			
End Volume kgal			9			
kgal kgal	-	_	512 518			
		_				
	_	9/1992 7/29/1992 0:00		6/1992 8/26/1992 0 0:00		
	İ	1k 7/29/1992 0:00		k 8/26/1992 0:00		
W-105 Tank			-	W-105 Tank		
on- 241-AW-105 ed om	<u> </u>	Misc. npr		on- 241-AW-105 ed on on Misc.		
	_	Streams (npr		Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (upr		
on- ed			n- PXMSC		PXMSC	
N Dilute Non- Complexed			N Dilute Non- Complexed		N Dilute Non-Complexed	
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Transaction	Waste	Waste Tune	Source	Source	Dectination	Detfination	Tranefor	Transfer End	Weste Tyne	Weste Tome	Transfer Volume	Tonk Volume
Type	Туре	Description		Description		Description	Begin Date	Date	Start Volume	End Volume	kgal	kgal
gain	DN	Dilute Non- Complexed		Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr Fuel)	241-AW-105	Tank	2	0:00	557	570		958
nieg		Dilute Non- Complexed				<b>Tank</b>		0:00	570	575	S	963
	X X	Dilute Non- Complexed	PXMSC	ين	241-AW-105	Tank		2/27/1993 0:00	575	589	14	977
uir		Dilute Non- Complexed		e, Non- plexed e Prom EX Misc. ms (npr	V-105			3/18/1993 0:00	589	865	6	986
\$80	Z	Dilute Non- Complexed	241-AW-105		UNKN	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Evaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	0:00	4,30/1993 0:00		\$65	ů.	983

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Tank Volume kgal	186	994	993	866	1002
Transfer Volume kgal	<b>c</b> -	13	7	ડ	4
Waste Type End Volume	593	909	902	610	614
Waste Type Start Volume	595	593	909	\$09	610
Transfer End Date	6:00 0:00	5/21/1993 0:00	6/30/1993 0:00	0:00 0:00	0:00 0:00
Transfer Begin Date	5/1/1993 0:00	5/10/1993 0:00	6/1/1993 0:00	6/28/1993 0:00	7/31/1993 0:00
Destination Description	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Byaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Tank	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Byaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Tank	Tank
Í_	<del></del>			Ε .	• ·
Destination	UNKN	241-AW-105	UNKN	241-AW-105 T	241-AW-105
Source Destination Description		Dilute, Non- 241-AW-105 Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr Pust)	UNKN	241-AW-105	241-AW-105
	UNKN	.:	UNKN	241-AW-105	241-AW-105
Source Description	Tank UNKN	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Mise. Streams (npr Fuel)	Tank UNKN	Dilute, Non. 241-AW-105 Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr Puel)	Dilute, Non- 241-AW-105 Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr Fuel)
Source Source Description	241-AW-105 Tank UNKN	PXMSC Dilute, Non-Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr Puel)	241-AW-105 Tank UNKN	PXMSC Dilute, Non- 241-AW-105 Complexed Waste From PURRX Misc. Streams (npr Puel)	PXMSC Dilute, Non- 241-AW-105 Complexed Watte From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr Puel)

Table A-2, Tank 241-AW-105 Transfers January 1985 through December 2000

Transaction	Waste	Waste Tyne	Source	Source	Destination	Destination	Transfer	Transfer End	Waste Tune	Weste Type	Transfer Volume	Tonk Volume
Type		Description		Description		Description	Begin Date	Date	Start Volume	End Volume	kgal	kgal
şain	DN	Dilute Non- Complexed	UNIKN	Gain Due To Gas, Surface Change, Instrument, Etc.	241-AW-105	Tank	0:00	10/31/1993 0:00	614	615		1003
gain	NO.	Dilute Non- Complexed	PXMSC	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (upr Fuel)	241-AW-105	Tank	10/20/1993 0:00	10/20/1993 0:00	615	622	7	1010
gain	NO.	Dilute Non- Complexed	PXMSC	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr Fuel)	241-AW-105	Tank	10/28/1993 0:00	10/28/1993 0:00	622	L759	<b>S</b>	1015
gain		Dilute Non- Complexed		Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr Fuel)	24I-AW-105	Tank		0:00	627	65	22	1037
nieg	NO	Dilute Non- Complexed	PXMSC	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr Puel)	241-AW-105	Tank	12/8/1993 0:00	0:00	649	929	7	1044
loss	DN	Dilute Non- Complexed	241-AW-105	Tank	INST	Loss due to Change of Instruments		3/31/1994 0:00	929	652	4	1040
gain	DN	Dilute Non- Complexed	INST	Change In Tank Level Due To Change In	241-AW-105	Tank	4/30/1994	4/30/1994 0:00	652	929	Ю	1043

Table A-2, Tank 241-AW-105 Transfers January 1985 through December 2000

Tank Volume kgal		1048	1057	1075	973	1075	1093	1077
Transfer Volume kgal		8	6	18	-102	102	91	2
Waste Type End Volume kgal		. 099	699	687	261	789	807	791
Waste Type Start Volume kgal	-	655	099	699	363	289	791	789
Transfer End Date		6/17/1994 0:00	8/25/1994 0:00	9/20/1994 0:00	11/1/1994 0:00	11/1/1994 0:00	0:00	11/19/1994 0:00
Transfer Begin Date		6/17/1994 0:00	8/21/1994 0:00	9/1/1994 0:00	11/1/1994 0:00	11/1/1994 0:00	0:00	11/11/1994 0:00
Destination Description		Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank
Destination		241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105
Source Description	Instrumentation	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Miso. Streams (npr Fuel)	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Miso. Streams (upr Fuel)	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr Ruel)	Evaporation	Evaporation	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (mpr Fuel)	Flush Water From Miscellaneous
Source		PXMSC	PXMSC	PXMSC	DN100	DN100	PXMSC	WATER
Waste Type Description	_	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	PUREX NCRW Studge (TRU)	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed
Waste Type		DN	DN	NO	PD	NO	ž	ž
Transaction Type		nieg	gain	gain	evaporation	vaporation	gain	gain

Table A-2. Tank 241-AW-105 Transfers January 1985 through December 2000

Waste Waste Type St	Waste Type	Š	Source	1	Destination	Destination	Transfer Baria	Destination Destination Transfer Transfer End War	Waste Type	Waste Type	Transfer Volume	Tank Volume
Description		Description	Description			Describation	Begn Date	Date	Start Volume kgal	End Volume kgal	kgal	kgal
Sources	Sources	Sources	Sources									
Dilute Non- 241-AW-105 Tank Complexed	241-AW-105 Tank	Tank		241-AP-10		Tank	4	11/30/1994	807	327	480	613
DN Dilute Non- 241-AW-105 Tank UNKN Complexed	241-AW-105 Tank	Tank		UNKN		Loss due to (Burp, Lance Byaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	1994	0:00	327	325	7	611
Dilute Non- 241-AW-105 Tank	241-AW-105 Tank	-105 Tank		241-AP-10	×	Tank	12/1/1994 0:00	12/3/1994	325	41	-284	327
DN Dilute Non- PXMSC Dilute, Non- 241-AW-105 Complexed Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (upr Fuel)	PXMSC Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (upr	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (upr Fuel)		<b>241-AW-</b> 10		Tank		0:00	14	. 95	15	342
DN Dilute Non- PXMSC Dilute, Non- 241-AW-105 Complexed Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (upr Fuel)	PXMSC Dilute, Non-Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (upr Fuel)	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (upr Fuel)		241-AW-10:		Tank	1/6/1995 0:00	0:00	88	27	17	361
DN Dilute Non- WATER Flush Water From 241-AW-105 Complexed Sources	WATER Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	Flush Water From Miscellancous Sources	ator From neous	241-AW-105		Tank		1/31/1995 0:00	56	88	2	344
DN Dilute Non- PXMSC Dilute, Non- 241-AW-105 Complexed Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr	PXMSC Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr		241-AW-105	$\vdash$ $\dashv$	Tank	0:00	0:00	75	26	77	383

Table A-2, Tank 241-AW-105 Transfers January 1985 through December 2000

							,					
Transaction Type	Waste	Waste Type Description	Source	Source Description	Destination	Destination Description	Transfer Begin Date	Transfer End Date	Waste Type Start Volume kgal	Waste Type End Volume kgal	Transfer Volume kgal	Tank Volume kgal
				Fuel)								
gain	Z Z	Dilute Non- Complexed	WATER	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	241-AW-105	Tank	2/3/1995 0:00	2/28/1995 0:00	26	100	E.	386
rigg 🤼	NO	Dilute Non- Complexed	PXMSC	on- Misc.	241-AW-105	Tank	3/3/1995 0:00	3/25/1995 0:00	001	124	77	410
gain	DN	Dilute Non- Complexed	WATER	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	241-AW-105	Tank	3/3/1995	3/25/1995 0:00	124	127	e	413
Çain	NG	Dilute Non- Complexed	PXMSC		241-AW-105	Tank	0:00	4/25/1995 0:00	127	136	o.	422
ain .	DN	Dilute Non- Complexed		rom.		Tank		4/25/1995 0:00	136	138	7	424
gain	NO				241-AW-105	Tank		5/31/1995 0:00	138	184	46	470
gain	NG	Dilute Non- Complexed	WAITER	Flush Water From Miscellancous	241-AW-105	Tank	5/1/1995 3 0:00	5/31/1995 0:00	. 184	187	3	473

Table A-2, Tank 241-AW-105 Transfers January 1985 through December 2000

ļ	8		<u> </u>	Τ.			
	Tank Volumo kgal	472	572	574	573	594	575
	Transfer Volume kgal	7	100	2.		61	2
	Waste Type End Volume kgal	186	286	288	287	308	289
	Waste Type Start Volume kgal	187	186	286	288	289	287
	Transfer End Date	6/30/1995 0:00	6/28/1995 0:00	0:00	7/31/1995 0:00	0:00	7/29/1995 0:00
	Transfer Begin Date	6/1/1995 0:00	0:00 0:00	6/7/1995 0:00	7/1/1995 0:00	7/12/1995 0:00	7/12/1995 0:00
,	Destination Description	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Evaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Tank	Tank	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Evaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Tank	Tank
	Destination	UNKN	241-AW-105.	241-AW-105	UNKN	241-AW-105	241-AW-105
	Source Description	Tank	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr Fuel)	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	Tank	Dibute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (upr Fuel)	Flush Water From Miscellaneous
	Source	241-AW-105	PXMSC	WATER	241-AW-105	PXMSC	WATER
	waste 1ype Description	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed
	waste Type	NG	DN		NG	NG NG	NO
	Type		piin	gain	1086	gain	gain

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г							
	I ank Volume kgal	593	597	611	598	610	622
	I ransfer Volume kgal		4	13	-	i.	=
	waste 1 ype End Volume kgal	307	311	325	312	324	336
	waste 1ype Start Volume kgal	308	307	312	311	325	325
_	1 ransier End	8/31/1995 0:00	8/16/1995 0:00	9/21/1995 0:00	9/21/1995 0:00	10/31/1995. 0:00	10/26/1995 0:00
	Begin Date	8/1/1995 0:00	8/16/1995 0:00	9/13/1995 0:00	9/13/1995 0:00	1	10/16/1995 0:00
7	Description	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Evaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Tank	'Tank	Tank	due to p, Lance oration, tce ige, nnent,	Tank
Party of the	Testing nod	UNKN	241-ÁW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	UNKN	241-AW-105
	Description	Tank	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr Fuel)	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr Fuel)	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	Tank	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc.
0	an mos	241-AW-105	PXMSC	PXMSC	WATER	241-AW-105	PXMSC
Waste Terra	Description	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed
West	Туре	DN	DN	DN	NO	N N	DN
Transmiss	Type	· 088	gain	gain	gain	loss	gain

Table A-2. Tank 241-AW-105 Transfers January 1985 through December 2000

5		1							_
Tank Volume	kgal		119	619	. 673	675	919	346	345
Transfer Volume	kgal		1	ņ	35	2	1	-330	
Waste Type	End Volume kgal		325	333	387	389	390	8	65
Waste Type	Start Volume kgal		324	336	333	387	389	390	09
isfer   Transfer End   Wa	Date		10/26/1995 0:00	11/30/1995 0:00	0:00	11/22/1995 0:00	11/11/1995 0:00	11/15/1995 0:00	0:00
Transfer	Begin Date		10/16/1995 0:00	0:00	0:00	11/7/1995 0:00	11/11/1995 0:00	11/13/1995 0:00	0:00
Destination	Description		Tank	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Byaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Byaporation, Surface Change,
Destination			241-AW-105	UNKN	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AP-104	UNKN
Source	Description	Streams (npr Fuct)	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	Tank	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr Puel)	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources	Tank	Tsuk
Source			WATER	241-AW-105	PXMSC	WATER	WATER		241-AW-105
Waste Type	Description		Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non-Complexed
Waste	Type			DN	NG	Z O	Z G		DN
Transaction	Type		gain	loss	gain	nieg	ning	ाधि	\$088

Table A-2. Tank 241-AW-105 Transfers January 1985 through December 2000

Tank Volume kgal		373	392	411	424	412
Transfer Volume kgal		28	19	61	12	1
Waste Type End Volume kgal		87	106	125	138	126
Waste Type Start Volume kgal		59	87	106	126	125
Transfer End Date		12/28/1995 0:00	1/30/1996 0:00	0:00	3/27/1996 0:00	3/27/1996 0:00
Transfer Begin Date		12/8/1995 0:00	1/5/1996 0:00	0:00	3/6/1996 0:00	3/6/1996 0:00
Destination Description	त.)	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank
Destination		241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105
Source Description		Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Mise. Streams (upr Fuel)	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr Fuel)	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PURBX Misc. Streams (npr Fue!)	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (upr Fuel)	Flush Water From Miscellaneous Sources
Source		PXMSC	PXMSC	PXMSC	PXMSC	WATER
Waste Type Description		Dilue Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed
Waste		Ŋ	N N	N N	X X	NO
Transaction Type		gain	gain	ning	ain	xain

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Table A-2, T	

Tank Volume kgal	426	431	430	435	440
Transfer Volume kgal	2	S	7	S	
Waste Type End Volume kgal		145	<del>1</del> 4	149	154
Waste Type Start Volume kgal	138	140	145	144	149
Transfer End Date	0:00 0:00	5/22/1996 0:00	6,30/1996 0:00	6/19/1996 0:00	0:00 0:00
Transfer Begin Date	961/91/9 00:00	0:00 0:00	0:00 9:00	6/19/1996 0:00	0:00
Destination Description	Tank	Tank	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Evaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Tank	Tank
Destination	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	UNKN	241-AW-105	241-AW-105
Source Description	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Mise. Streams (npr Puel)	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Mise. Streams (upr Fuel)	Tank	Dilute, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr	Dilule, Non- Complexed Waste From PUREX Misc. Streams (npr Fuel)
Source	PXMSC	PXMSC	241-AW-105	PXMSC	PXMSC
Waste Type Description	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non-Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non-Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed
Warte	DN	N	ž	<u>x</u>	X <sub>C</sub>
Transaction Type	guin	uade	88.	iii	· <b>I</b>

Table A-2, Tank 241-AW-105 Transfers January 1985 through December 2000

r——	···					
Tauk Volume kgal	439	438.	437	436.	436	430
Transfer Volume kgal	-1	-1	<b>∵</b> .	-1	9	Ģ
Waste Type End Volume kgal	153	152	151		156	255
Waste Type Start Volume kgal	154	153	152	151	150	261
Transfer End Date	0:00 0:00	228/1997 0:00	9;30/1997 0:00	0:00 0:00	3/1/1998 0:00	3/1/1998 0:00
Transfer Begin Date	0:00	2/1/1997 0:00	0:00 0:00	0:00 0:00	3/1/1998 0:00	3/1/1998 0:00
Destination Description	Loss due to (Butp, Lance Evaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Evaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Byaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Evaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Tank	Tank
Destination	UNKN	UNKN	UNKN	UNKN	241-AW-105	241-AW-105
. 5					2	
Source Description	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Evaporation 2.	Evaporation
Source Source Descripti	241-AW-105 Tank	241-AW-105 Tank	241-AW-105 Tank	241-AW-105 Tank	Evaporation	
			i — — —		DN100 Evaporation	RW DN100 Evaporation
Source	241-AW-105	24I-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	DN100 Evaporation	DN100 Evaporation

Table A-2. Tenk 241-AW-105 Transfers January 1985 through December 2000

Tank Volume kgal	434	433	432	431	430
Transfer Volume kgal	-2	-	· ·	7	7
Waste Type End Volume	154	153	152	151	150
Waste Type Start Volume	156	451	153	<u>8</u>	131
Transfer End Date	4/15/1998 0:00	0:00	0:00	0:00	0:00 0:00
Transfer Begin Date	4/15/1998 0:00	10/1/1998 0:00	12/1/1998 0:00	1/1/1999 0:00	3/1/1999 0:00
Destination Description	Loss due to Change of Instruments	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Evaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Braporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Byagoration, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Byaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)
Destination	INST	UNKN	UNKN	UNKN	UNKN
Source Description	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank
Source	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105
	I				
Waste Type Description	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed
Waste Waste Type Type Description	DIN Dilute Non- Complexed	DN Dilute Non-Complexed	DN Dilute Non-Complexed		DN Dilute Non-Complexed

Table A-2. Tank 241-AW-105 Transfers January 1985 through December 2000

Į		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_	Γ-	<del></del>	
	Tank Volume kgal	429	404	429	429	174	428	427
	Transfer Volume kgal	7	-25	25	255	-255	·	-
	Waste Type End Volume kgal	149	0	174	255	0	173	172
000	Waste Type Start Volume kgal	150	23	149	0	255	174	. 173
	Transfer End Date	9/30/1999 0:00	10/1/1999	10/1/1999	10/1/1999	10/1/1999	12/31/1999 0:00	2/29/2000 0:00
	Transfer Begin Date	0:00	10/1/1999	10/1/1999 0:00	10/1/1999 0:00	10/1/1999 0:00	12//1999 0:00	2/1/2000 0:00
	Destination Description	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Byaporation, Surface Change, instrument, etc.)	Tank	Tank	Tank	Tank	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Evaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)	Loss due to (Burp, Lance Evaporation, Surface Change, Instrument, etc.)
	Descination	UNKN	241-AW-105		241-AW-105	/-105	UNKN	UNKN
	Source Description	Tank	Evaporation	Evaporation	Evaporation	Evaporation	Tank	Tank
	Source	241-AW-105	001NG	DN100	SL100	SL100	241-AW-105	241-AW-105
	Waste Type Description	Dilute Non- Complexed	DSS/SST solids Sludge	Dilute Non- Complexed	DSS/SST solids Sludge	PUREX NCRW Shage (TRU)	Dilute Non- Complexed	Dilute Non- Complexed
	Waste Type	DN	SL	NO	SL	PD	Z Z	N
	Transaction	Bso <sub>j</sub>	evaporation	evaporation	evaporation	evaporation	loss	Yoss

Table A-3. Tank 241-AW-105 Transfers January 2001 through August 2004

		Τ-		т-	τ							,			_
Comment							Studge volume 255 Kgal to 263 Kgal per BBI review.	Sludge volunt e 255 Kgal to 263 Kgal per BBI review.							
Tank Total Volume kgal	426	426	427	427	425	425	\$23	425	424	424	423	423	422	422	421
Transfer Volume kgai	1-	0	172	255	7	0	op	<b>&amp;</b>	-	0	7	0	7	0	0
New Waste Type Volume kgal	1/1	255	172	255	170	255	162	263	191	263	091	263	159	263	263
Previous Waste Type Volume kgal	172	255	0	0	171	255	170	255	162	263	191	263	160	263	263
End Date	2/28/2001	2/28/2001	1/1/2001 0:00	1/1/2001	1/31/2002	1/31/2002	3/1/2002 0:00	3/1/2002 0:00	5/30/2002 0:00	5/30/2002	1/31/2003	1/31/2003	2/28/2003	2/28/2003	12/31/2003
Start Date	0:00	2/1/2001	1/1/2001	1/1/2001	1/1/2002 0:00	1/1/2002	3/1/2002 0:00	3/1/2002	\$/1/2002 0:00	5/1/2002 0:00	1/31/2003	1/31/2003	2/1/2003	2/1/2003	12/1/2003
Reason	General Variance (+/-)	General Variance (+/-)	Rebaseline	Rebaseline	General Variance (+/-)	General Variance (+/-)	Analysis (+/-)	Analysis (+/-)	General Variance (+/-)	General Variance (+/-)	General Variance (+/-)	General Variance (+/-)	General Variance (+/-)	General Variance (+/-)	General Variance (+/-)
Destination	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105		241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105
Source	ADJ	ADI	ADJ	ADJ	<b>Y</b> DJ	<i>I</i> QV	ADJ	ADJ	ADJ	ADJ	ADJ	ADI	ADI	ADJ	VDJ
Waste Designation Description	Super (DN) (Dilute Non-Complexed)	Sludge Solid	Super (DN) (Dilute Non-Complexed)	Sludge Solid	Super (DN) (Dilute Non-Complexed)	Sludge Solid	Super (DN) (Dilute Non- Complexed)	Sludge Solid	Super (DN) (Dilute Non-Complexed)	Sludge Solid	Super (DN) (Dilute Non-Complexed)	Shudge Solid	Super (DN) (Dilute Non- Complexed)	Sludge Solid	Sludge Solid
Waste Designation	DN	SL	DN						NG	SL	DN	SL	Z O	ST	SI . IS
Waste Phase	Supernatant	Sludge	Supernatant	Sludge	atant	Studge	afant		Supernatant	Sludge	Supernatant	Sludge	Supernatant		Sludge
Event	<b>Q</b>	ΥDΊ	ADJ	ADJ	<b>A</b> DJ	ΥDΊ	Ģ	Ţ			VD.			IC.	R

Table A.3. Tank 241-AW-105 Transfers January 2001 through August 2004

		33 157	137 1.57	27 EG
Comment		BBI FY04 Q3 Update, DN not changed to 157 because of rounding	BBI FY04 Q3 Update, DN not changed to 157 because of 1. rounding	421 BBI FY04 Q3 Update, DN not changed to 157 because of rounding
Tank Total Volume kgal	421	421	421	421
Transfer Volume kgal	<b>-</b>	0	-73	£
New Waste Type Volume kgal	158	158	190	73
End Date Previous Waste New Waste Type Volume kgal Type Volume kgal	651	158	263	0
End Date	0:00	4/1/2004	4/1/2004	4/1/2004 0:00
Start Date	12/1/2003	4/1/2004 0:00	4/1/2004	4/1/2004
Renson	General Variance (+/-)	Analysis (+/-)	Analysis (+/-)	Analysis (+/-)
Destination	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105	241-AW-105
Source	ADJ	ADJ	<b>A</b> DJ	Ĭ
Waste Designation Description	Super (DN) (Dilute Non-Complexed)	Super (DN) (Dilute Non-Complexed)	Studge Solid	Siudge Interstitial (IS)
Waste Designation	N	DN	75	छ
Waste Phase	Supernatant DN	Supernatant DN	Sludge.	Shudge
Event	ΥĐ	ADJ	<u>م</u>	JC /

## APPENDIX B

SURVEILLANCE ANALYSIS COMPUTER SYSTEM (SACS)
SURFACE LEVEL MEASUREMENTS FOR TANK 241-AW-105

## **B.1 SURFACE LEVEL MEASUREMENTS**

From July 1980 to the present, the surface level of the waste stored in tank 241-AW-105 was either manually measured or measured with an automated instrument. The waste surface level measurements were recorded in the Surveillance Analysis Computer System (SACS). The SACS measurements of the waste surface level can be accessed through the Tank Waste Information Network System (TWINS) database at the following web addresses:

http://twins.pnl.gov/data/getLookupFields3.exe?table=twins\_catalog.dbo.lp\_Retrieve SACS\_SL&whatsnew=Measurements

The surface level measurements for the waste stored in tank 241-AW-105 were downloaded from the TWINS database on August 19, 2004. The surface level measurements for the waste stored in tank 241-AW-105 are plotted in Appendix B for July 1980 through August 18, 2004. The waste transfer records in Appendices A are consistent with waste surface level measurements in Appendix B.

Figure B-1.

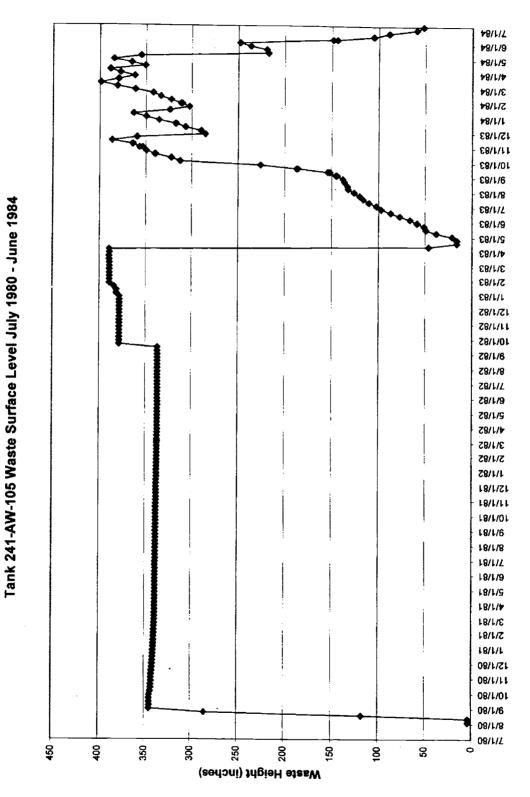


Figure B-2.

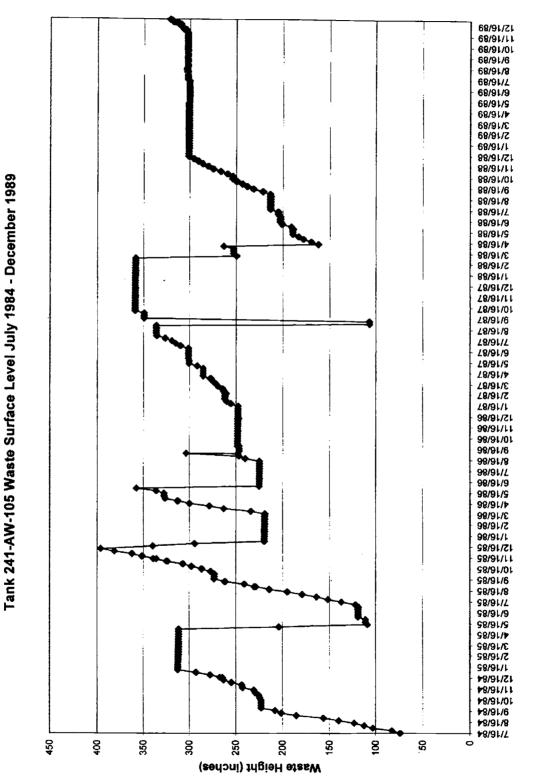


Figure B-3.

Tank 241-AW-105 Waste Surface Level January 1990 - December 1994

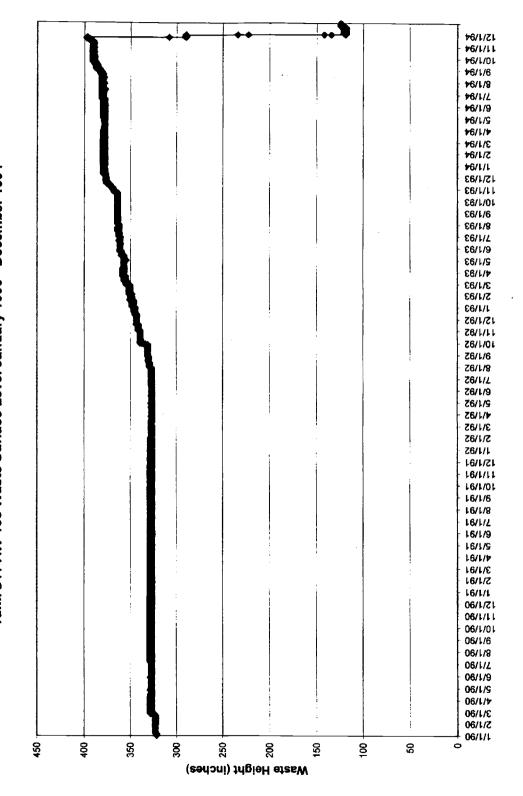


Figure B-4.

Tank 241-AW-105 Waste Surface Level January 1995 - August 2004

